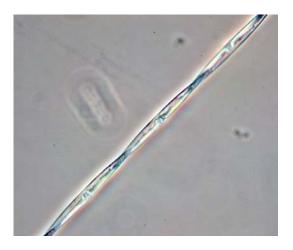
# Pseudo-nitzschia occurrence in the central California Current

PICES Conference / MEQ Workshop (W2)

Meredith Elliott, Gregg Langlois, Jan Roletto, Danielle Lipski, and Jaime Jahncke

November 3, 2016















### Issue: Climate change and HABs

For the north-central California region, climate change is predicted to bring:

- Increase in coastal upwelling
- Increase in nutrients in surface waters
- Warmer, more stratified waters

(More nutrients) +
(Warm surface waters) +
(Retention from upwelling jet)

= Increase in phytoplankton blooms (and HABs)

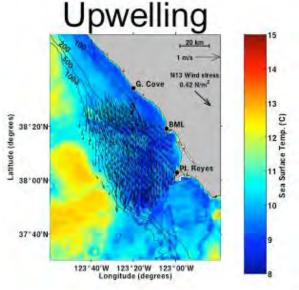


Fig. 3.9 (Largier et al. 2010)





# Applied California Current Ecosystem Studies



Research that supports marine wildlife conservation and healthy marine ecosystems to inform management, policy, and conservation in central CA

#### **Founders:**







#### **Members:**



















### Research takes ecosystem approach

- Birds/mammals (standardized strip and line transects)
- Zooplankton/fish (hydroacoustics and nets)
- Oceanography (CTD, bottles, OA, nutrients and continuous CT)











# **ACCESS** study area

3-4 cruises a year (spring/summer and fall)

Phytoplankton collections *(2010-15)*:

- 8 transect lines
- Nearshore and offshore stations
  - ✓ CTD (water properties)



**Nutrients** 

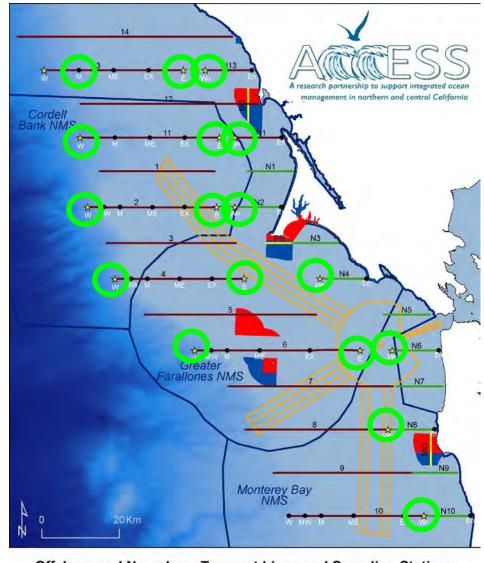


✓ Water color & clarity



Zooplankton





#### Offshore and Nearshore Transect Lines and Sampling Stations

- Offshore Transects CTD/Phyto/Zoop Station
  - **Nearshore Transects** CA MPA - SMCA
    - **Limited Survey Transects** CA MPA - SMR
    - **NMS Boundaries** Shipping Lanes

Applied California Current Ecosystem Studies (ACCESS)



# Phytoplankton data – CDPH Biotoxin Monitoring Program

Relative Abundance Index (RAI) – qualitative measure of abundance

$$RAI = (a*b)/c$$





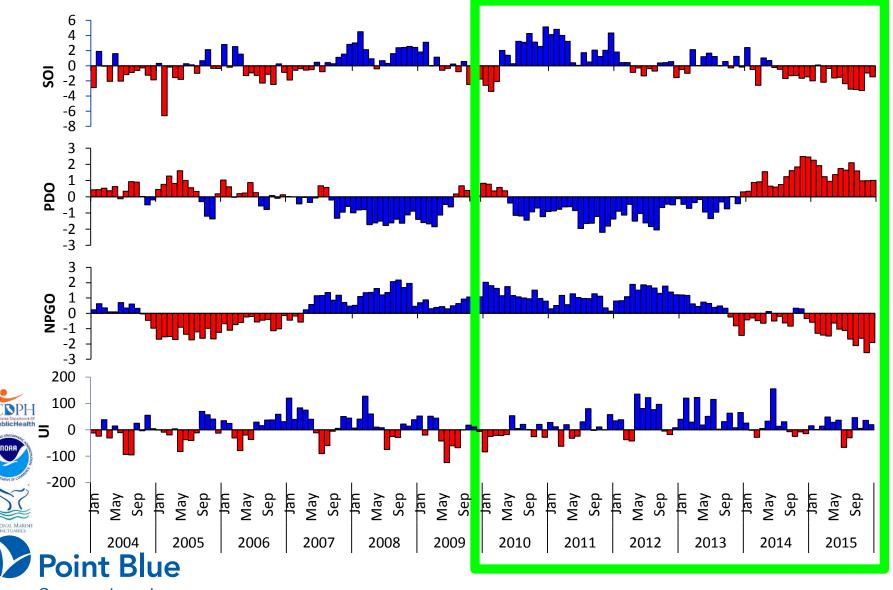
c = sampling effort as determined by the total tow length







#### Climate/ocean indices (2004-15)



Conservation science for a healthy planet.



# Results - Frequency of occurrence

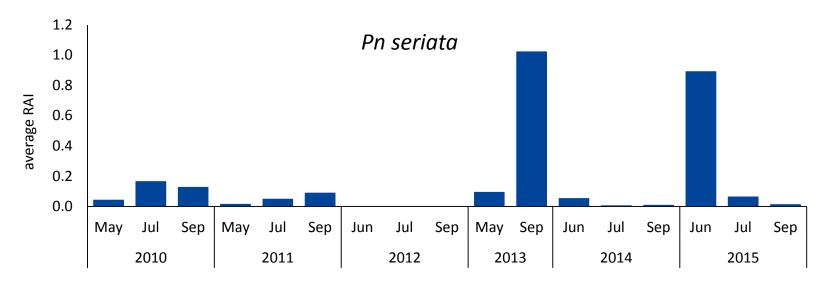
		% frequency of occurrence			
	# samples	<i>Pn</i> (all spp)	Pn delicatissima	Pn seriata	<i>Pn</i> spp
2010 May	12	100.0	50.0	91.7	0.0
Jul	14	85.7	50.0	78.6	0.0
Sep	16	81.3	0.0	81.3	0.0
2010 total	42	88.1	31.0	83.3	0.0
2011 May	2	100.0	50.0	100.0	0.0
Jul	8	100.0	25.0	100.0	0.0
Sep	5	80.0	0.0	80.0	0.0
2011 total	15	93.3	20.0	93.3	0.0
2012 Jun	10	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Jul	10	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Sep	10	0.0	<b></b>	0.0	0.0
2012 total	30	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
2013 May	10	70.0	0.0	<b>5</b> 0.0	0.0
Sep	9	100.0	0.0	100.0	0.0
2013 total	19	84.2	0.0	73.7	0.0
2014 Jun	4	75.0	0.0	25.0	50.0
Jul	6	66.7	33.3	50.0	0.0
Sep	15	93.3	0.0	73.3	13.3
2014 total	25	84.0	8.0	60.0	16.0
2015 Jun	3	100.0	0.0	100.0	0.0
Jul	11	63.6	0.0	45.5	0.0
Sep	9	100.0	33.3	100.0	0.0
2015 total	23	82.6	13.0	73.9	0.0
Total (2010-15)	154	69.5	13.6	61.7	2.6

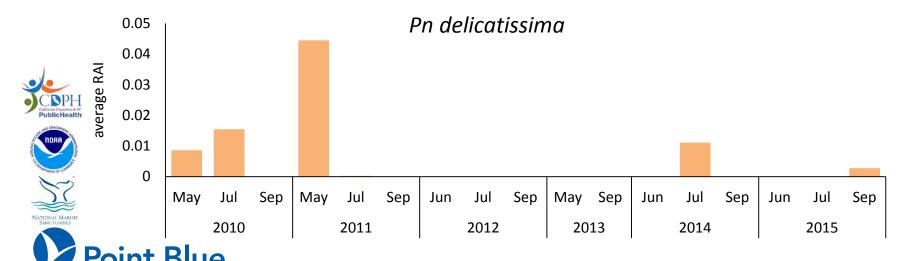


for a healthy planet.



#### Results – **Temporal trends**

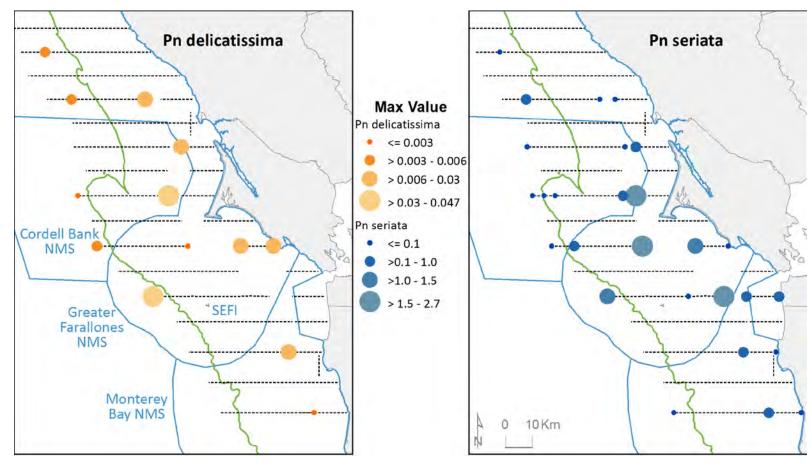




Conservation science for a healthy planet.



### Results - Spatial distribution









#### Results - Stepwise regression (Pn seriata)

#### Pn seriata

- Temperature
- Salinity
- $NO_3 + NO_2$
- PO<sub>4</sub>
- Si
- SOI
- PDO
- NPGO
- []



#### *Pn seriata* – **significant results**

- Temperature (-)
- NO<sub>3</sub>+NO<sub>2</sub> (-)





# Results – **Stepwise regression with lags**(*Pn seriata*)

#### Pn seriata

- Temperature
- Salinity
- $NO_3 + NO_2$
- PO<sub>4</sub>
- Si



- SOI (current, -1 & -2 months)
- PDO (current, -1 & -2 months)
- NPGO (current, -1 & -2 months)
- UI (current, -1 & -2 months)



*Pn seriata* – **significant results** 

- Temperature (-)
- NO<sub>3</sub>+NO<sub>2</sub> (-)
- SOI (current) (-)
- SOI (-2 months) (+)
- PDO (current) (+)
- NPGO (current) (-)
- NPGO (-1 month) (+)
- UI (current) (-)



## Summary

Pn seriata and Pn delicatissima (2010-15)

Pn seriata	Pn delicatissima
Absent in 2012	Absent in 2012
Increased in warmer years	Declined through time
Nearshore & southern stations, more widely distributed	Along upwelling jet
Low temperature & low nitrates/nitrites	
Importance of cold, productive conditions prior to warm, low-productivity conditions	





Pn seriata may become more frequent in the future?



### Thank you!

Joe Christen (CDPH)

Elinor Patterson Baker Trust Fund

**Bently Foundation** 

**Boring Family Foundation** 

California Sea Grant

California Dept. of Fish and Wildlife

**Cordell Marine Sanctuary Foundation** 

Cordell Bank NMS (NOAA)

**DJ&T Foundation** 

**Greater Farallones Association** 

Farallones National Wildlife Refuge

**Faucett Catalyst Foundation** 

Firedoll Foundation

Greater Farallones NMS (NOAA) Hellman Family Foundation Marisla Foundation McCaw Family Foundation Moore Family Foundation National Fish and Wildlife Foundation National Marine Sanctuary Foundation Oikonos Ecosystem Knowledge Point Blue Anonymous Donors Resources Legacy Fund Foundation Restoration Center (NOAA) United States Fish and Wildlife Service

Point Blue Staff, Interns and Volunteers



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