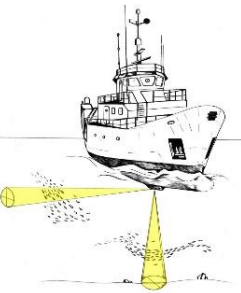


Habitat suitability modelling and impact of environmental factors on the distribution of *Sprattus sprattus* in the Adriatic Sea



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Andrea De Felice ¹, Giovanni Canduci ¹, Ilaria Biagiotti ¹,
Ilaria Costantini ¹, Michele Centurelli ¹, Samuele Menicucci ¹,
Iole Leonori ¹

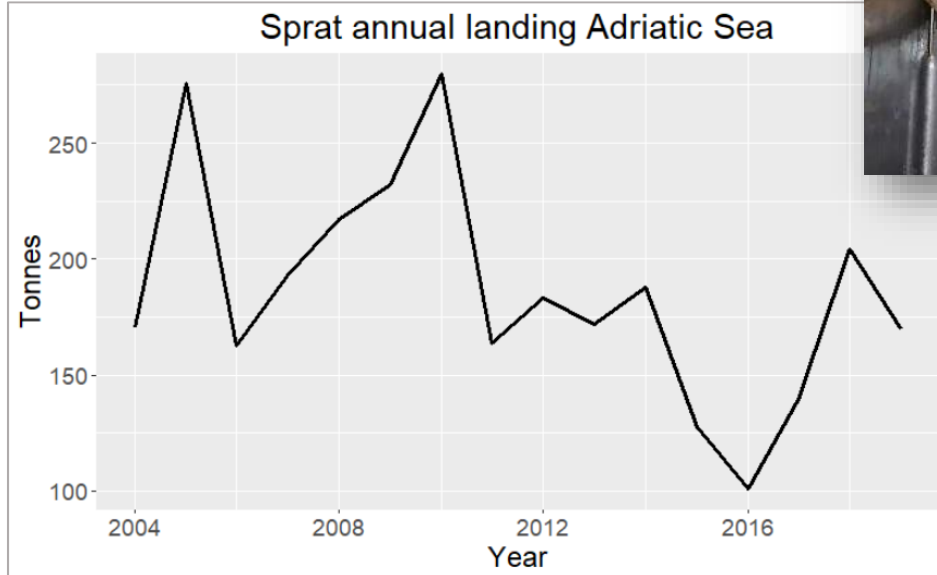
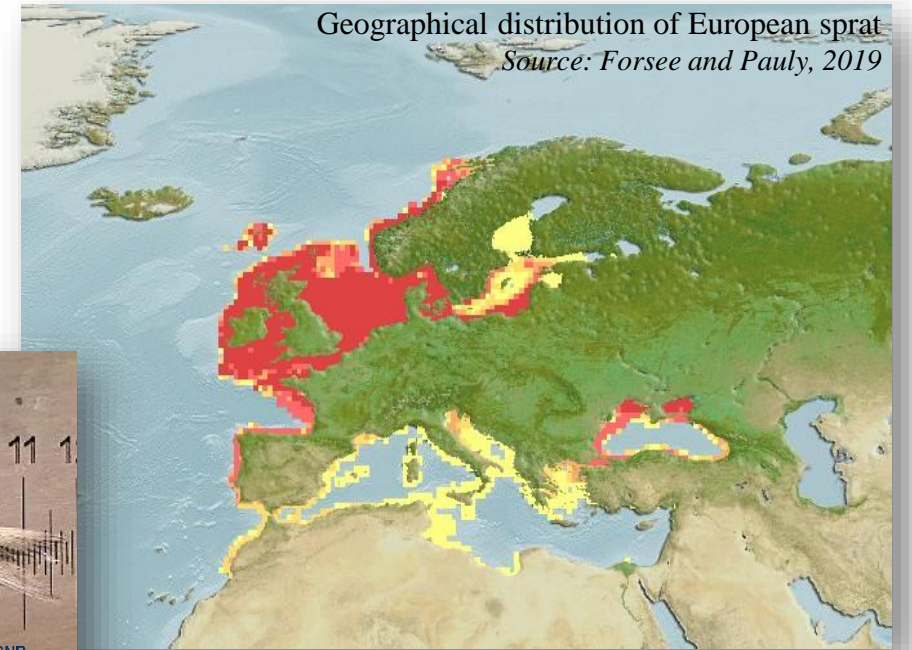
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2. *ALMA MATER STUDIORUM, Università di Bologna, Via Zamboni, 33 - 40126 Bologna, Italy*



Introduction | Target species

Sprat is the third species in terms of landing in GFCM area (Mediterranean and Black Sea) after anchovy and sardine with an average of 57427 t landings per year from 2016 to 2018

European Sprat
(*Sprattus sprattus*)

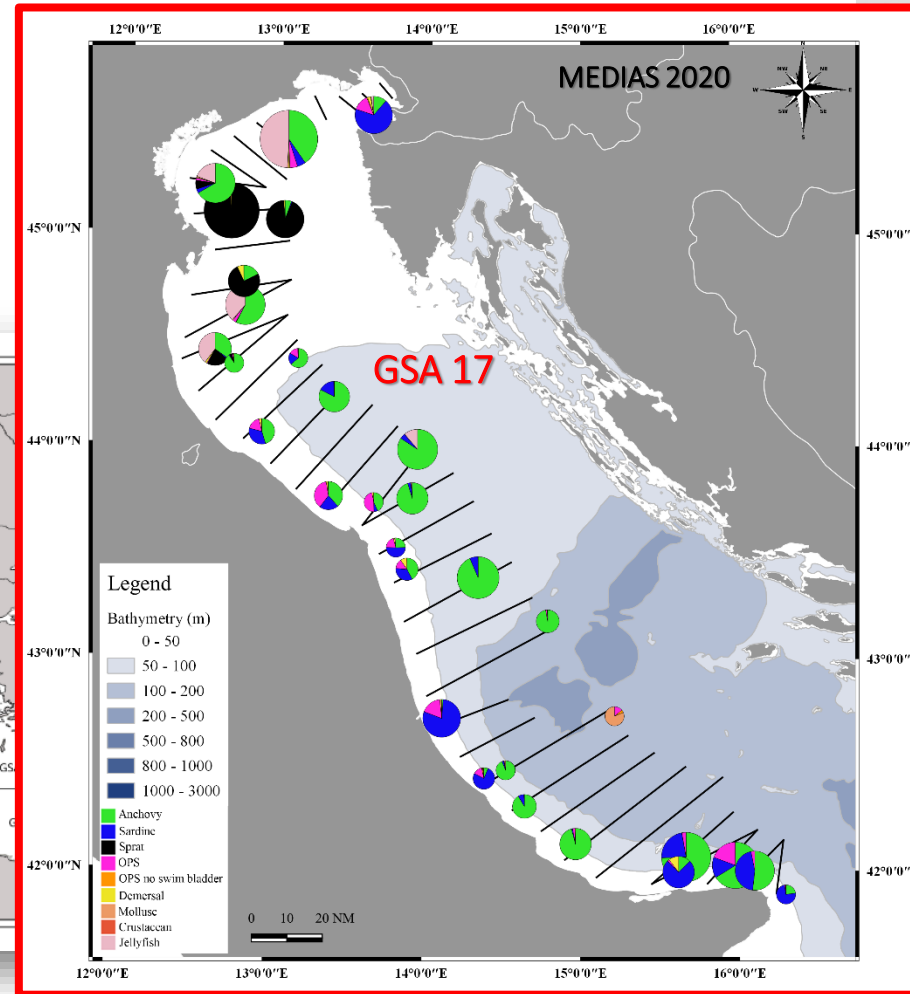
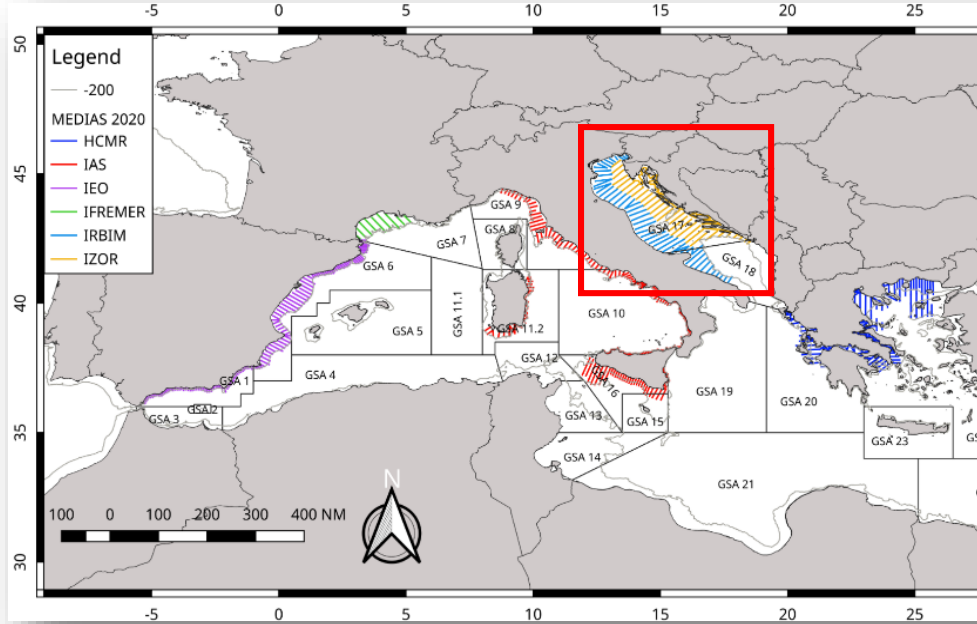


- **Pelagic species** which inhabits mainly **shallow waters**
- **Batch spawning** species which reaches the peak in **winter** months
- **Cold favouring species**

Introduction | Data Collection



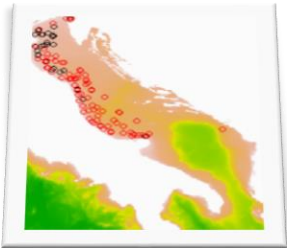
Study area



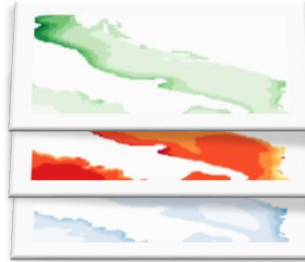
Introduction | Species Distribution Models

What

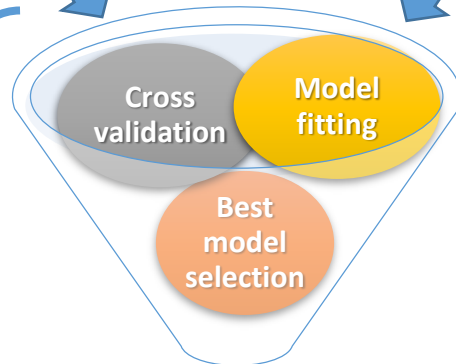
Observed distribution



Environmental variables



GAM model



Habitat suitability maps



Why

Journal of Marine Systems 79 (2010) 389–402
 Contents lists available at ScienceDirect
Journal of Marine Systems
 journal homepage: www.elsevier.com/locate/jmarsys

Vol. 48: 307–332, 2011
 doi: 10.3354/cr00914
 CLIMATE RESEARCH
 Clim Res
 Published August 30
 Contribution to CR Special 27 'Climate change in the NW Iberian Peninsula'
OPEN ACCESS

Impacts of climate change on fisheries
 Keith Brander*

Climate change impacts on coastal and pelagic environments in the southeastern Bay of Biscay
 ...ballero², Xabier Irigoien², Jon Sáenz², Liria², Julia Hidalgo³, Mireia Valle², Valencia²

nature climate change LETTERS
 PUBLISHED ONLINE: 30 SEPTEMBER 2012 | DOI: 10.1038/NCLIMATE1691

Shrinking of fishes exacerbates impacts of global ocean changes on marine ecosystems
 William W. L. Cheung^{1*}, Jorge L. Sarmiento², John Dunne³, Thomas L. Frölicher², Vicky W. Y. Lam¹, M. L. Deng Palomares¹, Reg Watson¹ and Daniel Pauly¹
 MARINE ECOSYSTEM PROGRESS SERIES
 Mar Ecol Prog Ser
 Published August 15

Vol. 624: 155–166, 2019
 https://doi.org/10.3354/meps13037
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Climate change shifts the spawning ground northward and extends the spawning period of chub mackerel in the western North Pacific
 Yuki Kanamori^{1*}, Akinori Takasuka^{1,2}, Shota Nishijima¹, Hiroshi Okamura

Warming Oceans Are Reshaping Fisheries

Gaps

- **Absence data** are often **not available** or artificially made from fishery-dependent data
- **Few studies on ancillary species** in the Mediterranean Sea
- **No available studies on sprat suitability map**

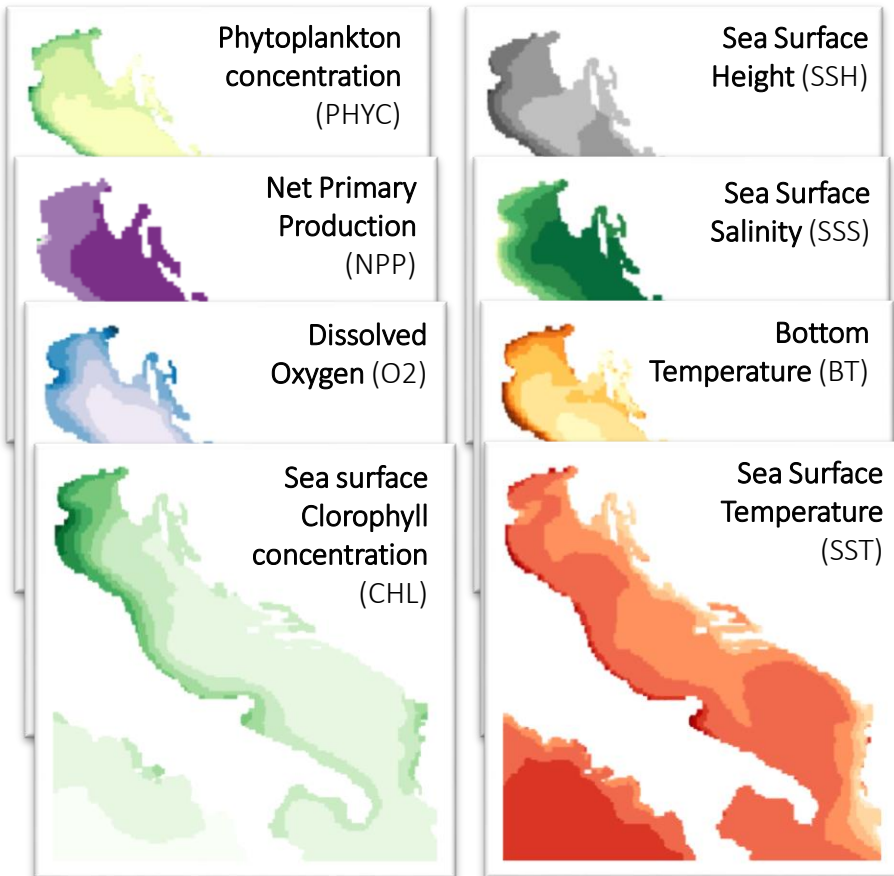


Targets

- Apply Species Distribution Model to provide the first **high-resolution habitat suitability map of sprat** in the Adriatic Sea
- Developing **past and future predictions** on sprat population spreading

Materials and methods | Dataset

Environmental data

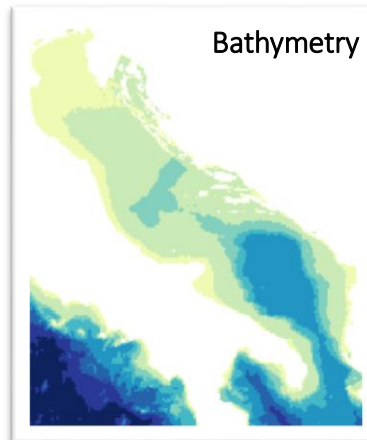


Copernicus Marine service

resolution = $0.042^\circ \times 0.042^\circ$

https://doi.org/10.25423/CMCC/MEDSEA_MULTIYEAR_BGC_006_008_MEDBFM3I

https://doi.org/10.25423/CMCC/MEDSEA_MULTIYEAR_PHY_006_004_E3R1



MARSPEC

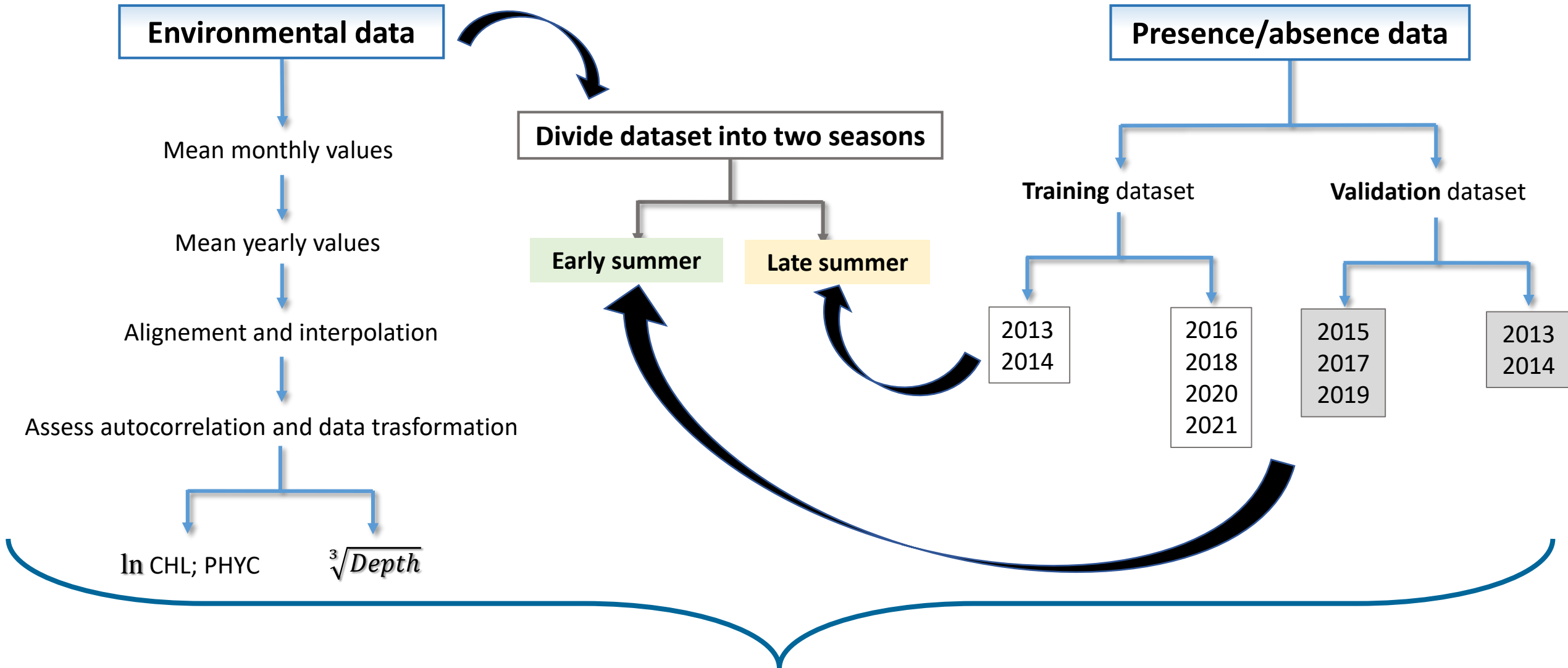
resolution = $1\text{km} \times 1\text{km}$

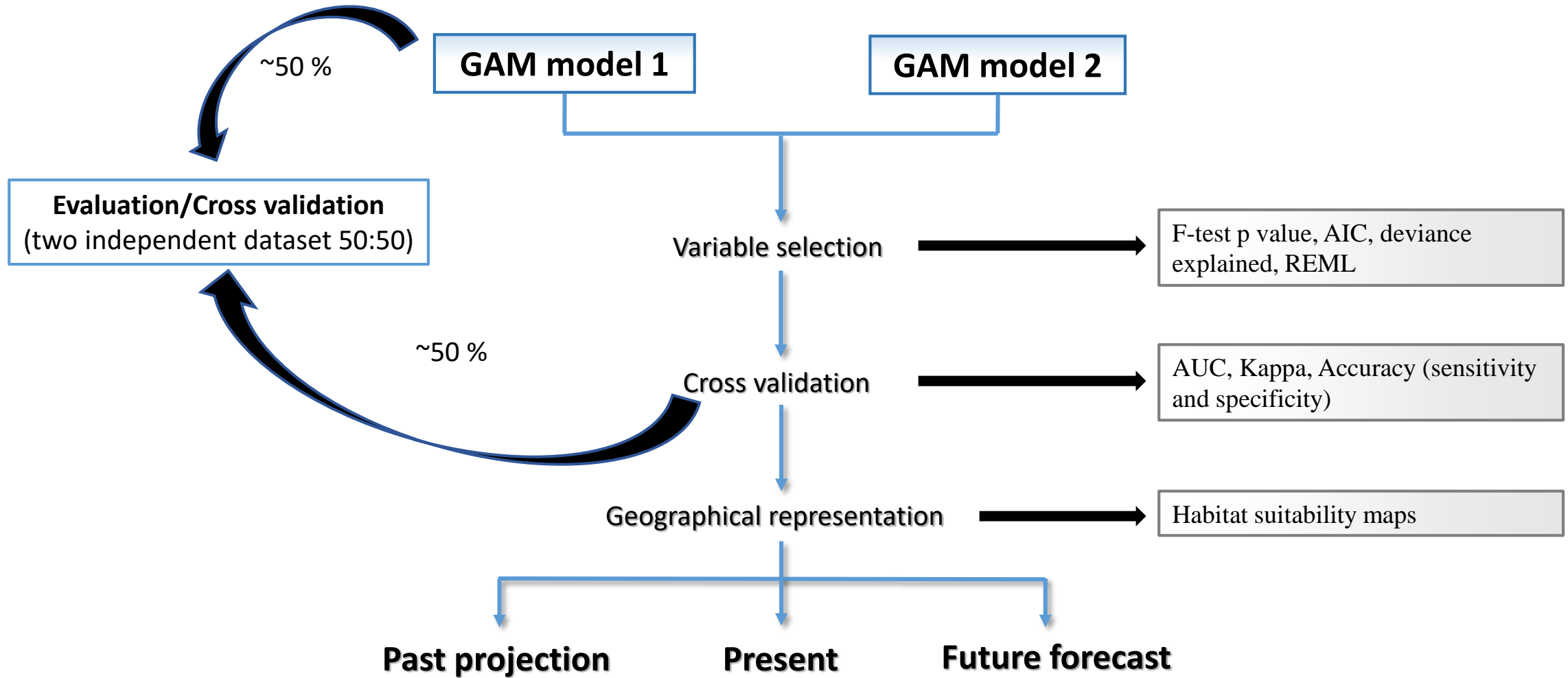
<https://doi.org/10.1890/12-1358.1>

Presence/Absence data

(presence if ≥ 50 ind. on total fish number)

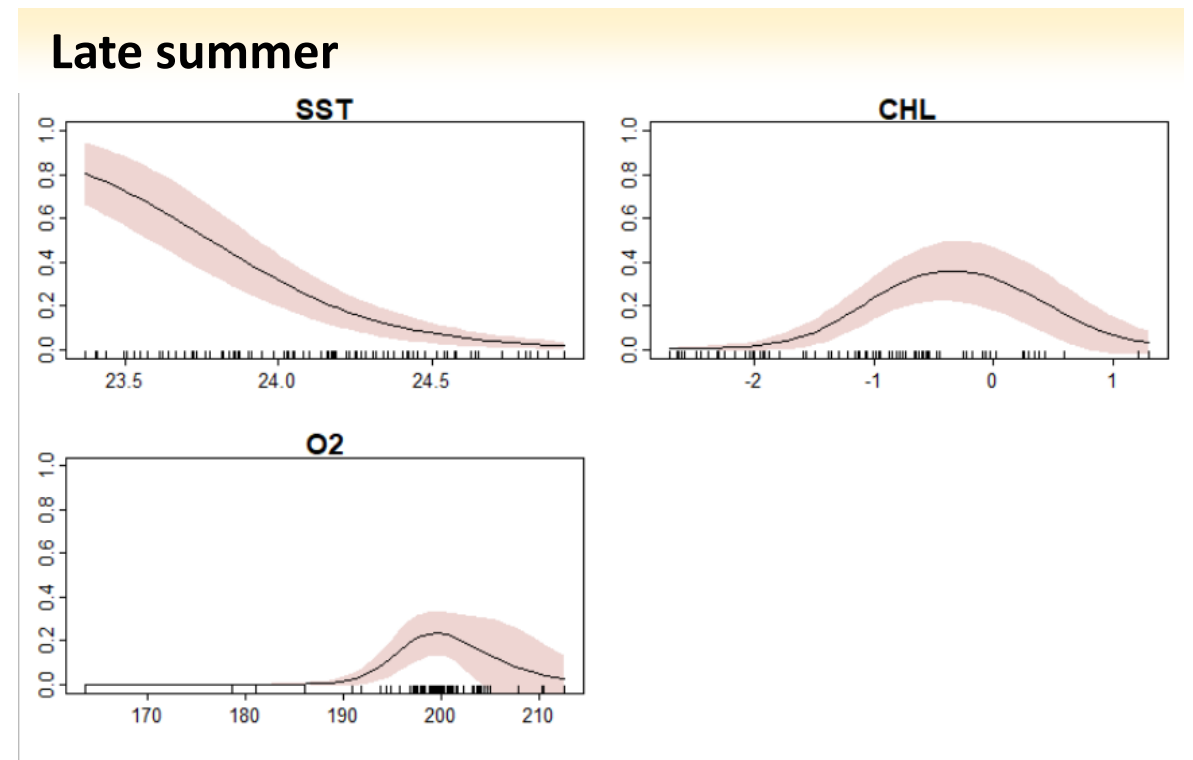
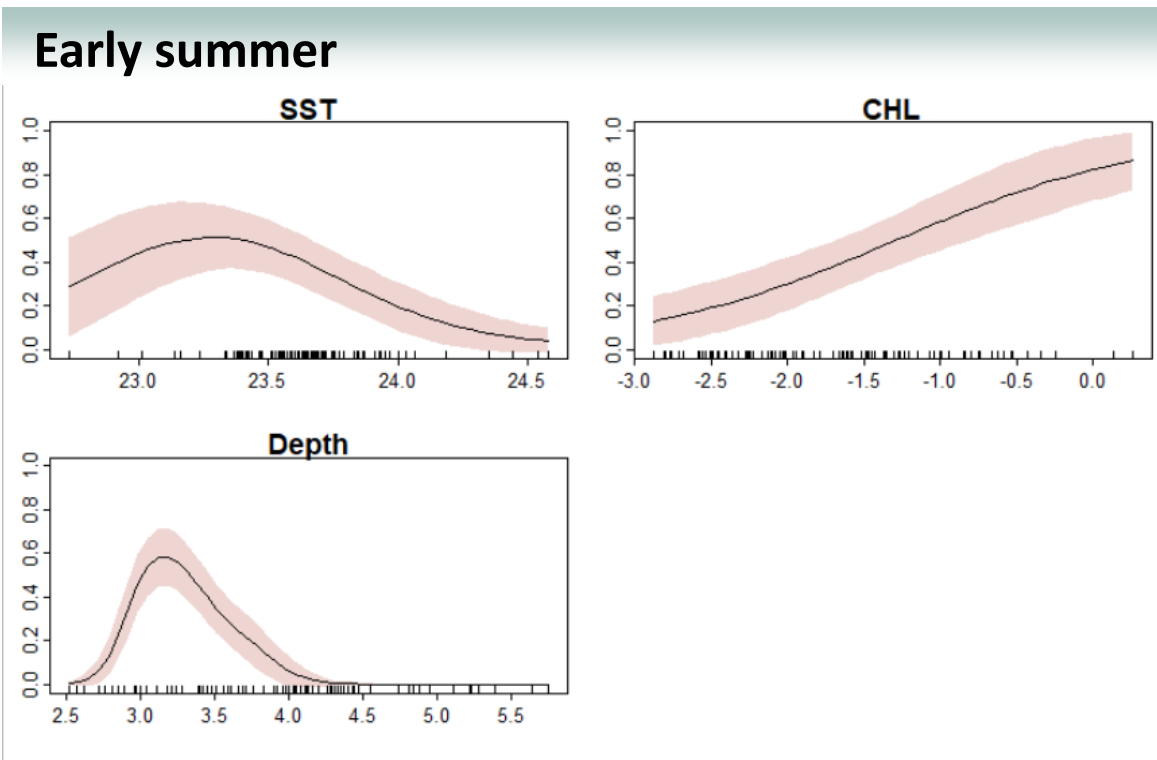
Year	Period	Sampling effort GSA 17 (survey hauls)
2013	04 September – 27 September	43
2014	26 August – 17 September	37
2015	12 June – 30 June	33
2016	07 June – 26 June	35
2017	12 June – 28 June	36
2018	16 June – 11 July	35
2019	12 June – 07 July	32
2020	01 July – 28 July	31
2021	04 June – 23 June	32





Results | GAM model

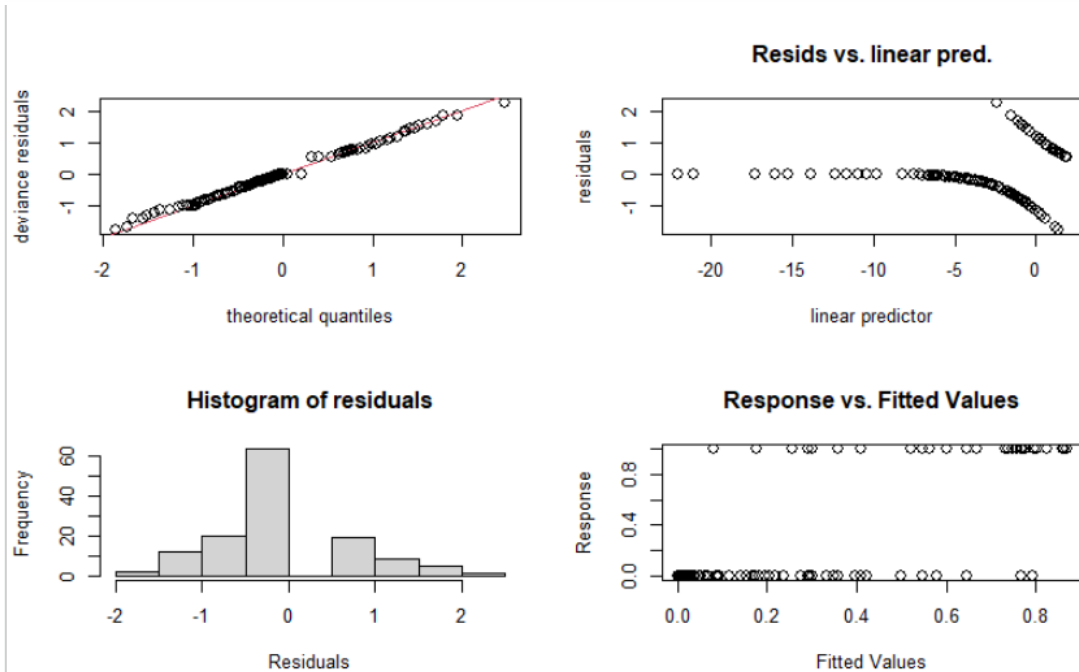
Period	Model	Akaike Information Criterion (AIC)	Restricted maximum likelihood (REML)	Deviance explained (DEV)
Early summer	Species occurrence ~ s(SST)+s(CHL)+s(Depth)	94	48.9	47.6
Late summer	Species occurrence ~ s(SST)+s(CHL)+s(O ₂)	55	28.4	45.8



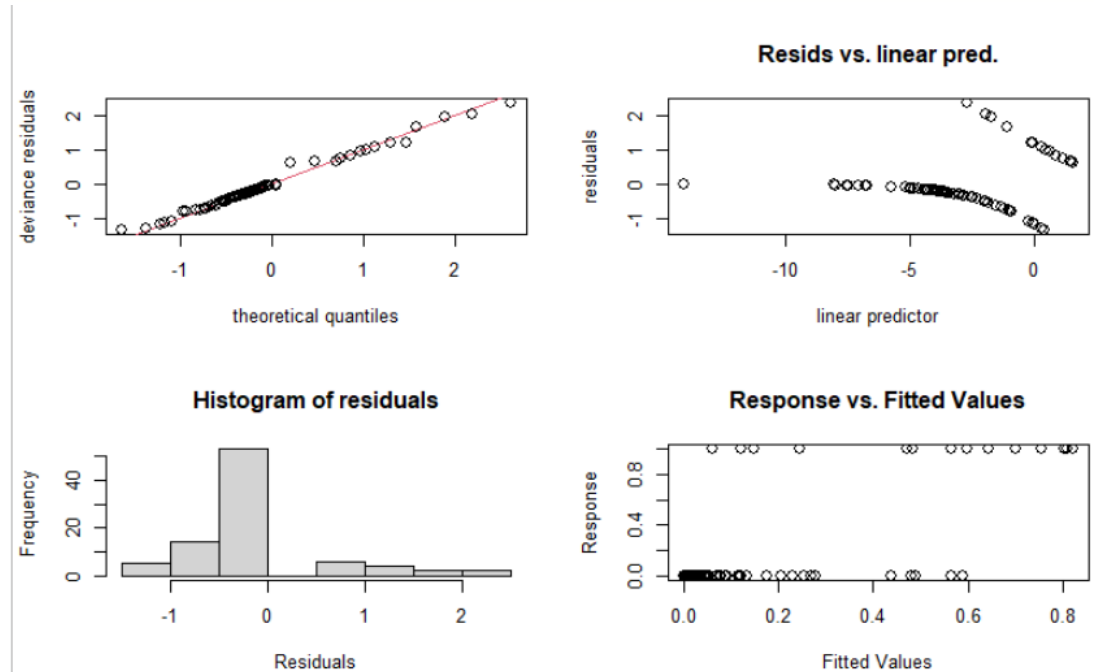
Results | Model evaluation

Period	Model	Area Under the Curve (AUC)	Kappa	Sensitivity	Specificity
Early summer	Species occurrence \sim s(SST)+s(CHL)+s(Depth)	0.82	0.44	0.77	0.79
Late summer	Species occurrence \sim s(SST)+s(CHL)+s(O ₂)	0.79	0.45	0.78	0.80

GAM check early summer

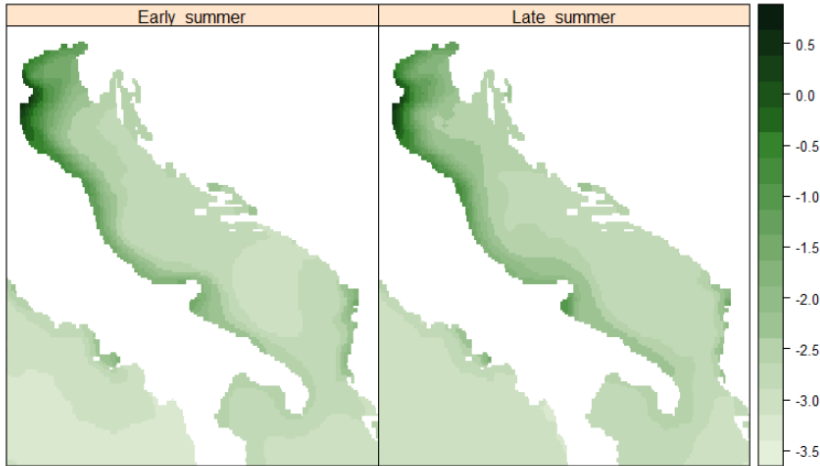


GAM check late summer

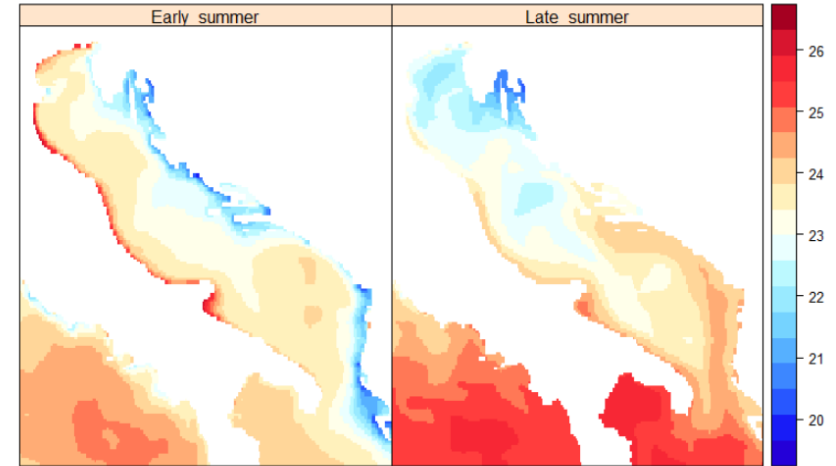


Results | Significant variables

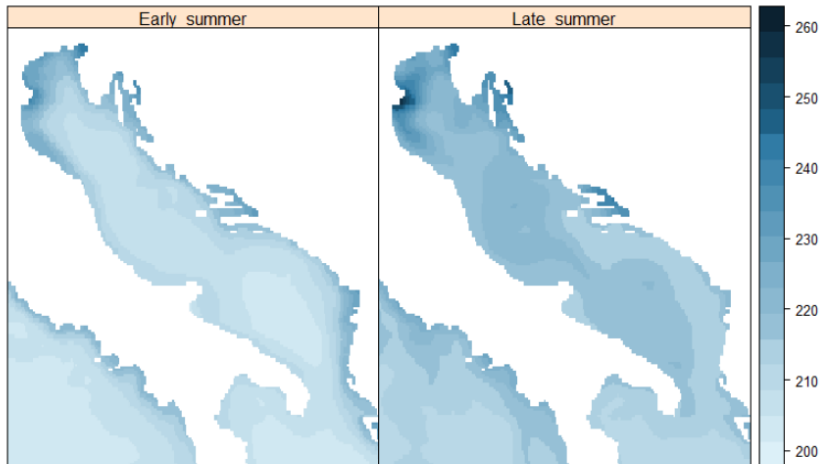
CHL (mg/m^3) \ln scale



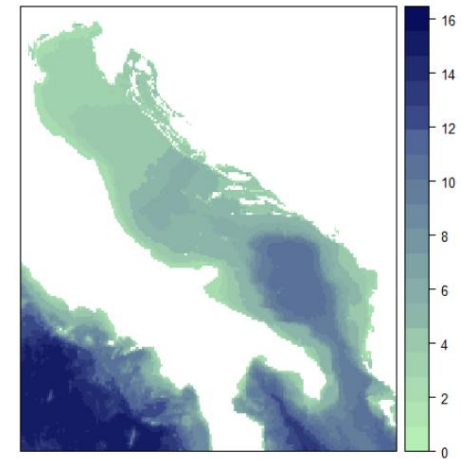
SST at 5 meter depth (C°)



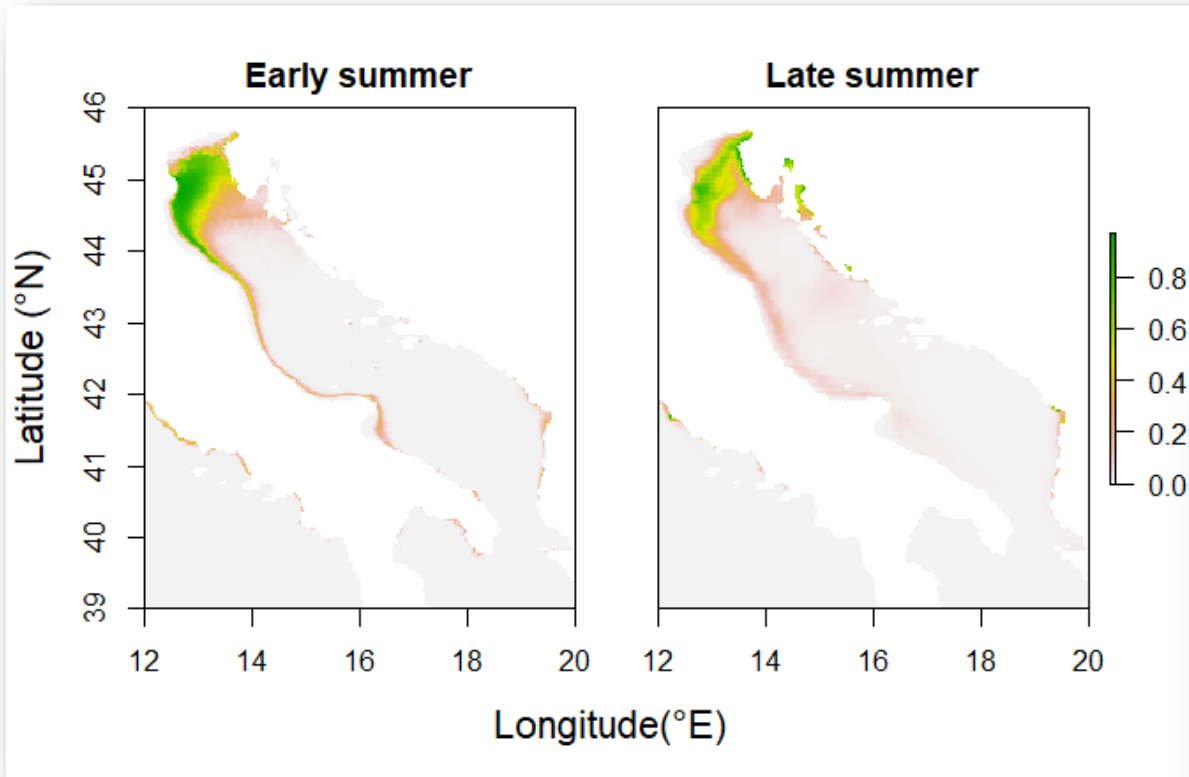
O₂ at 5 meter depth ($mmol/m^3$)



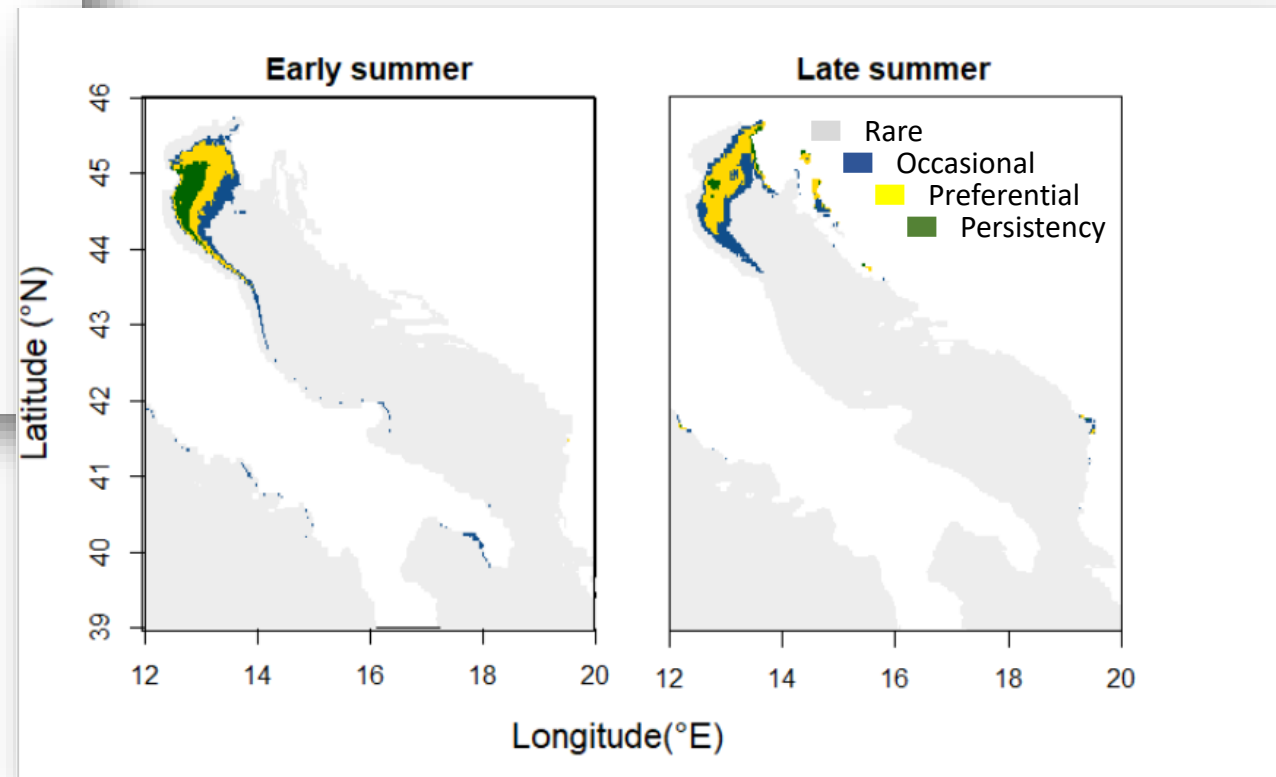
Depth (m) $\sqrt[3]{scale}$



Results | Habitat suitability map

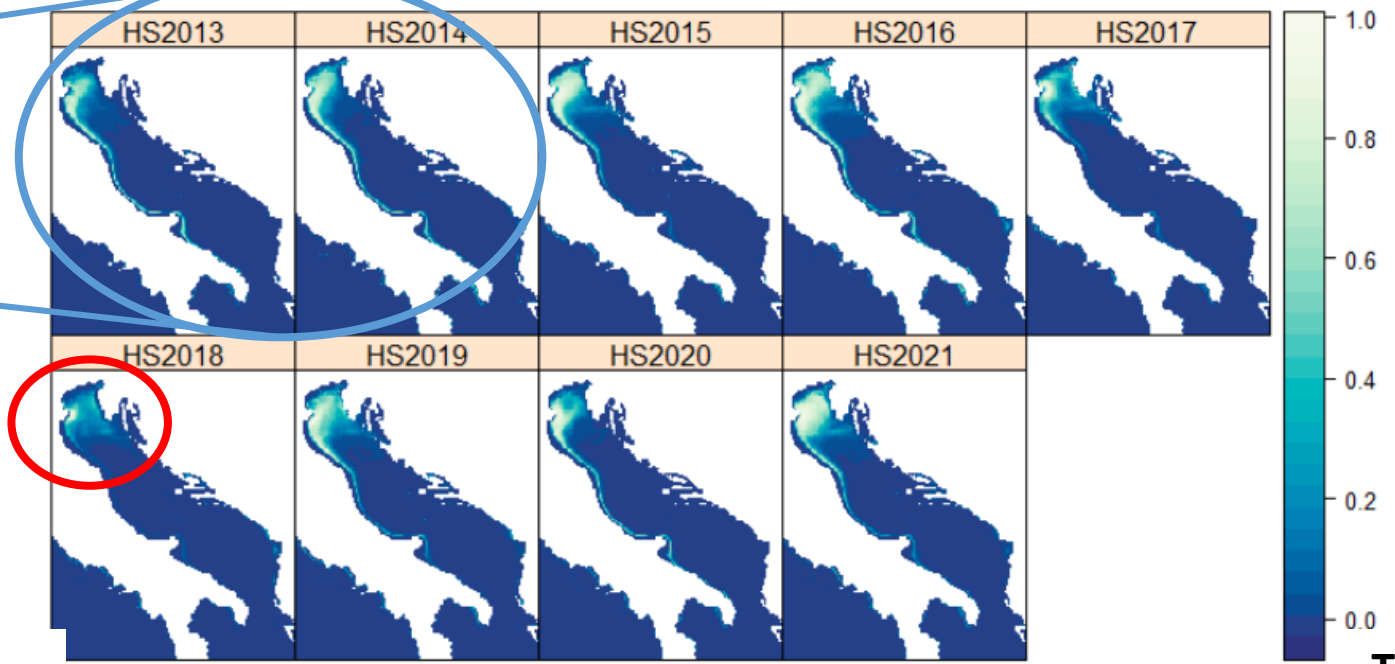


- Results shows a **west-east migration** from **feeding area to spawning grounds**
- The Sprat **preferred habitat** is located in the **North-Adriatic Sea**
- Sprat could be occasionally found in the Mid-West Adriatic Sea **up to Gulf of Manfredonia**

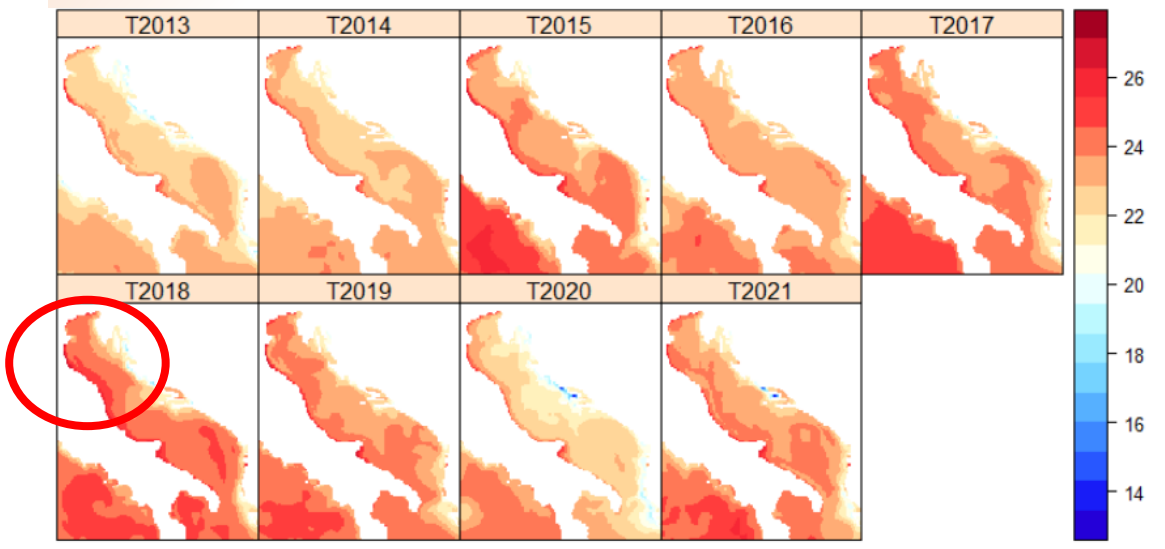


Results | Past projection - early summer

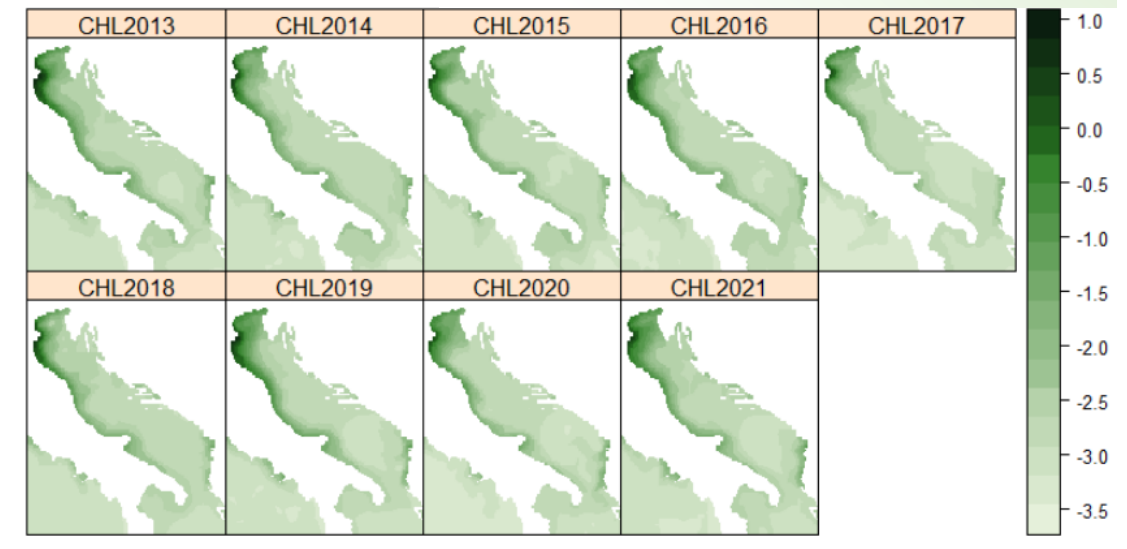
Past projection allows to **backdetermine sprat distribution**



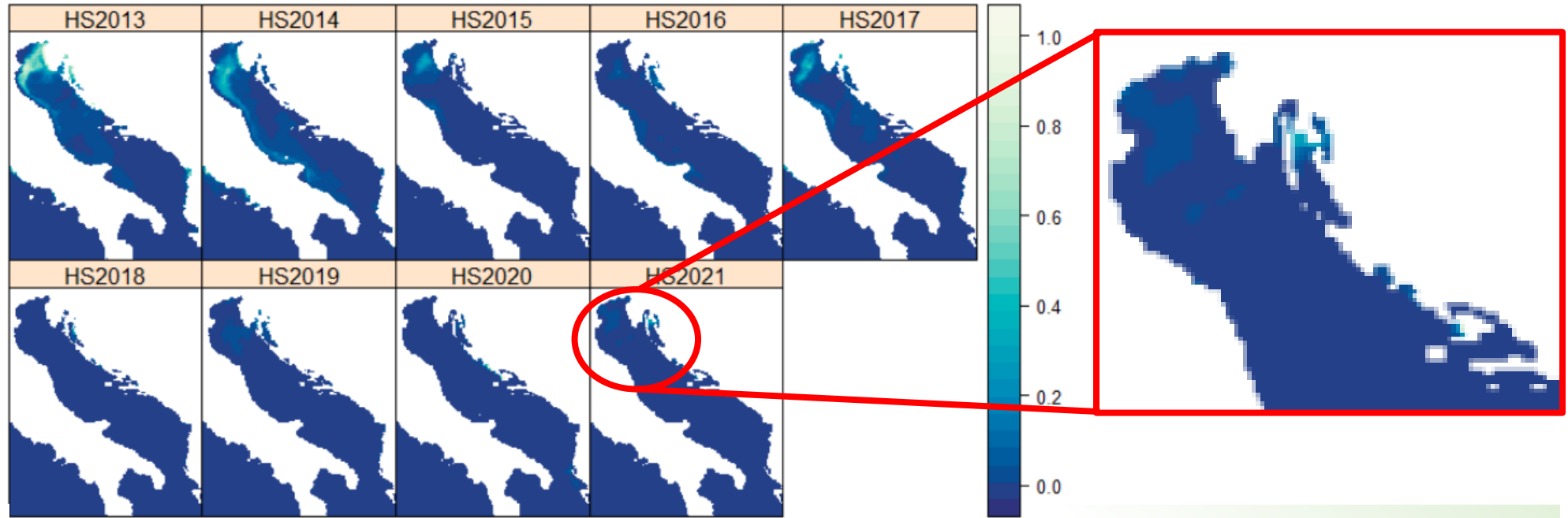
Trend temperature



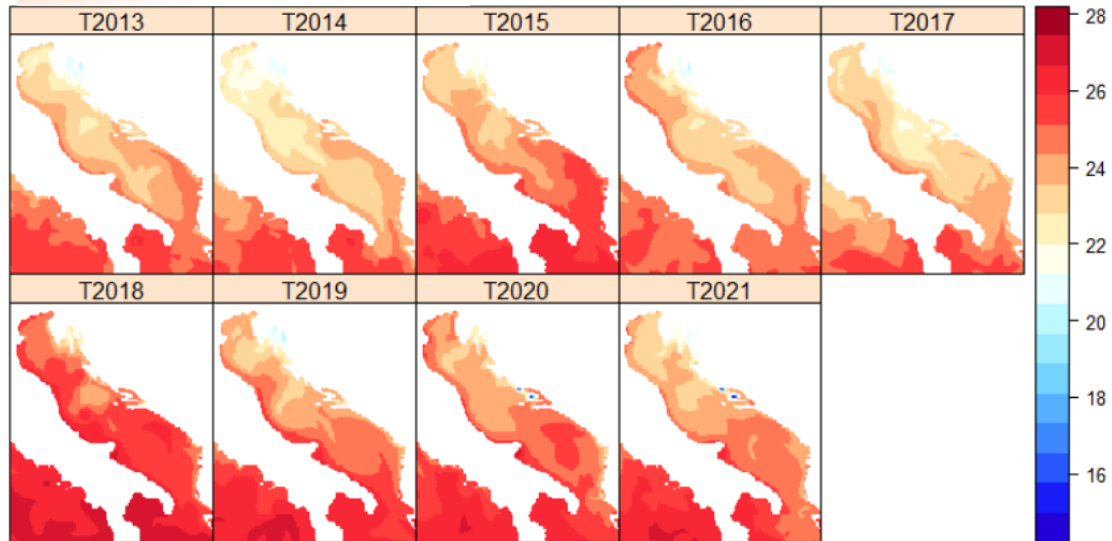
Trend chlorophyll concentration



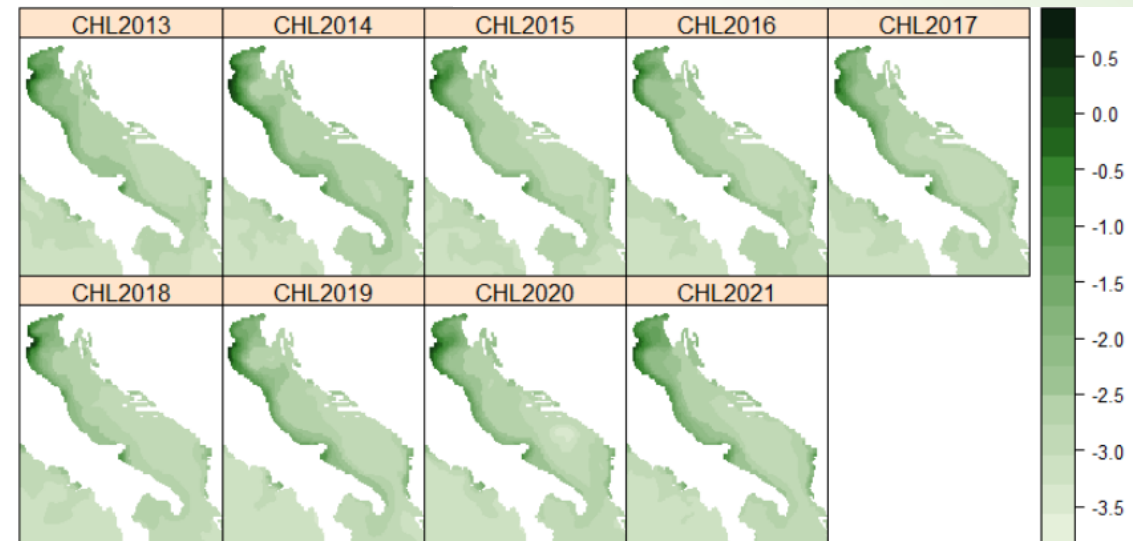
Results | Past projection - late summer



Trend temperature

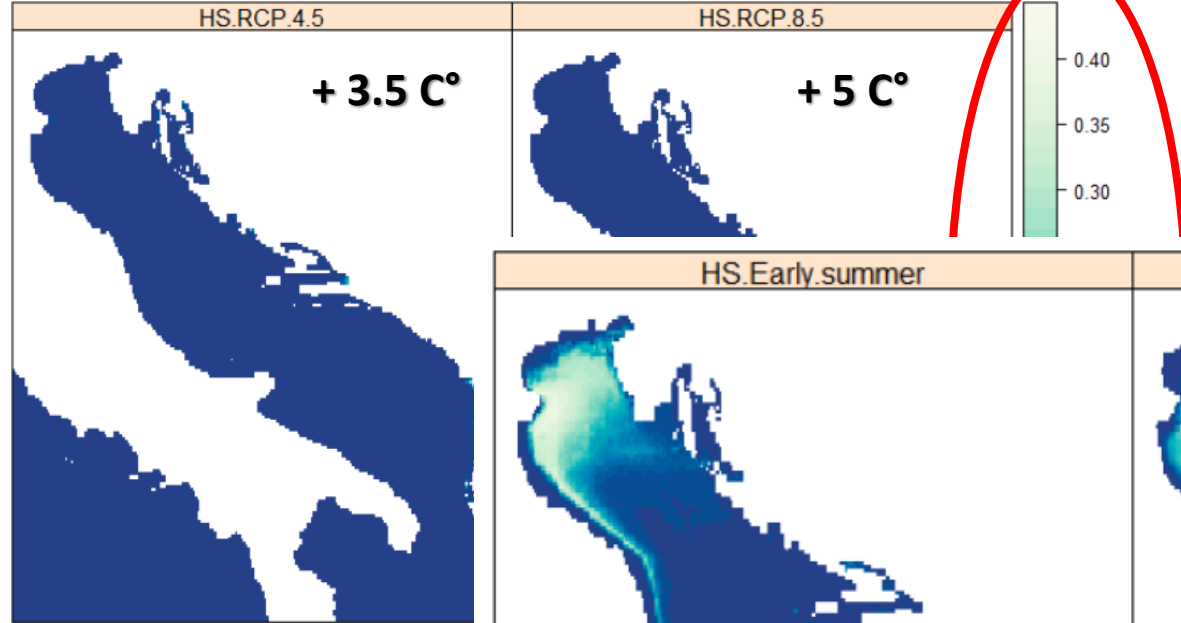


Trend chlorophyll concentration

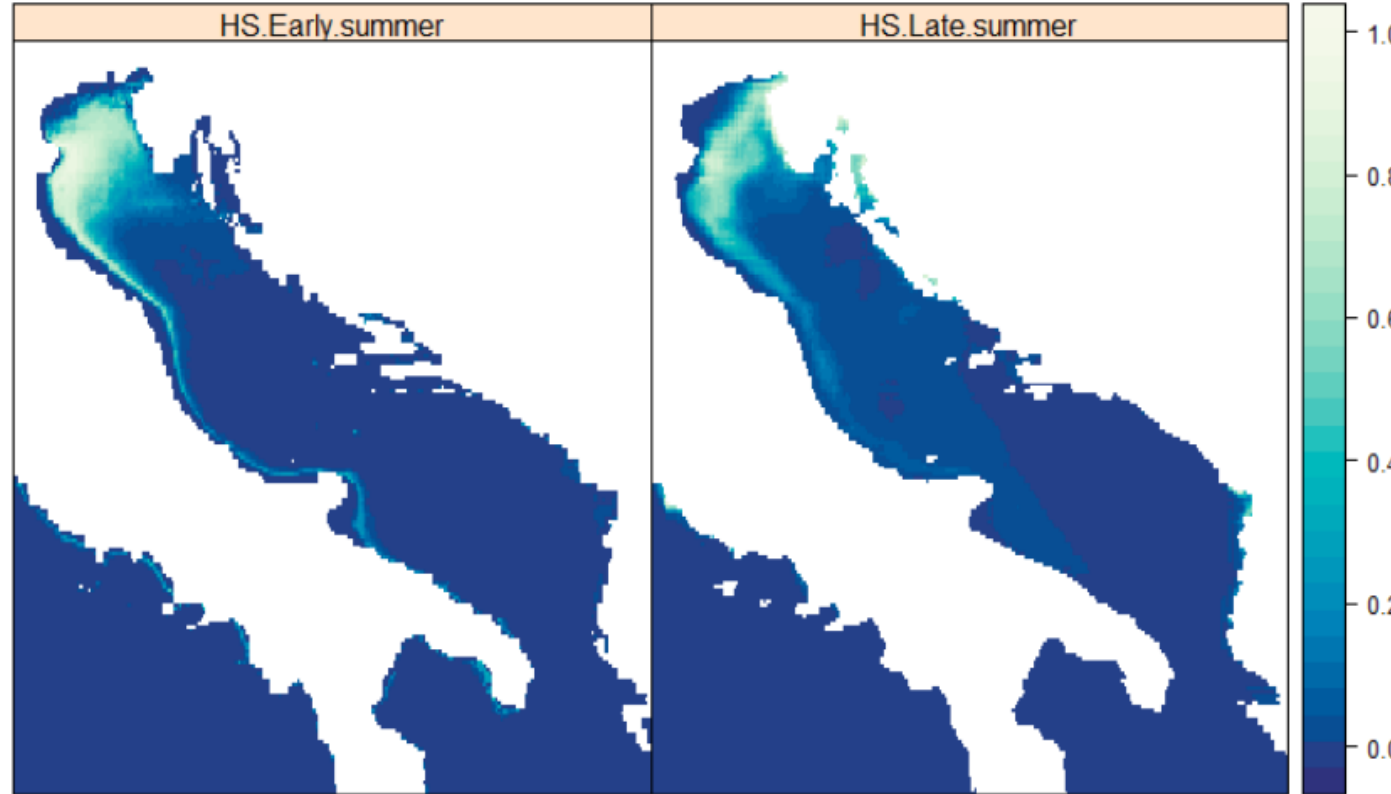
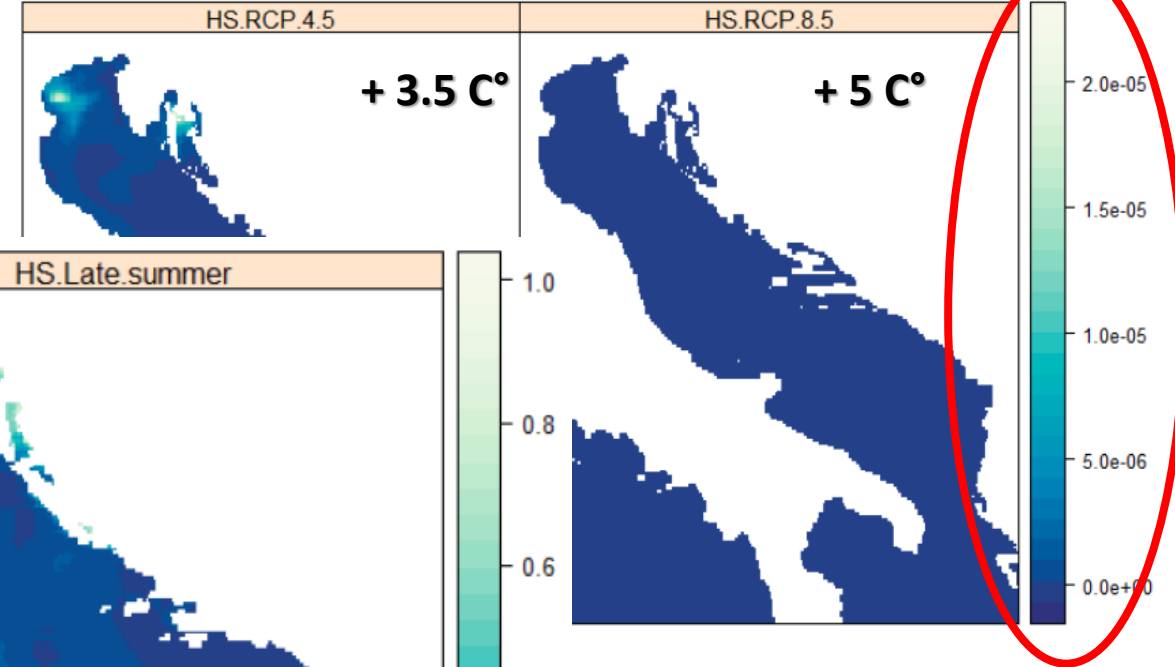


Results | Future forecast

Early summer



Late summer



| Discussion and conclusions |

- ✓ **Sea surface temperature** and **chlorophyll concentration** resulted as the **main explanatory variables** followed by bottom depth and dissolved oxygen in both periods.
- ✓ We confirmed that **sprat is mostly located in the North-Adriatic Sea**
- ✓ The model revealed a **west-east shift in the preferential area** between the two periods
- ✓ This work underline the **suitability of GAM model to predict pelagic species distributions**

➤ Our results foresee a strong shrinkage and a possible future local extinction of sprat due to the increase of temperature in the next decades



*Thank You
for your
attention*

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E-mail: antonio.palermينو@irbim.cnr.it



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