



Ko ngā moa

Using ecosystem response footprints to guide environmental management priorities

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# Today's management reality

Land











Sea





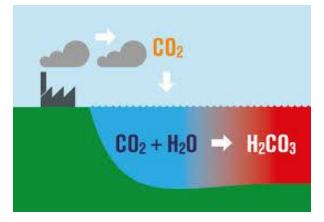






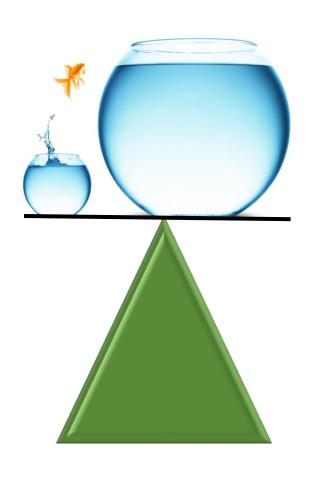
Global



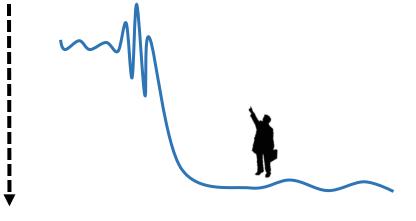




## Cumulative effects & tipping points









### Managing for cumulative effects

- 1. We are generally doing a poor job because we focus on stressor accounting
- 2. Can we reframe CE assessments by focusing on ecosystem responses?



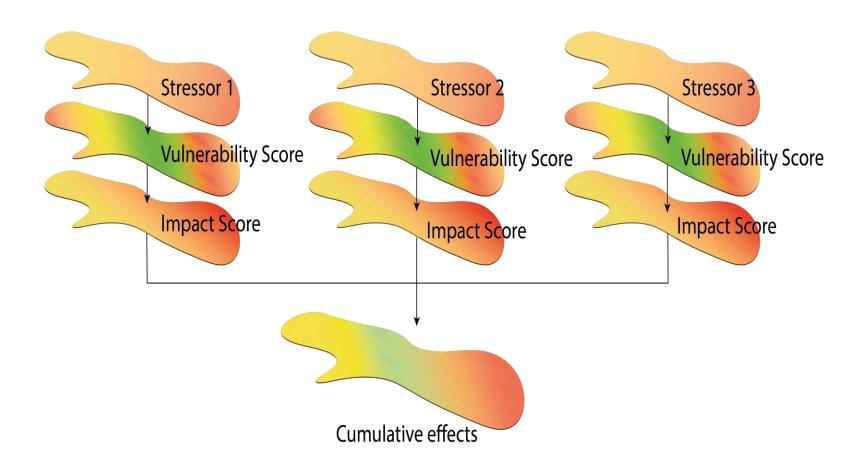






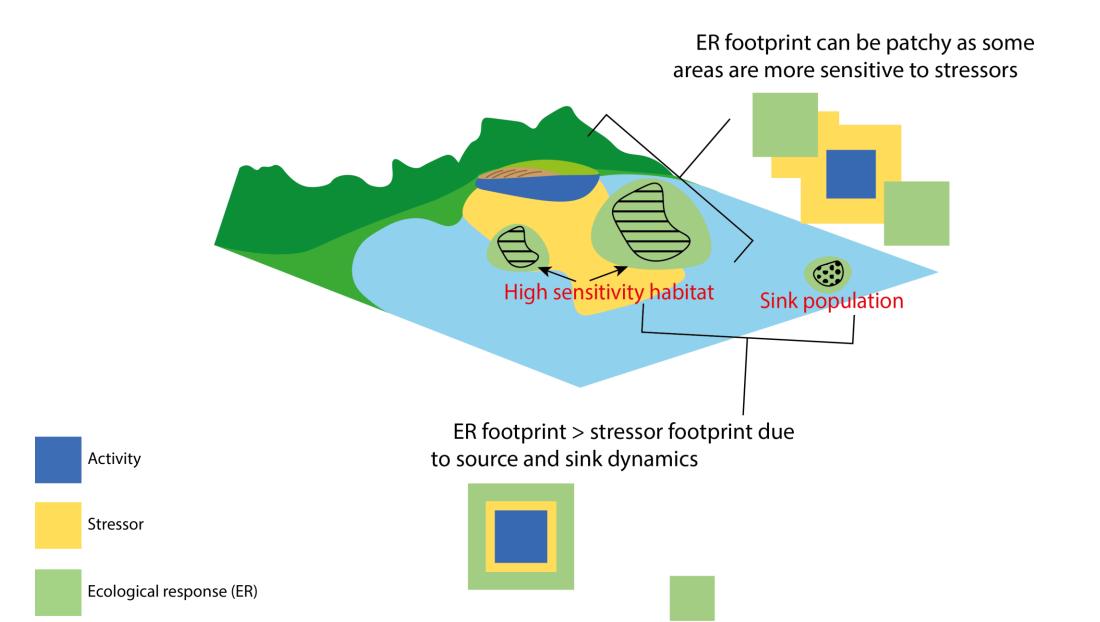


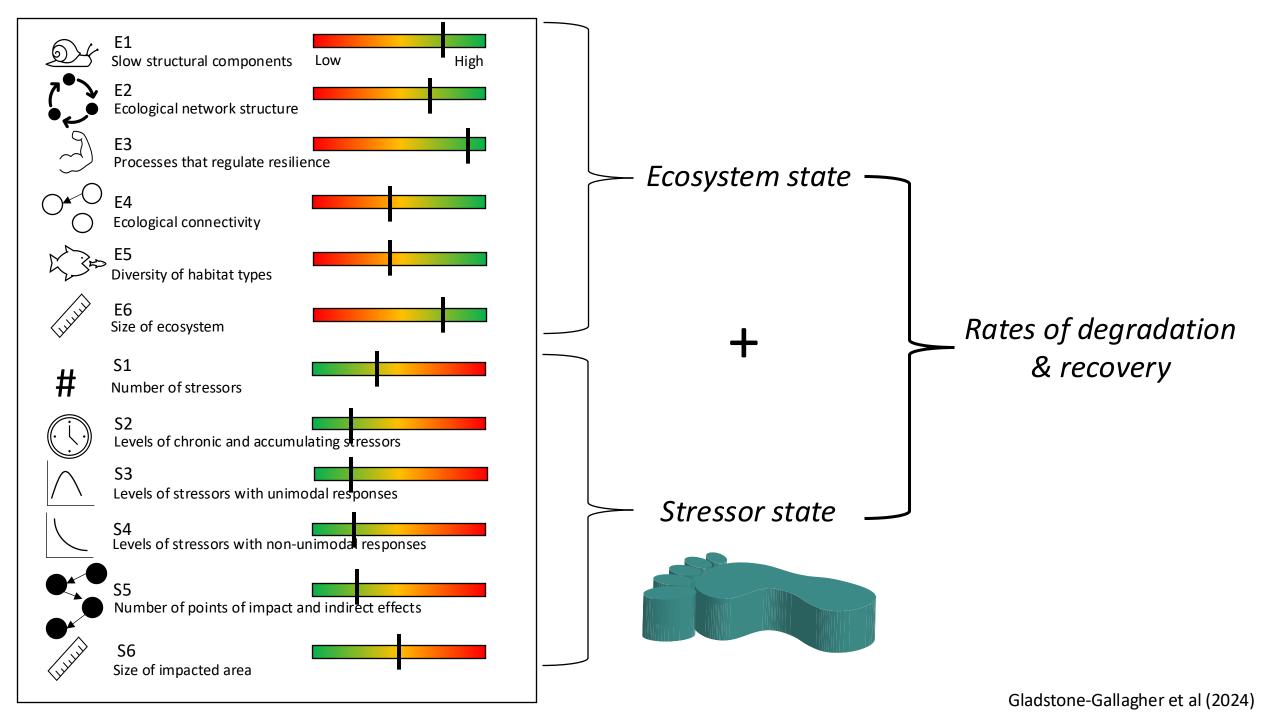
#### Current cumulative effects assessment



- Focus on activity/stressor footprints
- Highlight areas impacted by high levels of cumulative effects
- Do not recognise ecosystem as a network of responding and interacting components

#### Reframing CE assessments with ecological response footprints





### Actions work as levers acting on stressors or ecosystems

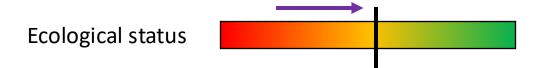






Restoring /enhancing the *ecosystem* 



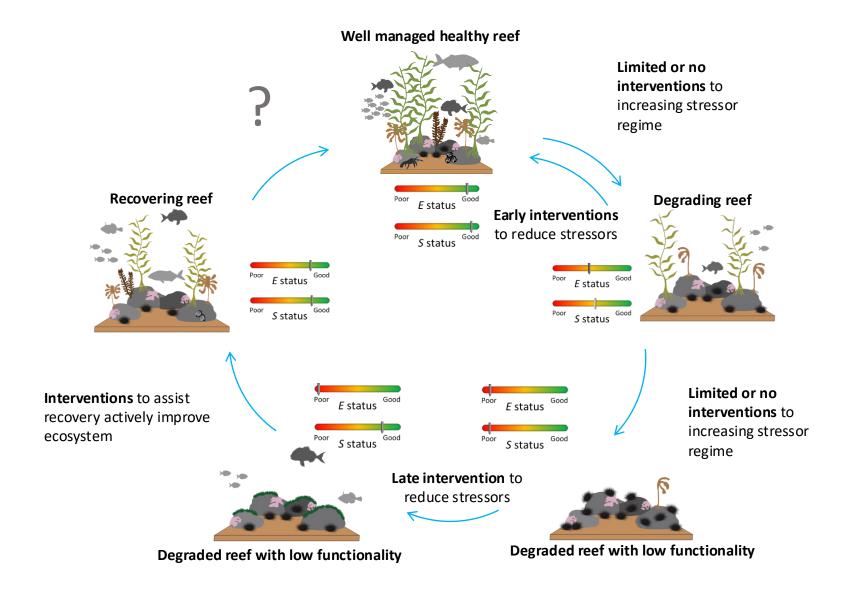




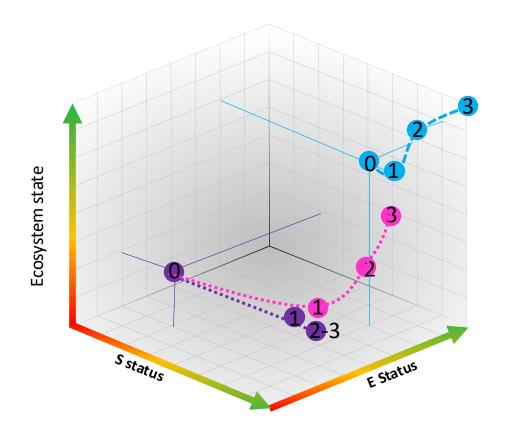


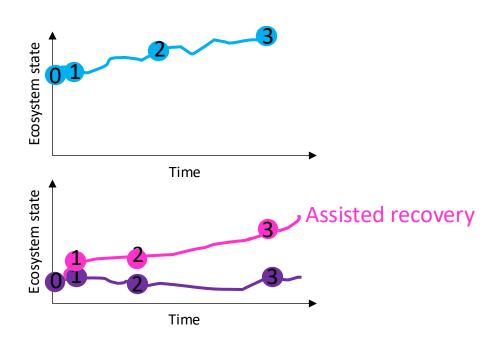




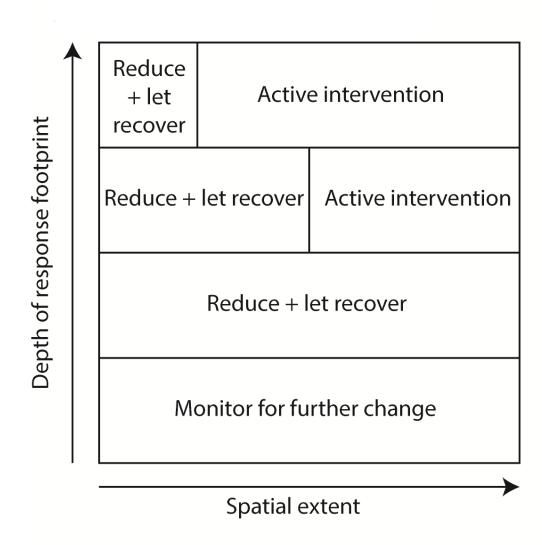


#### Actions mismatched with scales of degradation and recovery





#### Managing for recovery



#### Take home

- Ecosystem response footprints can be poorly aligned with activity/stressor footprints
- Management strategies for recovery need to account for context dependencies
- We need to embrace ecological complexity and think holistically about how marine ecosystems respond to cumulative effects





