

Cooperative research:

The integration of fishing industry-collected data to improve temporal coverage of hydroacoustic data collection

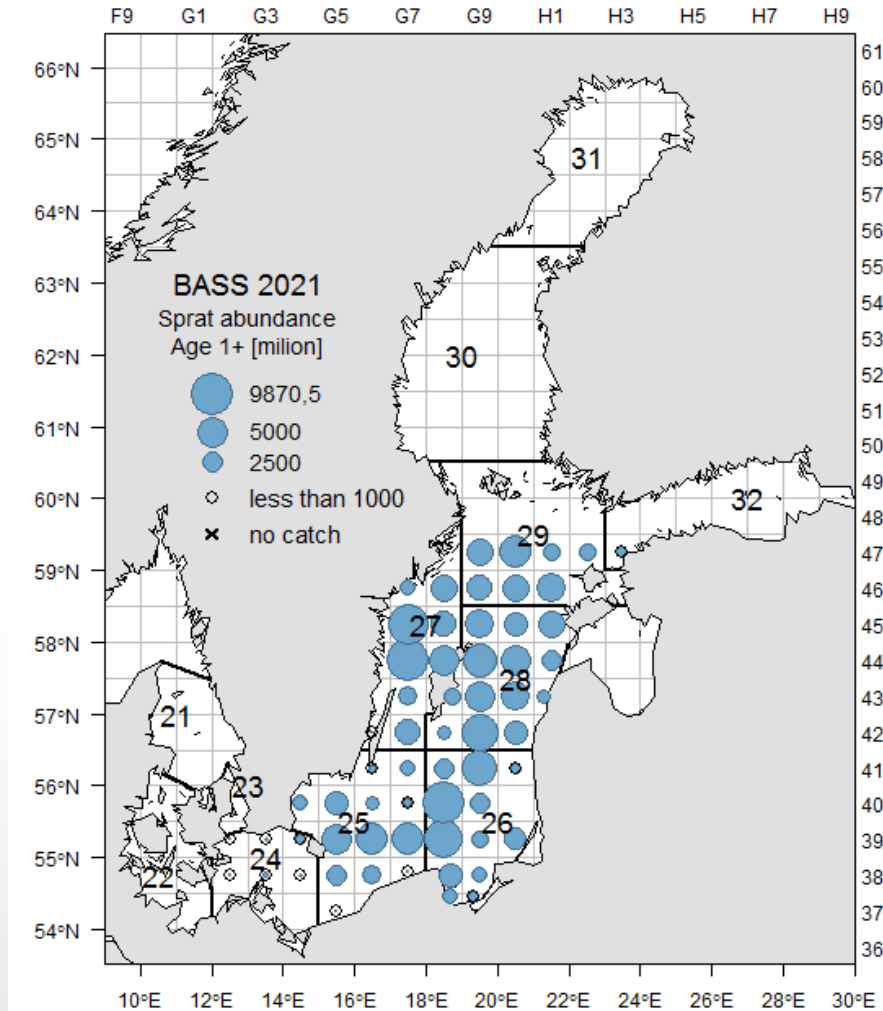
Stefanie Haase, Maria Golovaneva, Daniel Stepputtis, Christopher Zimmermann
Thünen Institute of Baltic Sea Fisheries



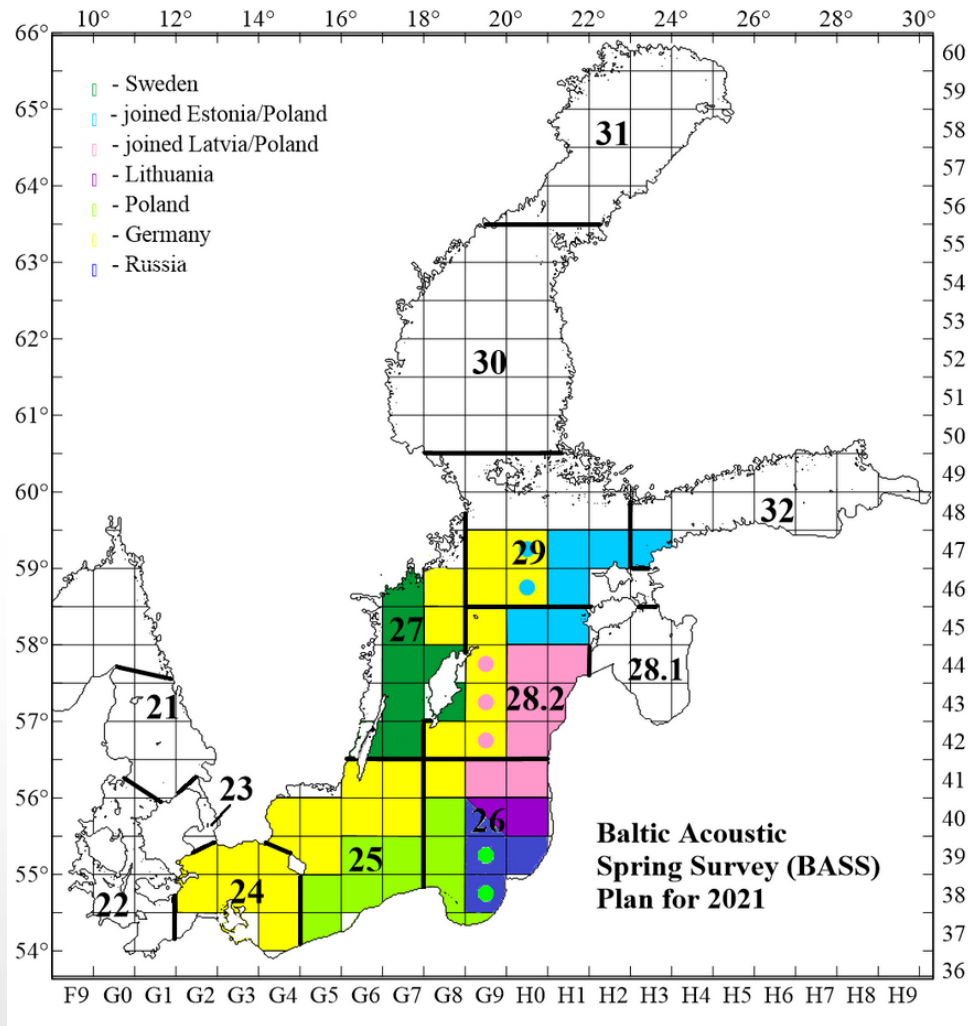
Standard hydroacoustic surveys

Abundance estimates of pelagic fish

- Echosounders continuously record fish density data along predefined transects
- Biological samples, often trawl hauls
- Age-structured biomass index per species
- Often before or during spawning



Standard scientific survey

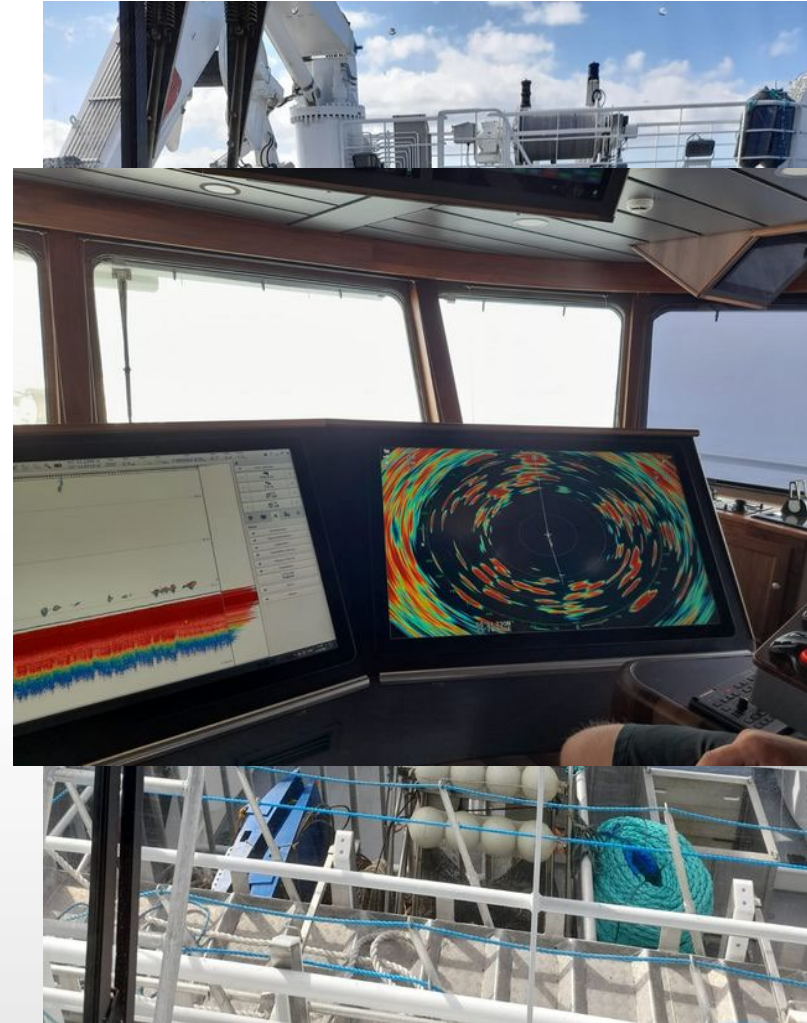


- Baltic Acoustic Spring Survey
 - Priority 1 survey to monitor Baltic Sea sprat
 - Research vessel “Walther Herwig III” broke down several times → Gap in time series 2016
 - Commercial vessel “Kristin” as replacement



The pelagic fishing vessel “Kristin”

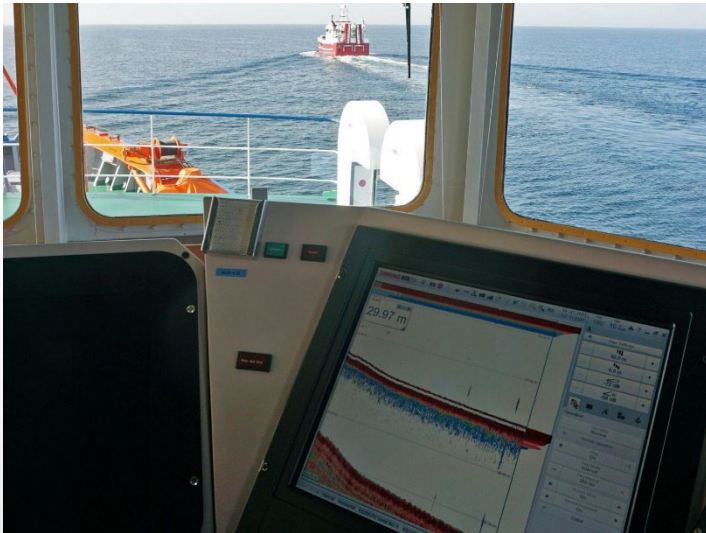
- Germany’s largest commercial fishing vessel “Kristin NC336”, built 2020
- During planning, the vessel was modified to be usable for scientific purposes:
 - Transducer for scientific echosounder (38 and 120 kHz)
 - Chambers for scientists
 - Small laboratory and desk workstations
 - Winch for hydrography



Intercalibration



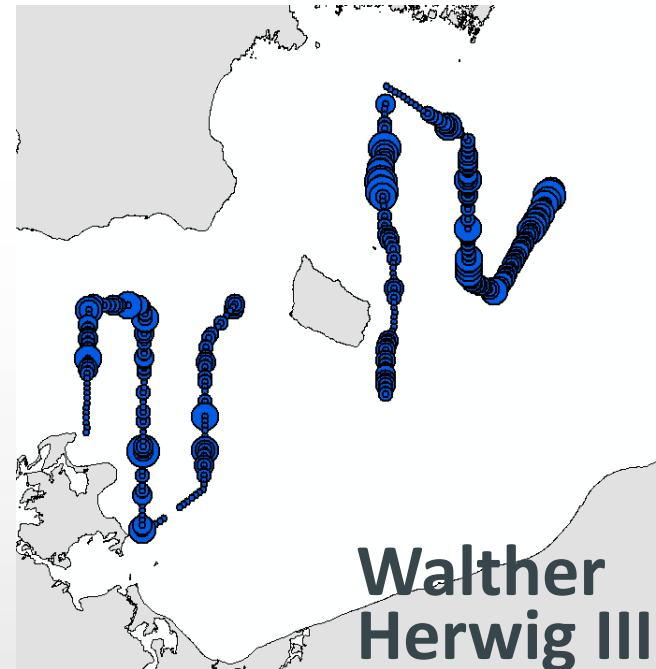
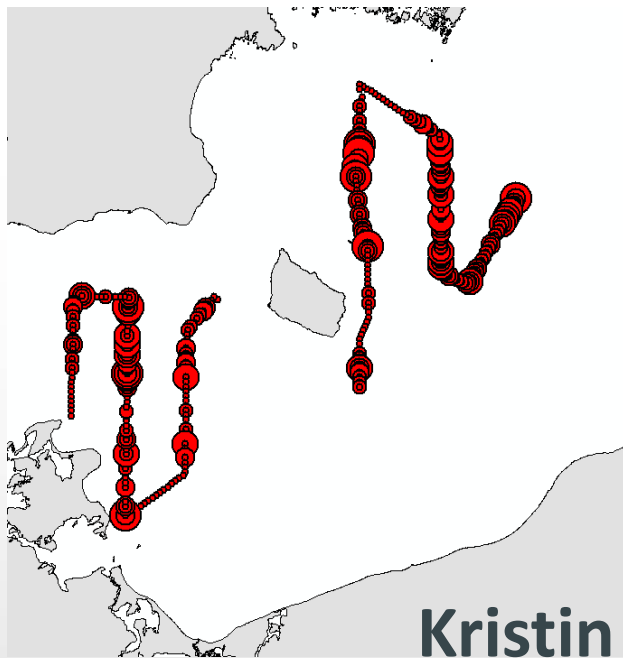
- Continuity of the time series?
- Steaming in formation for two days during survey



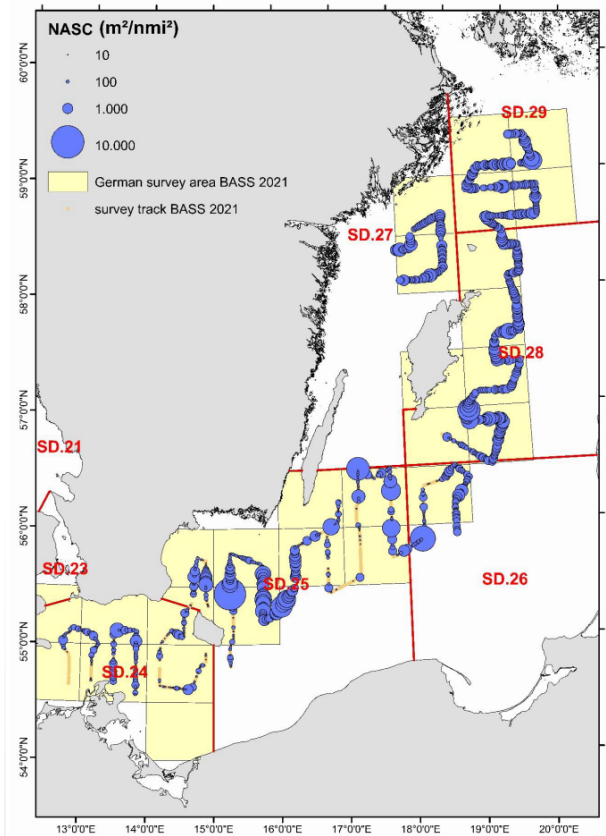
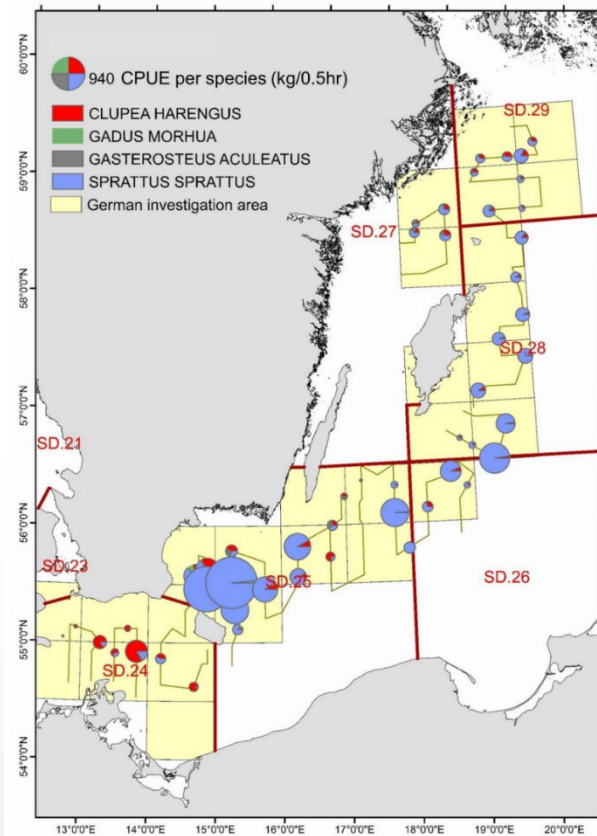
Intercalibration



- Continuity of the time series?
- Steaming in formation for two days during survey



The survey



- No additional data gap in time series
- Foundation for a trustful relationship and mutual understanding

Blog about the cruise

<https://www.thuenen.de/en/topics/seas/no-fisheries-research-without-research-vessels/sea-blogs/expedition-in-the-baltic-sea-acoustic-survey-sprat>

Sea blog

Kristin: 1st cruise for the Thünen Institute

Von Stefanie Haase and the team

Institute of Baltic Sea Fisheries



© Thünen-Institut

Gruppenfoto mit Schiffsbesatzung und Wissenschaft

Duration: May 7th to May 28th, 2021

Area: Baltic Sea

Purpose: Baltic Acoustic Spring Survey (BASS)

Cruise leader: Stefanie Haase, [Thünen Institute of Baltic Sea Fisheries](#)

^ Prologue: The hectic search for a replacement ship

^ Research cruise and target species

^ The vessel

Spatial-temporal ecosystem modelling

- **Standard hydroacoustic surveys**
 - Snapshot of the current spatial distribution (1 or 2 per year)
 - **Information lacking:**
 - Spatial-temporal movements and behaviour
 - Predator-prey overlap
 - Rapid changes in environmental conditions
 - **Goal: Ecosystem-based management**
- **More complete temporal coverage needed!**

Potential of using industry data

- **Combination of different sampling platforms**
Kowslow, 2009; Trenkel et al., 2011
- **Ships of opportunities (e.g. fishing vessels or ferries)**
Godø et al., 2014; Karp, 2007



Cooperative research: Hydroacoustic monitoring of fishing season

Commercial fishing on Baltic sprat (*Sprattus sprattus*)

- 09.01-27.03.2022, 11 fishing trips

1. Hydroacoustic

- Simrad ES80 echo sounder (38 and 120 kHz)

2. Catch data (logbook)

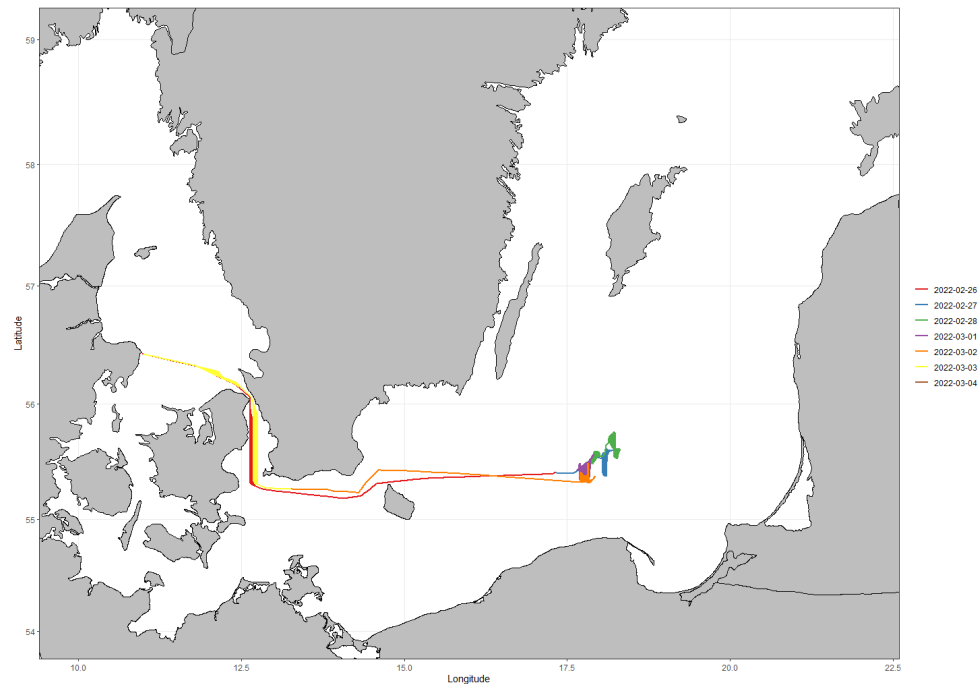
- Catch composition
- Effort

3. Hydrography

- Autonomous measurement system records during fishing

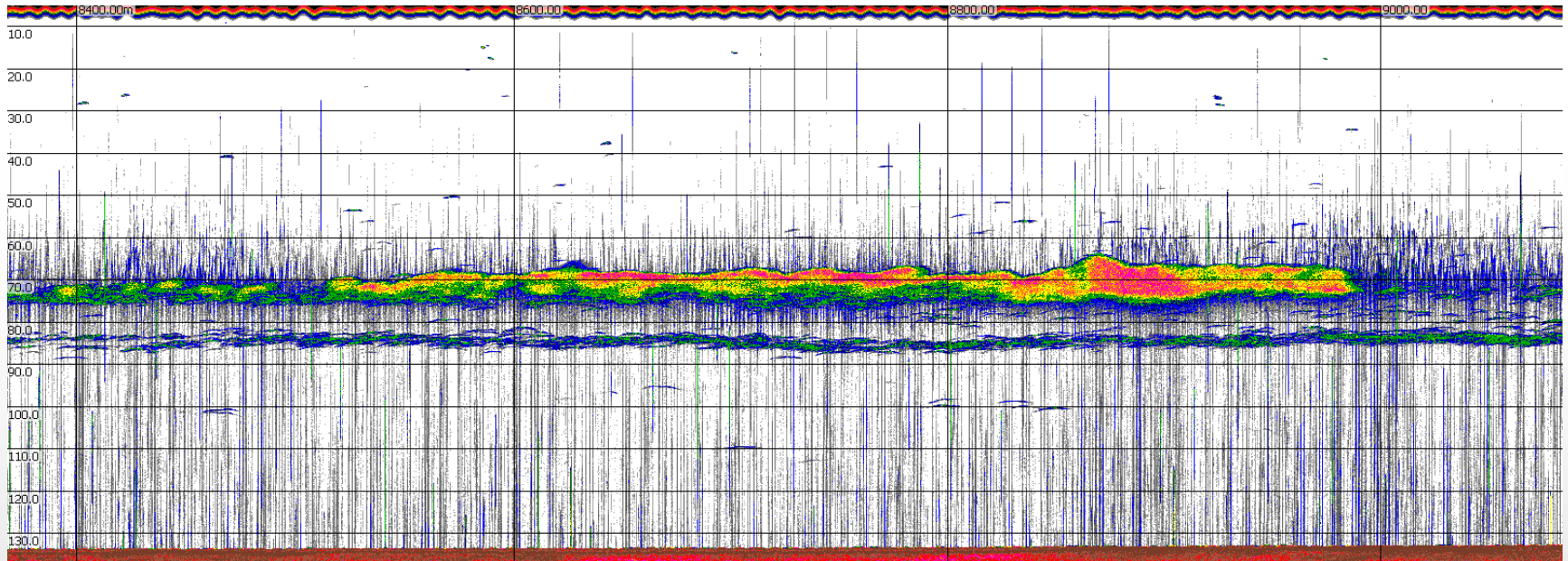
Hydroacoustic data collection

- **Activities: Steaming, searching and trawling**
→ Each comes with it's own noise profile



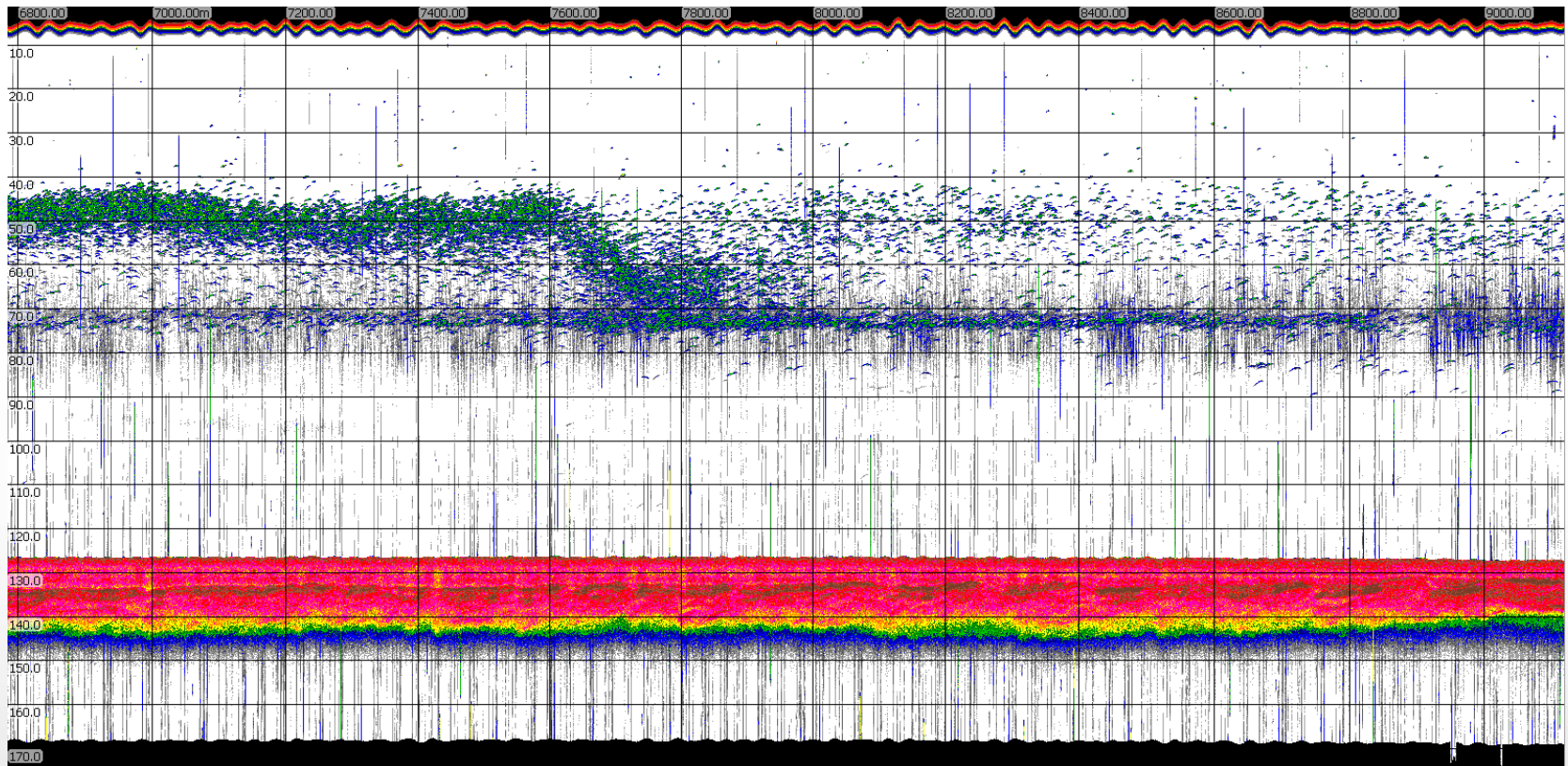
Hydroacoustic data collection

Fishing (08:30 am)



Hydroacoustic data collection

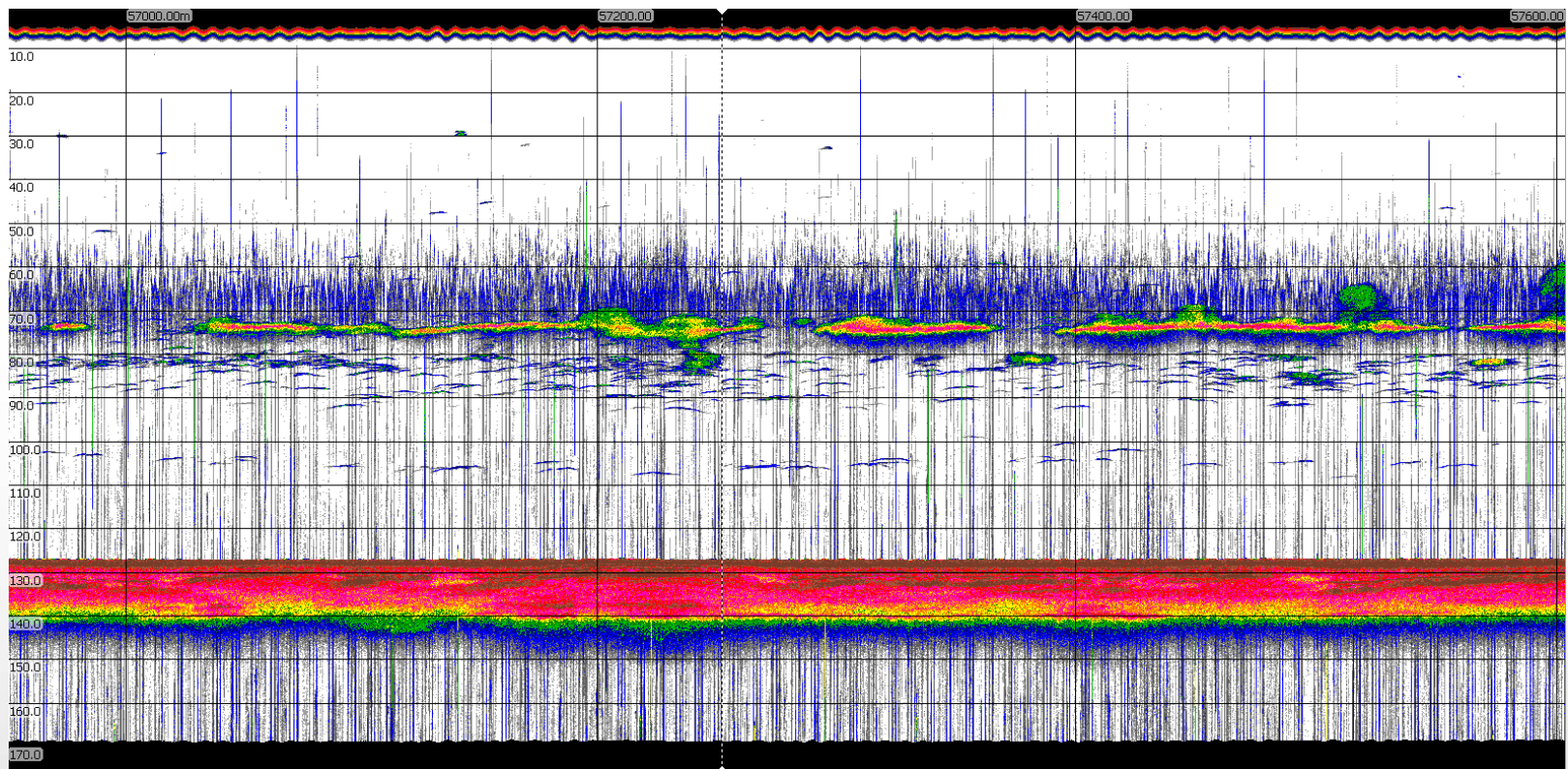
No fishing (19:30 pm)



Hydroacoustic data collection

Processing the data

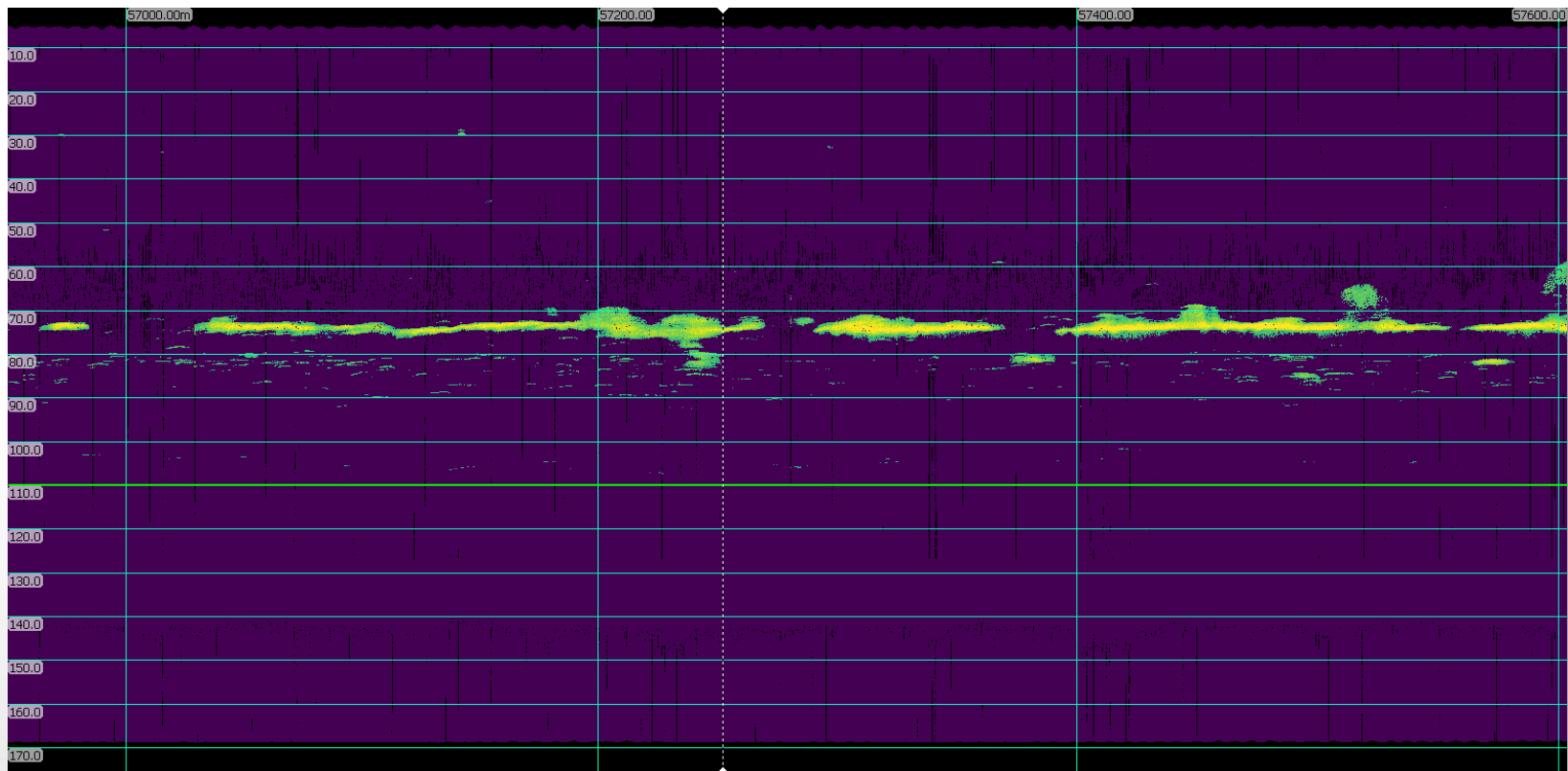
Fishing (10:30 am): Noise included



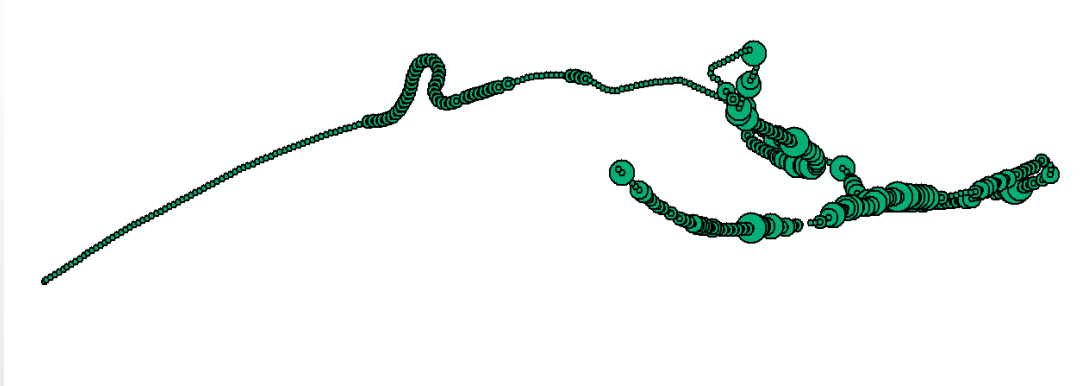
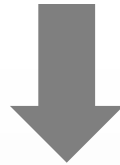
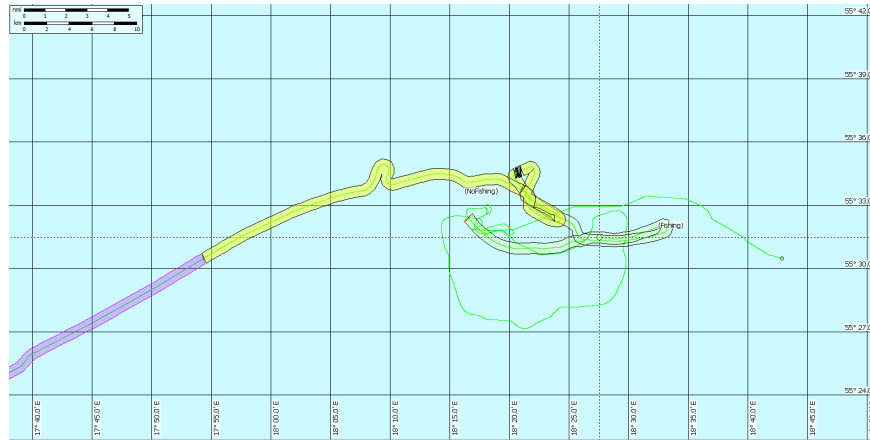
Hydroacoustic data collection

Processing the data

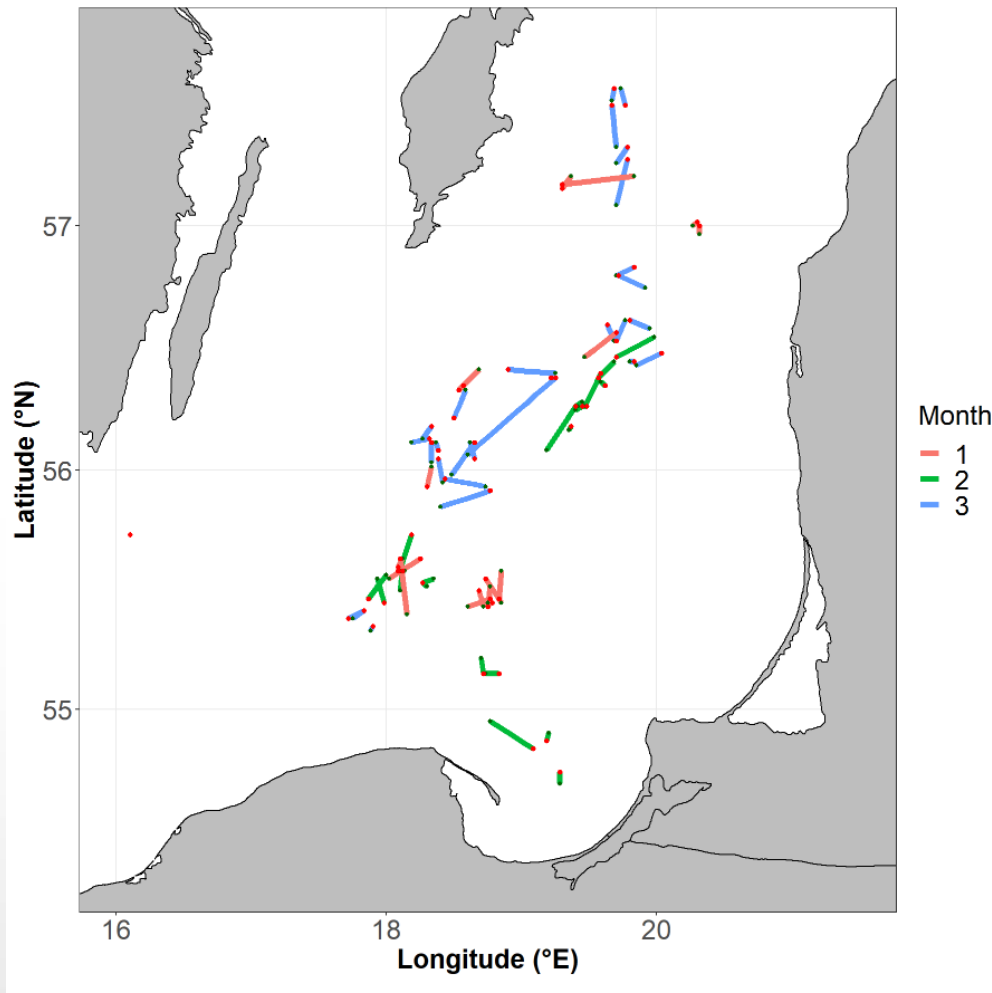
Fishing (10:30 am): Noise removed



Hydroacoustic data collection



Biological sampling



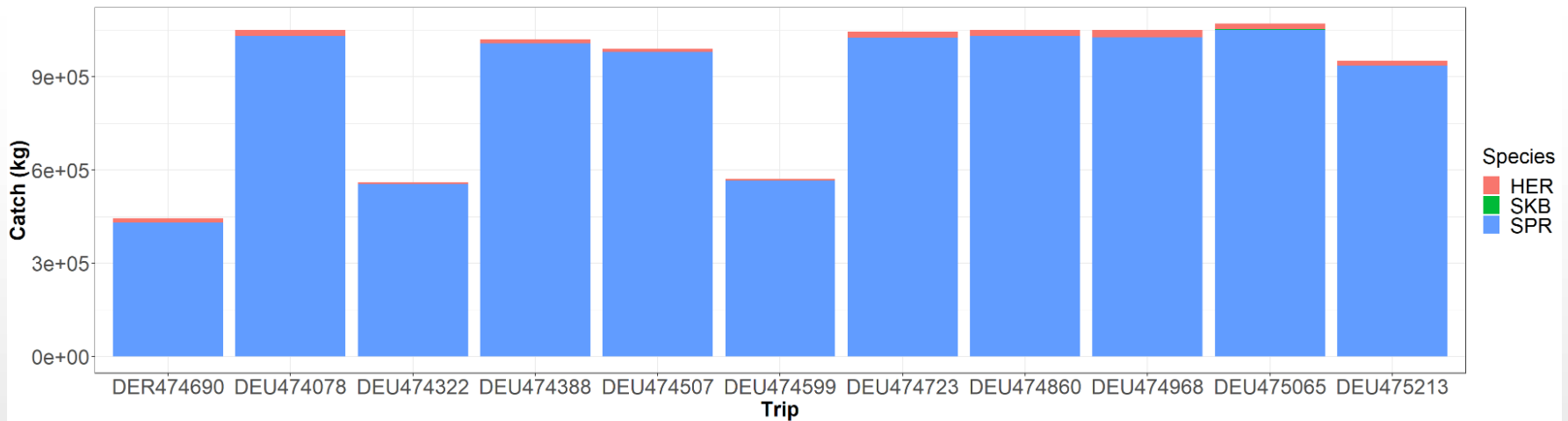
- **11 trips, 67 hauls**
- **Duration ~ 5-8 hours**
- **Subsamples of fish from the factory**
 - Length
 - Weight
 - Age
 - Maturity

Biological sampling

- **Total catch: 9801 t**

- 98.3% sprat
- 1.7% herring
- 0.04% stickleback

Self-reporting

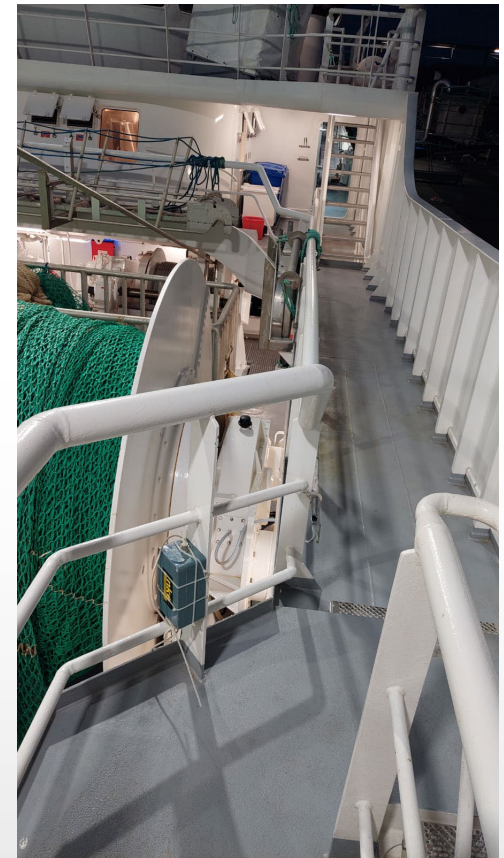


Hydrography

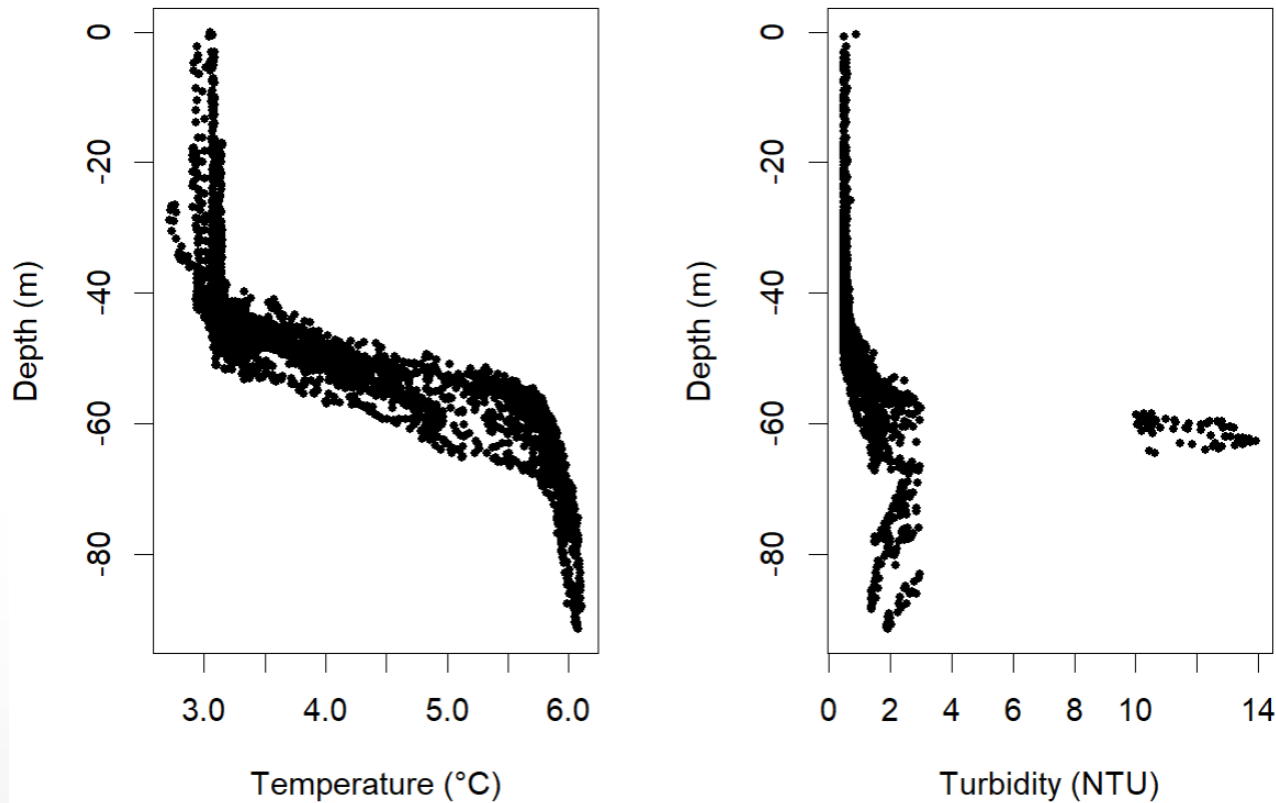
- Sensors attached to otter boards
- Decks unit sends collected data automatically via satellite
- Two vertical profiles per haul
→ 134 profiles
 - GPS
 - Temperature
 - Depth
 - Turbidity



H FiVe



Hydrography



→ Extract other parameters from ocean models based on position

Challenges

- **Large amount of data → automatic analysis tools**
- **Behaviour of fishing vessel ≠ scientific survey**
- **Dealing with noise in the hydroacoustic measurements**
- **Regular calibration (once a year)**

How to continue in 2023..

- **Continue sampling for at least three more years**
- **Solve issues with noise**
- **How to incorporate sampled data into monitoring programs & stock assessment?**



Conclusion

- **Holistic overview over the fishing season targeting Baltic sprat**
- **Monitor changes in population structure and distribution outside the survey period**
- **Relatively low costs (chartered for 1 day calibration)**
- **Increased stakeholder involvement**
 - Building a trusting relationship and explain what the research is needed for
 - Higher acceptance

Acknowledgements

Crew of FV “Kristin”

Sven Gastauer and Matthias Schaber

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