



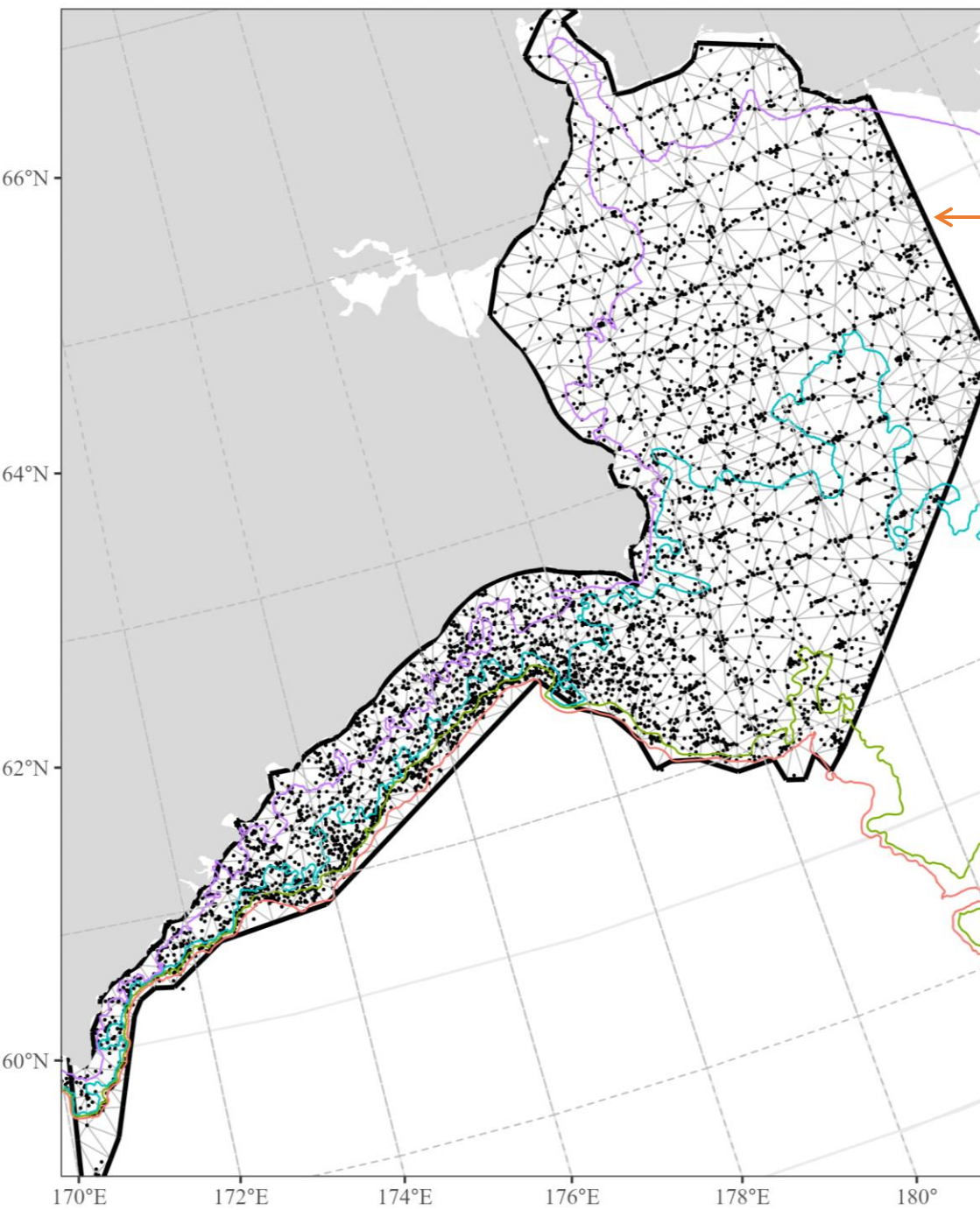
Pacific branch («TINRO») of Russian Federal  
«Research Institute of Fisheries and Oceanography»  
(«VNIRO»)

# Problems of the Pacific cod stock assessment in the western Bering Sea in relation to temporal warming

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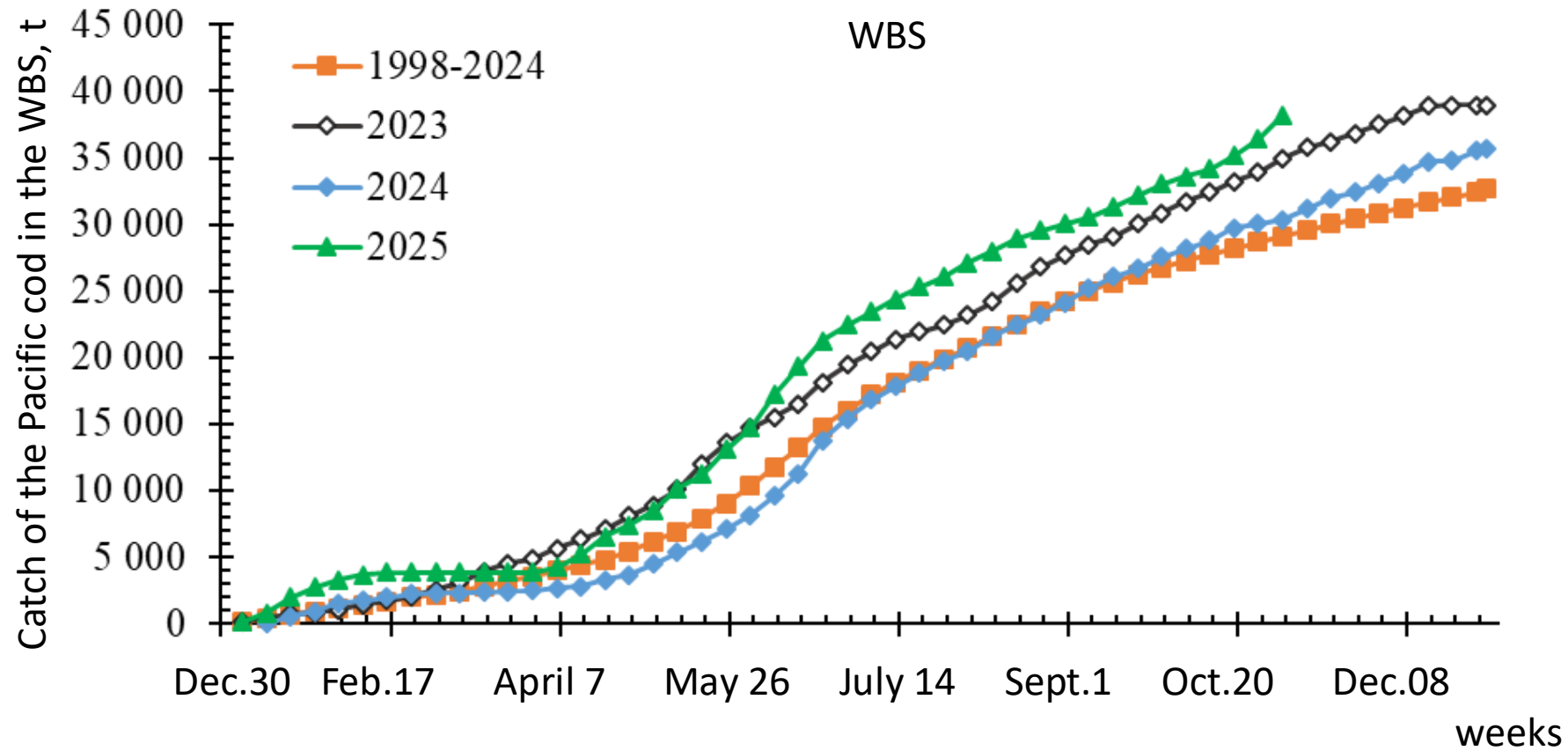


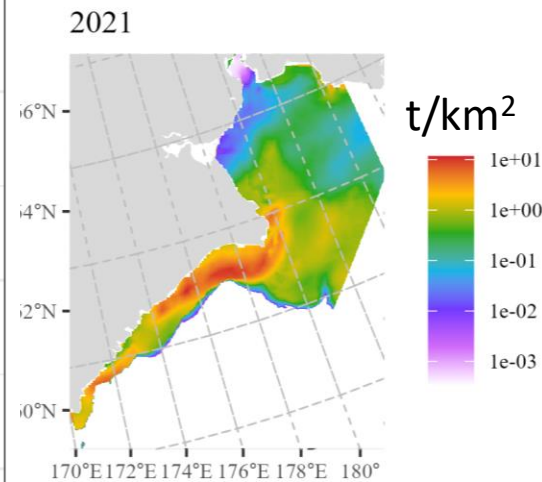
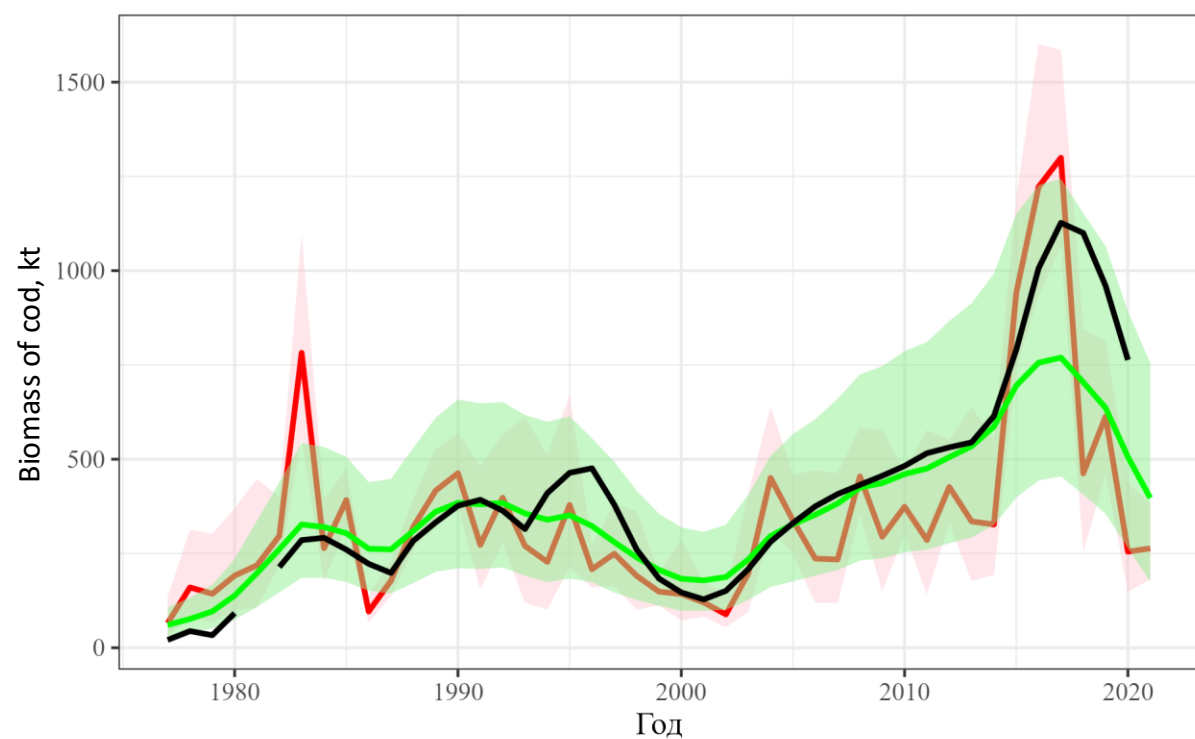
The Pacific cod (*Gadus macrocephalus*) is a very important demersal fish species in Russian bottom fisheries. Primarily it is harvested in the **western Bering Sea (WBS) fishing zone** (between 170°E and 175°W longitude in Russian EEZ).

| Year      | 2015  | 2016  | 2017  | 2018  | 2019   | 2020  |
|-----------|-------|-------|-------|-------|--------|-------|
| Catch, kt | 23.4  | 25.0  | 35.5  | 64.9  | 88.2   | 101.9 |
| TAC, kt   | 25.3  | 27.4  | 36.2  | 66.3  | 86.0   | 105.0 |
| % TAC     | 92.5% | 91.2% | 98.1% | 97.9% | 102.6% | 97.0% |

| Year      | 2021  | 2022  | 2023  | 2024  | 2025* | 2026 |
|-----------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|------|
| Catch, kt | 89.9  | 60.5  | 39.0  | 35.9  | 38.3  |      |
| TAC, kt   | 105.0 | 90.0  | 84.5  | 57.0  | 48.0  | 50.0 |
| % TAC     | 85.6% | 67.2% | 46.2% | 63.0% | 79.8% |      |

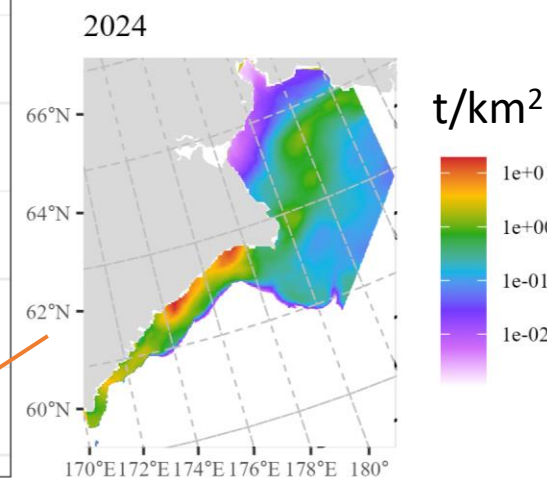
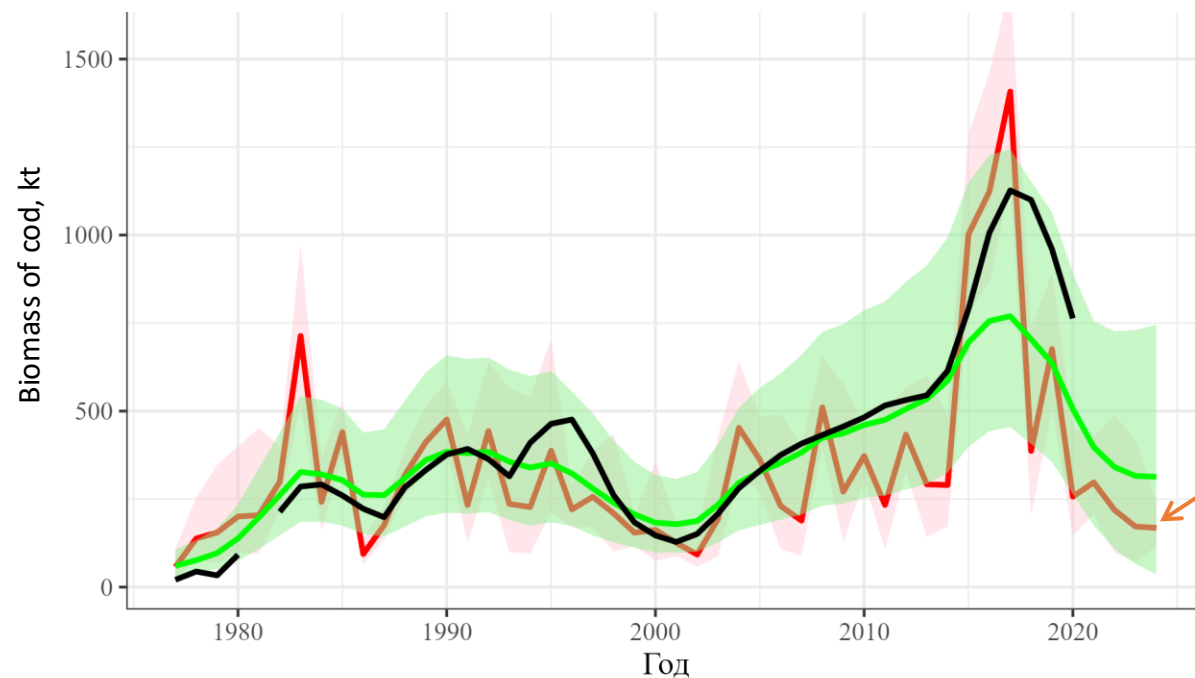
\*2025-11-05





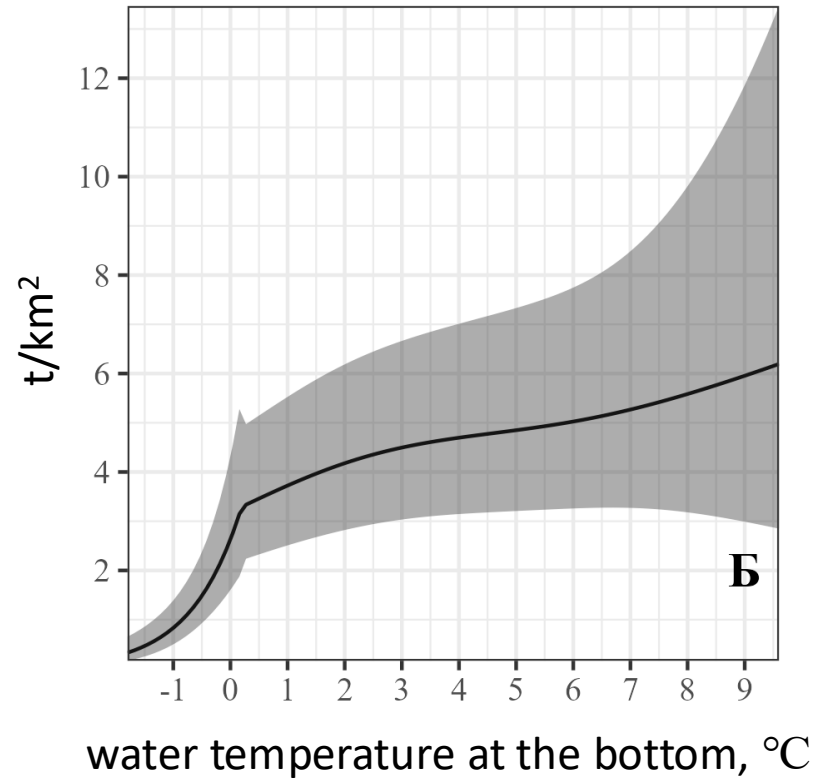
Distribution of C.I. around the median cod biomass ( $kt = 10^3 t$ ) in the ensemble **sdmTMB** (**red line**) with  $q = 0.666$  and dynamics of cod biomass assessed by **JABBA** considering **SSB** (**green line**) and **SSB** [Savin, 2023] with new  $q = 1.18$  (**black line**) on top of predefined  $q = 0.4$ , so final  $q$  is  $0.472$

Kulik V.V., Savin A.B. (2024). Vector Autoregressive Spatio-Temporal (VAST) models for biomass distribution of pacific cod *Gadus macrocephalus* (Gadidae) considering water temperature at the sea bottom in the West Bering Sea zone, *Izv. TINRO*, 204(3), pp. 722–744. (In Russ).  
DOI: 10.26428/1606-9919-2024-204-722-744

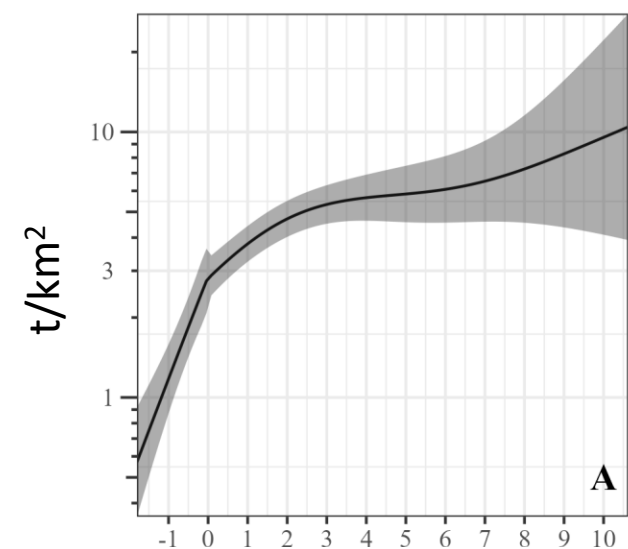


Kulik V.V. et al. (2024). Cod biomass index in the west Bering Sea zone, considering bottom temperature from 1977 to 2024, *Proceedings of the II International Scientific and Practical Conference, Moscow, VNIRO, November 18–22*, pp. 95–98. (In Russ).

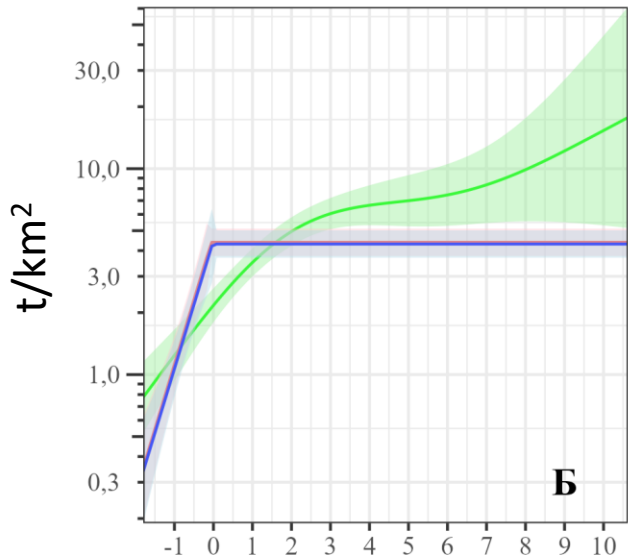
Distribution of C.I. around the median cod density ( $t/\text{km}^2$ ) by water temperature at the bottom ( $^{\circ}\text{C}$ ) for the median Depth = 93 m in the ensemble sdmTMB in 2021 (Kulik, Savin, 2024)



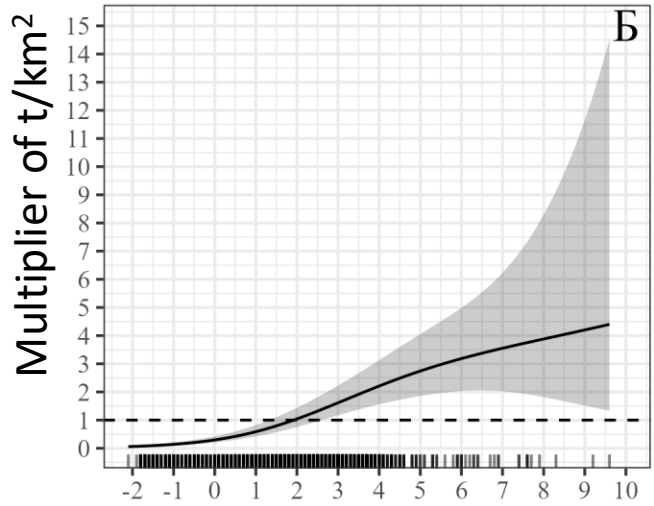
+2024 year  
(Kulik et al., 2024)



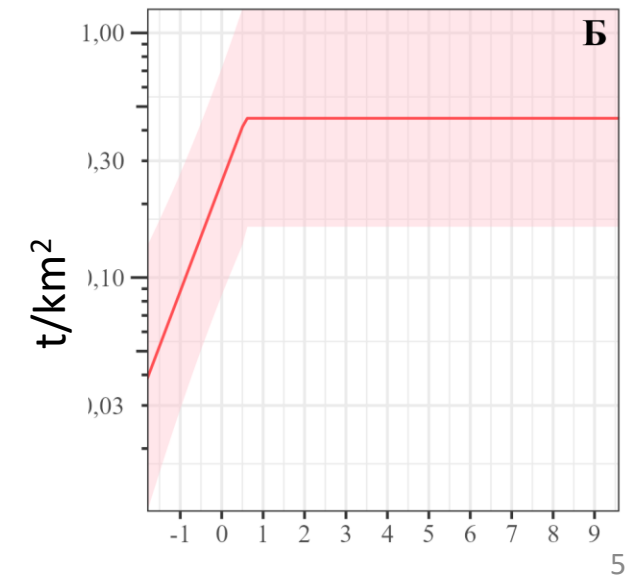
water temperature at the bottom,  $^{\circ}\text{C}$



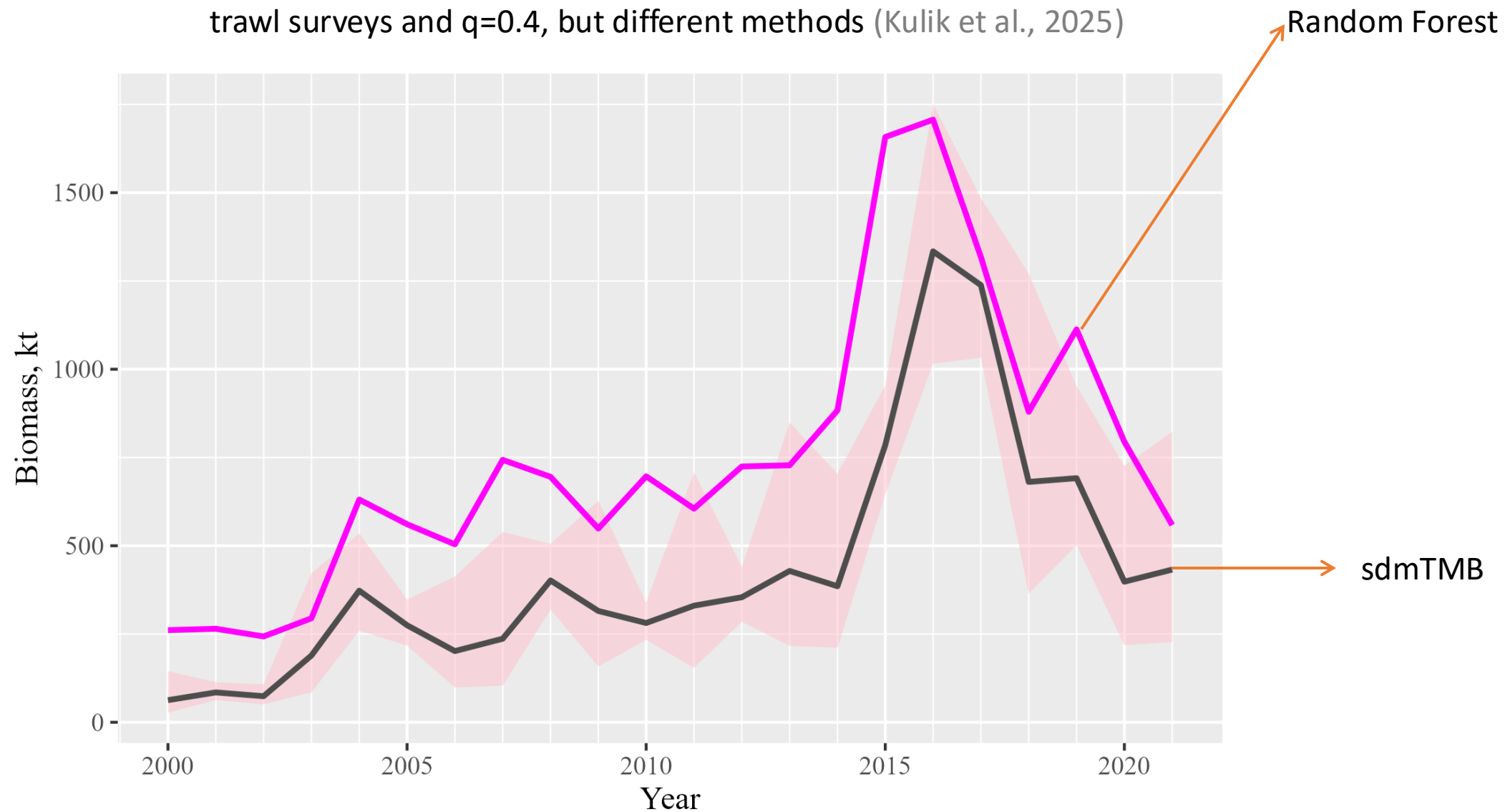
Kulik et al., 2025. Lagrangian Analysis of Satellite Data for the Pacific Cod Biomass Estimation in the West Bering Sea Zone, *Issledovanie Zemli iz Kosmosa*, 4, pp. 87–107. (In Russ)



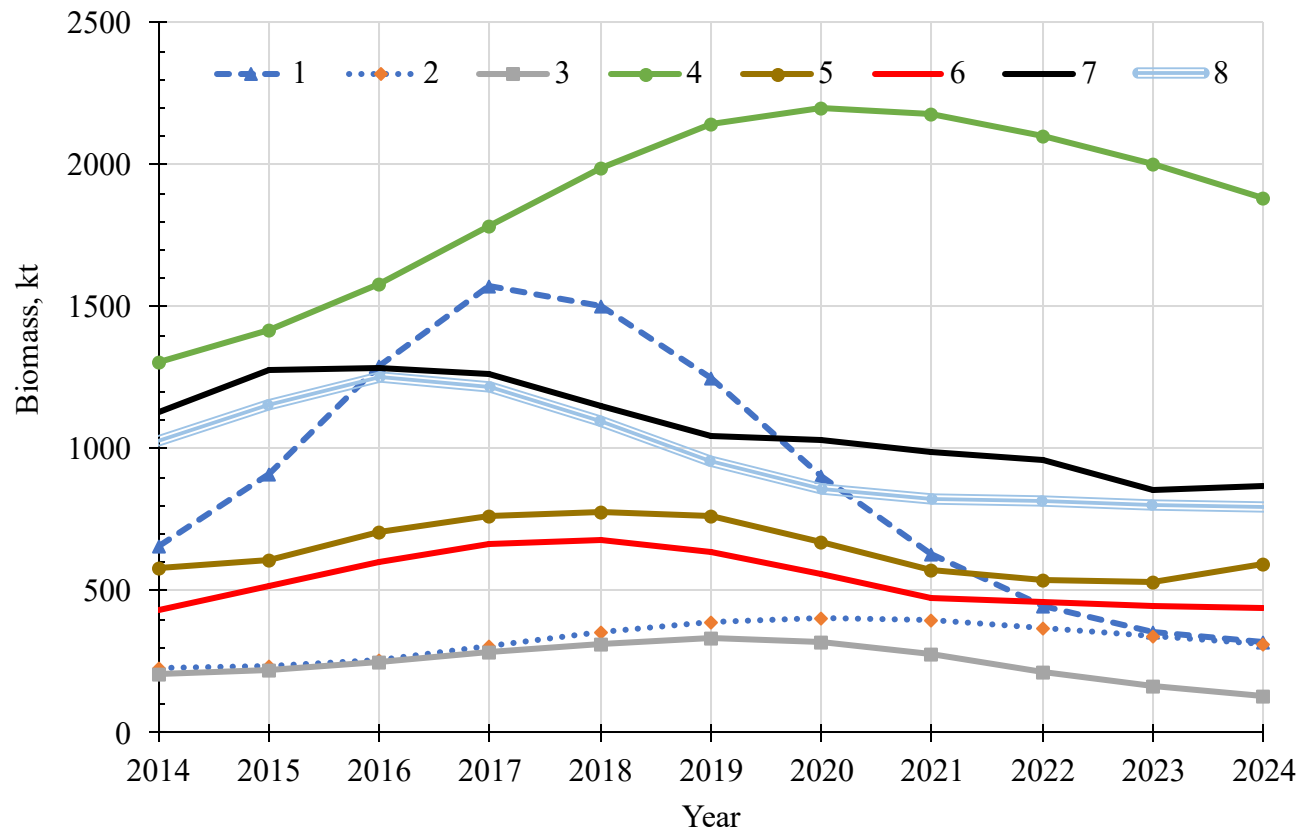
water temperature at the bottom,  $^{\circ}\text{C}$



Scaling issue of biomass estimated from the same data from bottom trawl surveys and  $q=0.4$ , but different methods (Kulik et al., 2025)



Warming of bottom temperatures after 2014 is suspected in unusual distribution of biomass of cod in such a way that its sum in WBS could not be reproduced in the models of biomass dynamics and statistical catch at age (SCAA) models assuming independence and stationarity of biological parameters of the WBS stock.



Cod **SSB** estimates:  
in the WBS zone

1 – in the Synthesis model with forced biomass scaling equal to scientific surveys area-swept estimates,  
2 – in the Synthesis model with maximum likelihood,  
3 – in the model with unscented Kalman Smoother (UKS) and logistic selectivity,  
4 – in the model with UKS and exponential-logistic selectivity,

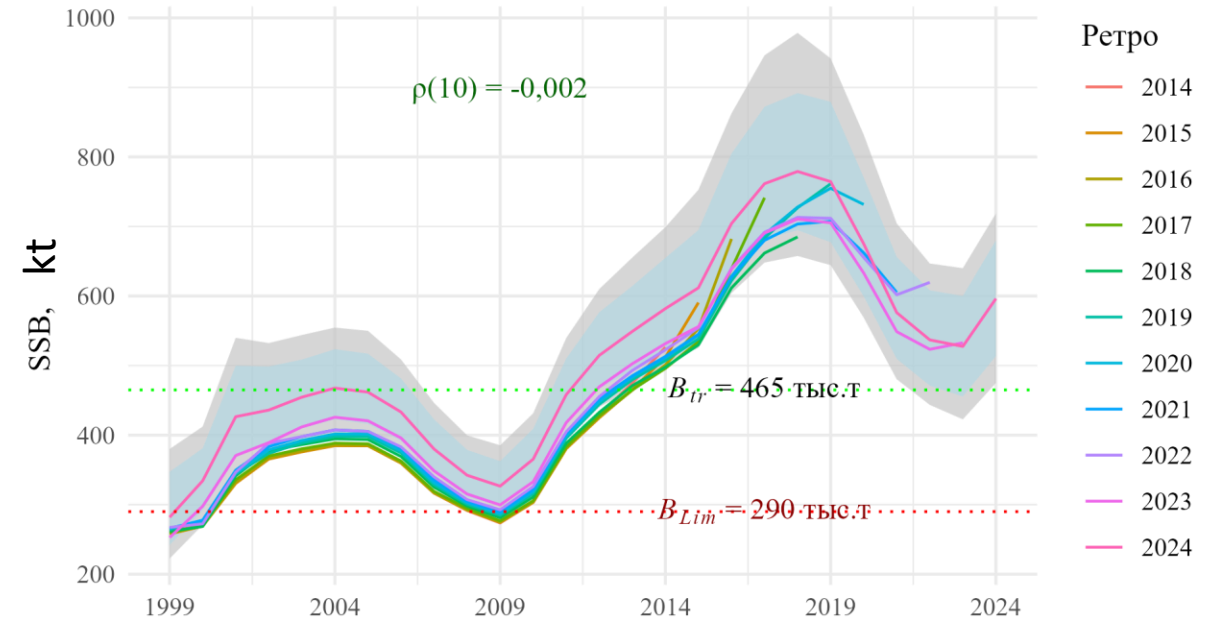
5 – in the model with UKS and exponential-logistic selectivity for the **entire northern Bering Sea (WBS+EBS)**,  
6 – in the SS3 model for the **northeastern part of the sea (EBS+NBS)**;

**TSB** estimates for cod:

7 – in the model with UKS and exponential-logistic selectivity for the **entire northern Bering Sea (WBS+EBS)**  
8 – in the SS3 model for the **EBS**

# in the model with UKS and exponential-logistic selectivity for the **entire northern Bering Sea (WBS+EBS)**

| Year, t            | SSB, kt |              |        |        | Mohn     |           | Absolute errors |             |         |
|--------------------|---------|--------------|--------|--------|----------|-----------|-----------------|-------------|---------|
|                    | $P_t$   | Naïve, $P_t$ | $Y_t$  | $T_t$  | $\rho_t$ | $\rho(t)$ | $e_t$           | Naïve $e_t$ | $ q_t $ |
| 2014               |         |              | 526.31 | 581.95 | -0.096   |           |                 |             |         |
| 2015               | 595.88  | 526.31       | 590.61 | 611.84 | -0.035   | -0.026    | 5.27            | 64.30       | 0.08    |
| 2016               | 760.23  | 590.61       | 682.18 | 704.22 | -0.031   | 0.080     | 78.05           | 91.57       | 0.85    |
| 2017               | 787.19  | 682.18       | 741.32 | 761.59 | -0.027   | 0.034     | 45.88           | 59.13       | 0.78    |
| 2018               | 811.24  | 741.32       | 684.99 | 779.14 | -0.121   | 0.041     | 126.26          | 56.33       | 2.24    |
| 2019               | 646.49  | 684.99       | 761.40 | 764.52 | -0.004   | -0.154    | -114.91         | 76.41       | 1.50    |
| 2020               | 688.00  | 761.40       | 731.70 | 675.16 | 0.084    | 0.019     | -43.70          | 29.70       | 1.47    |
| 2021               | 638.80  | 731.70       | 605.23 | 576.18 | 0.050    | 0.109     | 33.57           | 126.47      | 0.27    |
| 2022               | 556.52  | 605.23       | 619.64 | 536.93 | 0.154    | 0.036     | -63.12          | 14.41       | 4.38    |
| 2023               | 676.90  | 619.64       | 532.73 | 527.55 | 0.010    | 0.283     | 144.17          | 86.91       | 1.66    |
| 2024               | 638.77  | 532.73       |        | 596.22 |          | 0.071     | 638.77          | 532.73      | 1.20    |
| Mohn's $\rho$ (10) |         |              |        |        | -0.002   | 0.049     | MASE(10)        |             | 1.44    |
| Mohn's $\rho$ (5)  |         |              |        |        | 0.06     | 0.10      | MASE(5)         |             | 1.79    |



$P_t$  – SSB forecast in year t from the previous year's estimates.

$Y_t$  – SSB estimate in the terminal year t,  $T_t$  – SSB terminal estimates (full set of data)

$$e_t = Y_t - P_t$$

$$\text{Naïve } P_t = Y_{t-1}$$

$$\text{Naïve } e_t = \text{Naïve } P_t - Y_t$$

$$q_t = e_t / |\text{Naïve } e_t|$$

MASE is equal to the average of the absolute values  $|q_t|$  over the selected period of years (5 or 10).

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*With contributions from:*

Kerim Aydin, Asia Beder, Mathew Callahan, Bridget Ferriss, Kirstin Holsman, Beth Matta, Susanne McDermott, Jens Nielsen, Jordan Watson, and Stephani Zador

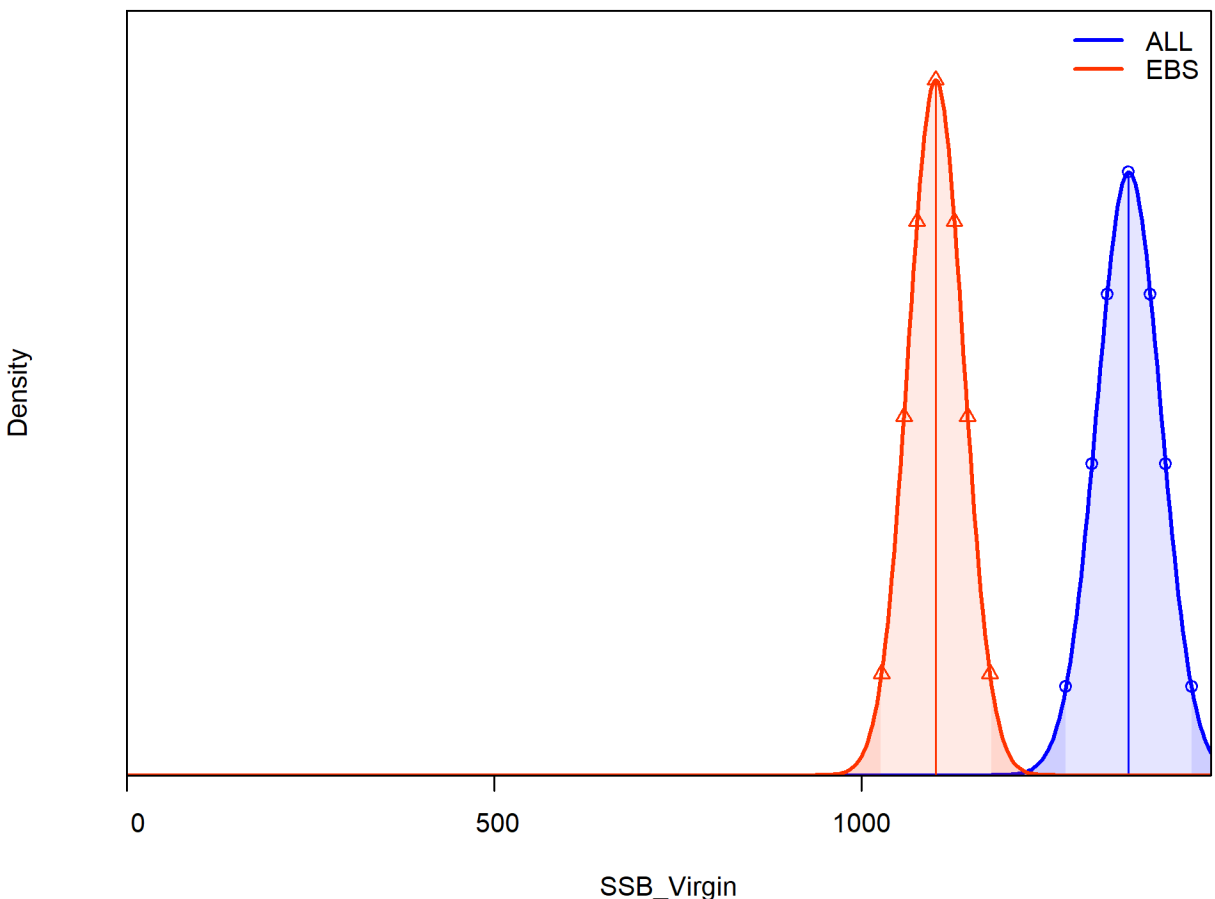
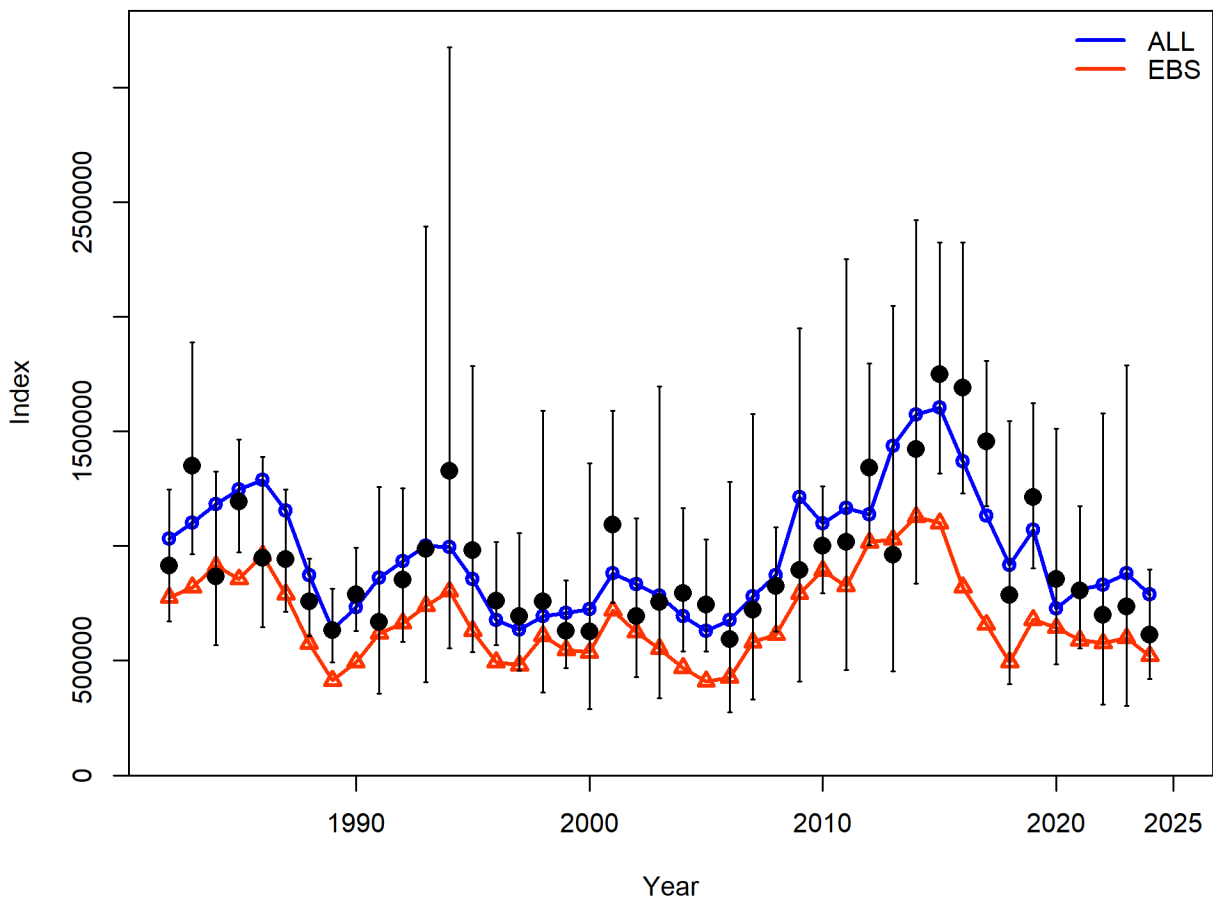
This report may be cited as:

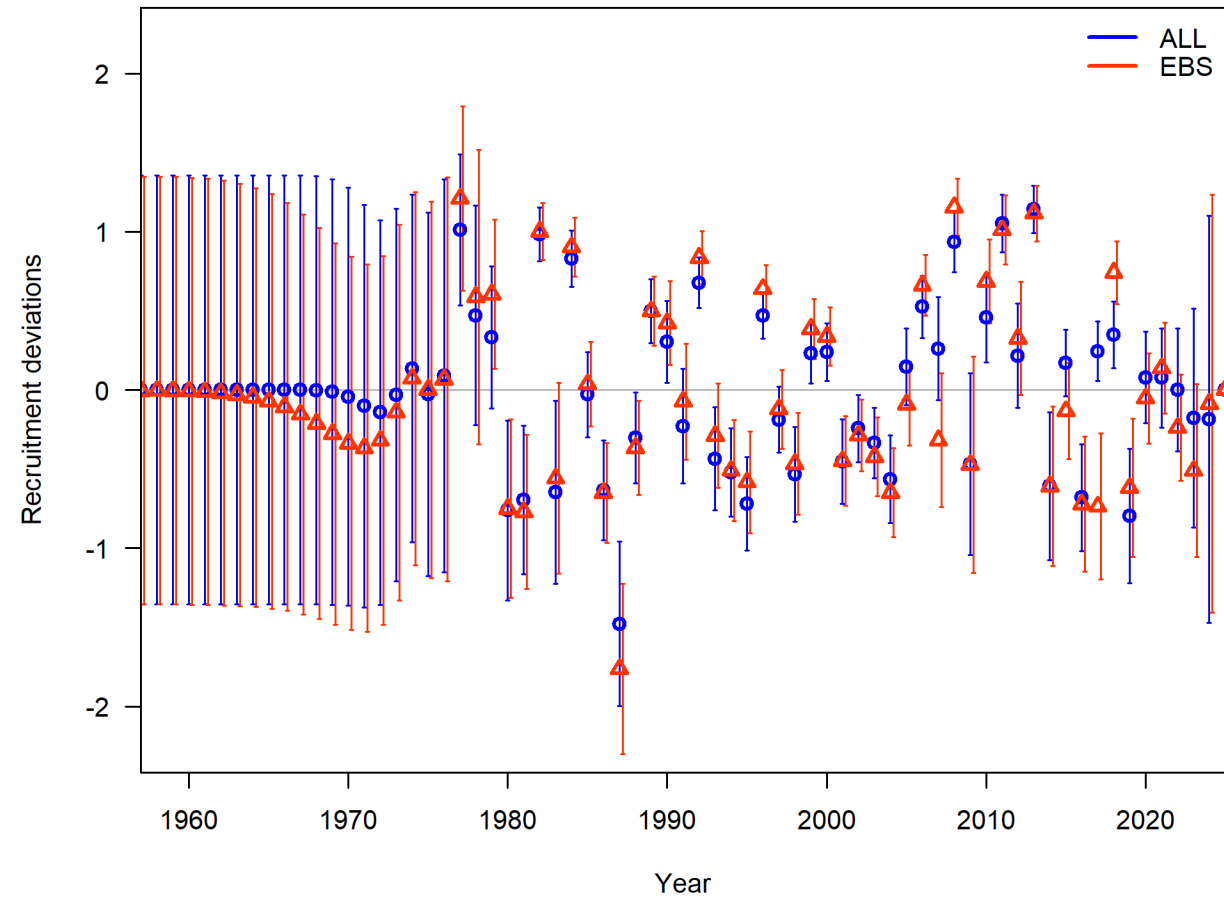
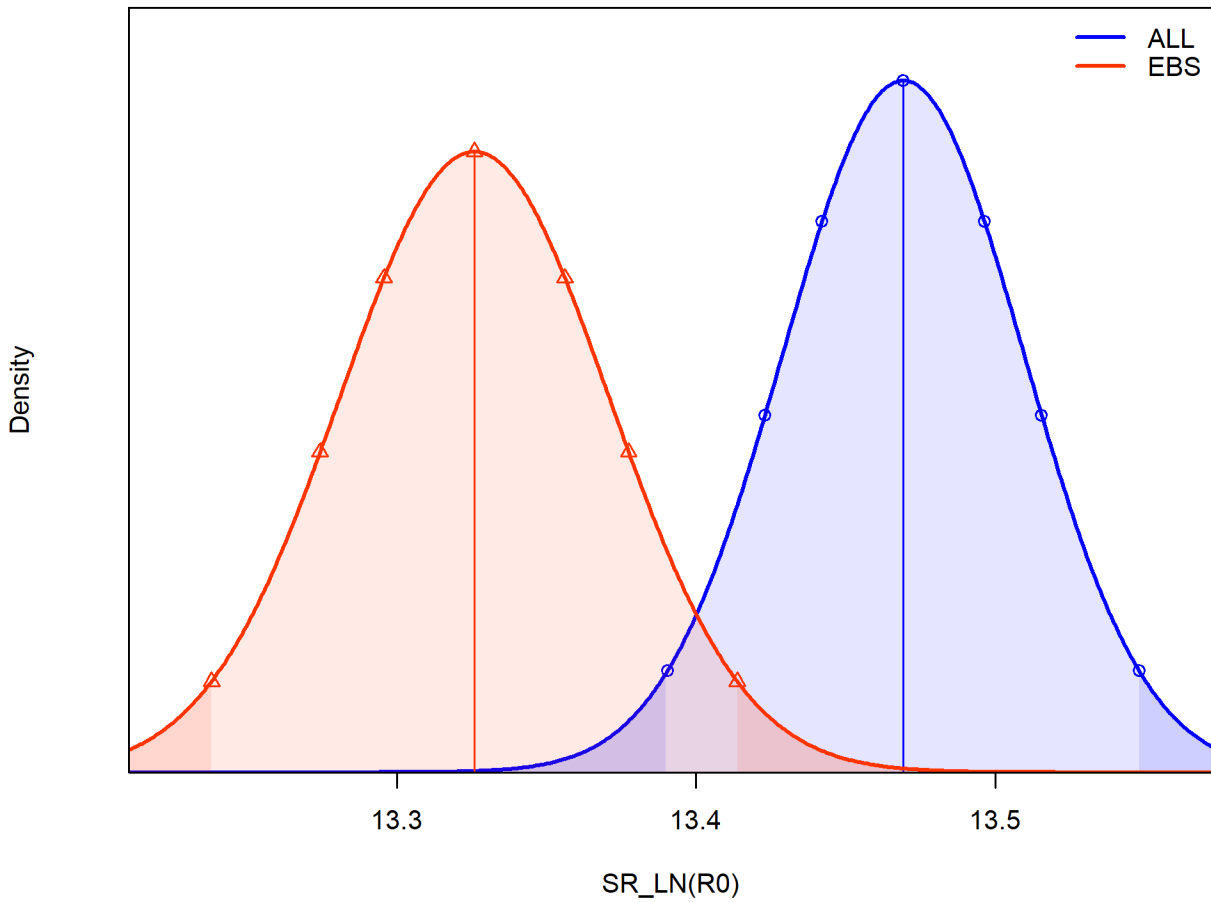
Barbeaux, S. J., Barnett, L., Hulson, P., Nielsen, J., Shotwell, S. K., Siddon, E., and Spies, I.  
2024. Assessment of the Pacific cod stock in the Eastern Bering Sea. *In* Plan Team for  
the Groundfish Fisheries of the Bering Sea/Aleutian Islands (compiler), Stock assessment  
and fishery evaluation report for the groundfish resources of the Bering Sea/Aleutian  
Islands regions, p. 1-150. North Pacific Fishery Management Council, 605 W. 4th  
Avenue Suite 306, Anchorage, AK 99501

**+ Russian data.**

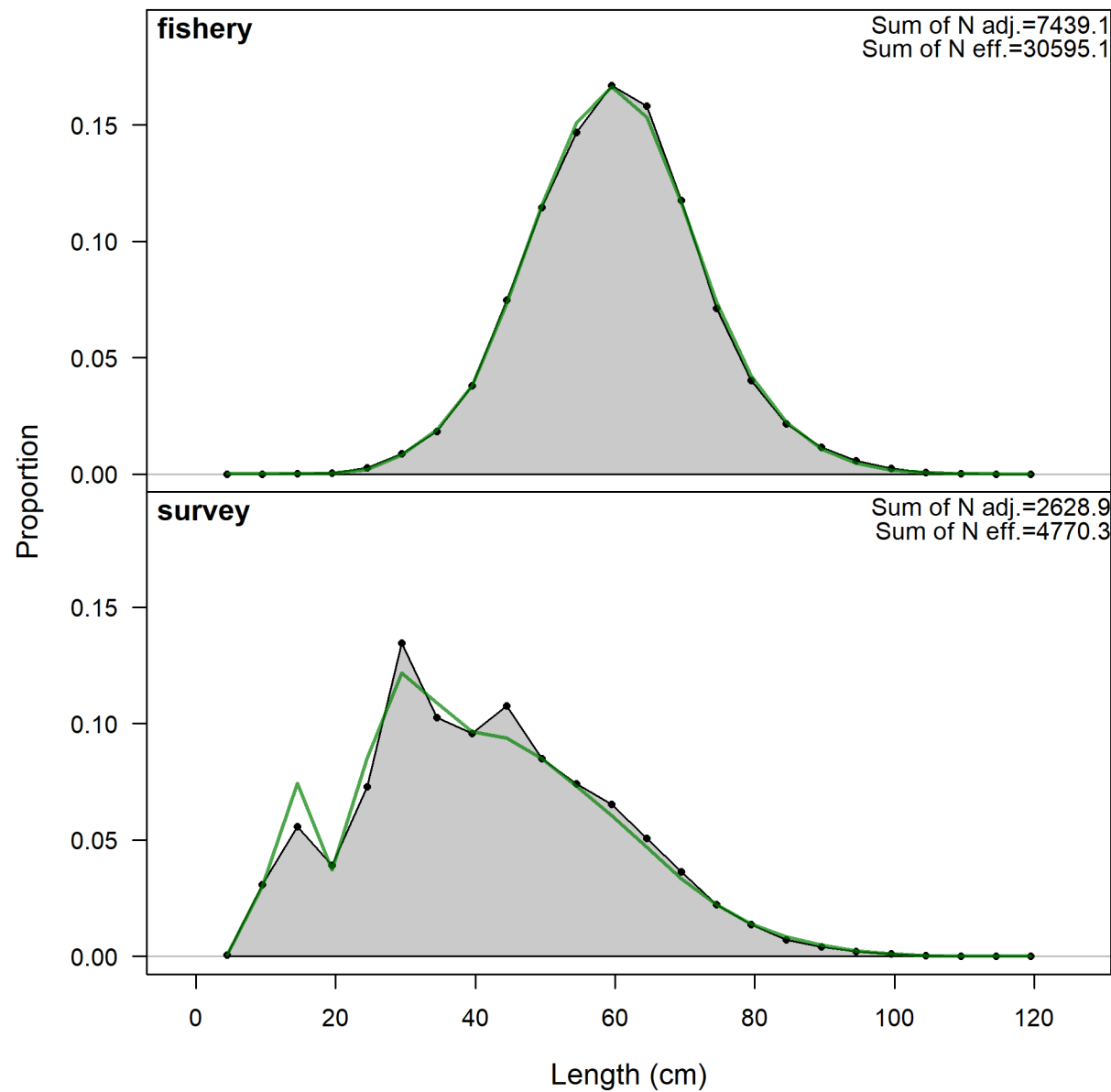
SS3 model 24.1 after inclusion of catch,  
age, and length data from Russia.

correlation between survey index input and output  
increased from 0.769 (EBS) to 0.782 (ALL)

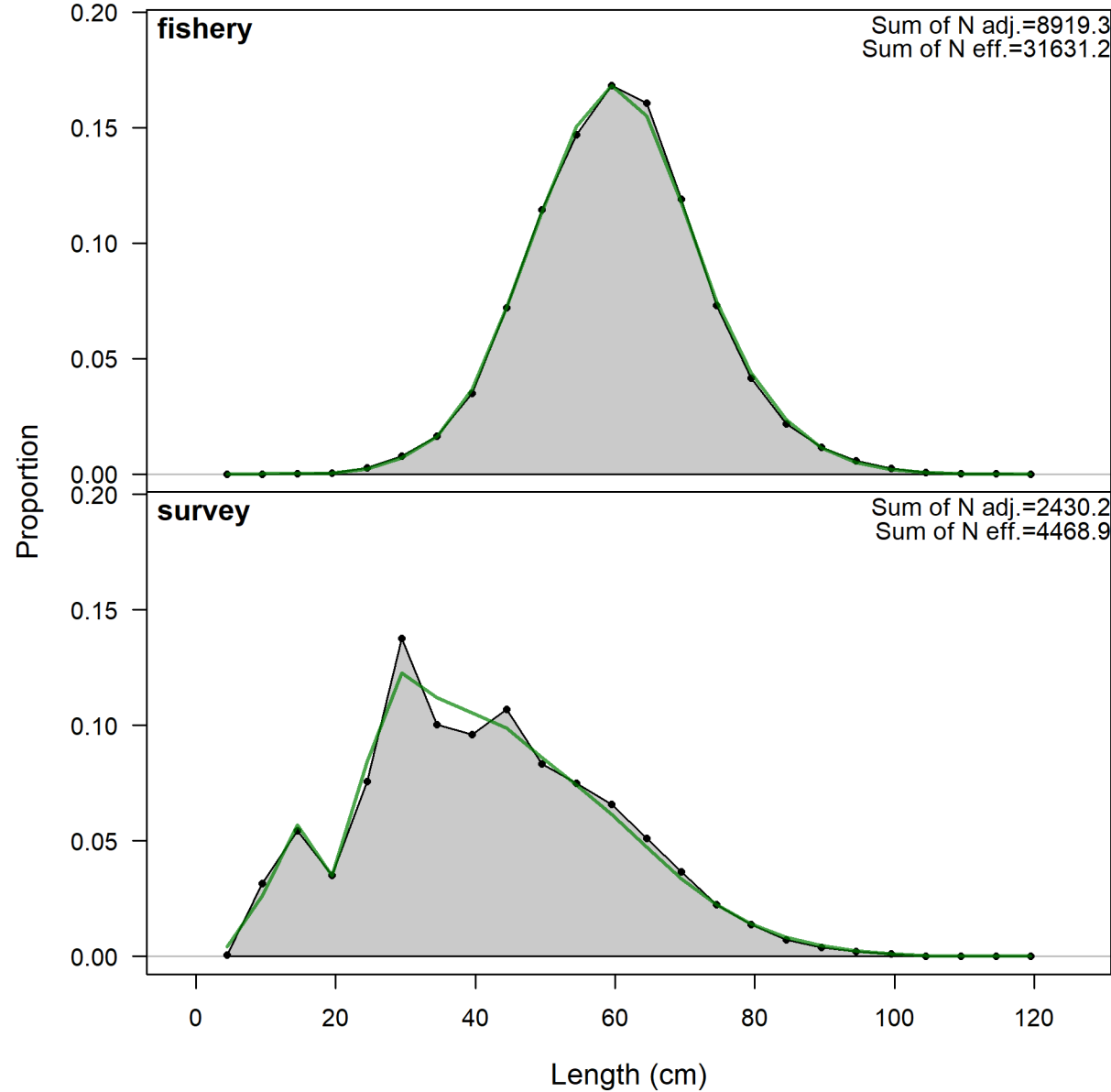




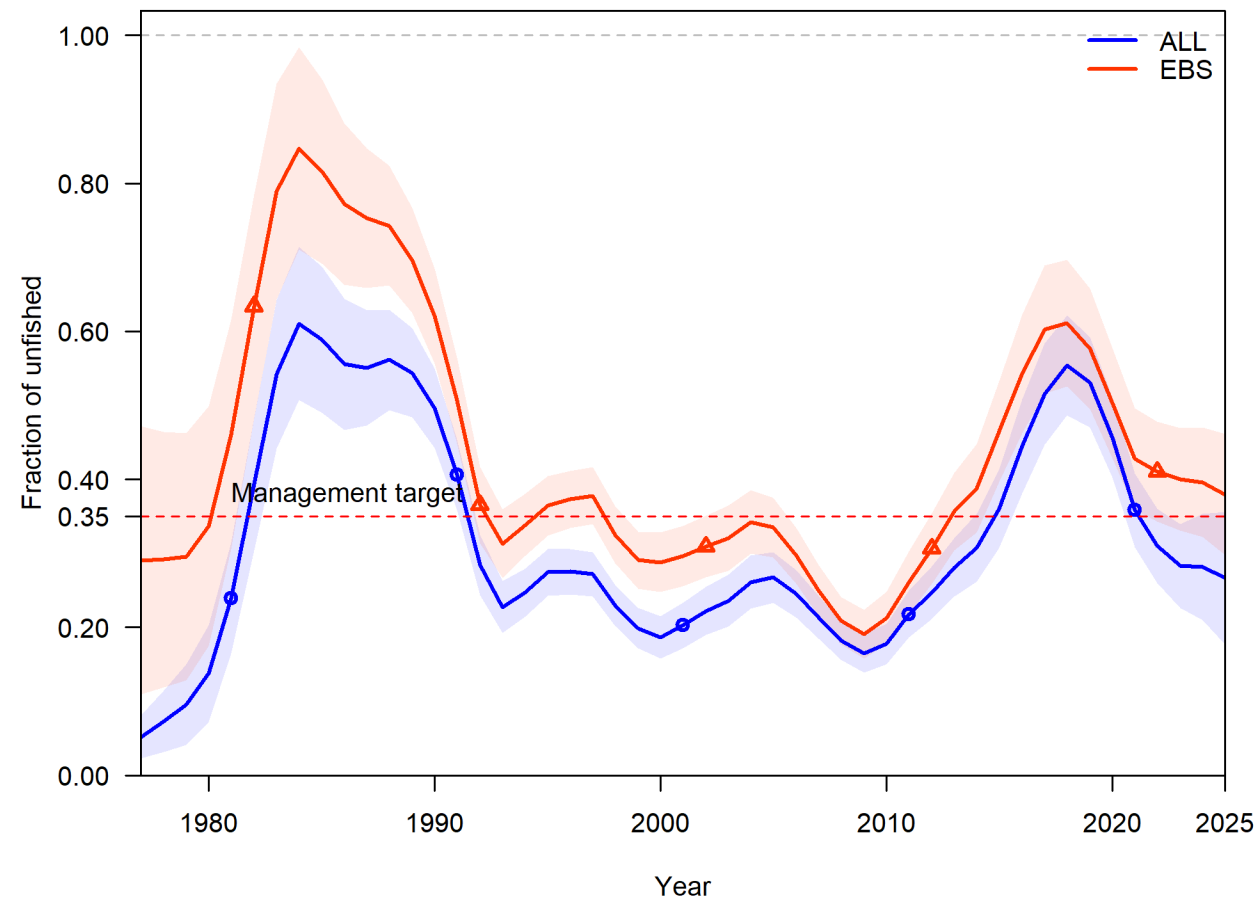
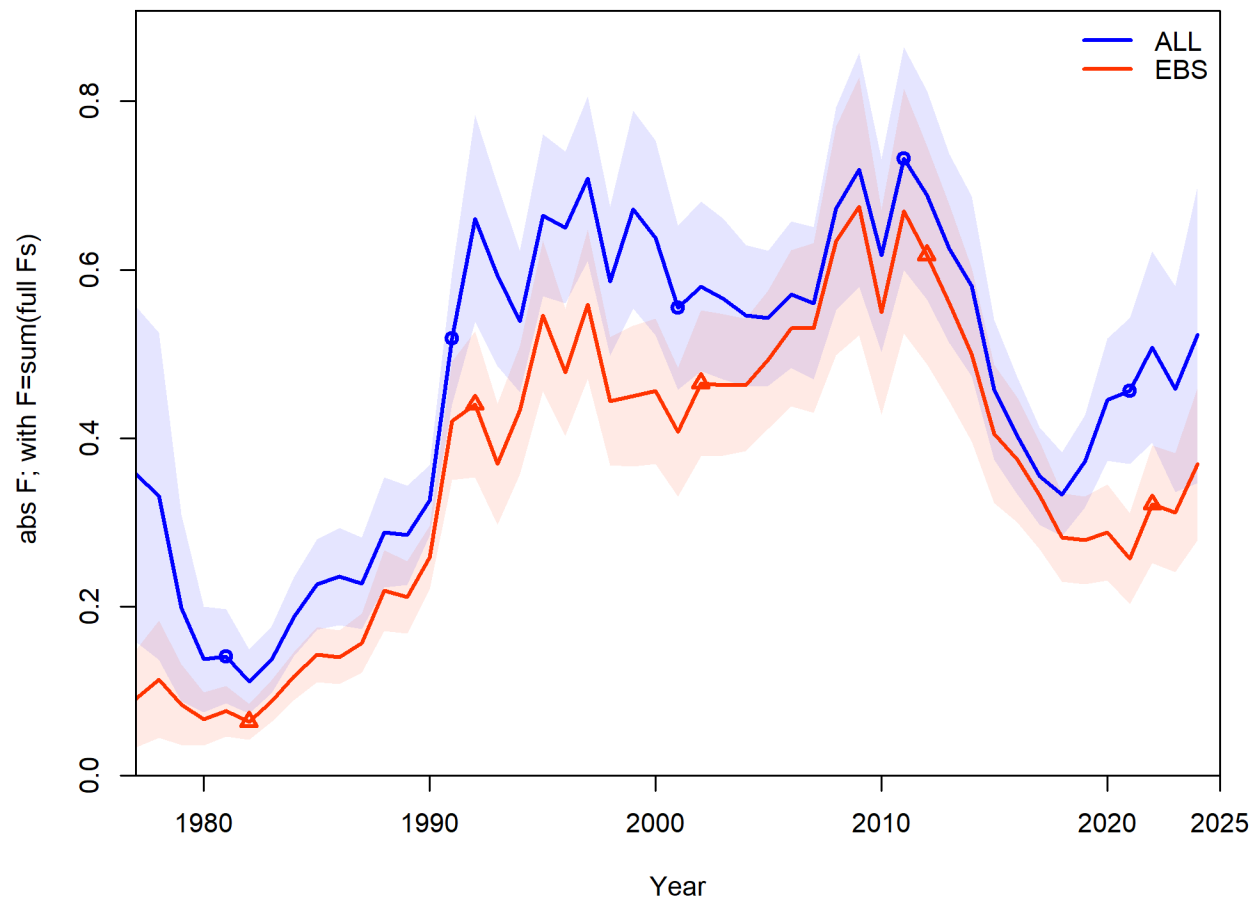
EBS

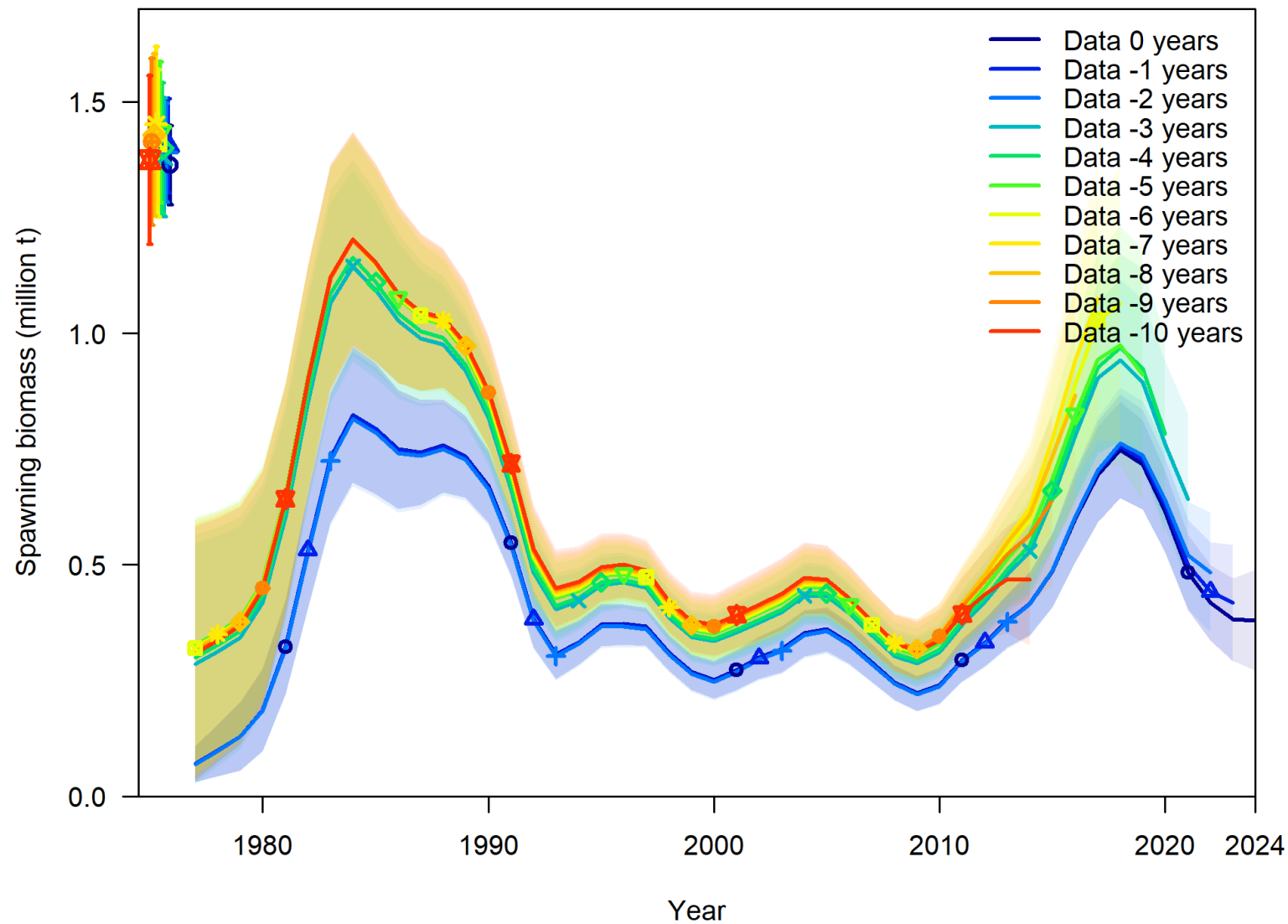


ALL



comp\_lenfit\_\_aggregated\_across\_time





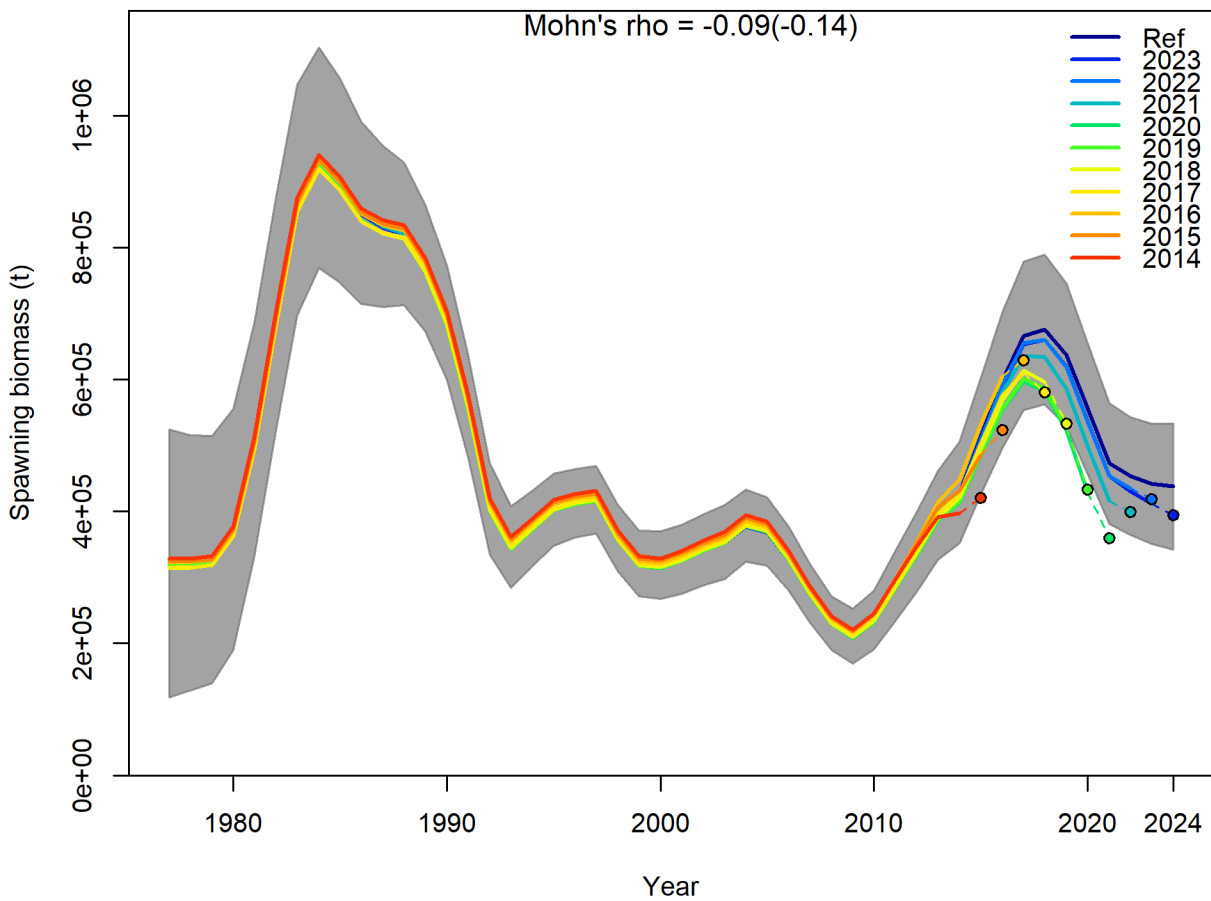
## ALL. Scaling problem

SSmohnsrho(retroSummary)

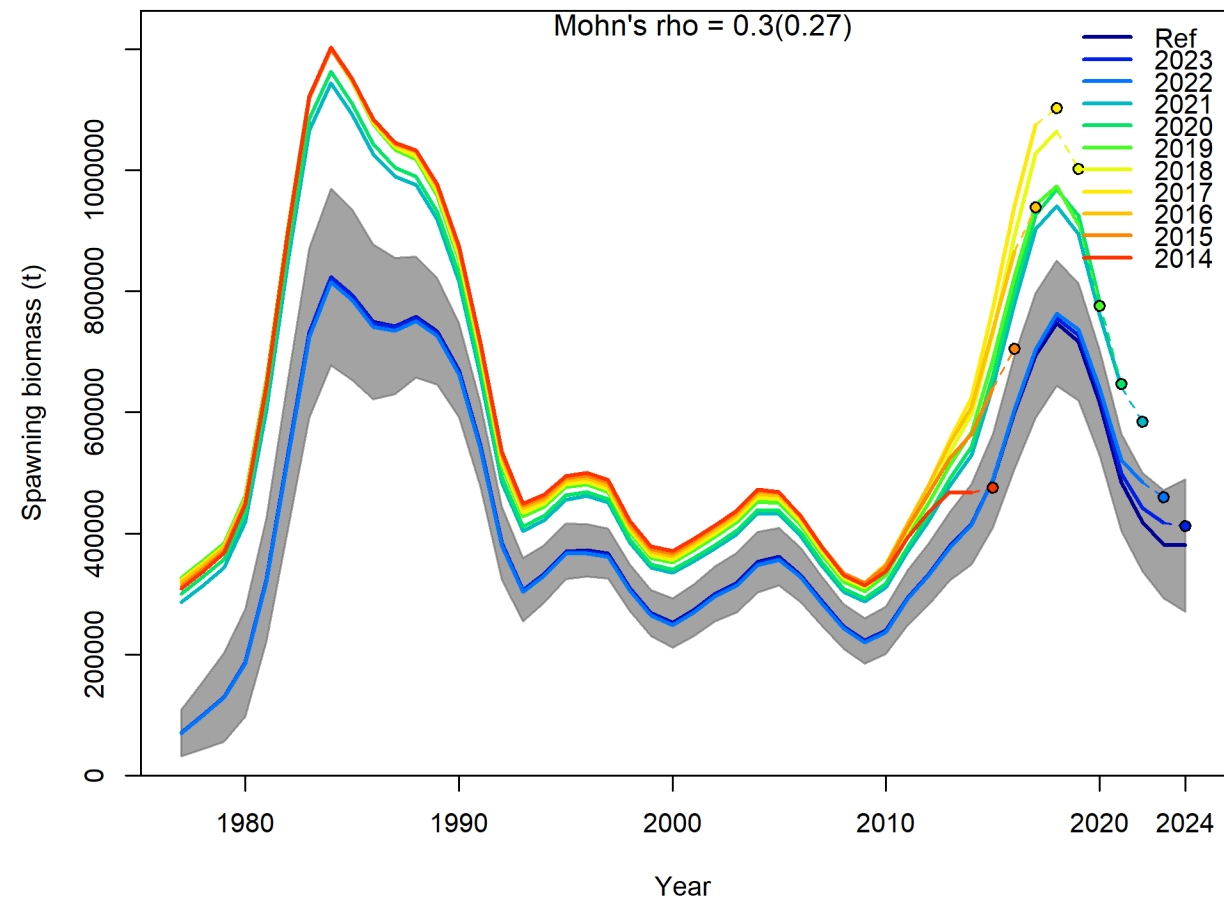
```
# $SSB
# [1] 2.972534
# $Rec
# [1] 2.789893
# $Bratio
# [1] 2.467982
# $F
# [1] -2.134977
# $WoodHole_SSB.all
# [1] 3.922503
# $WoodHole_Rec.all
# [1] 1.169955
# $WoodHole_Bratio.all
# [1] 3.38335
# $WoodHole_F.all
# [1] -2.431093

# $AFSC_Hurtado_SSB
# [1] 0.2972534
# $AFSC_Hurtado_Rec
# [1] 0.2789893
# $AFSC_Hurtado_F
# [1] -0.2134977
# $AFSC_Hurtado_Bratio
# [1] 0.2467982
```

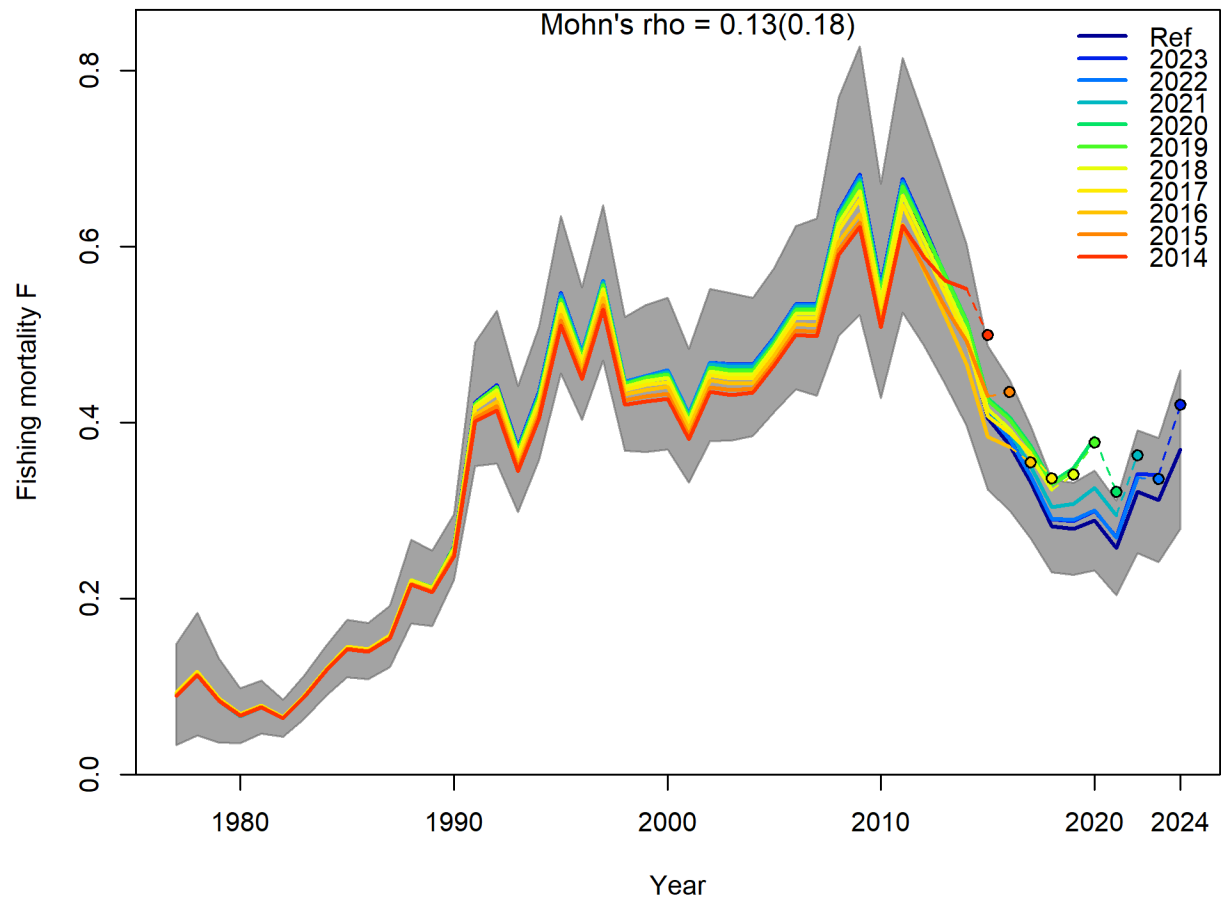
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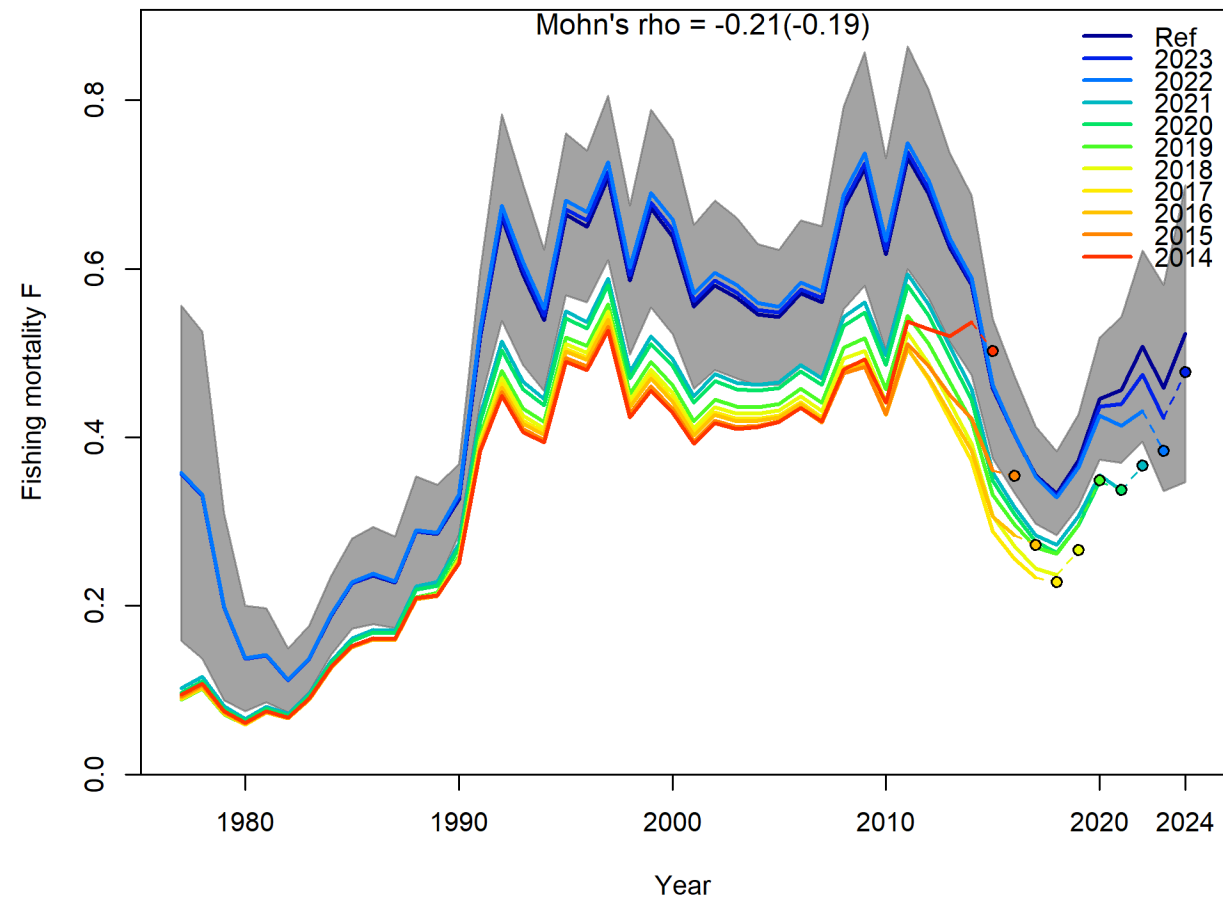
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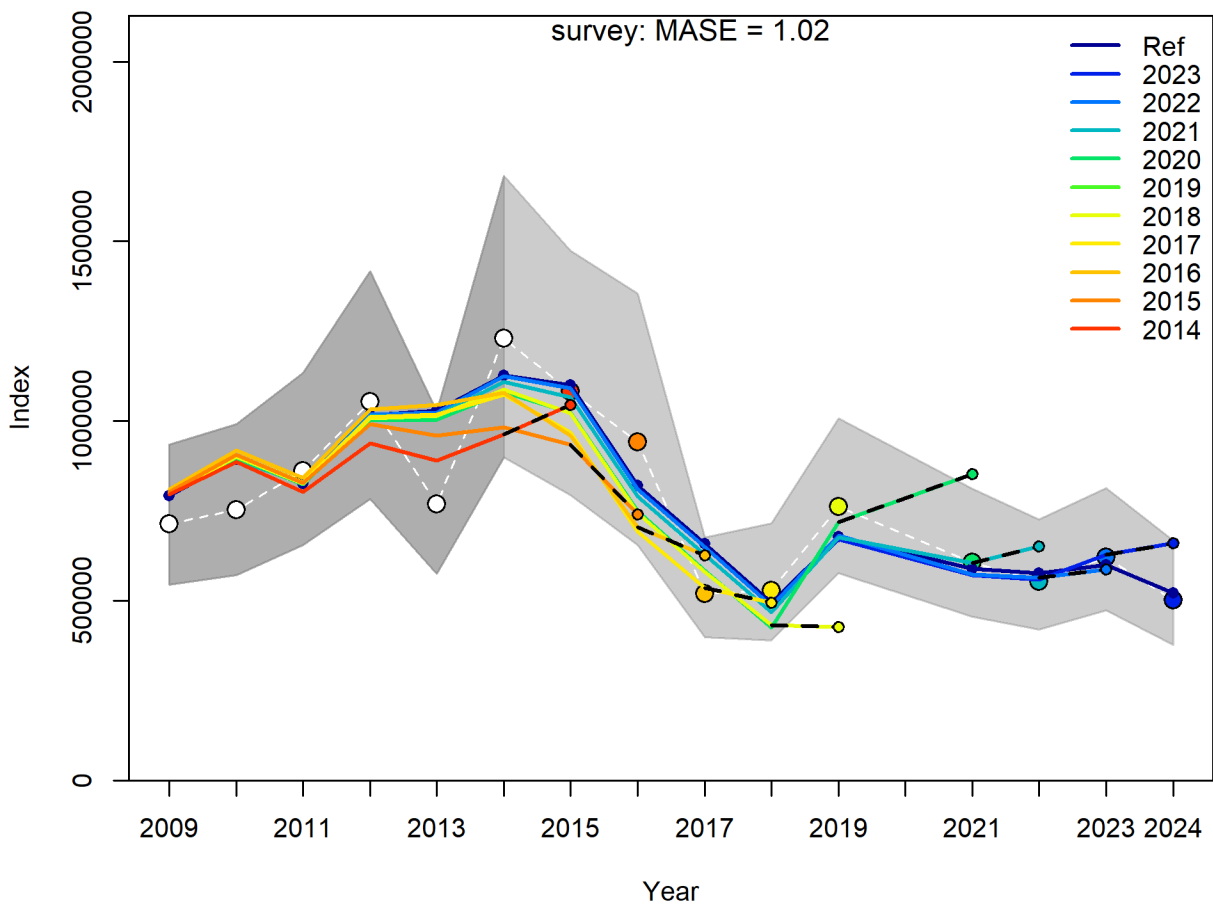
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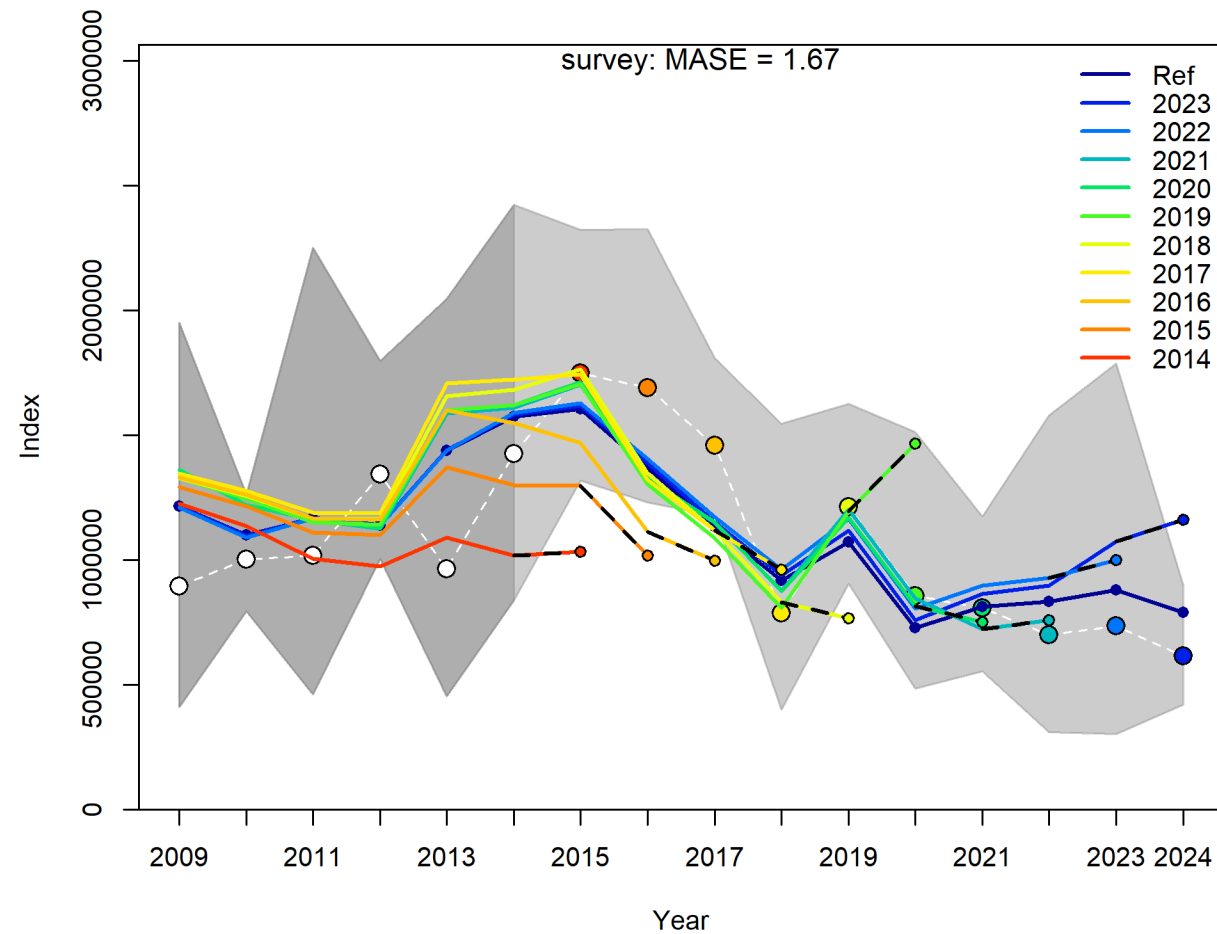
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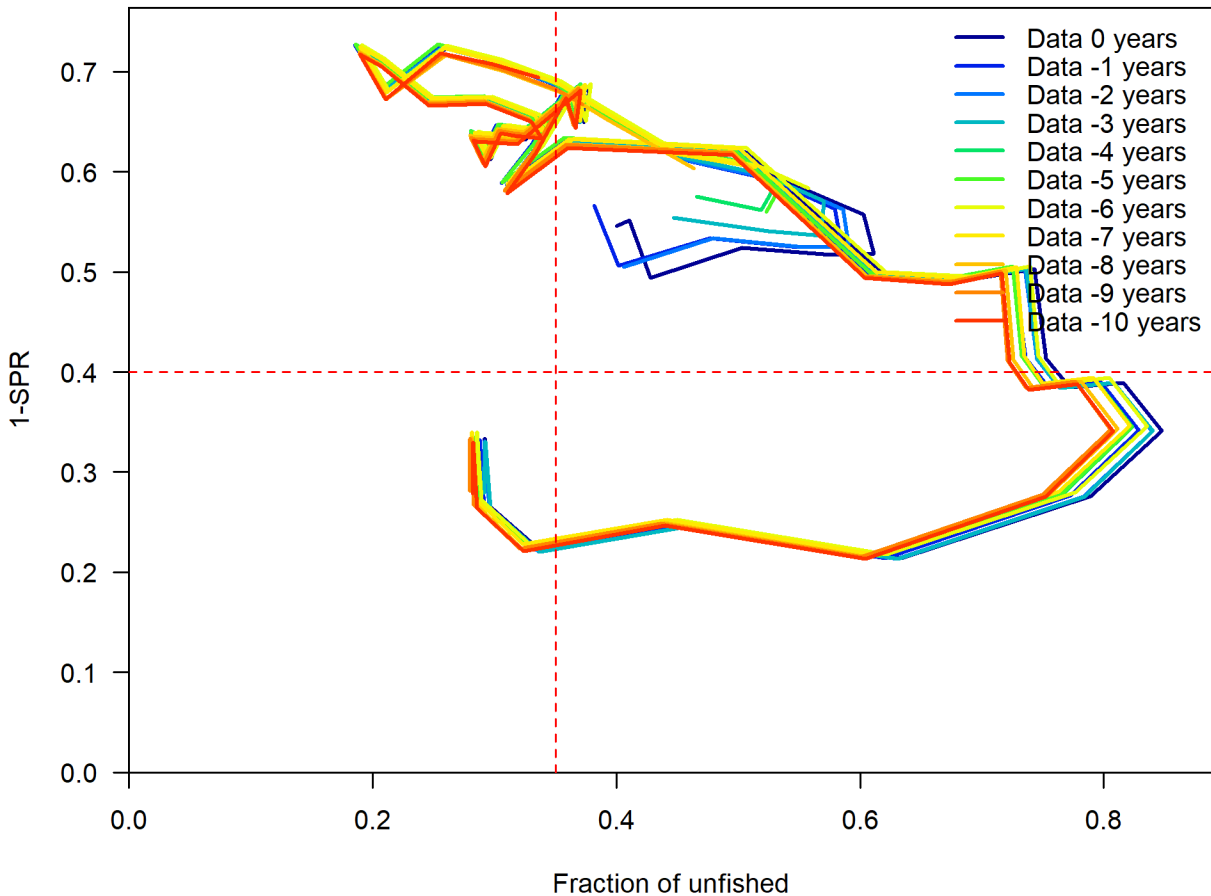
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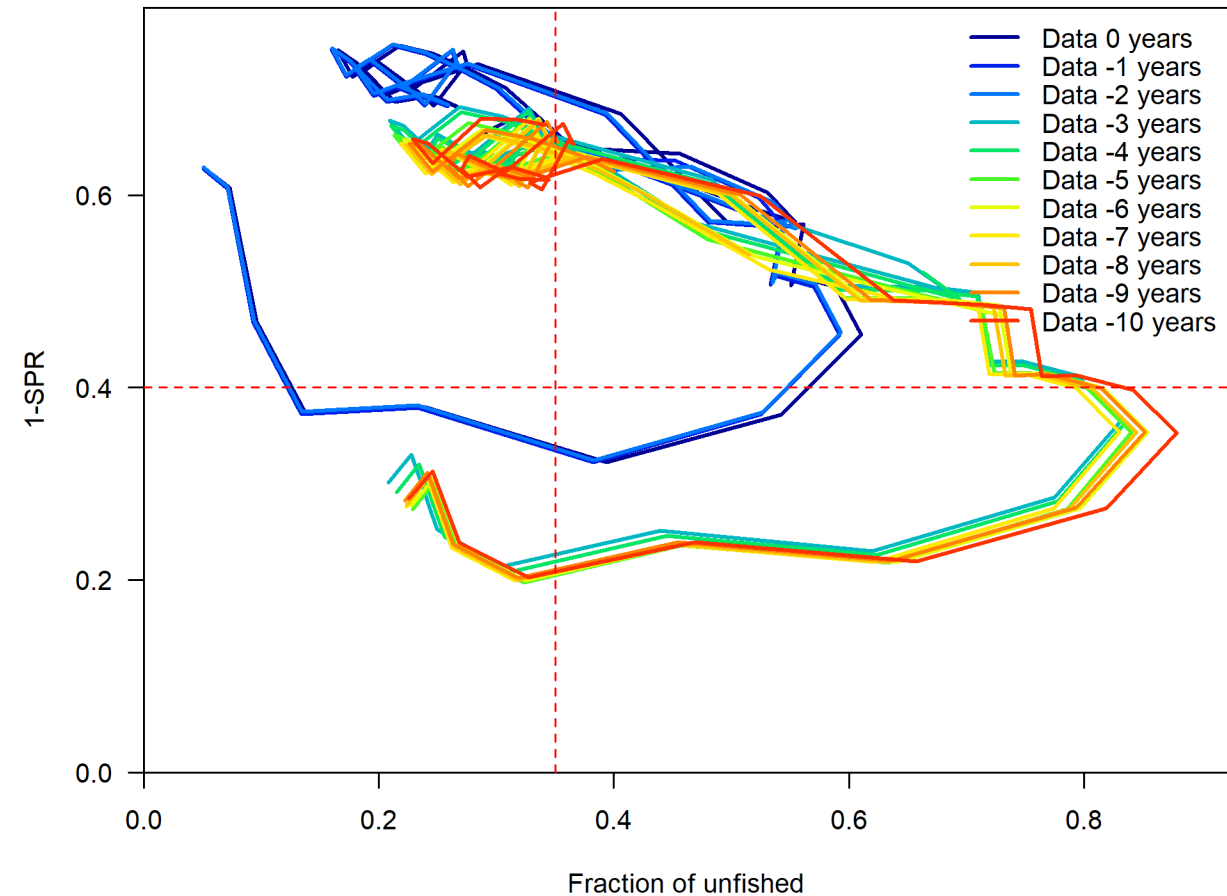
ALL



EBS



ALL



**These results are preliminary and should not be considered for management purposes**

**Further improvement of the models is ongoing via imitating migrations.**

Joint NPFMC Groundfish Plan Team  
September 16, 2025



Susanne McDermott<sup>1</sup>, Julie Nielsen<sup>2</sup>, Charlotte Levy<sup>3</sup>, Kimberly Rand<sup>4</sup>, Bianca Prohaska<sup>1</sup>, Sean Rohan<sup>1</sup>, Alexandra Dowlin<sup>1</sup>  
<sup>1</sup>Alaska Fisheries Science Center, <sup>2</sup>Kingfisher Marine Research, <sup>3</sup>Aleutians East Borough, <sup>4</sup>Lynker Technologies



Probability during spawning (Feb 14 – March 31)

n = 12

0.02 %

NBS

Alaska

16.3 %

77.1 %

EBS

6.6 %

GOA

Aleutian Islands

0 100 200 300 400 500 600 Km

- Migration initiation mid-November
- 400 – 1000 km

# tags: 24 31 29 27 20 17 12 10 3 3 3 1 1 1

Probability

NBS

EBS

Russia

GOA

Month

8 2019 9 10 11 12 1 2020 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9



Pacific branch («TINRO») of Russian Federal  
«Research Institute of Fisheries and Oceanography»  
(«VNIRO»)

So, we hope that PICES scientists will help us in collaboration.

**Thank you for your attention!**