

# **ENVIRONMENTAL DNA FOR IDENTIFYING “RED ZONE” OF ENDANGERED/INVASIVE SPECIES**

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# Today's menu

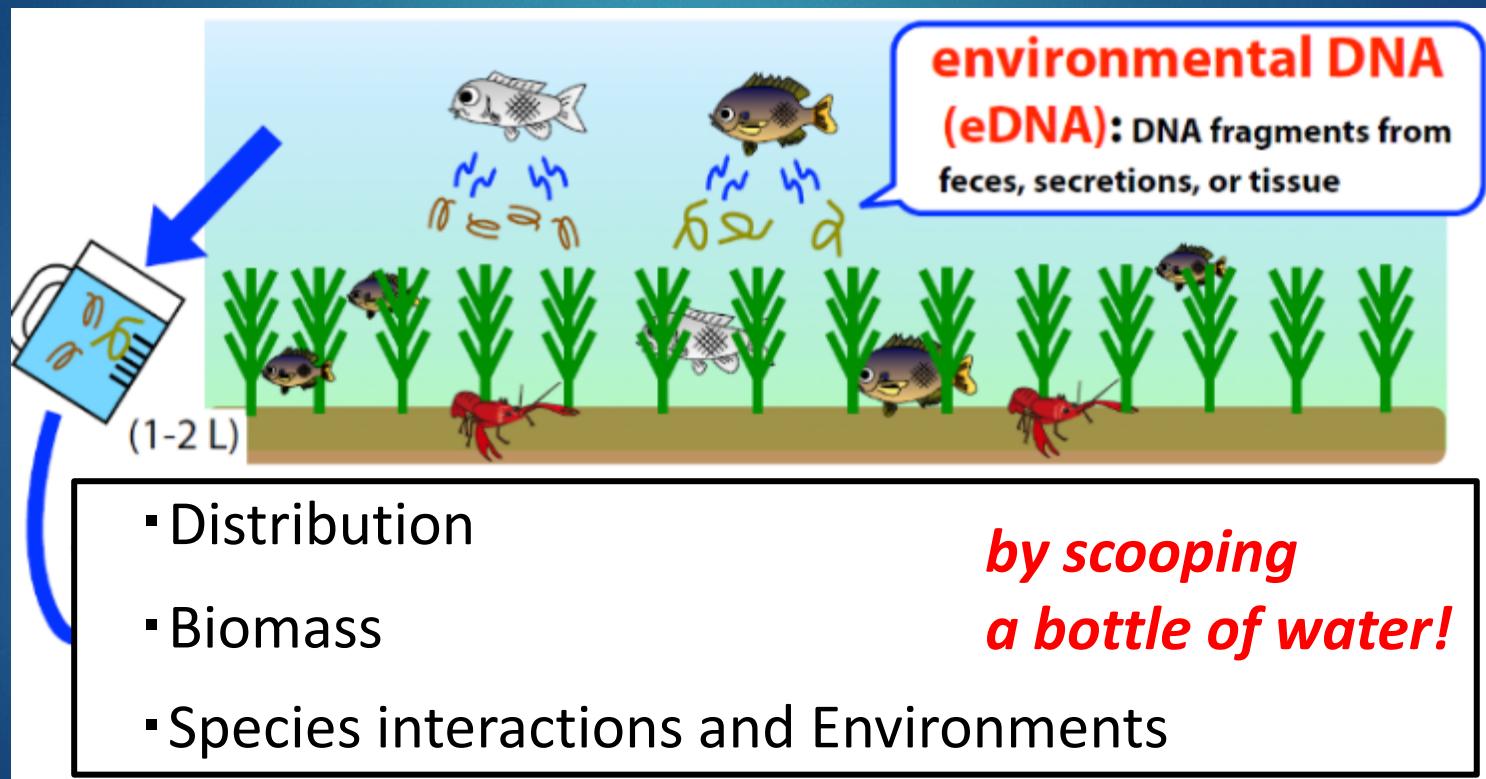
1. What is eDNA?
2. Species-specific approach
3. Taxon-wide approach
4. Challenges & Future studies



# 1. What is eDNA?

eDNA (environmental DNA):

DNA released from living organisms to their environmental media



# Aquatic biodiversity monitoring

In the past:  
a lot of work & cost



Today:  
water sampling & eDNA analysis



- Non-invasive
- Easy & efficient
- Objective
- No taxonomic skills required

# eDNA Sampling

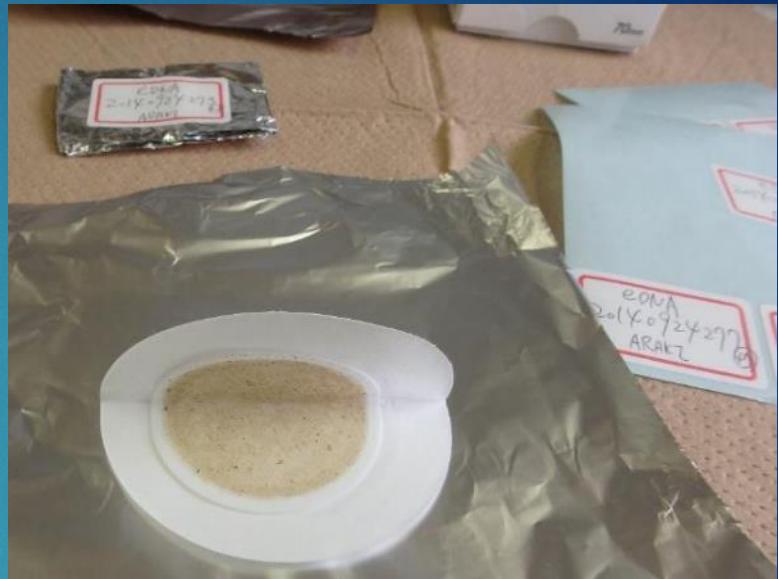


# eDNA Sampling



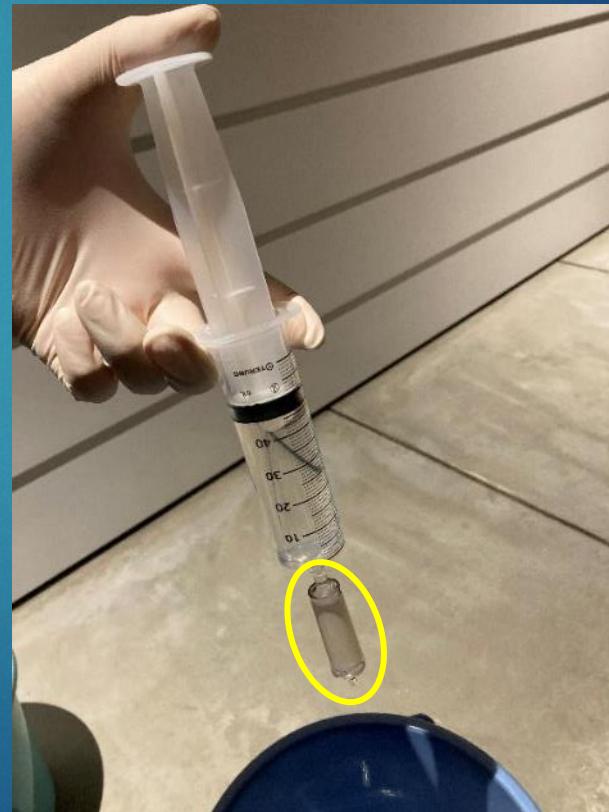
# eDNA Sampling

## Filtering (Whatman GF/F)



# eDNA Sampling

## Filtering (Sterivex)



# eDNA Extraction, Purification & Analysis

## DNA extraction



[www.qiagen.com](http://www.qiagen.com)



Template DNA  
(100~200 µl)



q-PCR applications



[www.thermofisher.com](http://www.thermofisher.com)  
[www.agilent.com](http://www.agilent.com)

NGS applications



<https://jp.illumina.com>

“species list” through data analysis pipeline (e.g., Sato et al. 2018)

## 2. Species-specific approach

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eDNA for answering questions such as:

*Is there “my target species” nearby?*

*Where are they? And how many?*

q-PCR applications



# 2-1. Species-specific approach

Species-specific primer + q-PCR



Sakhalin taimen (*Parahucho perryi*)

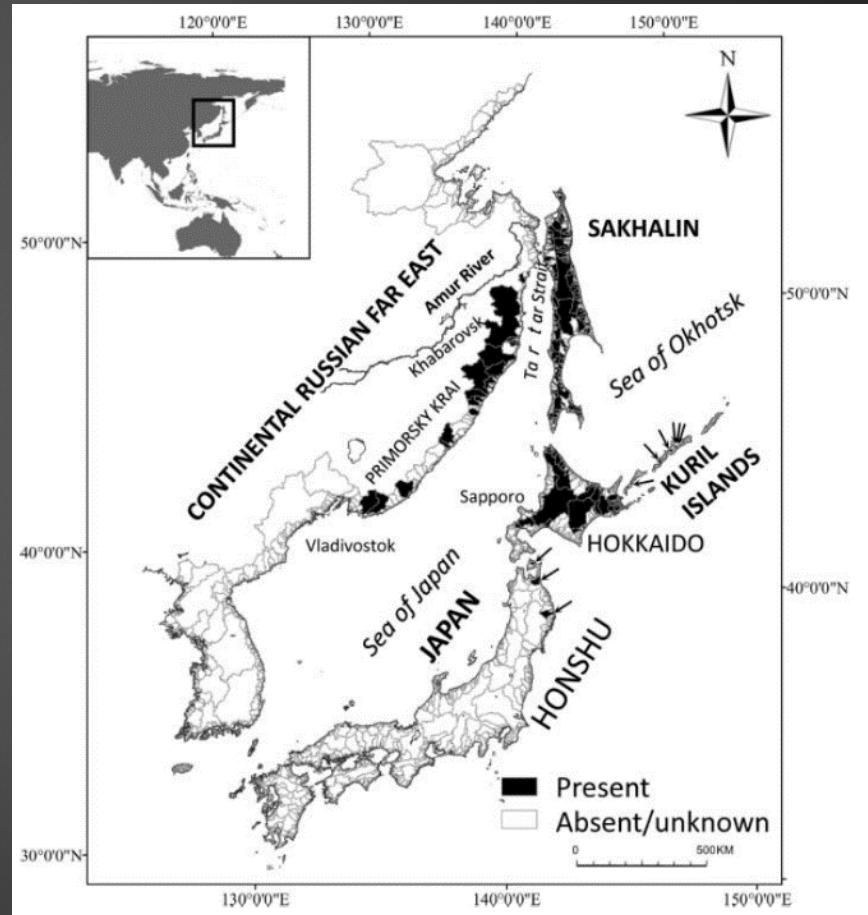


Largest freshwater fish in Japan

Used to be distributed widely in Far East

IUCN Red List:

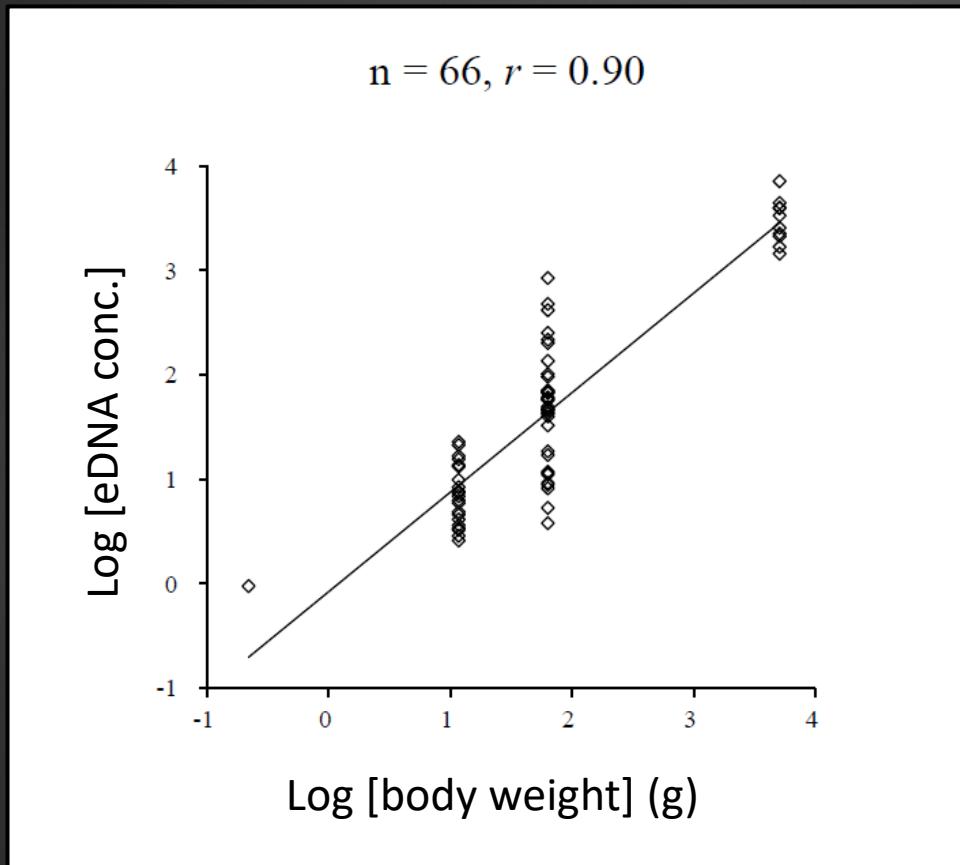
*Critically Endangered (CR)*



(Fukushima et al. 2011)

## 2-1. Species-specific approach

Species-specific primer + q-PCR



Sakhalin taimen (*P. perryi*)



H. Mizumoto  
(Hokkaido U.)

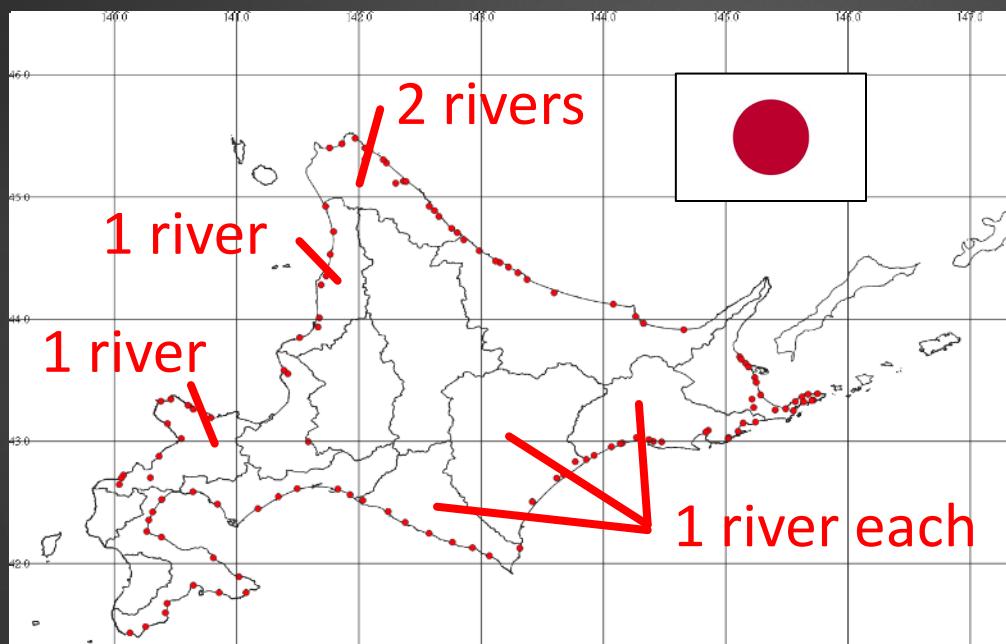
→ More fish = More eDNA

(Mizumoto et al. 2018 *Limnology*)

# 2-1. Species-specific approach

Species-specific primer + q-PCR

Application to 120 rivers in Hokkaido



Sakhalin taimen (*P. perryi*)



H. Mizumoto

frontiers  
in Ecology and Evolution

ORIGINAL RESEARCH  
published: 06 November 2020  
doi: 10.3389/fevo.2020.589425



An Environmental DNA Survey on  
Distribution of an Endangered  
Salmonid Species, *Parahucho perryi*,  
in Hokkaido, Japan

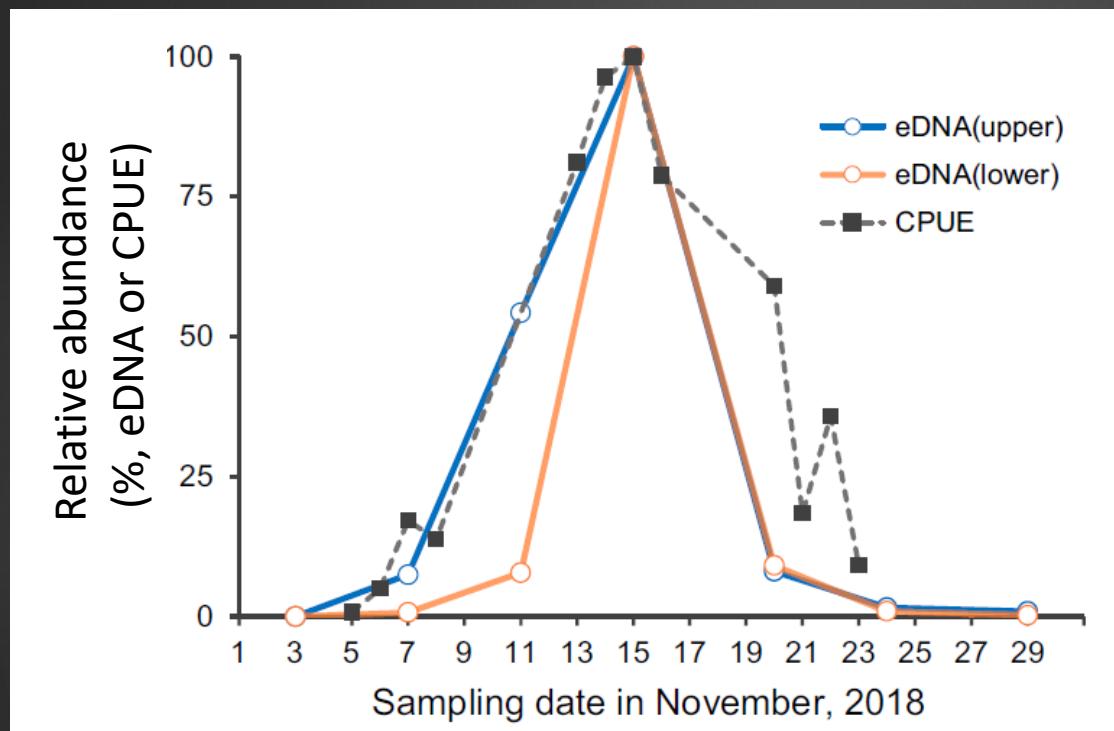
Hiroki Mizumoto<sup>1</sup>, Takashi Mitsuzuka<sup>2</sup> and Hitoshi Araki<sup>1\*</sup>

- 7 rivers with positive eDNA detection
- >2000 Sakhalin taimen in Hokkaido?
- 3 rivers for >95% total biomass?

(Mizumoto et al. 2020 *In press*)

## 2-2. Species-specific approach

Species-specific primer + q-PCR



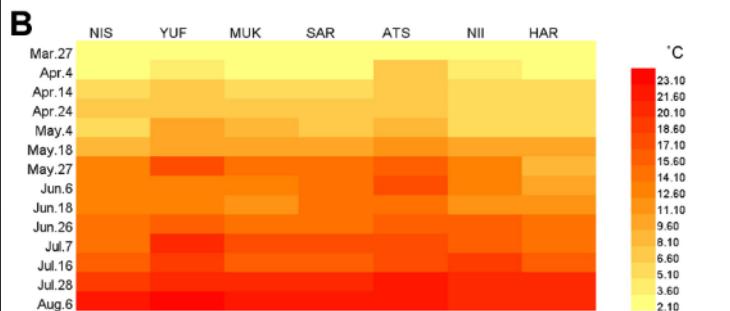
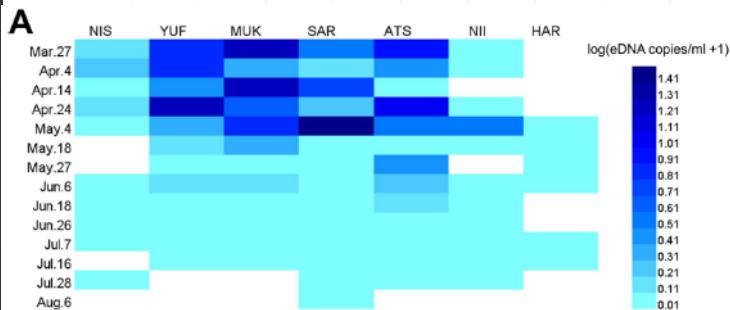
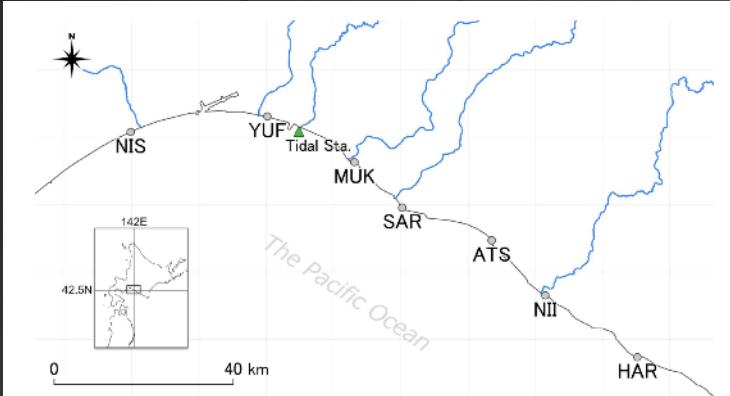
Shishamo smelt  
(*Spirinchus lanceolatus*)



→ eDNA identifying a sharp peak of the fish spawning migration

## 2-2. Species-specific approach

### Species-specific primer + q-PCR



→ Seasonal off-shore migration triggered by surface water temp?

(Yatsuyanagi & Araki 2020, PLoS One)



PLOS ONE

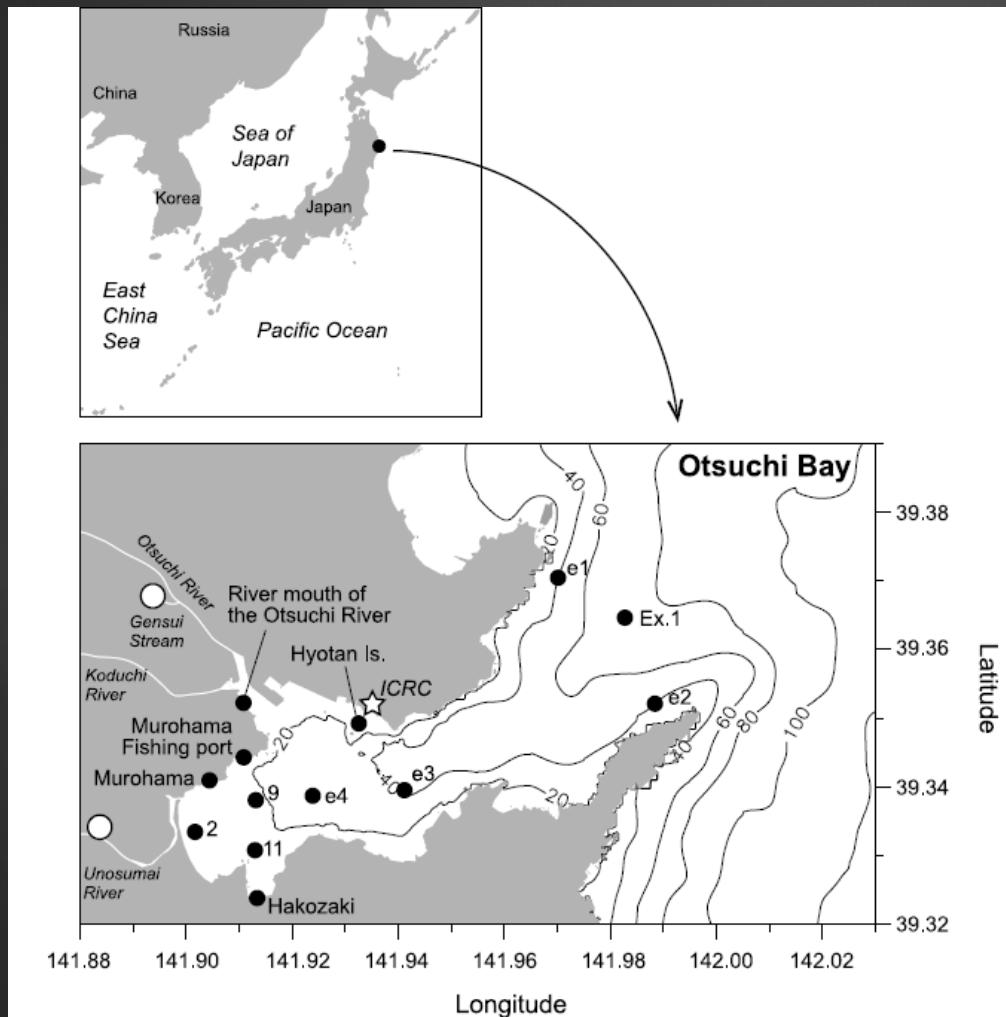
RESEARCH ARTICLE

Understanding seasonal migration of Shishamo smelt in coastal regions using environmental DNA

Tetsu Yatsuyanagi<sup>1</sup>, Hitoshi Araki<sup>2\*</sup>

## 2-3. Species-specific approach

Species-specific primer + q-PCR



Chum salmon (*Oncorhynchus keta*)

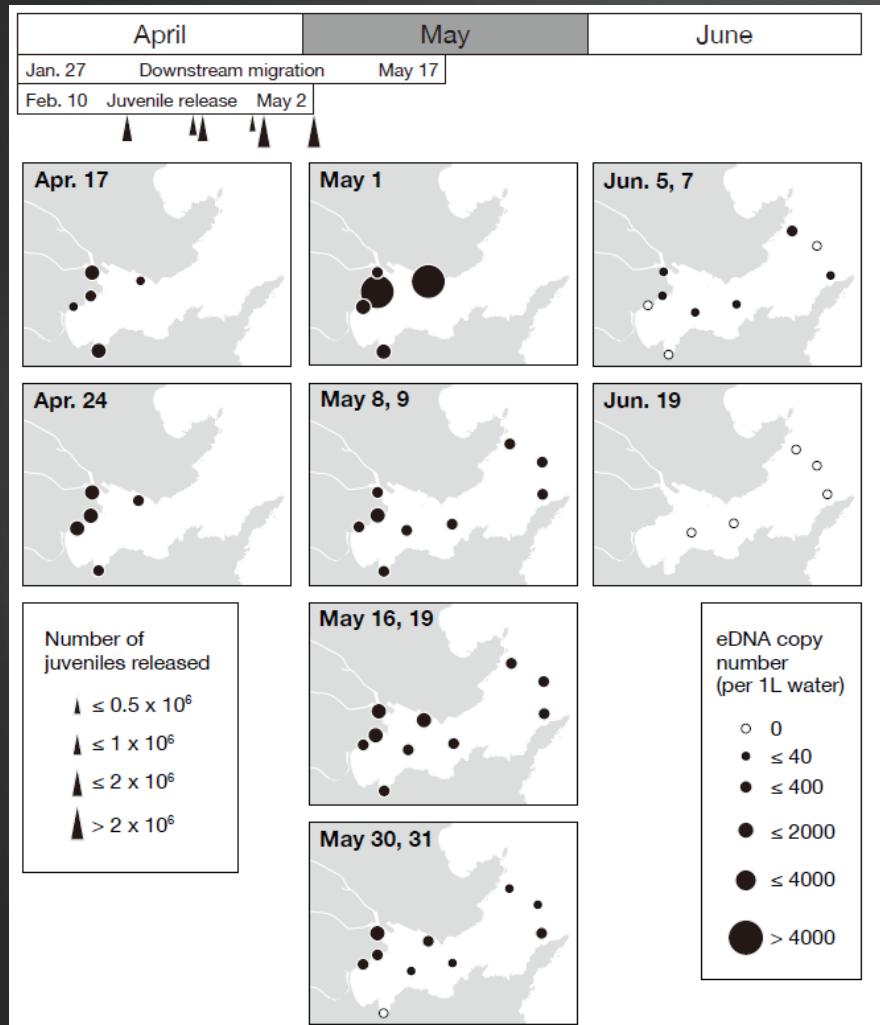


Y. Minegishi  
(U. Tokyo)

(Minegishi et al. 2019 *PLoS One*)

# 2-3. Species-specific approach

## Species-specific primer + q-PCR



Chum salmon (*Oncorhynchus keta*)

PLOS ONE

RESEARCH ARTICLE

Spatiotemporal distribution of juvenile chum salmon in Otsuchi Bay, Iwate, Japan, inferred from environmental DNA

Yuki Minegishi<sup>1\*</sup>, Marty Kwok-Shing Wong<sup>2</sup>, Takashi Kanbe<sup>3</sup>, Hitoshi Araki<sup>3</sup>, Tomomi Kashiwabara<sup>2</sup>, Minoru Ijichi<sup>2</sup>, Kazuhiro Kogure<sup>2</sup>, Susumu Hyodo<sup>2</sup>

→ *Salmon juvenile migration toward open-sea*

(Minegishi et al. 2019 *PLoS One*)

### 3. Taxon-wide approach

eDNA for answering questions such as:

*Who are around?*

*Any relationship among species?*

NGS applications



# 3-1. Taxon-wide approach



## MiFish, fish universal primers for eDNA metabarcoding

ROYAL SOCIETY  
OPEN SCIENCE

[rsos.royalsocietypublishing.org](http://rsos.royalsocietypublishing.org)

Research



Cite this article: Miya M et al. 2015 MiFish, a set of universal PCR primers for metabarcoding environmental DNA from fishes: detection of more than 230 subtropical marine species. *R. Soc. open sci.* 2: 150088. <http://dx.doi.org/10.1098/rsos.150088>

Received: 26 February 2015

Accepted: 25 June 2015

MiFish, a set of universal PCR primers for metabarcoding environmental DNA from fishes: detection of more than 230 subtropical marine species

M. Miya<sup>1,2</sup>, Y. Sato<sup>2,3</sup>, T. Fukunaga<sup>4</sup>, T. Sado<sup>1,2</sup>,  
J. Y. Poulsen<sup>1,2,5</sup>, K. Sato<sup>6</sup>, T. Minamoto<sup>2,7</sup>,  
S. Yamamoto<sup>2,7</sup>, H. Yamanaka<sup>2,8</sup>, H. Araki<sup>2,9</sup>,  
M. Kondoh<sup>2,8</sup> and W. Iwasaki<sup>2,4,10</sup>



M. Miya  
(Nat. Hist. Museum, Chiba)

# 3-1. Taxon-wide approach



## MiFish, fish universal primers for eDNA metabarcoding

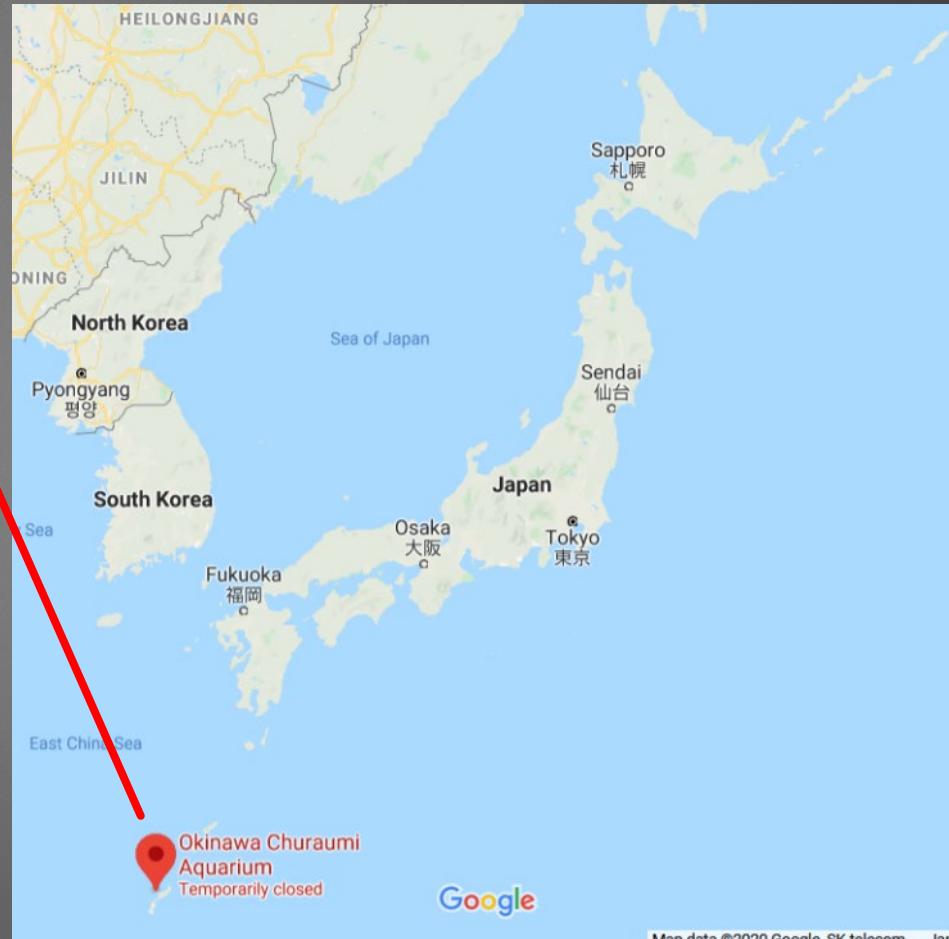
- Originally based upon the MitoFish database (<http://mitofish.aori.u-tokyo.ac.jp/>)
- Super-variable region between highly conserved regions in 12S (mt-genome)
- Reference DNA sequences over 7000+ fish species



(Miya et al. 2015, RSOS)

# 3-1. Taxon-wide approach

## Empirical test at Okinawa Aquarium



Okinawa Churaumi  
Aquarium  
Temporarily closed

Google

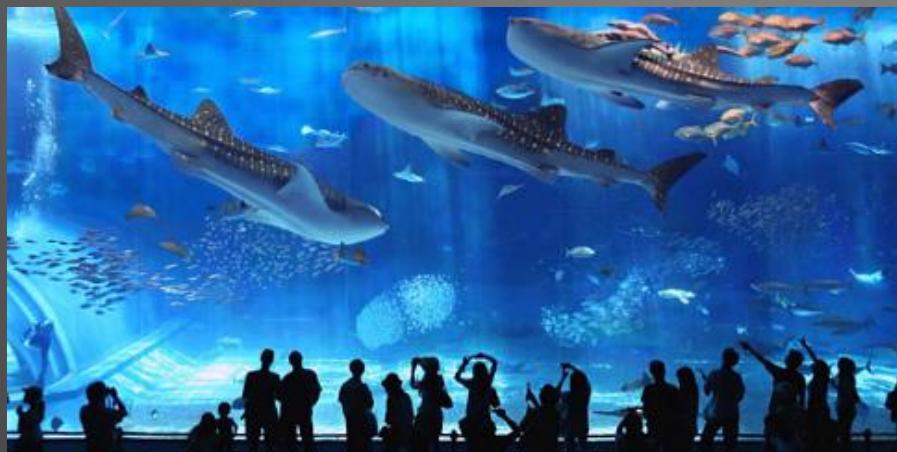


# 3-1. Taxon-wide approach



## Empirical test at Okinawa Aquarium

tank	Volume (m <sup>3</sup> )	Species No. (with reference)	Total DNA reads	Species detected (%)
Tank-1	7,500	63	2,568,008	61 (96.8%)
Tank-2	700	105	1,301,723	95 (90.5%)
Tank-3	230	13	240,508	13 (100%)
Tank-4	35.6	8	212,643	8 (100%)

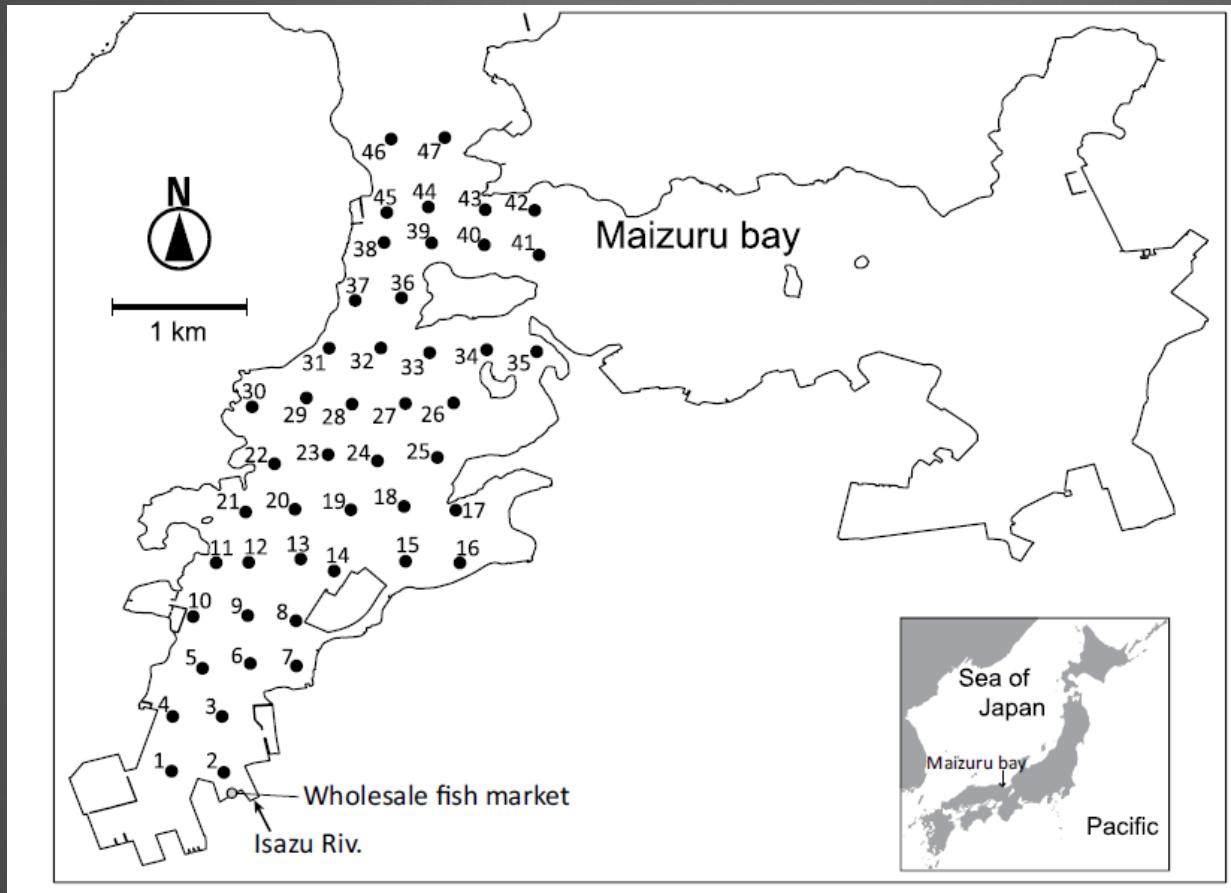


→ 93.3% of species identified (168/180 sp.)

(Miya et al. 2015, *RSOS*)

## 3-2. Taxon-wide approach

eDNA metabarcoding in Maizuru Bay, Kyoto

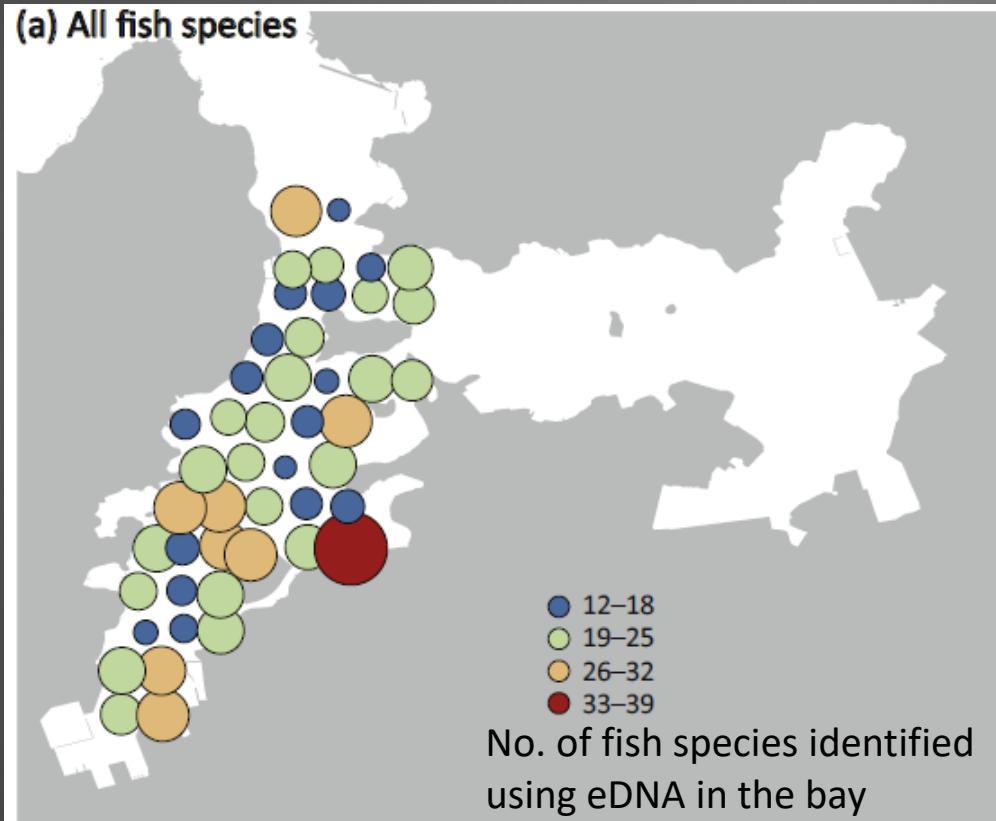


## 3-2. Taxon-wide approach

### eDNA metabarcoding in Maizuru Bay, Kyoto

6-hour water collection → 128 species  
14-year visual censuses → 80 species

↔ x 1.6



(Photo by R. Masuda)

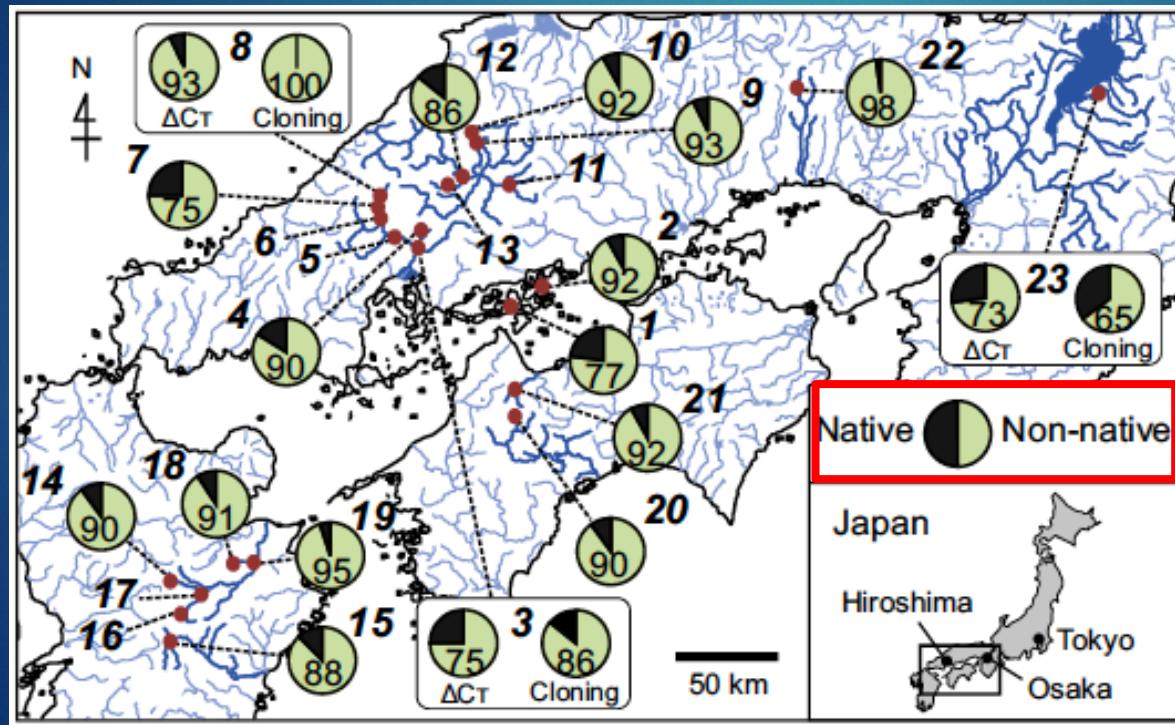
(Yamamoto et al. 2017, *Scientific Reports*)



# 4-1. Challenges & Future studies

## eDNA for detecting cryptic invasions

### Intra-specific Mt-genome variation



Common carp  
(*Cyprinus carpio*)



K. Uchii  
(Osaka Ohtani U.)

# 4-2. Challenges & Future studies

## eDNA from sediment core samples

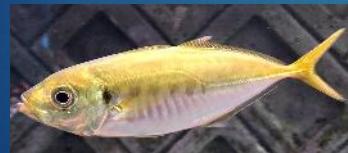
Beppu Bay, Japan



Anchovy (*E. japonicus*)



Sardine (*S. melanosticlus*)



Jack mackerel  
(*T. japonicus*)

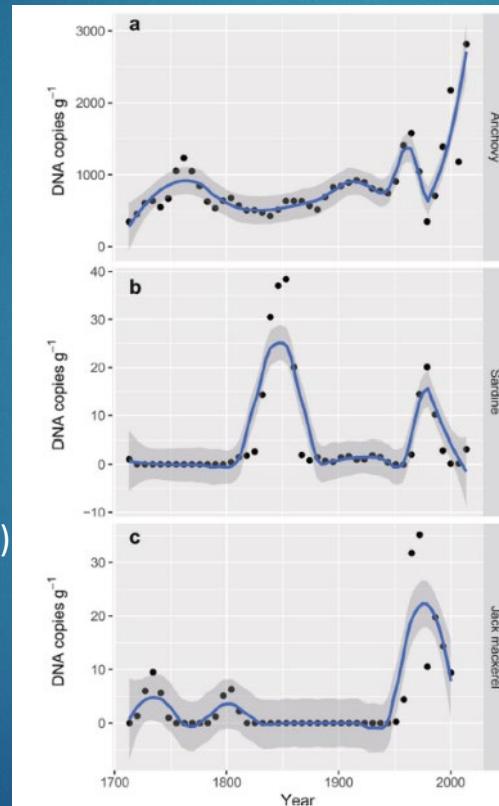


Fig. 2 The results of general additive models (GAM) from inter-core, seven-year averaged sedDNA concentrations. a *Engraulis japonicus* (Japanese anchovy); b *Sardinops melanosticlus* (Japanese sardine); c *Trachurus japonicus* (jack mackerel). Blue line denotes a regression line of GAM with the 95% confidence interval (gray zone).



~100cm sediment core in the bay  
covering 300 years

→ Abundance change of 3 dominant  
fish species in 300 years

### ARTICLE

<https://doi.org/10.1038/s42003-020-01282-9>

OPEN

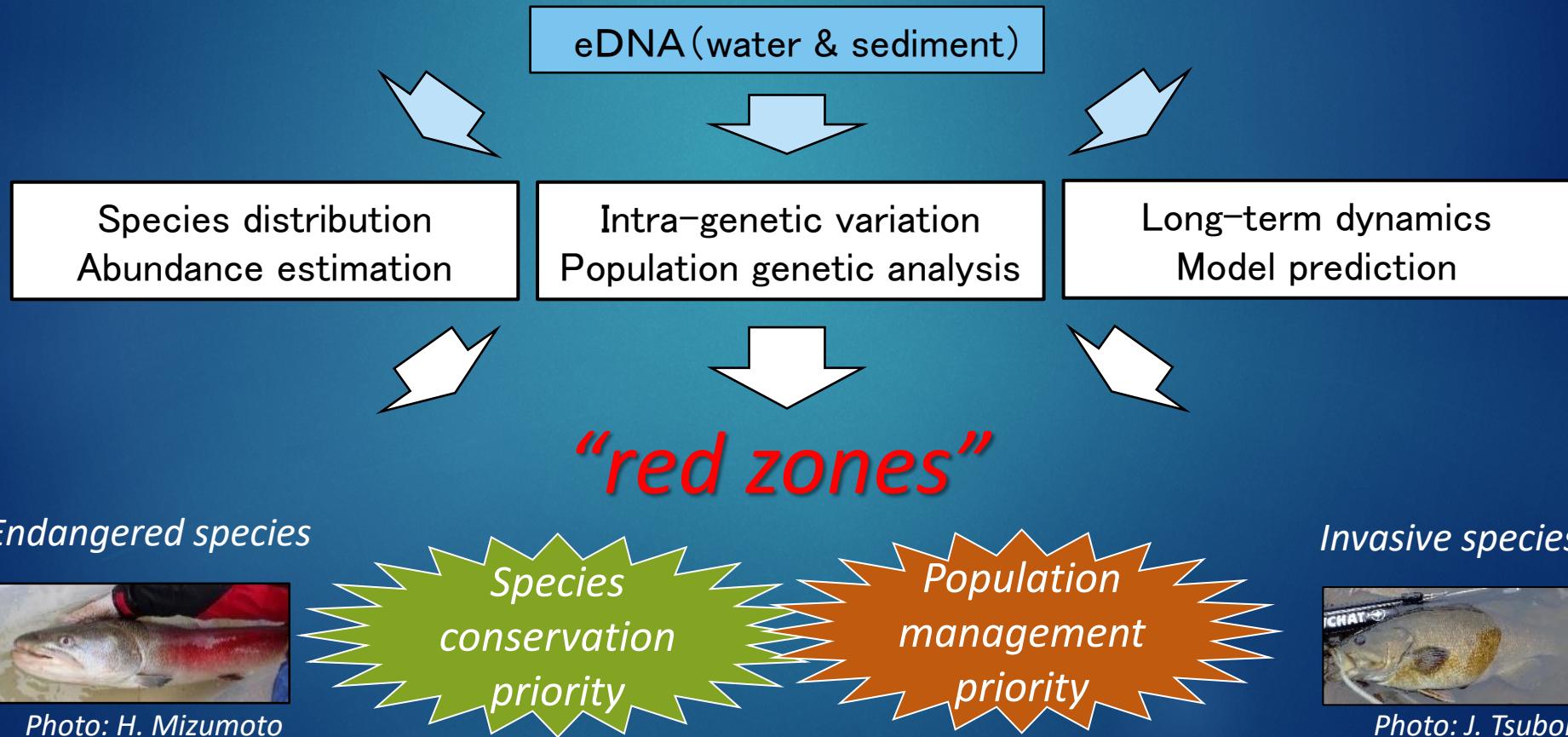
Sedimentary DNA tracks decadal-centennial changes in fish abundance

Michinobu Kuwae<sup>1,5</sup>, Hiromichi Tamai<sup>1</sup>, Hideyuki Doi<sup>1,2,5</sup>, Masayuki K. Sakata<sup>3</sup>, Toshifumi Minamoto<sup>1,3</sup> & Yoshiaki Suzuki<sup>1,6</sup>

(Kuwae et al. 2020 *Comm. Biol.*)

# 4-3. Challenges & Future studies

Environment Research and Technology Development Project (2020-2022)  
*Development and Application of Environmental DNA Techniques for Evaluating Distribution and Population Status of Rare/Invasive Species*





# The eDNA Society

The eDNA Society, a general incorporated association, aims at fostering and developing eDNA Science as a discipline that contributes to the human well-being, such as sustainable use of ecosystems and environmental conservation.

## About the Society

**The eDNA Society, a general incorporated association, aims at fostering and developing eDNA Science as a discipline that contributes to the human well-being, such as sustainable use of ecosystems and environmental conservation.**

[What is eDNA?](#)

[The eDNA Society](#)

[Environmental DNA Sampling and Experiment Manual](#)

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# The eDNA Society

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Joint Annual Meeting of The eDNA Soci...

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The Joint Meeting of The eDNA Society & The Society of  
Population Ecology

# Ecology in the Age of Big Data & Open Data

14-16 November, 2020

online

# Environmental DNA Sampling and Experiment Manual

The eDNA Society published the standardized manual for eDNA analysis, "Environmental DNA Sampling and Experiment Manual". We wish this manual will contribute for solving the global issues relating to the biodiversity loss and for promoting the conservation.

- [Environmental DNA Sampling and Experiment Manual \(ver. 2.2\) \(in Jpn\)](#) (Published on April 3, 2020)
- [Environmental DNA Sampling and Experiment Manual \(ver. 2.1\) \(in Eng\)](#) (Published on April 3, 2020)

COMMENTARY

What is eDNA?

The eDNA Society

Environmental DNA Sampling and Experiment Manual

List of Society Events

Contact

Topics

Environmental DNA  
Dedicated to the study and use of environmental DNA for basic and applied sciences

WILEY

An illustrated manual for environmental DNA research: Water sampling guidelines and experimental protocols

Toshifumi Minamoto<sup>1</sup>  | Masaki Miya<sup>2</sup>  | Tetsuya Sado<sup>2</sup> | Satoquo Seino<sup>3</sup> | Hideyuki Doi<sup>4</sup>  | Michio Kondoh<sup>5</sup> | Keigo Nakamura<sup>6</sup>  | Teruhiko Takahara<sup>7</sup> | Satoshi Yamamoto<sup>8</sup>  | Hiroki Yamanaka<sup>9</sup>  | Hitoshi Araki<sup>10</sup>  | Wataru Iwasaki<sup>11</sup>  | Akihide Kasai<sup>12</sup> | Reiji Masuda<sup>13</sup> | Kimiko Uchii<sup>14</sup> 

(Minamoto et al. 2020, *Environmental DNA*)



# **TIME FOR YOUR QUESTIONS!**