



Broadening stakeholder involvement in fisheries research through the development of cooperative research initiatives in Korean (and Alaskan) fisheries

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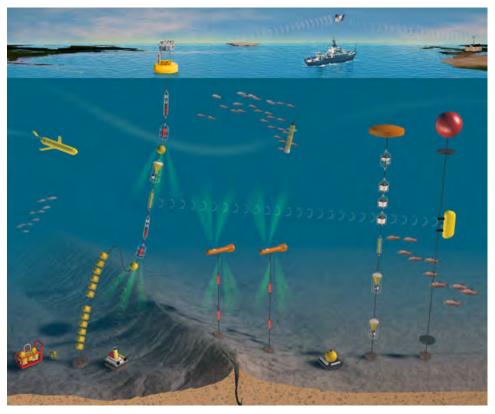
NOAA FISHERIES SERVICE



Global ocean monitoring system













Filling in the data gaps







Towards the Development of a Low-cost Cooperative Ocean Monitoring Network



 Share expertise on cooperative research technology and techniques among US and ROK researchers



 Explore possible extensions of US cooperative projects to Korea and Korean cooperative projects to US



- Examine the feasibility of a joint US/ROK workshop on cooperative monitoring
- Consult between US and ROK researchers on the development of a joint US/ROK long-term ocean monitoring network based on cooperative monitoring programs



Towards the Development of a Low-cost Cooperative Ocean Monitoring Network

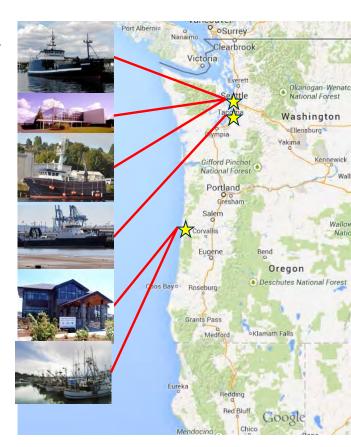
- Dr. Steven Barbeaux
 - Eastern Coast , Korea
 - 7-20 July 2013
- Dr. Keith Bosley
 - Pusan and Pohang, Korea
 - 11-17 May 2014





Towards the development of a low-cost cooperative ocean monitoring network

- Dr. Jae-Bong Lee, Dr. Young-Min Choi, and Dr. Young-Yull Chun
 - Seattle, Washington
 - 21-27 July 2013
- Dr. Jae-Bong Lee, Dr. Young-Min Choi
 - Seattle and Tacoma, Washington
 - 18-20 August 2014
 - Newport , Oregon
 - 20-23 August 2014







Applications of cooperative monitoring

- Fishing effort standardization
 - Fixed gear Set number and soak duration
 - Active gear Haul number and fishing duration
- Physical oceanographic data
 - Surface and at depth temperature and salinity
 - Bathymetry and bottom type from acoustics
- Animal density and seasonal distribution
 - Acoustic density over time and space





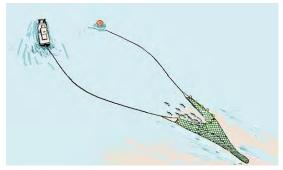
Fishing effort standardization (2013)

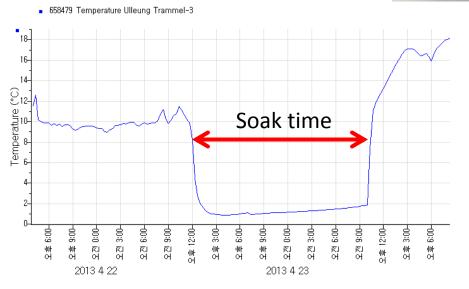
Gill net soak time

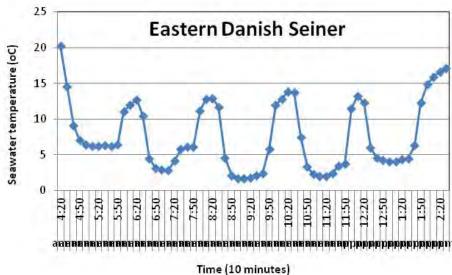


Tinytag Gemini Data Loggers

Seine tow number





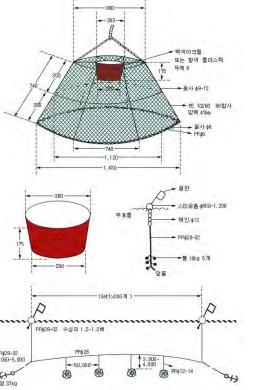






Physical oceanographic data (Korea)

- Oceanographic data from the commercial deep sea crab (2010- present)
 - Investigate oceanographic triggers for crab migration
 - Red snow crab (*Chinoecetes japonicus*) fishery



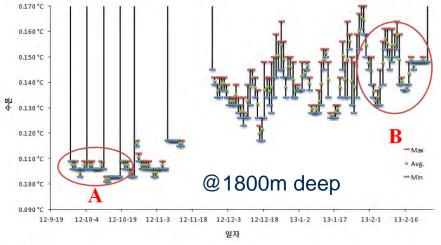


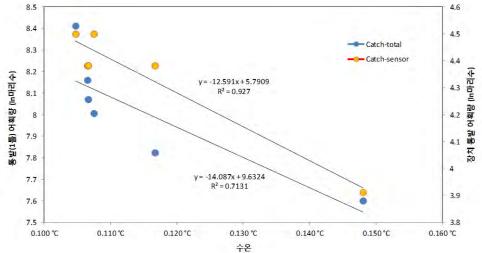




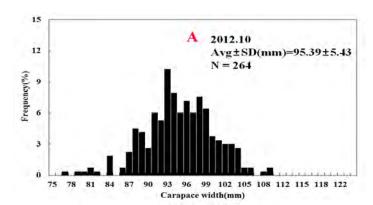


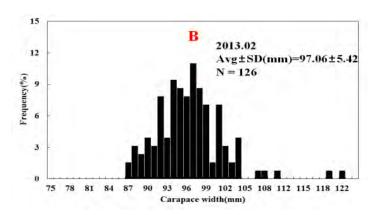
Oceanographic data from the commercial deep-sea crab fishery





Korean red snow crab movement?

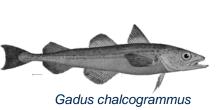




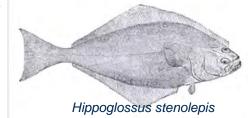


Physical oceanographic data (USA)

- Temperature and depth recorders on commercial trawlers (2007-2008)
 - Walleye pollock (Gadus chalcogrammus) fishery
 - Temperature and fishing depth effects on salmon bycatch
- Acoustic data from commercial longliners in the Aleutian Islands (2014)
 - Aleutian Islands sablefish (*Anoplopoma fimbria*) and halibut (*Hippoglossus stenolepis*) fishery
 - Bathymetry , bottom typing,
- Temperature and depth recorders on commercial longliners (Proposed)
 - Greenland turbot (*Reinhardtius hippoglossoides*) fishery
 - Oceanographic data collection at the shelf-edge





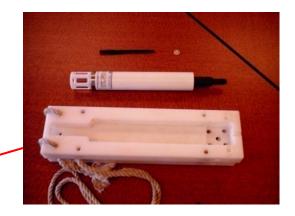






Temperature and depth recorders on commercial trawlers

High maintenance!







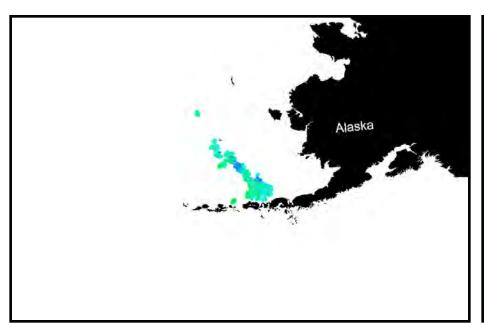


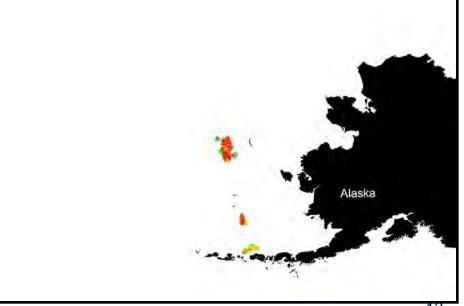
Spatial distribution of temperature depth recorder data

1930 temperature and depth profiles

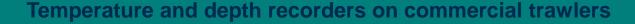
Winter 2008 - A Season

Summer 2008 - B Season





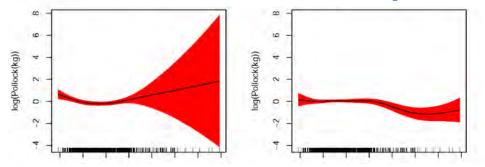


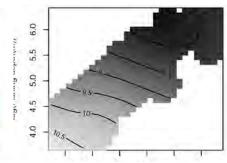


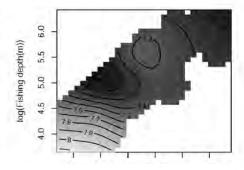


Chinook salmon bycatch in the pollock fishery GAM analysis

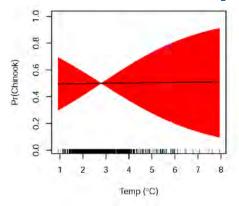
Effects on pollock catch abundance

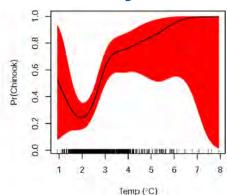


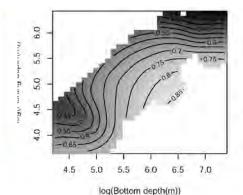


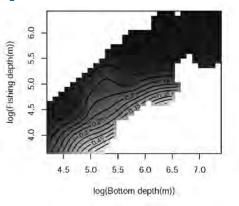


Effects on probability of Chinook salmon in pollock trawl











The next step?

- TDR archival tags and cases (~US\$230-\$990 each)
 - Lower accuracy (± 0.1°C and ± 1% pressure)
 - High sampling rate (up to 1 sec)
 - Low maintenance!

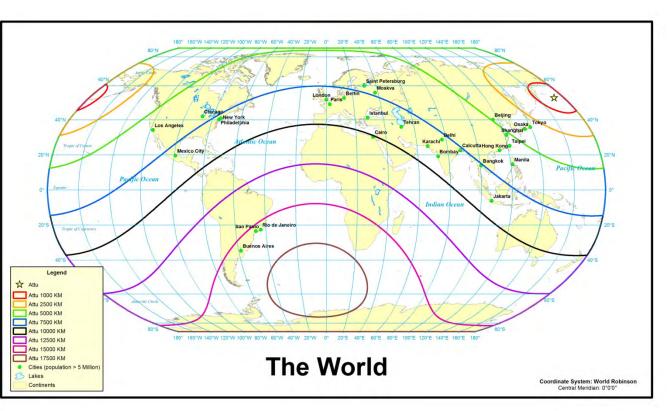






Acoustic data from commercial longliners in the far Western Aleutian Islands

 Bathymetry, bottom typing, and seasonal ecological partitioning in the far western Aleutian Islands





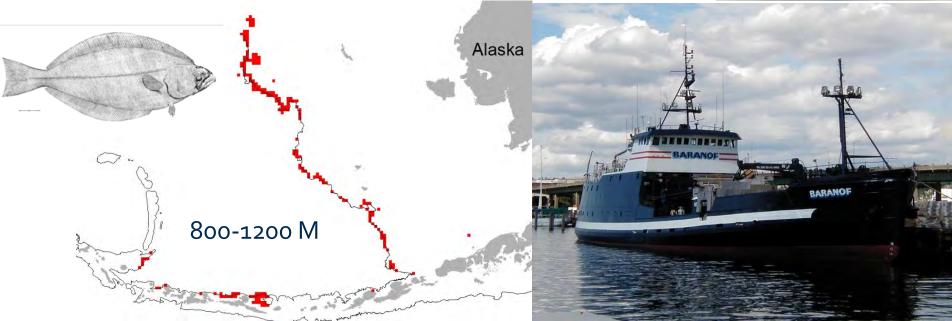




Temperature and depth recorders on commercial longliners

- Oceanographic data collection at the shelf-edge
 - Vessel visit in Seattle on board the FV Baranof with Korean researchers
 - Sensors to be deployed in Winter 2014





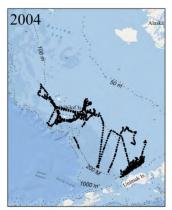


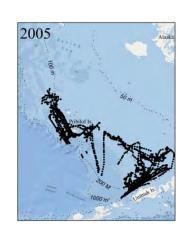
Animal density and seasonal distribution

- Opportunistic acoustic data collection (2002-Present)
 - Collect acoustic data from trawlers during normal operations
 - Simrad ES-60 Echosounders
 - 250GB hard drives (US\$69)
 - ~35,000km per year on 2 to 12 vessels



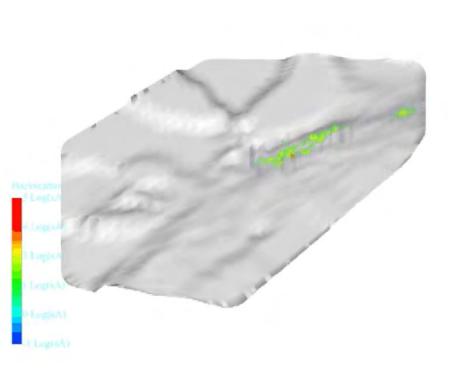


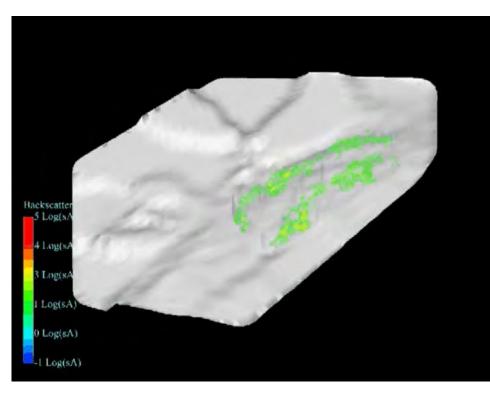






Visualizations of pollock aggregations from opportunistic acoustic data





Night



Visualizations of pollock aggregations and fishery interaction

Backscatter __5 Log(sA)

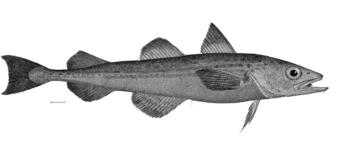
4 Log(sA)

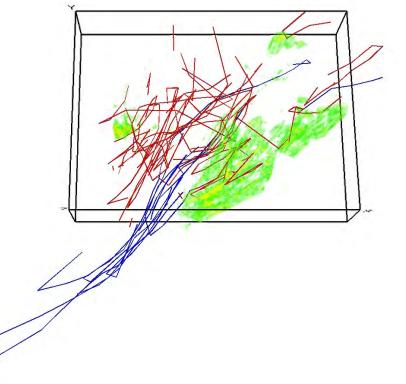
3 Log(sA)

Log(sA)

0 Log(sA)

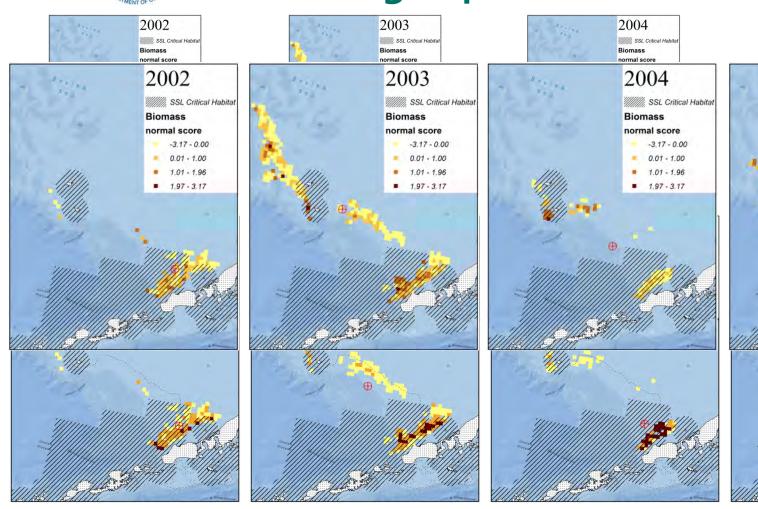
- Integrates diverse data sources
 - Acoustic
 - On-board observer
 - VMS

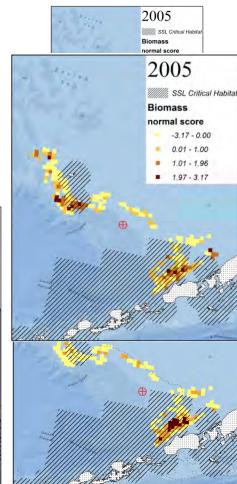






Leslie Model: Local Biomass and Fishing Exploitation Rates



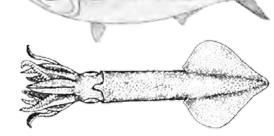






Proposed Korean cooperative projects

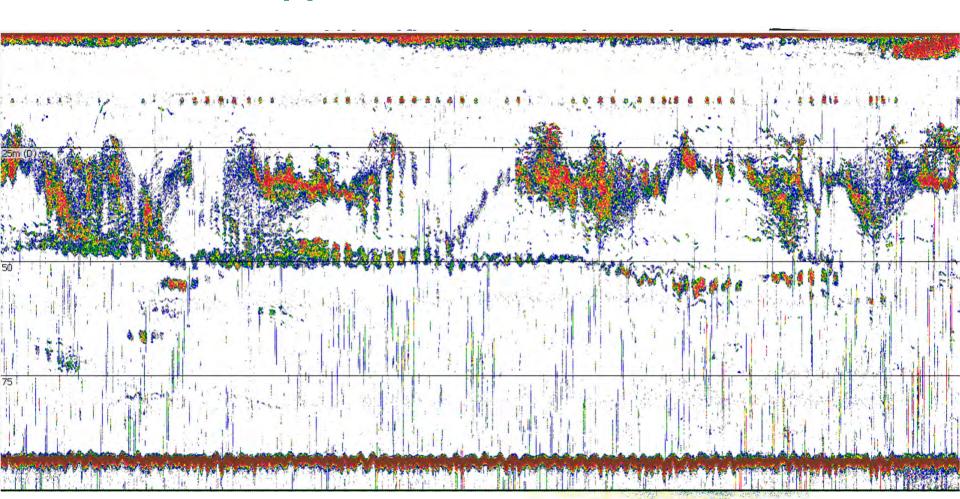
- Acoustic data collection commercial fishing vessels (Korea)
 - Chub mackerel (*Scomber japonicus*) large purse-seine
 - Chub mackerel migration and population dynamics
 - Mackerel vs. tuna identification
 - Squid (*Loligo sp.*) Jig
 - Squid seasonal distribution
 - Eastern Danish Seine
 - Sandfish (Arctoscopus japonicus) seasonal migration and population dynamics







Large purse-seine fisheries opportunistic acoustic data

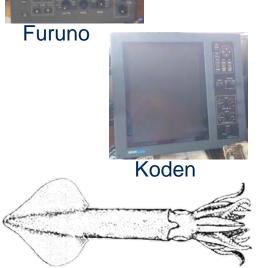


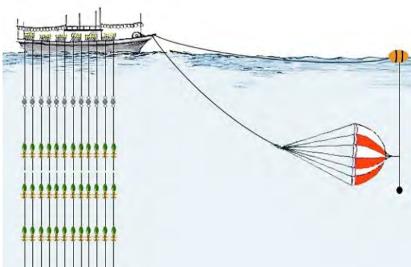




Squid jig fisheries opportunistic acoustic data

- Squid seasonal distribution
 - Vessel visit in Gangneung to evaluate technical feasibility











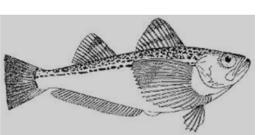


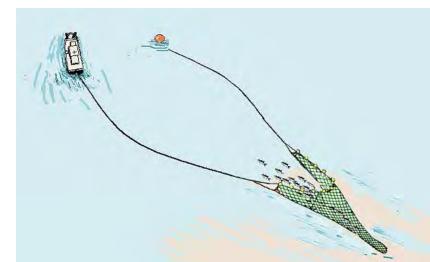
Eastern Danish seine fisheries opportunistic acoustic data

- Sandfish (Arctoscopus japonicus) seasonal migration and population dynamics
 - Eastern Danish Seine Association Chairman
 - Vessel visit in Kampo to evaluate technical feasibility



Furuno













Commonalities

- Fishermen and other stakeholders in both countries are eager to participate in cooperative monitoring and research
- Engaging stakeholders in data collection improves communication across all channels and increases trust in the science
- Clear-cut and reasonable objectives for both the researchers and the data collecting stakeholder improves participation
- Managing expectations of the fishers and upper management is essential





Key cultural differences

Korean Management

- Essential to have a very clear and rigid plan of action prior to involving stakeholders or upper management
- Small missteps or mistakes are failures that can kill projects and potentially damage careers

USA Management

- Projects are often designed as adaptive experiments sometimes without knowing if the objectives are attainable
- Small missteps and mistakes are considered learning opportunities that are essential to the evolution of a project and a scientist





Publications

Barbeaux, S.J., Horne, J. and Ianelli, J. 2014. Novel approach for estimating location and scale specific fishing exploitation rates of eastern Bering Sea walleye pollock (*Theragra chalcogramma*). Fish. Res. 153:69-82

Barbeaux, S. J., Horne, J. and M. Dorn. 2013. Characterizing walleye pollock (*Theragra chalcogramma*) winter distribution from opportunistic acoustic data. ICES J. Mar. Sci. 70:1162-1173

Press, Rich. 2013. Keeping an eye on pollock (podcast with Dr. Steve Barbeaux). Available:

http://www.nmfs.noaa.gov/podcasts/2013/05/eye_on_pollock_
httml#.UbimzvnvuAg



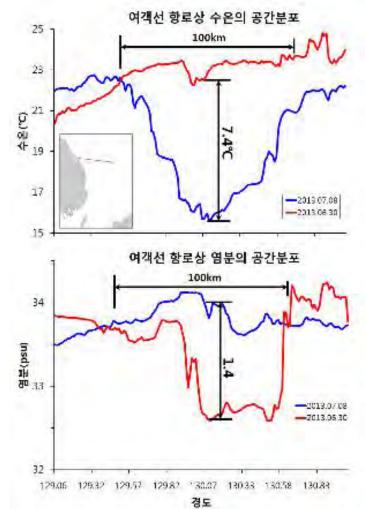




- Global Ocean
 Observing System
 (GOOS) Project
- Dr. Jong-Hwa Park

Oceanographic data recording from ferries

Ferry Temp. & Salinity



Satellite SST

