

PICES-2021 Note: All start times are PACIFIC TIME (Victoria, BC, Canada)

Convert to your local time zone using this converter: https://www.timeanddate.com/worldclock/converter.html

SB - Science Board

GC - Governing Council

F&A Finance and Administration

FUTURE Science Program (Forecasting and Understanding Trends, Uncertainty and Responses of North Pacific Marine Ecosystems)

Standing Committees:

BIO - Biological Oceanography Committee

FIS - Fishery Science Committee

HD - Human Dimensions Committee

MEQ - Marine Environmental Quality Committee

POC - Physical Oceanography and Climate Committee

MONITOR - Technical Committee on Monitoring

TCODE - Technical Committee on Data Exchange

Working Groups:

WG-35: Working Group on Third North Pacific Ecosystem Status Report (WG-NPESR3)

WG-37: Zooplankton Production Methodologies, Applications and Measurements in PICES Regions

WG-38: Mesoscale and Submesoscale Processes

WG-39: Joint PICES/ICES/PAME Working Group on an Integrated Ecosystem Assessment for the Central Arctic Ocean

WG-40: Working Group on Climate and Ecosystem Predictability

WG-41: Working Group on Marine Ecosystem Services

WG-42: Working Group on Indicators of Marine Plastic Pollution

WG-43: Joint PICES/ICES Working Group on Small Pelagic Fish

WG-44: Joint PICES/ICES Working Group on Integrated Ecosystem Assessment for the Northern Bering Sea - Chukchi Sea

WG-45: Joint PICES/ICES Working Group on Impacts of Warming on Growth Rates and Fisheries Yields (GRAFY)

WG-46: Joint PICES/ICES Working Group on Ocean Negative Carbon Emissions (ONCE)

WG-47: Working Group on Ecology of Seamounts

WG-48: Working Group on Towards best practices using Imaging Systems for Monitoring Plankton (WGISMP)

Sections:

S-MBM: Section on Marine Birds and Mammals

S-CCME: Section on Climate Change Effects on Marine Ecosystems

S-HAB: Section on Ecology of Harmful Algal Blooms in the North

Pacific

S-CC: Section on Carbon and Climate

Advisory Panels:

AP-CREAMS: Advisory Panel for a CREAMS/PICES Program in East Asian Marginal Seas

AP-NPCOOS: Advisory Panel on North Pacific Coastal Ocean Observing Systems

AP-NIS: Advisory Panel on Marine Non-indigenous Species

Study Groups:

SG-UNDOS: Study Group on United Nations Decade of Ocean Science

SG-ECOP: Study Group on Early Career Ocean Professionals

SG-SciCom: Study Group on Science Communications

CM = Closed meeting



Workshops:

W1: Can we link zooplankton production to fisheries recruitment?

W2: Pelagic and forage species – predicting response and evaluating resiliency to environmental variability

CANCELLED W3: Anthropogenic stressors, mechanisms and potential impacts on Marine Birds and Mammals

W4: Monitoring Essential Biodiversity Variables in the coastal zone

W5: Engaging Early Career Ocean Professionals in PICES to further the next generation of integrated ocean sustainability science

Sessions:

S1: Towards a shared vision of sustainable marine ecosystems

S2: Global warming patterns and multiscale climate variability in the North Pacific

E-Poster ONLY S3: Upper ocean energetics from mesoscale, submesoscale to small-scale turbulence in the North Pacific

CANCELLED S4: How the studies on human dimensions can contribute to meet the seven societal needs of the Decade of Ocean Science?

\$5: Atmospheric nutrient deposition and microbial community responses, and predictions for the future in the North Pacific Ocean

S6: Connecting knowledge of ocean deoxygenation in coastal and offshore regions of the North Pacific

\$7: Predictions of extreme events in the North Pacific and their incorporation into management strategies

S8: Using environmental indicators to assess baselines, targets, and risk of plastic pollution in the North Pacific

S9: Applications of artificial intelligence to advance the understanding of North Pacific ecosystems



SEPTEMBER 2021

Sunday	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday
			1 17:00-19:00 WG-38	17:00-20:00 WG-39	3	4
5	6	7 17:00-19:00 WG-45 17:00-19:00 WG-48	8 16:00-18:00 SG-ECOP 17:00-19:00 WG-41 (Day-1)	9 17:00-19:00 WG-40 17:00-19:00 WG-41 (Day-2)	10	11
12	13	14	15	16 17:00-19:00 WG-35	17	18
19	17:00-20:00 WG-47	14:00-17:00 WG-37	15:00-18:00 WG-42 17:00-20:00 SG-Sci-Com	17:00-20:00 WG-43 17:00-20:00 WG-44	06:00-08:00 WG-46	25
26	17:00-20:00 FIS (Day-1) 16:00-19:00 AP-NIS	17:00-20:00 FIS (Day-2) 17:00-20:00 TCODE 17:00-19:00 S-HAB	17:00-20:00 S-CCME 17:00-20:00 MEQ 17:00-20:00 S-MBM	17:00-20:00 POC 17:00-20:00 AP-CREAMS 17:00-20:00 S-CC		



OCTOBER-NOVEMBER 2021

Sunday	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday
					1	2
3	4 17:00-20:00 MONITOR (D1) 17:00-21:00 BIO (Day-1) 17:00-20:00 HD	17:00-20:00 AP-NPCOOS 17:00-20:00 FUTURE (D-1)	17:00-20:00 MONITOR (D2) 17:00-20:00 FUTURE (D-2)	7 17:00-20:00 BIO (Day-2) 17:00-20:00 FUTURE (D-3)	8	9
10	17:00-20:00 SB (Day-1) CM	17:00-20:00 SB (Day-2) CM	13 17:00-20:00 SB (Day-3) CM F&A (Day-1) CM	14 17:00-20:00 F&A (Day-2) CM	15	16
17	18 17:00-18:00 W1 19:00-20:00 W2	19 17:00-18:00 W3 19:00-21:00 W4 W3 - CANCELLED	17:00-18:30 W5	21	22	23
24	25 17:00-21:00 OPENING CEREMONY AWARDS, \$1	17:00-19:00 S2 , S4 19:00-21:00 S3 , S5 S3 , S4 - CANCELLED	17:00-19:00 S6, S8 19:00-21:00 S7, S9	17:00-20:00 E-Posters	29	30
31	NOVEMBER 1 17:00-20:00 GC (Day-1) CM	17:00-20:00 GC (Day-2) CM	3 17:00-20:00 GC (Day-3) CM [if needed]			



PICES-2021 WORKSHOPS

#	Cmttes	Date: MM/DD	Start Time (Pacific)	End Time (Pacific)	Title	
W1	BIO/FIS	10/18	17:00	18:00	Can we link zooplankton production to fisheries recruitment?	
Wsh 1 C	onvenors		(Japan), correspo ft (USA), Hui Liu	•	uchy (Canada)	
Wsh 1 D	escription	forcing. Zoop fisheries prod foraging fishe attention has measuremen and structura discussions of	plankton play a vital duction and ecosy es is a critical step been paid to the ats of secondary p al roles of seconda	al nexus between stem functions. In needed to fore role of zooplank roduction remains production of	lerstanding of stock dynamics and resilience to environmental and anthropogenic on primary producers and higher level consumers and are thus highly relevant to Understanding the impact of trophic relationships on the nutrition of larvae and cast the stock response and resilience to environmental changes. However, limited atton in sustaining fisheries production, which is largely because routine in rare. This workshop will discuss prospective ways for understanding functional in fisheries dynamics and production. In particular, we encourage presentations and observational and modeling approaches linking zooplankton productivity and fish	
					corded Presentations ed before the workshop)	
	1 Toru Kobari Comparison of plankton community structure, standing stocks and productivity along the Kuroshio at the Tokara Structure.					
	2	Gen Kume Distribution, feeding habits, and growth of chub mackerel, Scomber japonicus, larvae during a high-stock period in the northern Satsunan area, southern Japan				
	3	Yusuke Manako Community structure of fish larvae associated with advections of the Kuroshio and its neighboring waters				
	4	Yusuke Tokumo Importance of gelatinous zooplankton on plankton food web in the Kuroshio based on metabarcoding analysis				



5	Tomoko Kusano How to adapt growth and productivity of fish larvae to the Kuroshio
6	Karyn D. Suchy Model-based spatiotemporal variability in mesozooplankton productivity in the Salish Sea
7	Shin Kazuno Source of coastal waters advected to the Kuroshio using particle-tracking experiments on high-resolution coastal ocean model
8	Lian Kwong Evaluating pathways of environmental association with mesozooplankton and fisheries production
9	Hui Liu Promising perceptions of linking zooplankton production to fisheries dynamics
10	Megan N. Wilson The Tortoise and the Hare: distinct early growth strategies in a nearshore groundfish persist in the seasonally variable Northern California Current
11	Theresa A. Venello The effect of zooplankton community composition on spatiotemporal variability of trophic transfer efficiency in the subarctic NE Pacific
Oct 18 17:00-18:00pm Victoria, BC Time	Workshop 1 Agenda (Discussion)
	(1) What is necessary for zooplankton production to evaluate fishery dynamics and production?
	(2) What are the advantages/disadvantages for current zooplankton production methodologies and measurements to link fishery dynamics and production?
	(3) Future prospect (workshops, sessions or working group)



#	Cmttes	Date: MM/DD	Start Time (Pacific)	End Time (Pacific)	Title		
W2	FIS	10/18	19:00	20:00	Pelagic and forage species – predicting response and evaluating resiliency to environmental variability?		
Wsh 2 Convenors Matthew Baker (USA), corresponding Brian Hunt (Canada), Hui Liu (USA), Elizabeth Siddon (USA)							
Wsh 2 D	Climate and environmental variability influence pelagic ecosystems with direct and indirect impacts on pelagic and forage fish populations. These species are particularly responsive to shifts in the physical environmental and the production and phenology of biological production at lower trophic levels. Forage fish are also the link between planktonic food webs and higher trophic levels in the global ocean. Despite their critical role in North Pacific ecosystems, forage fish have remained understudied due to the majority of research resources and effort being focused on the predatory species that they support. This knowledge gap is increasingly pressing as the North Pacific advances into new climate and ocean modes. We propose to host a workshop that builds on the 2018 Session in Yokohama, Japan and related collaborations to share results on trends in pelagic and forage fishes in the North Pacific PICES region, including work using experimental, observational and modeling approaches. We intend to use the North Pacific as a case study for global response to warming and determine the attributes important in understanding how different populations respond in similar or divergent ways to common drivers. We also aim to examine two overarching themes (1 adaptation/resiliency and (2) forecasting) to better define our 'current state of knowledge' and use this workshop to further identify data gaps, research needs, and useful tools and models to further research in this area. This workshop aims to bring forage fish researchers from around the North Pacific. The workshop will use regional presentations as a springboard for discussion on common ecosystem drivers and similarities / dissimilarities among regions. Priority data gaps will be ranked as a step towards focusing direction for short and long-term research objectives.discussions on research using experimental, observational and modeling approaches linking zooplankton productivity and fish larvae and foraging fishes.						
		1			corded Presentations ed before the workshop)		
	1	Wei Yu Response of abundance and distribution of a top predator squid species to short-lived eddies in the Eastern Equatorial Pacific Ocean					
	2 Kelsey Swieca Oceanographic and trophodynamic underpinnings of larval anchovy success in the northern California Current						
	3	Carolina Lang Impact of environmental variability on jack mackerel spawning grounds in the open sea of the Southeast Pacific Ocean					



Oct 18 19:00-20:00pm Victoria, BC Time	Workshop 2 Agenda
	Intent We intend to convene experts for a one-hour session designed to outline the development of a manuscript on a synthesis of research on the influence of climate and environmental variability on pelagic and forage fish populations in the North Pacific. That manuscript would address the themes of (1) adaption/resiliency and (2) forecasting. The workshop will use regional presentations as a springboard for discussion on common ecosystem drivers and similarities / dissimilarities among regions. Priority data gaps will be ranked as a step towards focusing direction for short and long-term research objectives. It will also address 'what we know' and 'where we need to go in this field'. Specifically, we aim to: • Define our current state of knowledge • Identify data gaps, research needs and tools and models to further research in this area • Develop a hierarchical/ranked list of short- and long-term research priorities
19:00-19:10	Introductions – Workshop Themes
19:10-19:12	Results of Online Poll 1 [poll available during introduction]
19:12-19:25	Breakout Session: Important themes and insights related to adaptation/resiliency
19:25-19:30	Plenary [report of discussions from Convenors]
19:30-19:32	Results of Online Poll 2 [poll available during introduction]
19:32-19:45	Breakout Session: Advances and challenges to understanding mechanisms and forecasting
19:45-19:50	Plenary [report of discussions from Convenors]
19:50-20:00	Synthesis and Next Steps
	Polls/Surveys Poll/Survey 1 – What do we know What is the current state of knowledge [multiple choice] What are important data gaps, research needs, tools and models [textbox] What are important short-term and long-term research priorities [textbox]



Poll/Survey – How do we synthesize information and apply it

- How do we rank priorities?
- What are ways to incorporate information across different knowledge or data streams [textbox]
- How to integrate these into management or applied context [textbox]

Poll/Survey – What is your interest and next steps

- What is your interest in participating?
- List other individuals that might have interest in participating
- What are the best means to facilitate collaboration [provide link to GoogleDrive folder]

https://meetings.pices.int/meetings/annual/2021/PICES/Program

#	Cmttes	Date: MM/DD	Start Time (Pacific)	End Time (Pacific)	Title		
W4	AP-NPCOOS/ MONITOR/ TCODE/BIO/ FUTURE	10/19	19:00	21:00	Monitoring Essential Biodiversity Variables in the coastal zone		
Wsh 4 Co	nvenors	Jack Barth (USA), corresponding; Charles Hannah (Canada), corresponding Vyacheslav Lobanov (Russia); Hanna Na (Korea); Naoki Yoshie (Japan)					
Wsh 4 Description The goals of FUTURE and UN Decade of Ocean Science require systematic and sustained observations of marine econe specially in the coastal regions where the interactions between humans and the marine environment are most intense. Advisory Panel on North Pacific Coastal Ocean Observing Systems is responsible for advising PICES on the linkages be coastal ocean observing systems and the PICES FUTURE Science Program. We propose a Workshop to address the control how the PICES community plan to measure the Essential Biodiversity Variables (EBV; Miloslavich et al 2018 DOI: 10.1111/gcb.14108) and make them available to the community (the essence of Coastal Ocean Observing Systems). The workshop will provide a basis for identifying gaps in observing systems relative to FUTURE's goals of providing a synthetic system of the community (the essence of Coastal Ocean Observing Systems). The workshop will provide a basis for identifying gaps in observing systems relative to FUTURE's goals of providing a synthetic system.		eractions between humans and the marine environment are most intense. The n Observing Systems is responsible for advising PICES on the linkages between ES FUTURE Science Program. We propose a Workshop to address the question of e Essential Biodiversity Variables (EBV; Miloslavich et al 2018 DOI: to the community (the essence of Coastal Ocean Observing Systems). The ups in observing systems relative to FUTURE's goals of providing a synthesis of					



	future ecosystem change. We will solicit contributions that will address the following questions: 1) what is the current state of monitoring EBVs in each PICES country; 2) what new technologies are being developed which will help monitor EBVs (e.g. eDNA, satellite mapping of macro algae); 3) which technologies are moving beyond the pilot stage to the mature stage; and 4) what is the state of the art in getting EBVs into databases and getting them out via user friendly interfaces? The primary output from the workshop is expected to be a journal article describing the current state of the art in both the measurement of EBVs in the coastal zone and in making the data widely available.
	Workshop 4 Recorded Presentations (should be viewed before the workshop)
1	Sejal Pramlall Characterizing phytoplankton phenology patterns in the Northeast Pacific coastal waters using the GlobColour Project
2	Takafumi Yoshida Assessment of the distribution of tidal flats in the Northwest Pacific region
3	Young Nam Kim Overview of the National Marine Ecosystem Monitoring program in Korea
4	Natalya D. Gallo Contributions of fisheries surveys to monitoring essential ocean, climate, and biodiversity variables: A synthesis from the U.S. West Coast
5	Margot Hessing-Lewis Adoption and implementation of Seagrass Essential Ocean Variables (EOVs)
6	Justin A. Del Bel Belluz High temporal resolution phytoplankton compositions and environment drivers in the northern Salish Sea, British Columbia, Canada
7	Chieh Hsu "Wishing I'm Fishing": OceanView A fisherman's lifelong app
8	Sandy Starkweather Sustaining Arctic Observing Networks: A Roadmap for Arctic Observing and Data Systems (SAON-ROADS)
9	Akash Sastri Integrating coastal zooplankton monitoring programs into an Essential Biodiversity Variable (EBV) framework: Current status, challenges, and new developments, for Canada's west coast



10	Maria T. Kavanaugh Marine Biodiversity Observing in the Northern California Current: Understanding changing plankton community composition and seascape habitats
11	Erin V. Satterthwaite Linking marine ecosystem data to action within the context of climate change: Toward developing the global observing system for marine life
12	Brett Johnson Mobilizing essential salmon biodiversity variables collected by the Hakai Institute Juvenile Salmon Program via the Canadian Integrated Ocean Observing System
Oct 19 19:00-21:00pm Victoria, BC Time	Workshop 4 Agenda
19:00 – 19:15	Welcome, introductions, goal of the workshop
19:15 – 19:55	Review of important points that should be included in the paper
19:55 – 20:05	Break (and organize breakout groups)
20:05 - 20:25	Breakout group discussion
20:25 - 20:45	Report of the group discussions
20:45 – 21:00	Next steps (writing tasks)



#	Cmttes	Date: MM/DD	Start Time (Pacific)	End Time (Pacific)	Title				
W5	FUTURE	10/20	17:00	18:30	Engaging Early Career Ocean Professionals in PICES to further the next generation of integrated ocean sustainability science				
Wsh 5 Co	nvenors		waite (USA), corre o (Japan); Pengbi						
Wsh 5 De	Intergenerational diversity is central to sustainability since it relies on meeting the needs of the present generation without compromising the ability of future generations to meet their own needs. As such, early career ocean professional (ECOP) engagement is a central focus of PICES and within the context of the UN Decade of Ocean Science for Sustainable Develop (2021-2030) since emerging ocean leaders are needed to bring fresh ideas, sustained engagement and scientific cooperation and diverse perspectives to the next chapter of scientific discovery. This workshop will bring together the next generation of professionals and mentors to engage in a networking/interactive session with Expert Group chairs and other PICES visionaria.								
Oct 20 17:00-19:00pm Victoria, BC Time					Workshop 5 Agenda				
17:0	0-17:05	Welcome & I	Welcome & Intro						
17:0	5-17:15	Introduction t	Introduction to PICES Keynote Address (Enrique Curchitser)						
17:1	5-17:30	Introduction t	to ECOP engager	ment in PICES					
17:30-18:20 'Ask a PICES Veteran' sessions									
18:2	0-18:40	Closing rema	arks						



#	Cmttes	Date: MM/DD	Start Time (Pacific)	End Time (Pacific)	Title
S1	SB	10/25	17:00	21:00	OPENING CEREMONY, AWARDS
					Science Board Symposium
17:0	ct 25 0-18:30 a, BC Time			PI	CES-2021 OPENING CEREMONY
		1. Weld	oming Address I	PICES Chair, P	rof. Enrique Curchitser
		3. PICE 4. Keyr 5. Clos 6. Shor 7. Open	note Presentation ing remarks and t Break	y Career Scient , PICES Scient , Prof Fangli Q announcement ce Board Symp	ce Board Chair, Dr. Vera Trainer



S1 Convenors	PICES Science Board
S1 Description	PICES is well-positioned as a northern hemisphere leader of multi-national collaborations to further our understanding of the ocean's natural systems, to contribute "the science we need for the ocean we want" for the United Nations Decade of Ocean Science for Sustainable Development. The international scientific platforms and cooperation mechanisms that PICES scientists have created with organizations and individuals from around the world will now be expanded to strengthen ocean science research and collaboration among countries in the Northern and Southern hemispheres. This will further our scientific progress in understanding climate change impacts, ecosystem-based fisheries management approaches, biologically-driven ocean carbon sequestration, and regional integrated ecosystem assessments including social, ecological and environmental dynamics of marine systems and coastal communities. Strategies for communicating our science and applying scientific building blocks toward solutions to mitigate the impacts of climate change are also critical for preserving our oceans and the coastal communities that depend upon its bounty. Papers that describe these broad scientific ideas and also incorporate strategies to facilitate PICES Ocean Decade cross-cutting inclusivity themes relating to gender equality, early career ocean professional engagement, and significant involvement of indigenous communities and developing nations are encouraged.
Oct 25 18:35-20:00 Victoria, BC Time	Session 1 Scheduled Oral Presentations
18:35-18:40	Introduction by the Science Board Chair (Vera Trainer)
Live Talk 1 18:40-19:00	Shion Takemura Identifying changes of research focuses and potential collaborations in PICES toward the UN Decade of Ocean Science for Sustainable Development (UNDOS)
Live Talk 2 19:00-19:20	Vishnu P Suseelan Phytoplankton community composition in the Gulf of Alaska determined using CHEMTAX and OLCI Sentinel 3 satellite data
Live Talk 3 19:20-19:40	Erin Sattherthwaite The evolving efforts of PICES early career ocean professionals to foster international, intergenerational and cross-sectoral engagement in the North Pacific and beyond
Live Talk 4 19:40-20:00	Mark Saunders Basin-scale Events to Coastal Impacts (BECI): An ocean intelligence system for a changing world



#	Cmttes	Date: MM/DD	Start Time (Pacific)	End Time (Pacific)	Title	
S2	POC	10/26	17:00	19:00	Global warming patterns and multiscale climate variability in the North Pacific	
S2 Conver	nors	`	na), correspondin Lorenzo (USA); k		o (Korea)	
concern is the potential for systems to rapidly sl shifts can occur abruptly without much warning, nonlinear inflection points in pressure-response thresholds in a system that, when exceeded, ca understanding that the change is irreversible." It paramount importance to the IPCC as the likelik instability, and ecological sensitivity, posing a si managing systems prone to tipping points are ir adaptation. While identifying tipping points is ch especially in terms of multivariate tipping points for identifying multivariate thresholds and tipping responses, and 3) review approaches for mana international experts from oceanographic, ecological sensitivity.		tems to rapidly sut much warning essure-responsion exceeded, consistency is irreversible." PCC as the likely itivity, posing a suppling points are oping points is content to point and tipplicontess for managraphic, ecoluli be methods to	chic pressures pose a risk to marine social-ecological systems. Of increasing shift (often irreversibly) to new states in response to pressures. In some cases, such go, despite years of mounting pressure and apparent system resilience. These he relationship, i.e. "tipping points", are defined by the IPCC SR15 as "critical an lead to a significant change in the state of the system, often with an Identifying singular or compound, nonlinear, or contextual tipping points is of ihood of crossing tipping points increases with atmospheric carbon, climate significant risk for ecological and human wellbeing. Tools and methods for important for national, regional, and local resource management and climate hallenging, there are multiple recent approaches that advance this objective, so We propose a topic session that will a) explore emergent tools and approaches and points, 2) explore existing and potential social and ecological tipping points and aging systems prone to tipping points. This topic session will bring together logical, and social sciences to compare methodologies and synergies across oppromote adaptation and resilience to climate change in marine systems increasing			
17:0	ot 26 0-19:05 a, BC Time	Session 2 Scheduled Oral Presentations				
	ntro 0-17:05	Introduction by Session Convenors				
	Live Talk 1 5-17:30	Dongliang Yuan Role of the Indo-Pacific oceanic channel dynamics in ENSO development and global climate change				



Live Talk 2 17:30-17:45	Emily Lemagie Multidecadal oceanographic variability over the Bering Sea Inner Shelf
Live Talk 3 17:45-18:00	Lin Liu Preliminary Assessment of Simulated Tropical Pacific SST Warming Based on CMIP Models
Live Talk 4 18:00-18:15	Susan Allen Resilience to climate variability of nutrient delivery and primary productivity in a coastal sea
Live Talk 5 18:15-18:30	Virendra Goswami Application of Remote Sensing to Study the Correlation of Climate Variability with Air-Sea CO2 exchange to develop Sea- Level Variability Forecasting Models (SLVFM) Over Tropical Oceanic Regions
Recorded Talk 6 18:30-18:45	Gian Giacomo Navarra Predictability and Empirical Dynamics of Fish Indicators in the North Pacific
Recorded Talk 7 18:45-19:00	Po-Yuan Hsiao Climate-induced fluctuations in primary production required in summertime upwelling ecosystems around the Taiwan Bank
Closing 19:00-19:05	Closing by Convenors



PICES-2021 SCIENCE SESSIONS

#	Cmttes	Date: MM/DD	Start Time (Pacific)	End Time (Pacific)	Title	
S5	BIO/POC	10/26	19:00	21:00	Atmospheric nutrient deposition and microbial community responses, and predictions for the future in the North Pacific Ocean	
S5 Conve	enors		(Japan), corresp o (China); Santiaç	•); Kitack Lee (Korea); Maurice Levasseur (Canada); Guiling Zhang (China)	
S5 Description		Atmospheric deposition is an important nutrient source for marine ecosystems, with consequences for local, regional, and global biogeochemical cycles, as well as the climate system. This session focuses on natural and anthropogenic atmospheric nutrient inputs to the North Pacific Ocean. Microbial communities respond to SB-2019 SB 19 changing atmospheric inputs, which may result in significant effects on the marine carbon and nitrogen budgets, as well as on atmospheric carbon dioxide uptake. Key questions to be addressed within this theme are: How do biogeochemical and ecological processes interact in response to natural and anthropogenic material input from the atmosphere across costal and open ocean regions? How do global warming, ocean acidification, and other anthropogenic stressors synergistically alter the uptake of atmospheric nutrients and metals by marine biota in different oceanic regions? What is the prognosis for the future? We welcome new interdisciplinary presentations and active discussions on physical, chemical, and biological sciences both from the ocean and atmospheric fields in this session.				
Vi	Oct 26 19:00-21:10 ctoria, BC Time			Session	5 Scheduled Oral Presentations	
	Intro 19:00-19:05	Introduction by Session Convenors				
	Live Talk 1 19:05-19:25	Fumikazu Taketani Impact assessment of deposition of atmospheric nitrogen compounds to the over Northwestern Pacific Ocean		pheric nitrogen compounds to the surface chlorophyll-a concentration		
R	ecorded Talk 2 19:25-19:45	Shijie Jia The distribu	tion and diversit	y of antibiotic	resistance genes in aerosols between a coastal site and marine sites	



Recorded Talk 3 19:45-20:05		Qin Wang The response of phytoplankton in the oligotrophic and eutrophic waters of the Yellow Sea to the addition of haze in spring						
	Live Talk 4 20:05-20:25	Minako Kurisu Estimation of the contribution of combustion Fe in marine aerosols over the North Pacific using Fe stable isotope ratios Jiao Wang The concentrations and depositions of atmospheric particles nutrient into the China adjacent seas Yoko Iwamoto Dry nitrogen deposition to the eastern Indian Ocean during boreal autumn and its impact on the primary production						
	Recorded Talk 5 20:25-20:45							
	Live Talk 6 20:45-21:05							
	Closing 21:05-21:10	Closing by Convenors						
#	Cmttes	Date: MM/DD	Start Time (Pacific)	End Time (Pacific)	Title			
S6	S-CC	10/27	17:00	19:00	Connecting knowledge of ocean deoxygenation in coastal and offshore regions of the North Pacific			
S6 Co	nvenors	Tsuneo Ono (Japan), corresponding Alex Kozyr (USA); Tetjana Ross (Canada)						
S6 Description		Ocean deoxygenation is the loss of oxygen in the ocean resulting from ocean warming, which reduces oxygen solubility and increases oxygen consumption and stratification, thereby reducing the mixing of oxygen into the ocean interior. Ocean deoxygenation exacerbates coastal hypoxia and the expansion of oxygen minimum zones globally. Hypoxia is known as a severe threat to ocean ecosystems and fisheries resources, in both offshore and coastal regions. Decreasing oxygen in seawater is caused by several processes such as increase of water temperature, changing ocean circulation and stratification, changes in production and remineralization of organic matter, and coastal eutrophication. The main cause of oxygen decline varies regionally, and sometimes multiple processes contribute. Multiple causes make it difficult to get a comprehensive understanding of ocean deoxygenation at the various scales from coastal regions to ocean						



	basins. PICES S-CC is planning a new program to collect an inventory of oxygen monitoring programs, as well as data and knowledge obtained from them, that are ongoing among the PICES countries. At the commencement of this program, we convene this session to gather information on ongoing ocean deoxygenation and oxygen variability studies and the resulting scientific knowledge, in both the coastal and offshore North Pacific . For this purpose, we encourage attendees to present studies of detection of deoxygenation, as well as causes of oxygen variability, at the various scales from coastal regions to ocean basins in this session. We also welcome studies of impacts of deoxygenation and hypoxia on ocean ecosystems and/or fisheries.
Oct 27 17:00-19:10 Victoria, BC Time	Session 6 Scheduled Oral Presentations
Intro 17:00-17:05	Introduction by Session Convenors
Live Talk 1 17:05-17:20	Ahron Cervania Isopycnal shoaling causes interannual variability in oxygen on isopycnals in the subarctic Northeast Pacific
Live Talk 2 17:20-17:35	Ana C. Franco Drivers of oxygen trends and variability in the Northeast Pacific
Live Talk 3 17:35-17:50	Benjamin O'Connor Variability in oxygen within the coastal region of Queen Charlotte Sound: seasonal patterns, spatial trends, and implications for the marine carbonate system
Live Talk 4 17:50-18:05	Jennifer M. Jackson Identification of a seasonal subsurface oxygen minimum in Rivers Inlet, British Columbia
Live Talk 5 18:05-18:20	Masahiko Fujii Continuous monitoring and future projection of ocean warming, acidification, and deoxygenation on the subarctic coast of Hokkaido, Japan
Live Talk 6 18:20-18:35	Ana C. Franco Impact of natural and anthropogenic deoxygenation on the habitat distribution of Pacific Halibut



Live Talk 7 18:35-18:50			Makiko Yorifuji Interactive effects of ocean deoxygenation and acidification on demersal fish in early life stages					
	Live Talk 8 18:50-19:05	Akira Iguchi Evaluation of the effects of ocean acidification and deoxygenation on eggs of Japanese whit-ing, Sillago japonica: An approach based on comprehensive gene expression analysis						
	Closing 19:05-19:10	Closing by Convenors						
#	Cmttes	Date: MM/DD	Start Time (Pacific)	End Time (Pacific)	Title			
S7	FUTURE/POC	10/27	19:00	21:00	Predictions of extreme events in the North Pacific and their incorporation into management strategies			
	S7 Convenors	Samantha Siedlecki (USA), corresponding Jing-Jia Luo (China); Ryan Rykaczewski (USA)						
S7 Description		heatwaves, that these evecosystem recosystem relath, aqual predict ecosystem related these extreme aims to iden and large-solution extreme evecosystem solution intended to a "From predict ecosystem solution in the ecosystem soluti	periods of hypoxi- vents may becom- resources and social culture productively stem changes a plogical, and social allenge attempts ne events make the tify, diagnose, and cale climate processing widual or co-occur ne first three ToR services), which he advance the termi- ction to projection	a/anoxia or corne more common cietal use of the ity, and the district and societal impart of the ito forecast their hem desirable that quantify predicts. In this senature, oxygen, parence, and the cof WG40, but a mas received sorns of reference of the role of seat the role of s	usceptible to episodic, extreme events of various types, including marine osive conditions, and harmful algal blooms (HABs). There is rising concern and/or severe in the future. Extreme events can have a marked impact on coast environment with consequences for recreation, human and ecosystem ribution, composition, and productivity of marine fisheries. While our ability to acts has improved in recent years with improved understanding of coupled episodic nature of extreme events and the rarity at which they have been occurrence. However, the severe ecological and societal consequences of argets for predictions that enable proactive management. PICES WG-40 ctable response in North Pacific marine ecosystems that arise from regional assion we will seek contributions that highlight advances in the prediction of WH, HABs), the characterization or identification of mechanisms responsible strategies to incorporate those predictions into management. This topic is also to ToR #4 (exploring integration of predictions in the management of mewhat less attention in our previous activities. This proposed session is MG-40 and build on strong momentum from (1) the ECCWO session is sonal to decadal forecasts in a changing climate", (2) the PICES 2018 mate changes and their applicability to ecosystem predictions", (3) the			



	CLIVAR-PICES 2019 workshop "Towards an integrated approach to understanding ecosystem predictability in the North Pacific," (4) the PICES 2019 sessions "Marine heat waves in the North Pacific: Predictions and impacts in coastal regions," "Coastal ocean modelling in the North Pacific," and "Advances in North Pacific marine prediction", and (5) a planned FUTURE-sponsored workshop on social impacts of extremes at the 2020 PICES annual meeting. Outside of PICES-associated meetings, this proposed session also leverages efforts of NOAA's Marine Prediction Task Force (MPTF) whose lifespan matches that of WG-40 (2017-2020) and whose intent is to improve seasonal forecasts for management of living marine resources. Co-sponsorship We seek POC and FUTURE cosponsorship for this session. We envision this session being offered in coordination with a FUTURE-sponsored workshop exploring the social impacts of extreme events in the context of the SEES framework.
Oct 27 19:00-21:10 Victoria, BC Time	Session 7 Scheduled Oral Presentations
Intro 19:00-19:05	Introduction by Session Convenors
Live Talk 1 19:05-19:25	Andrew R.S. Ross Recent advances in measuring and predicting the occurrence and impacts of harmful algal biotoxins in British Columbia coastal waters
Live Talk 2 19:25-19:45	Jessica Cross The next decade of ocean acidification research in the Bering Sea: what we've learned and what's coming next
Live Talk 3 19:45-20:05	Antonietta Capotondi Tropical influence on the development of Northeast Pacific marine heatwaves
Recorded Talk 4 20:05-20:25	Hui Shi Co-occurrence of California drought and northeast Pacific marine heatwaves under climate change
Recorded Talk 5 20:25-20:45	Brandi Kamermans Detecting and identifying saxitoxin-producing algae in the Salish Sea
Recorded Talk 6 20:45-21:05	Elena Ustinova Extreme events in the thermal state of the Far-Eastern Seas and adjacent waters of the Northwestern Pacific
Closing 21:05-21:10	Closing by Convenors



#	Cmttes	Date: MM/DD	Start Time (Pacific)	End Time (Pacific)	Title				
S8	MEQ	10/27	17:00	19:00	Using environmental indicators to assess baselines, targets, and risk of plastic pollution in the North Pacific				
	S8 Convenors	0,	Chengjun Sun (China), corresponding Sanghee Hong (Korea); Matthew Savoca (USA)						
	S8 Description	indicators of this session development Environment the quantity tissues. Rese	The North Pacific and its marginal seas are heavily polluted with plastics. It is important to develop environmental indicators of plastic pollution to determine baselines, set targets, and project risk to species and ecosystems. The goal of this session is to continue to identify indicators – both biotic and abiotic – of plastic pollution, and to move beyond the development of indicators to determine how we can use indicators to determine baselines in the North Pacific. Environmental indicators will also prove important to project risk from plastics to the ecosystem. Risk may be assessed by the quantity or abundance of plastic particles, or as the concentration of plastic associated pollutants in organismal tissues. Research presented in this topic session will help us elucidate the status and trends of plastic pollution and their environmental impacts in the North Pacific to better allow comparisons to other regions globally. This science-informed approach will allow us to make informed decisions for plastic usage and litter management policies.						
	Oct 27 17:00-19:00 Victoria, BC Time			Session	8 Scheduled Oral Presentations				
	Intro 17:00-17:05	Introduction	n by Session Co	nvenors					
Recorded Talk 1 17:05-17:15 Matthew Savoca Evaluating species as bioindicators for plastic pollution in North Pacific food		stic pollution in North Pacific food webs							
	Recorded Talk 2 17:15-17:25	K David Hyr Assessing i condition		ic accumulation	n in Laysan Albatross (Phoebastria immutabilis) chick growth and body				
	Recorded Talk 3 17:25-17:35		hane-Rapport Irements reveal	the risk of micr	oplastic ingestion by filter-feeding megafauna				



Recorded Talk 4 17:35-17:45	Jinfeng Ding Occurrence and risk assessment of microplastics in various shellfish from the two major coastal cities of China
Recorded Talk 5 17:45-17:55	C. Anela Choy Widespread plastic ingestion in an abundant pelagic fish species, Alepisaurus ferox, across the subtropical North Pacific
Recorded Talk 6 17:55-18:05	Won Joon Shim Ecological risk assessment of waterborne microplastic particles in the marine environments of Korea
Recorded Talk 7 18:05-18:15	Seung-Kyu Kim First estimates on the amount of water-borne microplastics entering the ocean from the Korean Peninsula
Recorded Talk 8 18:15-18:25	Soeun Eo Prevalence of small high-density microplastics in continental shelf and deep-sea waters of East Asia
Recorded Talk 9 18:25-18:35	Sarah-Jeanne Royer Polyolefins and the effect of biofouling on their sinking behaviours in the oceanic water column
Recorded Talk 10 18:35-18:45	Jennifer F. Provencher Litter and microplastics monitoring in the Arctic under the Arctic Council's Arctic Monitoring and Assessment Programme (AMAP)
Live Talk 11 18:45-18:55	Chengjun Sun Using shellfish as potential microplastic pollution indicator
Closing 18:55-19:00	Closing by Convenors



#	Cmttes	Date: MM/DD	Start Time (Pacific)	End Time (Pacific)	Title		
S9	FUTURE/POC/TCODE	10/27	19:00	21:00	Applications of artificial intelligence to advance the understanding of North Pacific ecosystems		
S	9 Convenors	Charles Hannah (Canada), corresponding Igor Shevchenko (Russia); Jinkun Yang (China); Naoki Yoshie (Japan)					
Si	9 Description	rapidly. The output, and see the opportune has advantage relationships session were well as comparticularly in on methodole ecosystem refuture the identify more science sessions. Ecosystem Community we tools. Machine Goal 6: Engage and Al representations.	combination of metaphopological advancementated data into fee practitioners of the practical	odern instrumer ollection, means the process of turn ditional statistic tem state variates asions that use that integrates that integrates that integrates that make occused on a pathese modern to be from the very the North Pacific session is a coll are new tools deer scientists to dge of the procession is the procession of the procession is a college of the procession i	intelligence (AI) and machine learning to marine science issues is advancing intation with real time delivery, satellite data streams, biogeochemical model that many marine ecosystems are data rich but information poor. Al offers raining data into information that can be used for decision making, but also is for detecting patterns and offers the potential to find meaningful ecological oles for which there is no theoretical framework to connect them. For this AI for investigating the important drivers/variables in ecological datasets, as for instance, with satellite imagery, acoustics, plankton, and levels of biological organization (individuals to ecosystems), and are different types of observation technology and data types. Papers focusing in applications and the data management processes required to get it easy to use the new tools. Other information. Support: POC, TCODE, riticular problem but rather seeks to have a lively session that would help tools who are already working on PICES related problems. The proposed successful PICES 2019 Workshop on Application of Machine Learning to ic. This Science session would continue the process of building an AI intribution to 2 of the PICES Strategic goals • Goal 4: Advance methods and with enormous potential that should be explored in the PICES context. • o sustain a vibrant and cutting edge PICES scientific community. Big data less to convert data into information in the modern world, therefore in of these new tools is one way to attract early career scientists to PICES.		



Oct 27 19:00-21:10 Victoria, BC Time	Session 9 Scheduled Oral Presentations
Intro 19:00-19:05	Introduction by Session Convenors
Live Talk 1 19:05-19:20	Albert J. Hermann Enhanced dynamical downscaling of global climate projections to regional scales using Machine Learning
Recorded Talk 2 19:20-19:35	Lu Sun Auto-detection of marine mammals from drone photos based on deep learning
Recorded Talk 3 19:35-19:50	Moritz S. Schmid Fine-scale interannual distributions of meso-zooplankton in the Northern California Current
Live Talk 4 19:50-20:05	Igor I. Shevchenko Using the PICES TCODE catalog service
Recorded Talk 5 20:05-20:20	Yi Xu Disentangling climate impacts on Sockeye Salmon population dynamics using machine learning
Recorded Talk 6 20:20-20:35	Minkyoung Bang Projected changes in the potential habitat distribution of Japanese anchovy (Engraulis japonica) in Korean waters from a maximum entropy model
Live Talk 7 20:35-20:50	Tongtong Xu A Linear Inverse Model Approach to Comprehensively Examine Marine Heatwaves
Live Talk 8 20:50-21:05	Di Wan Using Machine Learning (ML) to study the timing of renewal evens in Douglas Channel, British Columbia, Canada
Closing 21:05-21:10	Closing by Convenors



Oct 28	E-POSTER SESSION
	https://airtable.com/shrok6AJmXvUVB4xg/tblBG0XLRAEroX6y6
Poster ID	GENERAL POSTER SESSION
	5:15-6:00 pm Victoria, BC Time
GP-1	Hajime Tanaka
	Economic evaluation of MSY-based fishery policy using Input-Output Table: A case study of squid-related industries in Hakodate City, Hokkaido Prefecture, Japan
GP-2	Julia V. Stochkute
	Influence of climatic changes of the eastern coast of Chukotka on ice coverage of the Bering Sea
GP-3	Megan Williams
	From theory to action: Solutions for climate-ready fisheries
GP-4	Hitoshi Kaneko
	Horizontal scale of chlorophyll a variation in relation to eddy activities in the midlatitudes of global oceans
GP-5	June-Woo Park
	Toxic effects of aged-High Density Polyethylene fragment on zebrafish
GP-6	Mikhail A. Stepanenko
	Influence of environmental factors on the Bering Sea pollock reproduction, abundance and spatial distribution
GP-7	Guoqi Han
	Variability of longshore surface current on the shelf edge and slope off the west coast of Canada
GP-8	Mei Ishikura
	Effects of the Kuroshio Large Meander on euphausiids in Suruga Bay, Japan
GP-9	Chieh Hsu
	"Wishing I'm Fishing": OceanView A fisherman's lifelong app
GP-10	Elígio Maúre
	Application of the NEAT for global eutrophication assessment



GP-11	Anna V. Klimova Heavy metals in brown algae, vascular plants and soils of Bering Island (Commander Islands) in 2020
GP-13	V.A. Shelekhov Age-size composition and some characteristics of the population biology of the Helicolenus avius on the underwater uplifts of the Emperor ridge
GP-14	Mitsuhide Sato Distribution and chemical speciation of iron on the outer edge of the Changjiang diluted water plume of the East China Sea
GP-15	Wei-Yu Lee Using animal trajectory tracking software to compare the effects of different baits on the behavior of Portunidae
GP-16	Aoi Sugimoto Marine science communication in the UN Ocean Decade: What we have done, and what's coming next
Poster ID	S1 (SCIENCE BOARD SESSION)
	5:15-6:00 pm Victoria, BC Time
S1-1	Iwao Fujii Promoting cooperation of monitoring, control, and surveillance for IUU fishing in the Asia-Pacific
S1-2	Christian Marchese Delineation of marine bioregions of British Columbia and Southeast Alaska using Sentinel-3 Chlorophyll-a data and self-organizing maps
S1-4	Luo Minbo Ecological characteristics of phytoplankton community in the East China Sea
S1-5	Muhamad Naimullah Effects of climate variability on the catches and habitat suitability variations of three swimming crabs in the Taiwan Strait
S1-6	Wen-Hoa Lee The structure of fishery resources and construction of ecosystem model in the southwestern waters of Taiwan



\$1-7	Je-Wei Sheu
	Explore the simultaneous characteristics of abundance and habitats of tuna species in the Pacific Ocean
\$1-8	Y-Lin Li
	Analyze the relationship between the fishing conditions of Scomberomorus species and changes in forage species around the waters of Taiwan
S1-9	Nina Bednarsek
	Integrated assessment of ocean acidification risks to pelagic calcifiers in the northern high latitudes: Regional comparison of exposure, sensitivity and adaptive capacity
Poster ID	S2: Global warming patterns and multiscale climate variability in the North Pacific
	5:15-6:00 pm Victoria, BC Time
S2-1	Wei Yu
	Synchronous changes in potential habitats of Trachurus murphyi and Dosidicus gigas off Chile in relation to regime shift of Pacific Decadal Oscillation
S2-2	Luz de Lourdes Aurora Coronado-Álvarez
	Ocean acidification in the Pacific off Mexico: How to change the pH values across various regions
S2-3	Yan-Lun Wu
	Decadal climate indices effect on the spatiotemporal distribution in Indo-Pacific yellowfin tuna population
S2-4	Lu-Chi Chen
	The catch rate and distribution of narrow-barred spanish mackerel (Scomberomorus commerson) in relation to oceanographic factors in the waters around Taiwan
\$2-5	Che-Chen Chuang
	The annual variations of grey mullet (Mugil cephalus) population in related to changed sea surface temperature and multiscale climate indices in the Northwest Pacific Ocean
\$2-6	Thomas Y. Chen
	Developing Synergies between the U.N. Southern Ocean Task Force and the North Pacific: A Safe Ocean



Poster ID	S3: Upper ocean energetics from mesoscale, submesoscale to small-scale turbulence in the North Pacific
	6:15-7:00 pm Victoria, BC Time
S3-1	Olga Trusenkova Signal of near inertial waves in Peter the Great Bay, the Japan/East Sea, from ADCP data measured at the WaveScan stationary buoy
S3-2	Yisen Zhong Seasonal Variation of the Surface Kuroshio Intrusion into the South China Sea Evidenced by Satellite Geostrophic Streamlines
S3-3	Qicheng Meng Impact of submesoscale currents on the vertical transport of nutrient in the East China Sea
\$3-4	Seungyong Lee Eddy kinetic energy variability of the Kuroshio Extension and its upstream-downstream connectivity
S3-5	Khushboo Jhugroo River-induced submesoscale processes in a southwest Pacific shelf sea and similarities to a northeast Pacific shelf sea
S3-6	G.V. Shevchenko Diurnal shelf waves in the area of South Kuril Islands from TOPEX/Poseidon satellite altimetry data
Poster ID	S5: Atmospheric nutrient deposition and microbial community responses, and predictions for the future in the North Pacific Ocean 6:15-7:00 pm Victoria, BC Time
S5-1	Chao Zhang Distinct impacts of dust and haze particles on marine phytoplankton
S5-2	Haoyu Jin Impact of atmospheric deposition on the utilization of dissolved organic phosphorus by phytoplankton in the Pacific Ocean



\$5-3	Sachi Umezawa
	Nutrient consumption by diatom in darkness below the euphotic zone during spring bloom in Funka-bay, Hokkaido, Japan
S5-4	Kana Nagashima
	Seasonal Asian dust transport to the western subarctic Pacific based on the cathodoluminescence analysis of single quartz grains
Poster ID	S6: Connecting knowledge of ocean deoxygenation in coastal and offshore regions of the North Pacific
	6:15-7:00 pm Victoria, BC Time
S6-1	A.S. Kurnosova Application of E-TRIX index for evaluation of eutrophication in the Amur Bay, as a background for its bottom layer deoxygenation
Poster ID	S7: Predictions of extreme events in the North Pacific and their incorporation into management strategies
	6:15-7:00 pm Victoria, BC Time
S7-1	Huihang Sun The effects of ocean data assimilation on North Pacific marine heatwave prediction
Poster ID	S8: Using environmental indicators to assess baselines, targets, and risk of plastic pollution in the North Pacific
	6:15-7:00 pm Victoria, BC Time
S8-1	Mi Jang A close relationship between microplastic contamination and coastal area use pattern



\$8-2	Lauren Kashiwabara Microplastics and microfibers in surface waters of Monterey Bay National Marine Sanctuary, California
\$8-3	Seung-Kyu Kim Importance of seasonal sea ice in the western Arctic Ocean to the Arctic and global microplastic budgets
S8-4	Ji-Su Kim Importance of point source to microplastic accumulation in Antarctic environment
Poster ID	S9: Applications of artificial intelligence to advance the understanding of North Pacific ecosystems
	6:15-7:00 pm Victoria, BC Time
S9-1	Olga Trusenkova Application of multivariate statistical analysis to vertical profiles of oceanographic characteristics on the example of moorings in Peter the Great Bay, the Japan/East Sea
S9-2	Steven E. Zhang Unsupervised Machine Learning for ocean profile classification and outlier detection using the Pacific Ocean temperature-conductivity-depth profile data
S9-3	Ferdenant Mkrtchyan Big data processing algorithms and environmental indicators in multi –channel monitoring systems
S9-4	Pramod Thupaki Data Lakes for Ocean Data - How CIOOS is enabling data-science and AI research projects in the North East Pacific
S9-5	Emiliya Chernienko Machine learning methods for chub mackerel fishing area forecasting in the northwestern Pacific Ocean
S9-6	Ferdenant A. Mkrtchyan About problems of the biocomplexity of marine ecosystems on the example of the Okhotsk Sea



Poster ID	W2: Pelagic and forage species – predicting response and evaluating resiliency to environmental variability 6:15-7:00 pm Victoria, BC Time
W2-1	Dongwha Sohn Effects of environmental variability on the spatial dynamics of common squid (Todarodes pacificus) in Korean waters
W2-2	G.V. Shevchenko Analysis of thermal conditions in the northwest Pacific Ocean
W2-3	Dmitry Lozhkin Seasonal and interannual variability of shortwave radiation in the northwest Pacific Ocean from satellite data
Poster ID	W5: Engaging Early Career Ocean Professionals in PICES to further the next generation of integrated ocean sustainability science 6:15-7:00 pm Victoria, BC Time
W5-1	Nina Okrestina New marine objects in the pacific salmon nutriment



Poster ID	Observing Organizations Posters 6:15-7:00 pm Victoria, BC Time
Observer-1	CLIVAR [1 Mb, pdf] Climate and Ocean - Variability, Predictability and Change http://www.clivar.org/
Observer-2	IWC [0.5 Mb, pdf] International Whaling Commission https://iwc.int/home
Observer-3	NPFC [1 Mb, pdf] North Pacific Fisheries Commission https://www.npfc.int/
Observer-4	SOLAS [3 Mb, pdf] Surface Ocean Lower Atmosphere Study http://www.solas-int.org/
Observer-5	SCOR [6 Mb, pdf] Scientific Committee on Oceanic Research https://scor-int.org/
Observer-6	CPR [2 Mb, pdf] Continuous Plankton Recorder Survey https://www.cprsurvey.org/