



Influences of wind, sea state, and oil type on oil dispersion in the Salish Sea

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- ATB de-coupling

Oil spill response strategies

RESPONDING TO OIL SPILLS AT SEA

DISPERSION

Chemical dispersion is achieved by applying chemicals designed to remove oil from the water surface by breaking the oil into small droplets.

BURNING

Also referred to as in situ burning, this is the method of setting fire to freshly spilled oil, usually while still floating on the water surface.

BOOMS

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Booms are long, floating barriers used to contain or prevent the spread of spilled oil.

SKIMMING

Skimming is achieved with boats equipped with a floating skimmer designed to remove thin layers of oil from the surface, often with the help of booms.



f(sea state)

https://response.restoration.noaa.gov/about/media/how-do-oil-spills-out-sea-typically-get-cleaned.html

Spill response by wind speed



Environment Canada 2004 report by Merv Fingas

What does oil spill fate look like in the Salish Sea under different sea states?

Modeling Potential Oil Spills

(for preparedness)

SalishSeaCast

NEMO 3.6

- 500 m, structured grid
- 1 27 m depth levels

Open boundaries

- Temperature and Salinity
- Tides
- Sea Surface Height

Rivers

- Gauged Fraser River
- Watershed climatology

Atmospheric Forcing

• 2.5 km HRDPS winds



SOILED: Salish Sea Cast (Oiled)

(for preparedness)





Weathering of spilled oil





http://www.medess4ms.eu/marine-pollution.

Response efficacy by wind speed



Environment Canada 2004 report by Merv Fingas

Wind-climatology of spill impacts



Strait of Juan de Fuca

HRDPS model climatology

Preliminary study sites



Variability: Salmon Bank (SB)



Variability: Turn Point (TP)



Variability: Strait of Georgia (SOG)



2 cases: Strait of Georgia (SOG)



Non-freshet, weaker winds

PRELIMINARY RESULTS



Fraser River freshet, stronger winds

PRELIMINARY RESULTS



Consider: Oil Spill Impacts are likely to vary in space and time, based on ocean conditions and sea state









PRELIMINARY RESULTS

Model of Impacts of Dilbit and Oil Spills in the Salish Sea







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