

a place of mind THE UNIVERSITY OF BRITISH COLUMBIA

Viruses, carbon sequestration and the biological pump

Curtis A Suttle

Departments of Earth, Ocean & Atmospheric Sciences, Botany, and Microbiology & Immunology Institute of the Oceans and Fisheries University of British Columbia

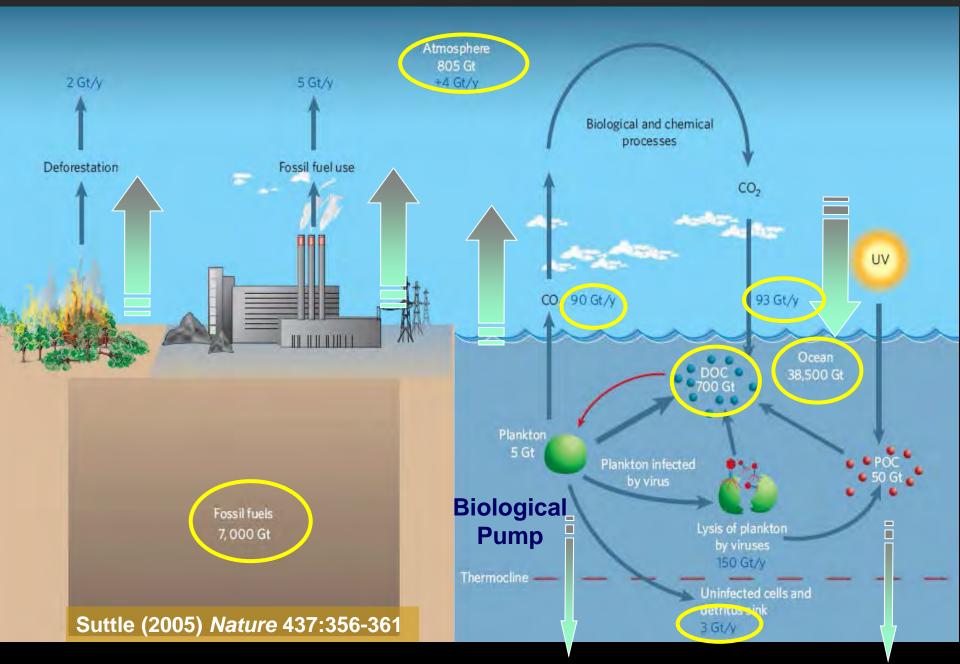


a place of mind THE UNIVERSITY OF BRITISH COLUMBIA

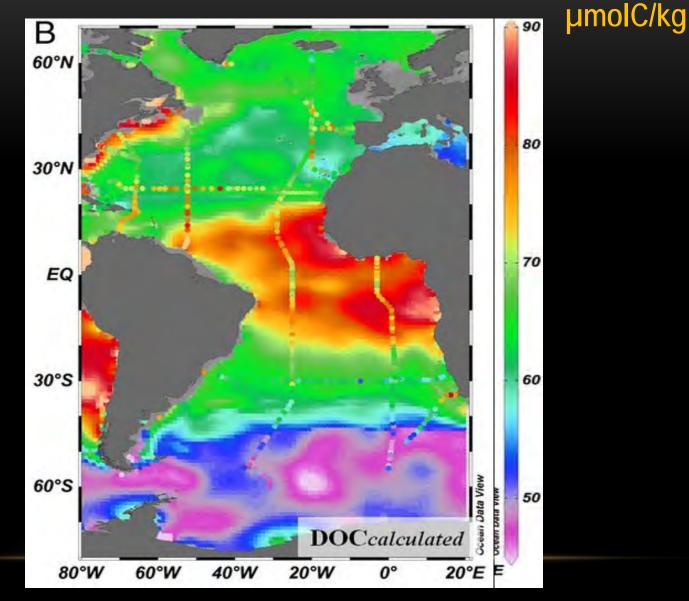
Scenario

- This reservoir of *dissolved organic carbon* (DOC) is as large as that of CO₂ in the atmosphere
- Its average age is ~5000y and hence can be a mechanism of carbon sequestration
- Viruses are major players in nutrient cycling in the ocean and in the formation of DOC

Global reservoirs of carbon

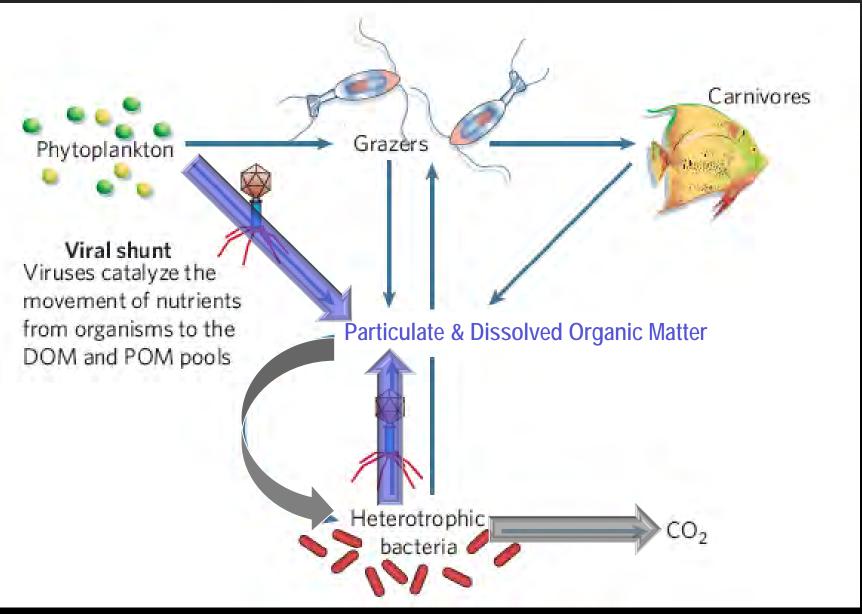


DOC in Atlantic surface waters



Cristina Romera-Castillo et al. PNAS 2016;113:10497-10502

Viruses catalyze the movement of nutrients

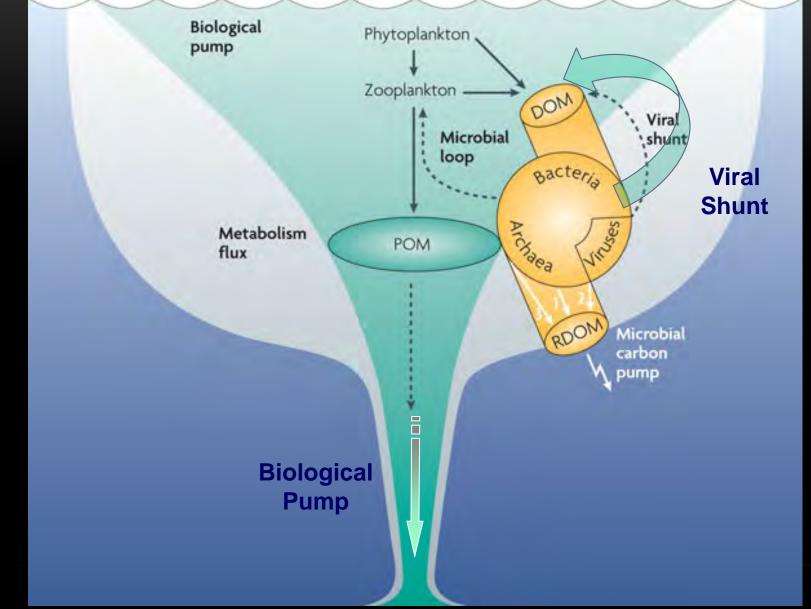


Suttle 2005 Nature 437, 356-351 - based on Wilhelm and Suttle 1999 Bioscience 47, 781-788

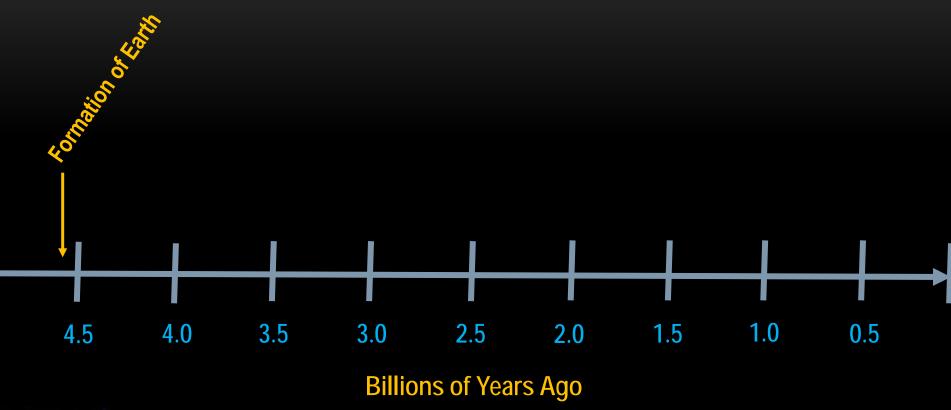
The Viral Shunt is a major player in DOC formation \rightarrow >95 % of the biomass in the oceans is microbial \rightarrow ~20% of marine microbes are killed each day by viruses \rightarrow This drives nutrient cycles and the formation of DOC



This DOC feeds the Microbial Carbon Pump



Jiao et al 2010. Nature Rev Microbiol 8:593-599





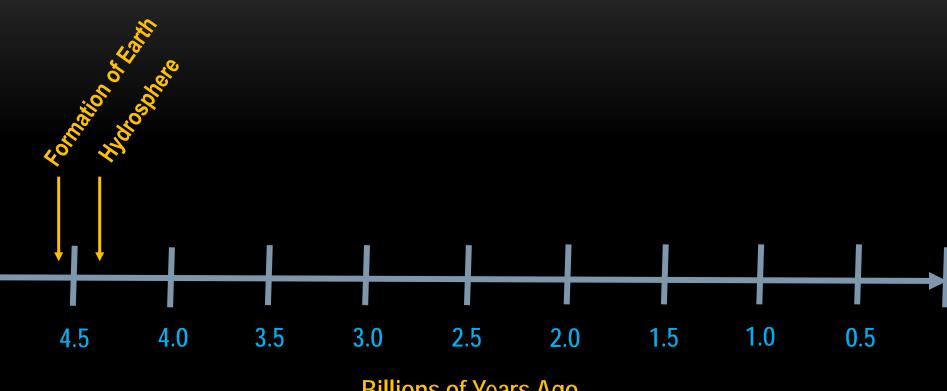
The Earth ~4.4 billion years ago



http://www.sciencemag.org/news/2015/03/researchers-may-have-solved-origin-life-conundrum

Evidence for continental crust and oceans

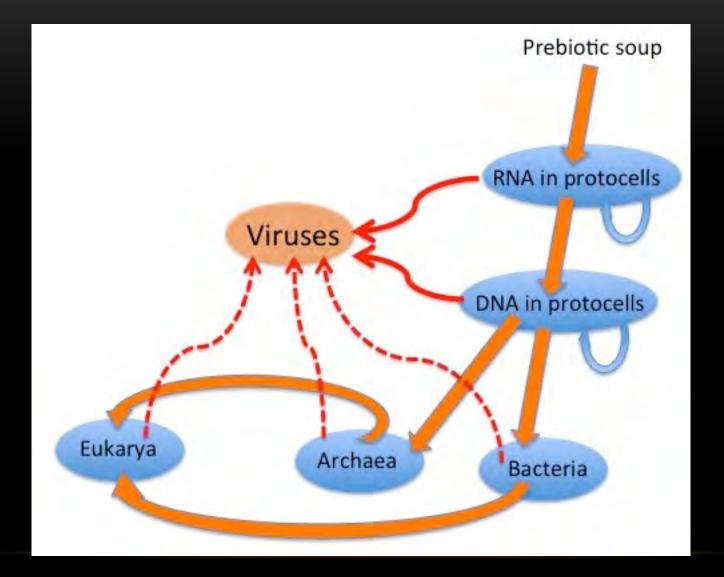
Wilde et al. 2001. Nature 409:175-178







The origin of Life



https://rybicki.files.wordpress.com/2008/03/virus-descent.jpg

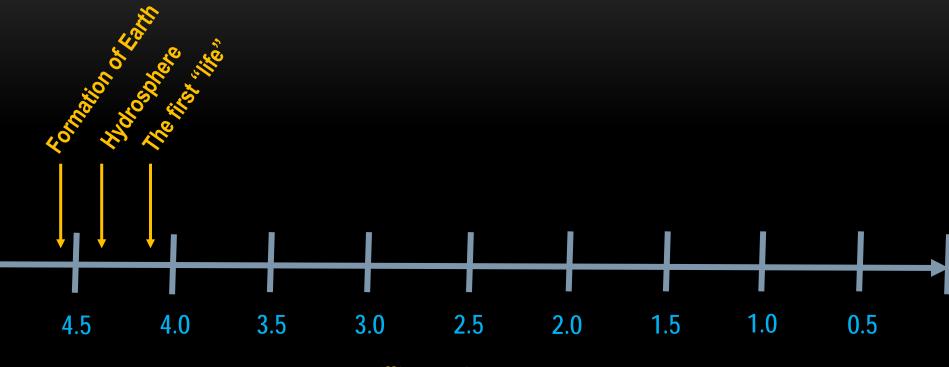
The Earth ~4.1 billion years ago



Ron Miller – Black Cat Studios

Evidence for biogenic carbon

Bell et al. 2015. PNAS 112: 14518-14521



Billions of Years Ago

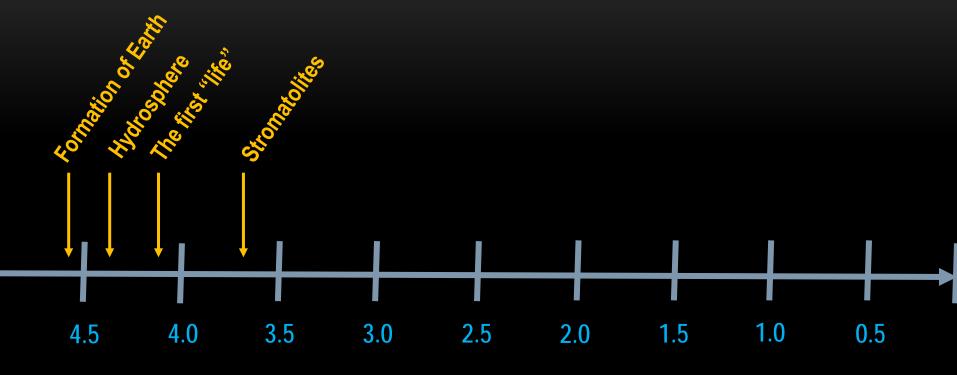


The Earth ~3.7 billion years ago



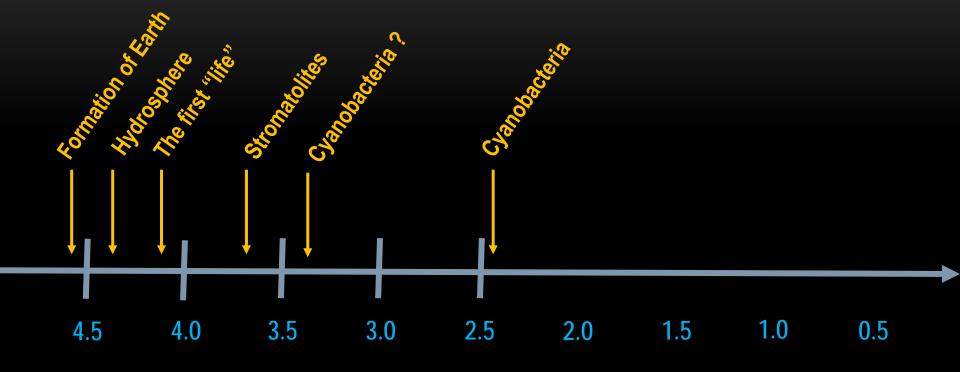
Evidence for Stromatolites

Nutman et al. 2016. Nature 537: 535-538



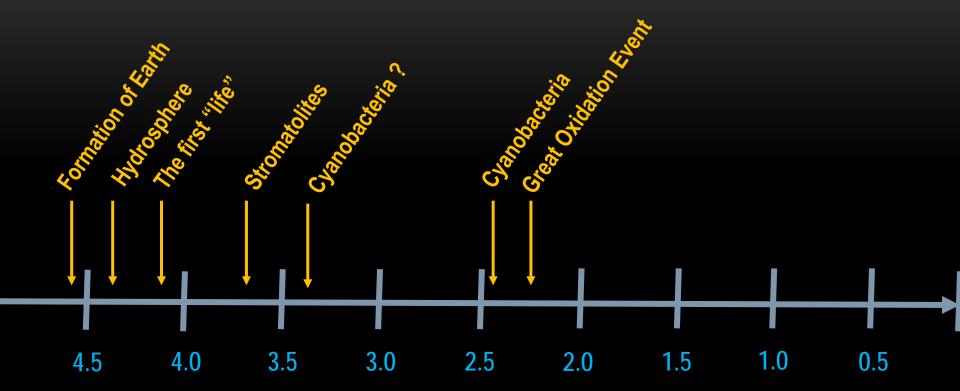
Billions of Years Ago



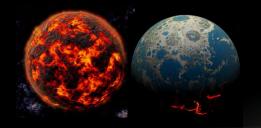


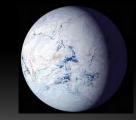
Billions of Years Ago

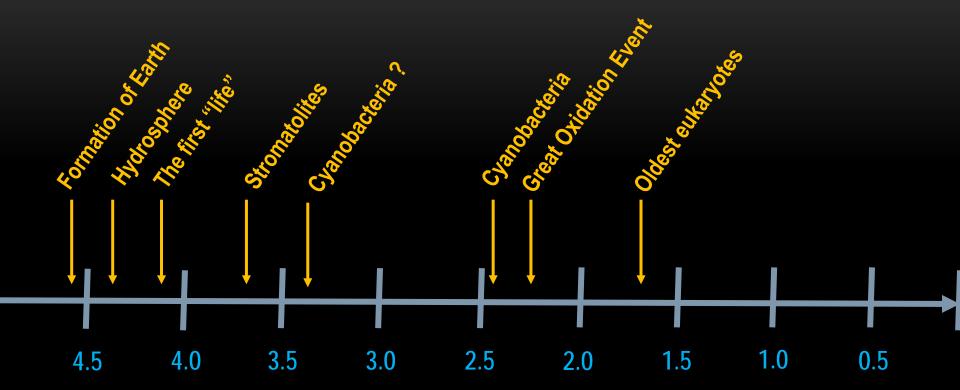




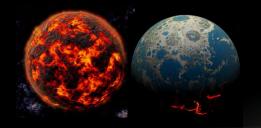
Billions of Years Ago

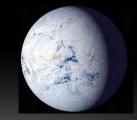


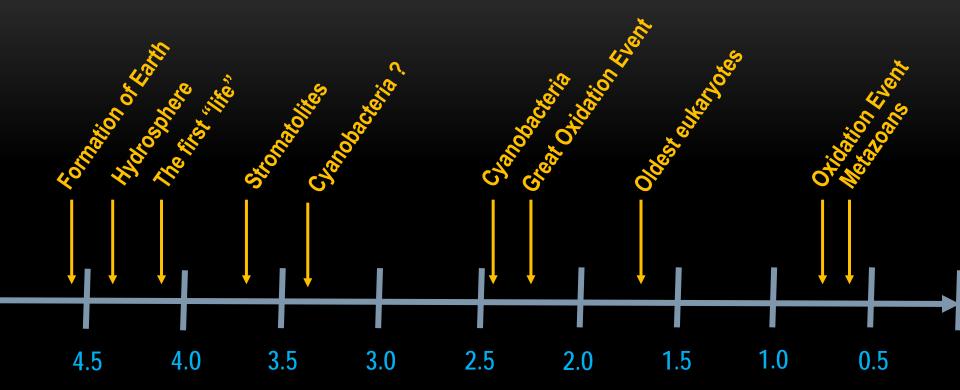




Billions of Years Ago

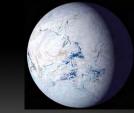




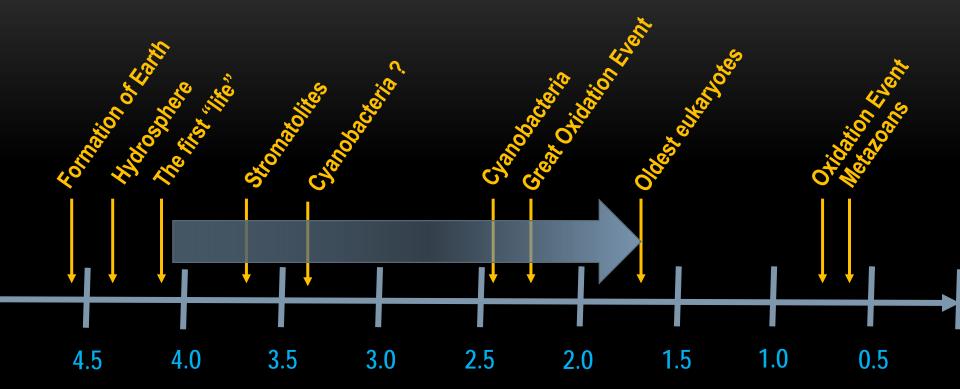


Billions of Years Ago



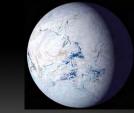




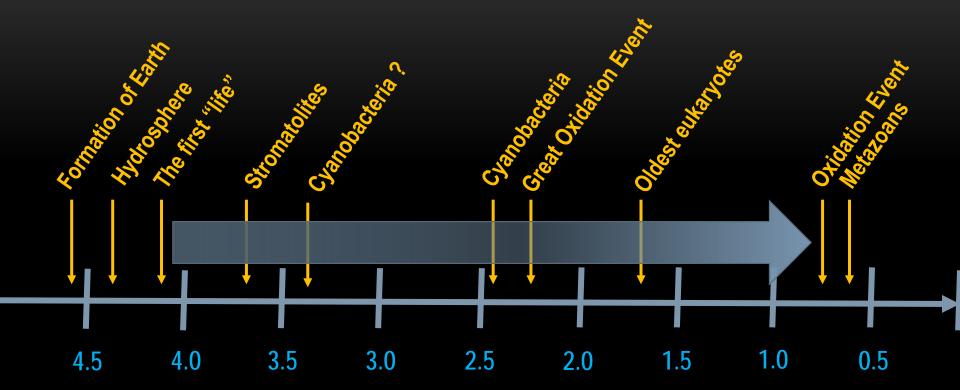


Billions of Years Ago



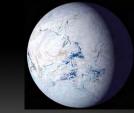






Billions of Years Ago





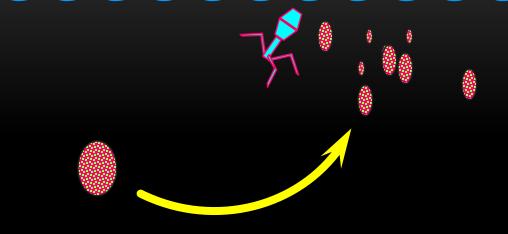


Global ecosystem

- For ~ 2 billion years after life emerged
 - It was only aquatic
 - It comprised only bacteria, archaea and viruses
 - Viruses were the primary (maybe the only) biological mortality agents
 - It took another billion years for complex multicellular life to emerge
 - Hence, carbon and nutrient cycles were entirely microbial

Viruses change pathways of nutrient cycles

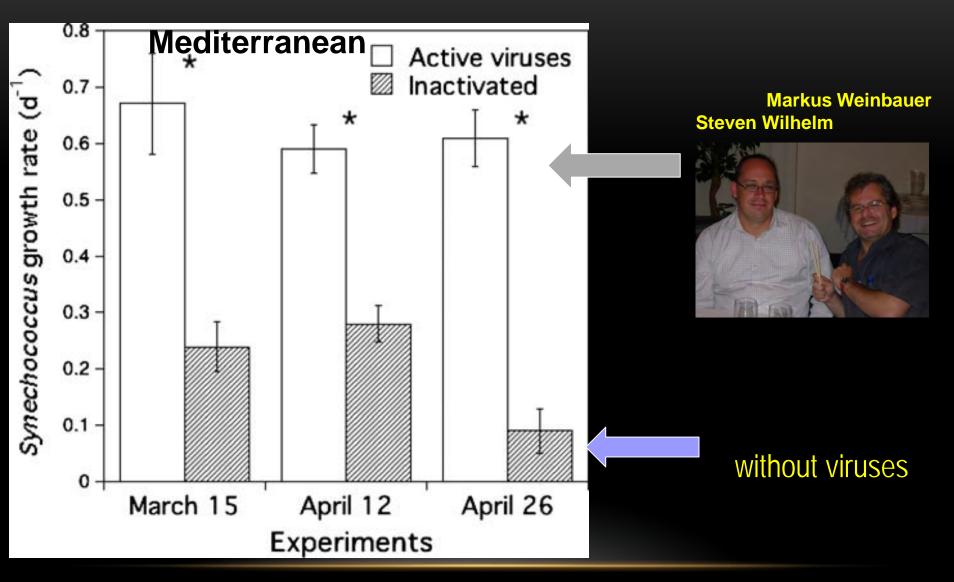
Plankton sink from the photic zone independently, attached to aggregates or in fecal material



Viruses break down plankton and allow components to remain in photic zone

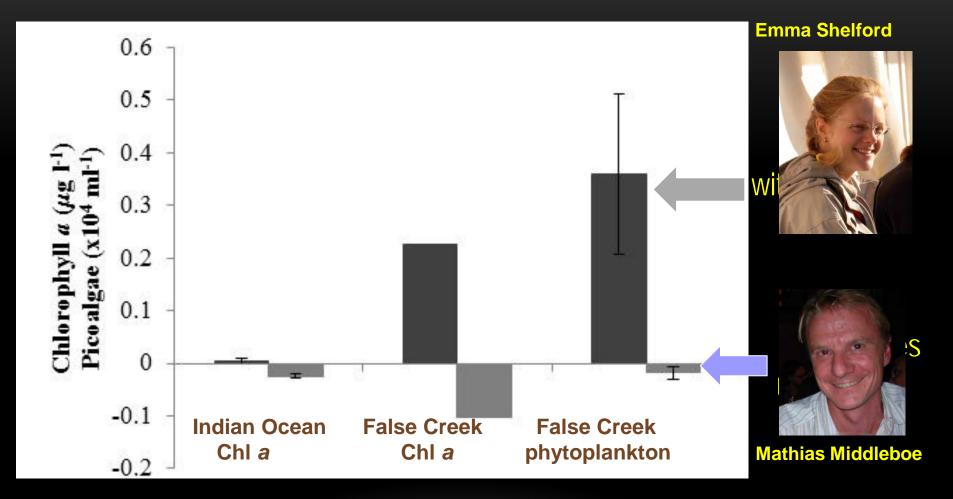
Wilhelm & Suttle

Viruses can enhance phytoplankton growth



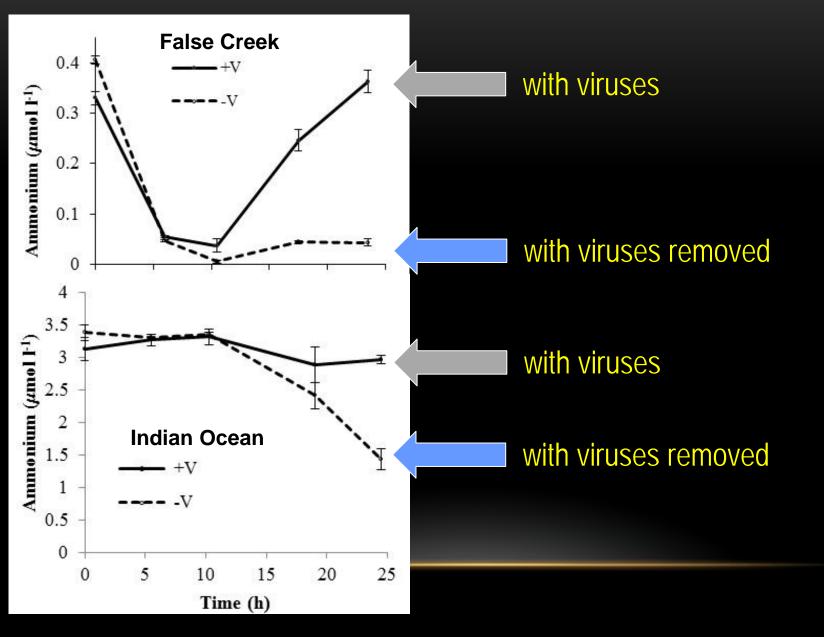
Weinbauer et al 2011 J Plank Res 33, 1465-1476

Viruses enhance phytoplankton growth rate

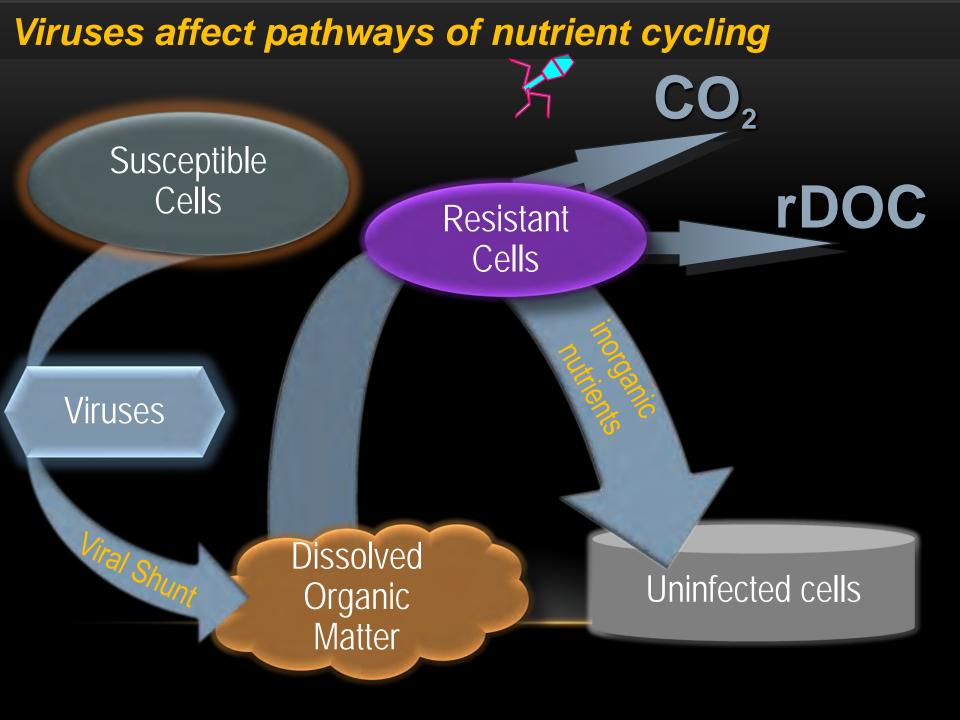


Shelford et al 2012 Aquat Microb Ecol 66, 41-46

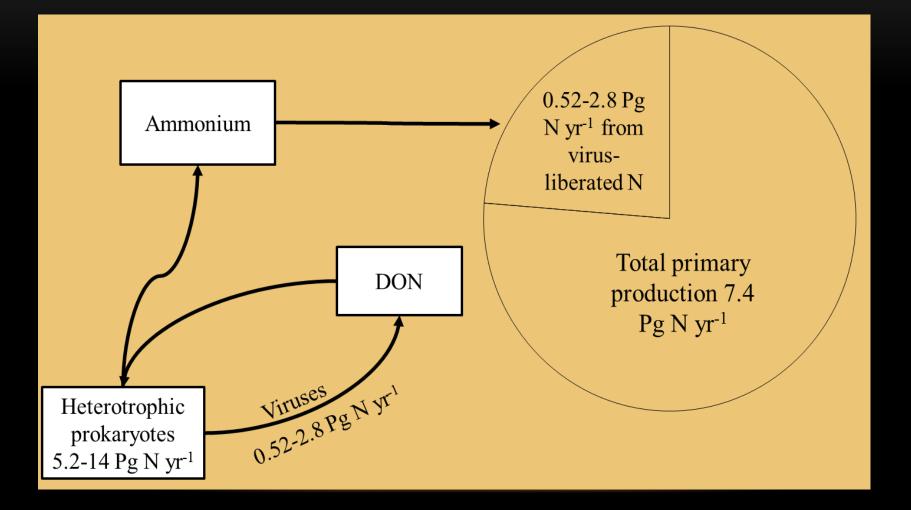
Viruses increase ammonium production



Shelford et al 2012 Aquat Microb Ecol 66, 41-46



The viral shunt has major effects



Shelford and Suttle 2017. Biogeosciences Discussion

Shunt and pump

Carbon
Carbon
Nitrogen
Phosphorous

The viral shunt is probably the most important source of DOM DOM (66:16:1) Supplying the Microbial Carbon Pumpcroorganisms (69:16:1) The VS coupled with the MCP affects the elemental stoichiometry and availability of nutrients The VS & MCP likely increase the efficiency of the Pielogical Pump

The VS & MCP likely increase the efficiency of the Biological Pump Without the VS the MCP would be much reduced

> Phytoplankton (106:16:1)

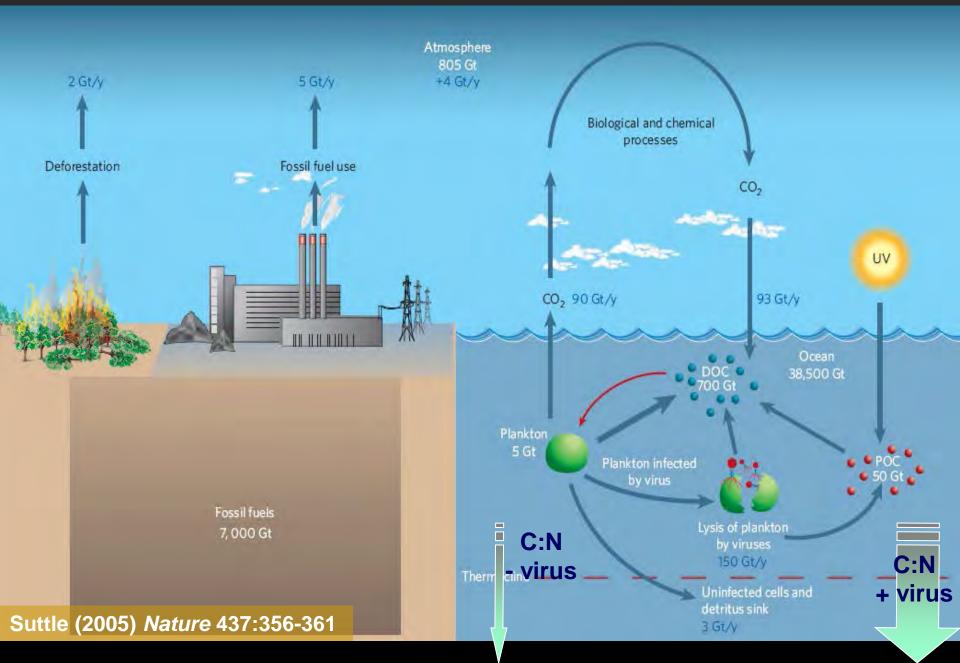
Pycnocline

Biological pump

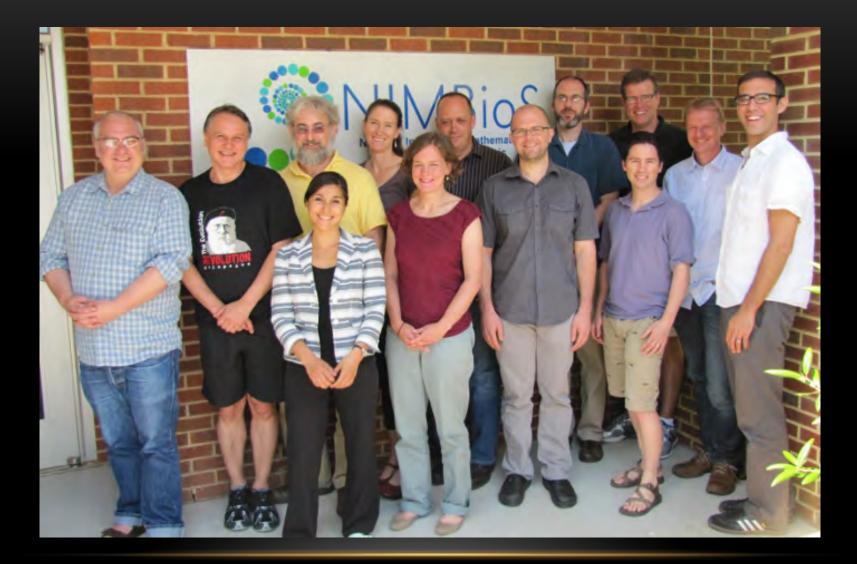
POM (804:40:1)

Suttle (2007) Nature Rev Microbiol 5, 801-12

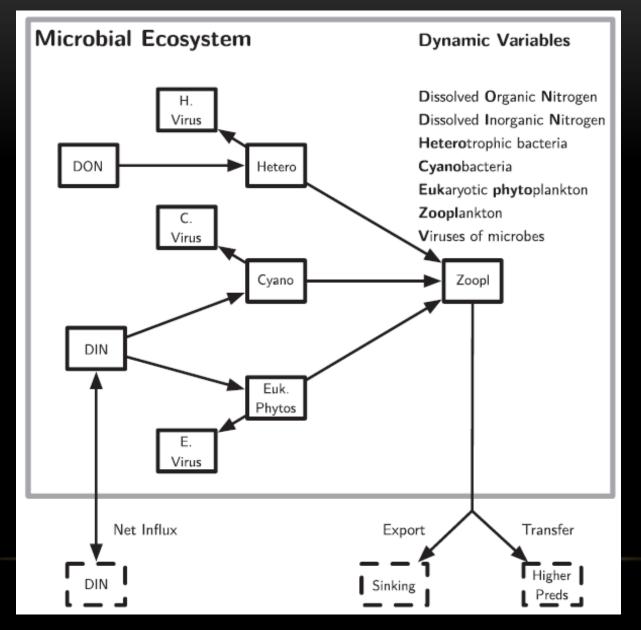
VS + MCP increase the efficiency of the BP



NIMBioS Working Group – Viral Dynamics

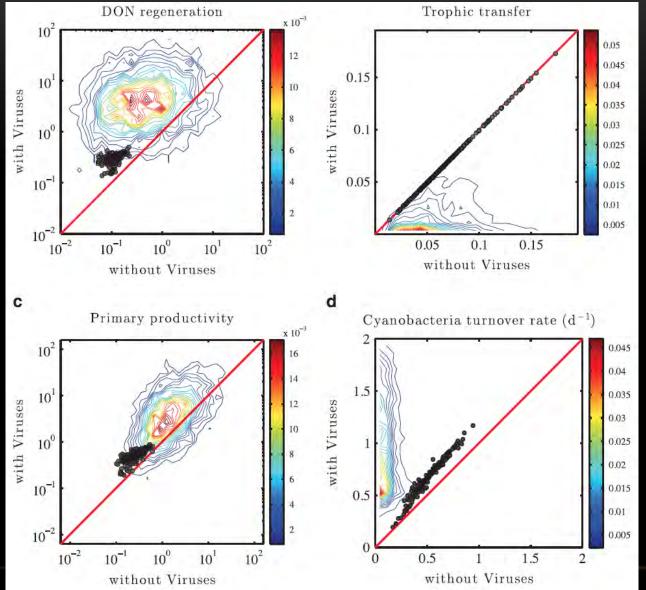


Effects of marine viruses



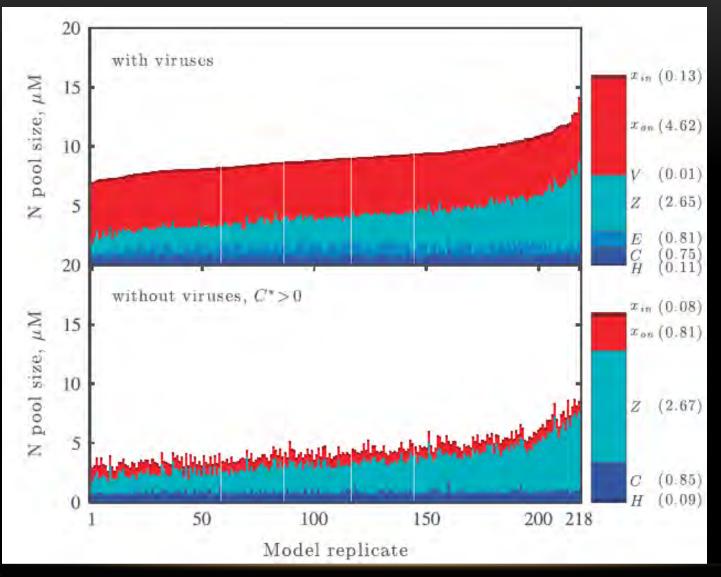
Weitz et al. (2015) ISMEJ 9: 1352-64

Effects of marine viruses



Weitz et al. (2015) ISMEJ 9: 1352-64

Effects of marine viruses



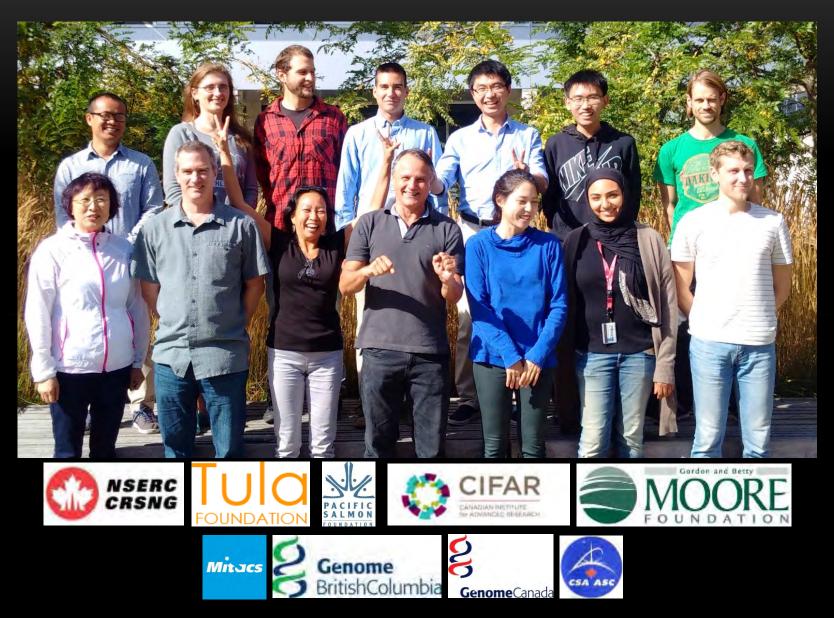
Point: Viruses affect accumulation of DOM

Weitz et al. (2015) ISMEJ 9: 1352-64

Take home points

- For the first two billion years the "foodweb" was only microbial
- Viruses were the predators in the system
- Viruses "fuel" the microbial carbon pump
- Together the "shunt and pump" are major players in nutrient cycling, affect the elemental stoichiometry of recycled nutrients (e.g. MCP) and likely increase the efficiency of the "biological pump

Thanks to the people and the sponsors



Thank you!

