

Potential Fishing Zones as “hotspots” of skipjack tuna (*Katsuwonus pelamis*) and albacore (*Thunnus alalunga*) in the western North Pacific

Sei-Ichi SAITOH^{1, 2} Robinson M. Mugo^{1,3}
Mukti Zainuddin⁴ and Fumihiro Takahashi²
ssaitoh@salmon.fish.hokudai.ac.jp

¹Faculty of Fisheries Sciences. Hokkaido University

²Green & Life Innovation, Inc.

³Kenya Marine and Fisheries Research Institute

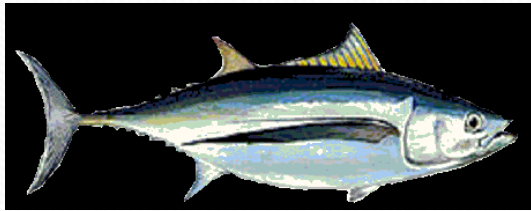
⁴Faculty of Marine Science and Fishery, Hasanuddin University



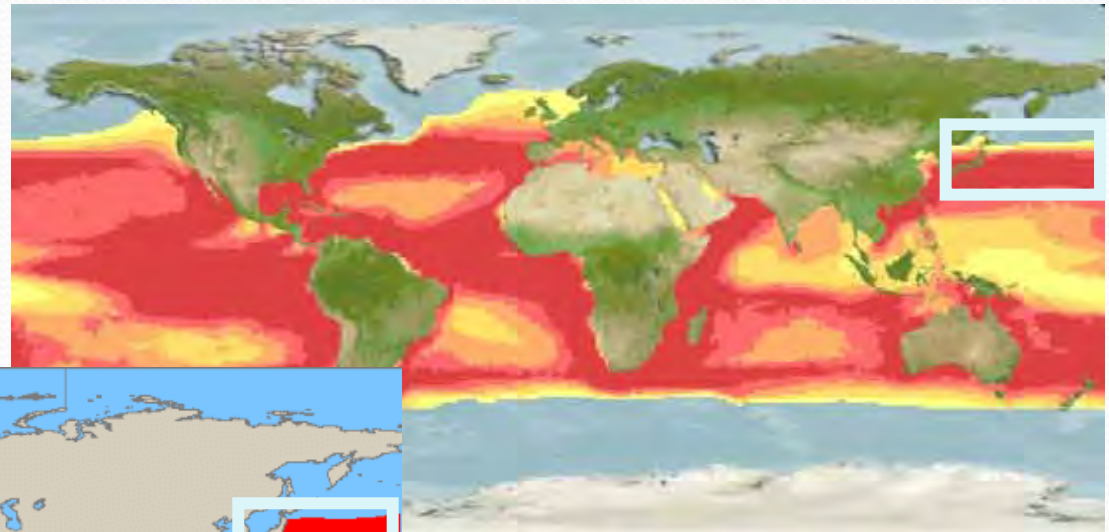
Outline

- **Introduction (Tuna Production)**
- **How to get Potential Fishing Zone**
- **Operational Fisheries Oceanography**
- **Commercial Fisheries Services (TOREDAS)**
- **VMS application for understanding fishing activities**
- **Global Warming Scenarios**
- **Concluding Remarks**

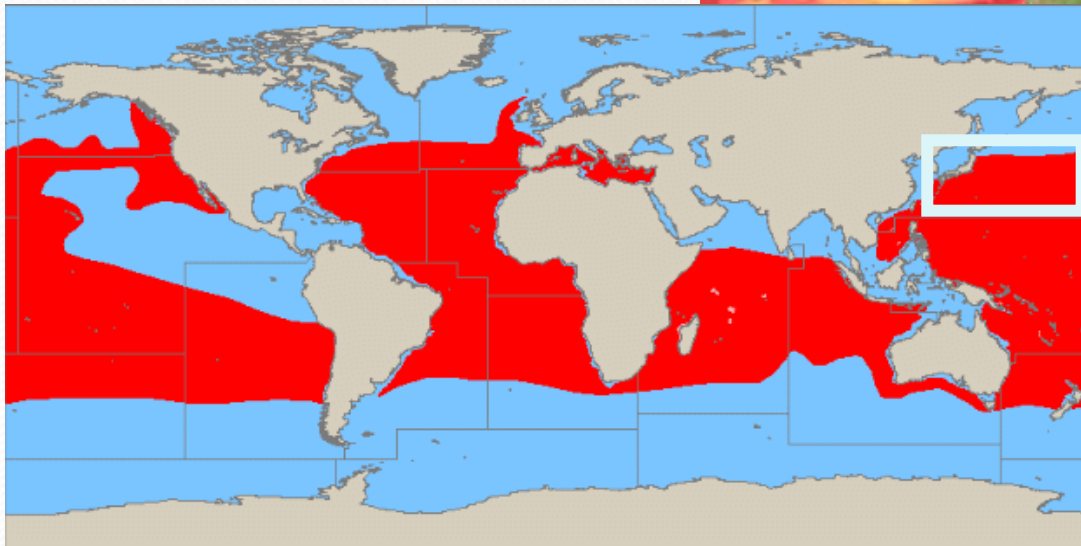
Habitats of skipjack tuna (*Katsuwonus pelamis*) and albacore (*Thunnus alalunga*)



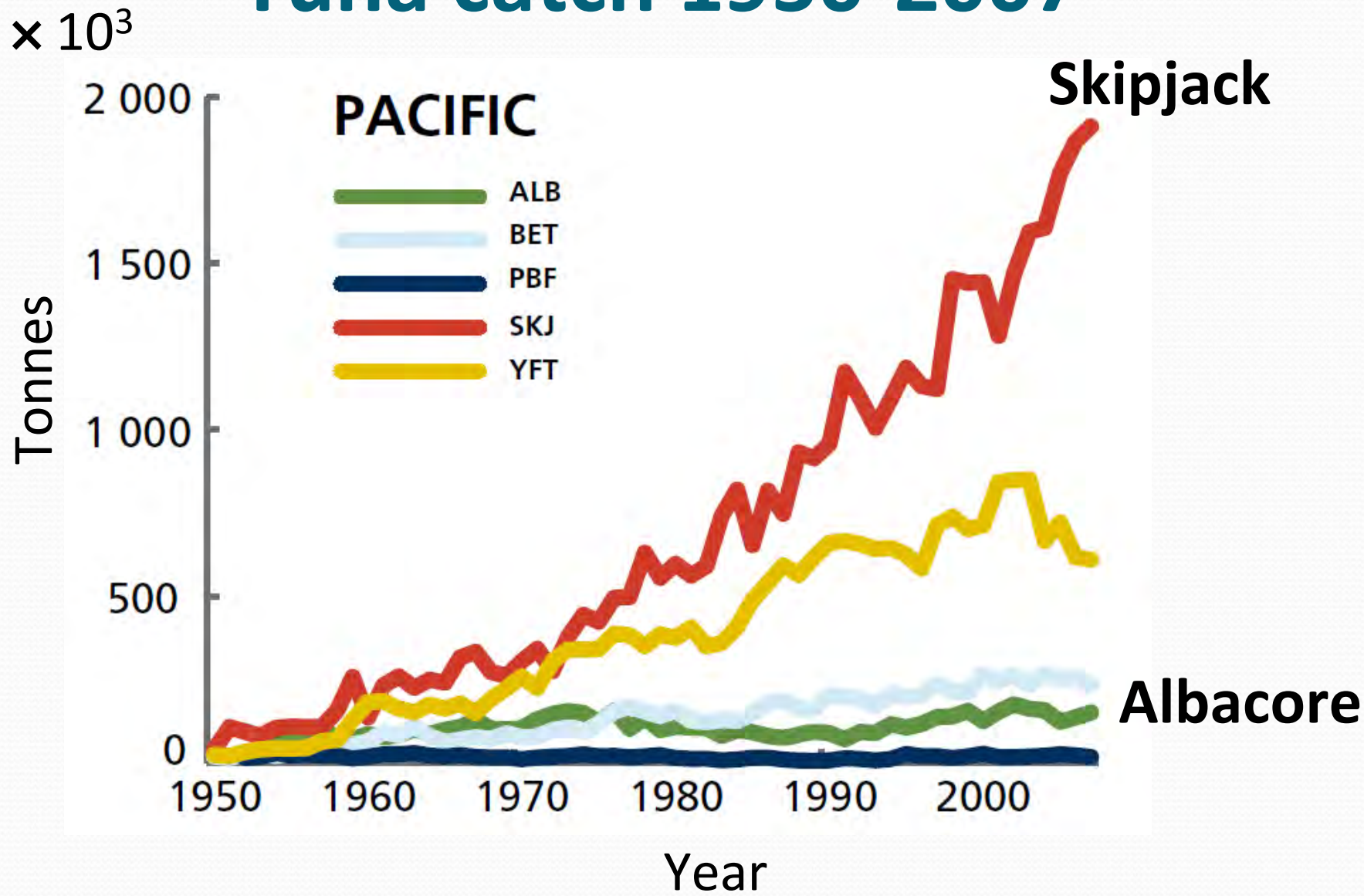
Albacore



Skipjack

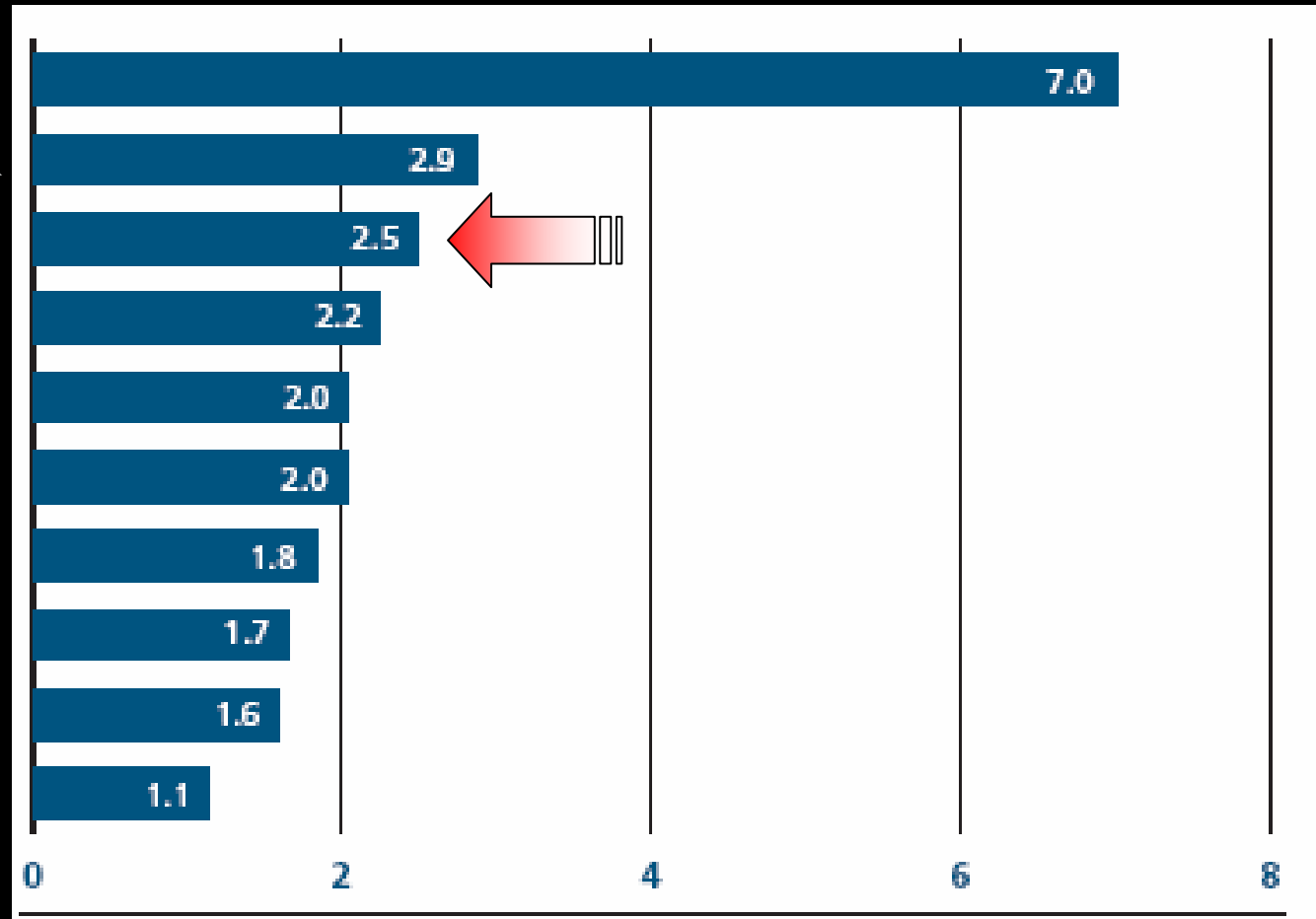


Tuna catch 1950-2007



Skipjack tuna ranks 3rd in catch volumes

Anchoveta
Alaska pollock
Skipjack tuna
Atlantic herring
Blue whiting
Chub mackerel
Chilean J. mackerel
Japanese anchovy
Largehead hairtail
Yellowfin tuna



FAO, 2009

Million tonnes

Catch of skipjack tuna in the western and central Pacific

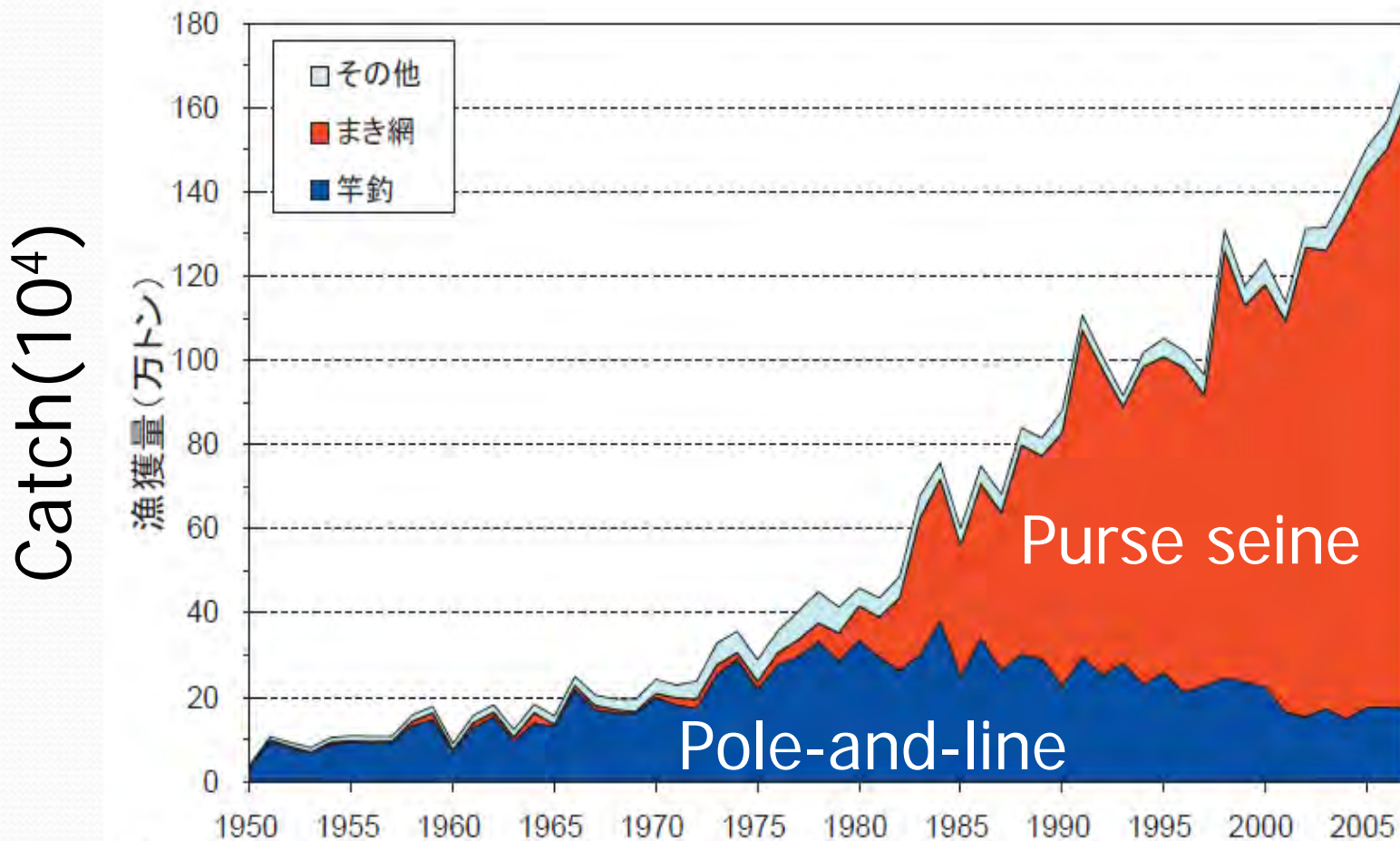


図1. 中西部太平洋カツオの主要漁法別漁獲量の経年変化（万トン）（SPC, 2008）。

Skipjack pole-and-line fisheries



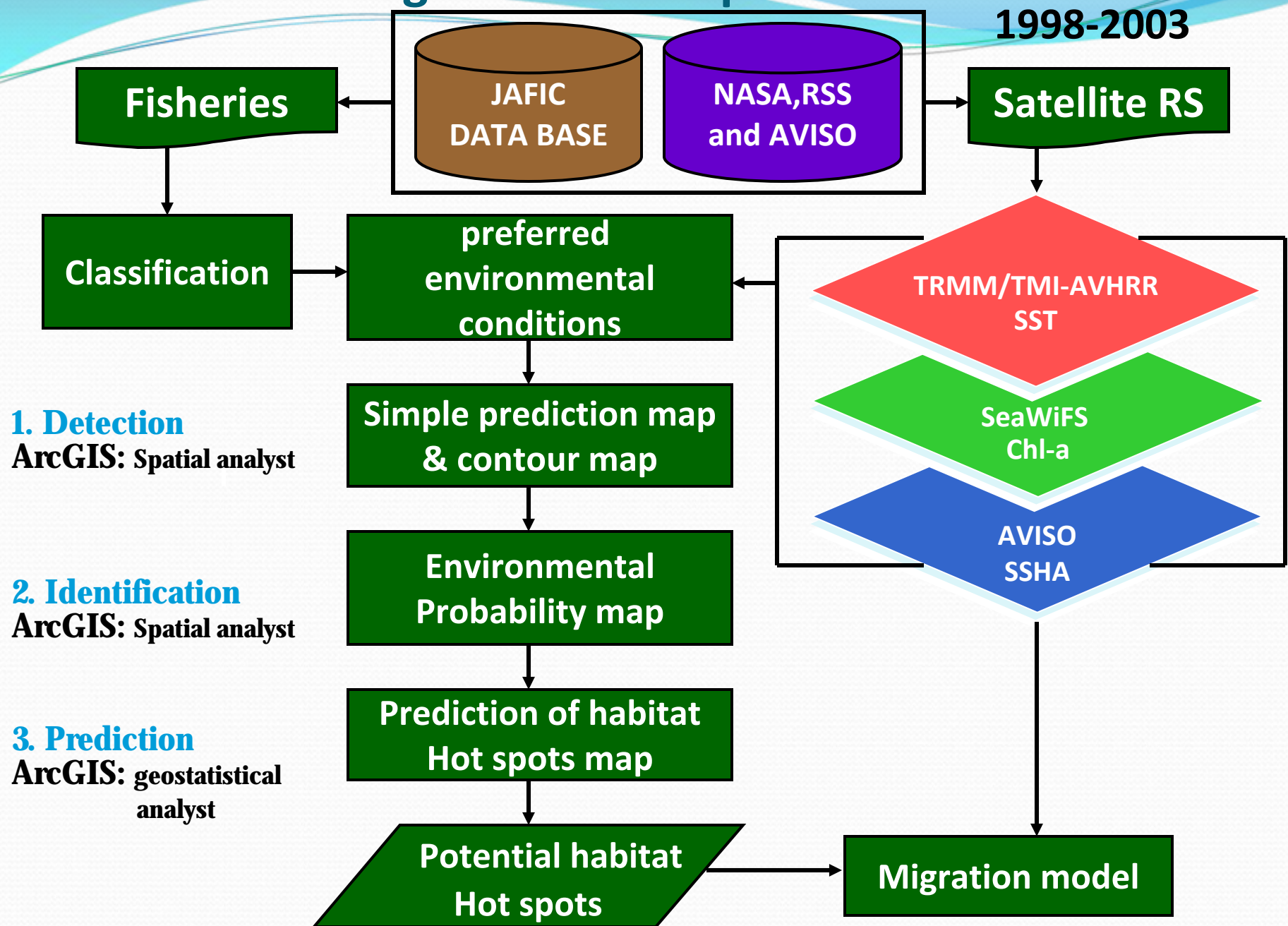
Miyojin-Suisan
Kochi, Japan



MSC eco-label

More ecological method

How to get PFZ "Hot spots"

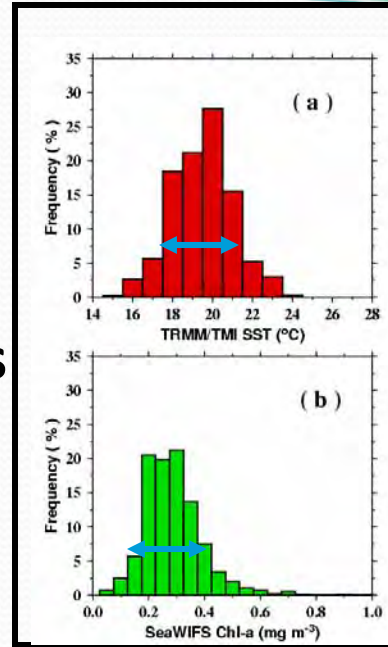


Detection of potential habitat

Oceanographic variables

Histogram
high catch data
(mean \pm one

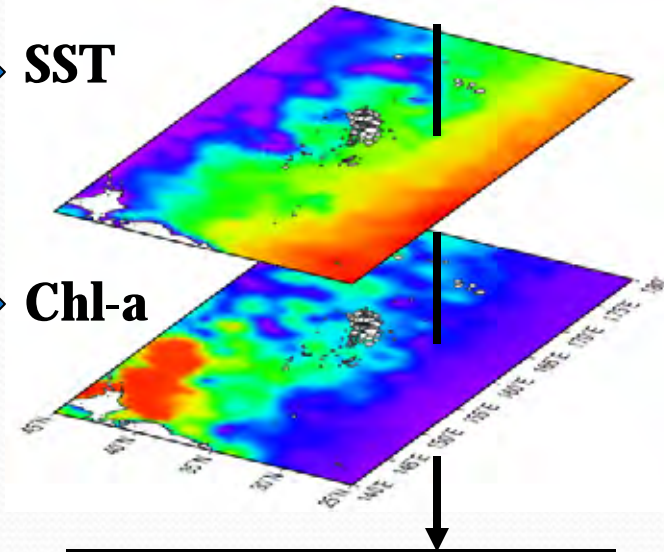
Using preferred ranges



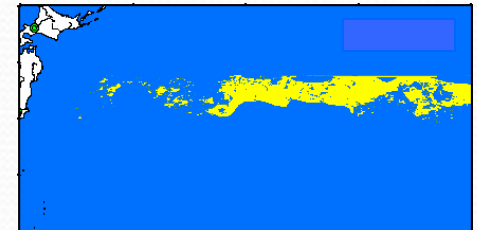
SST



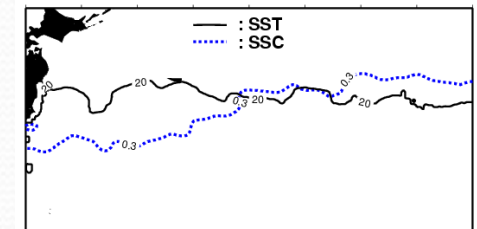
Chl-a



Simple prediction map

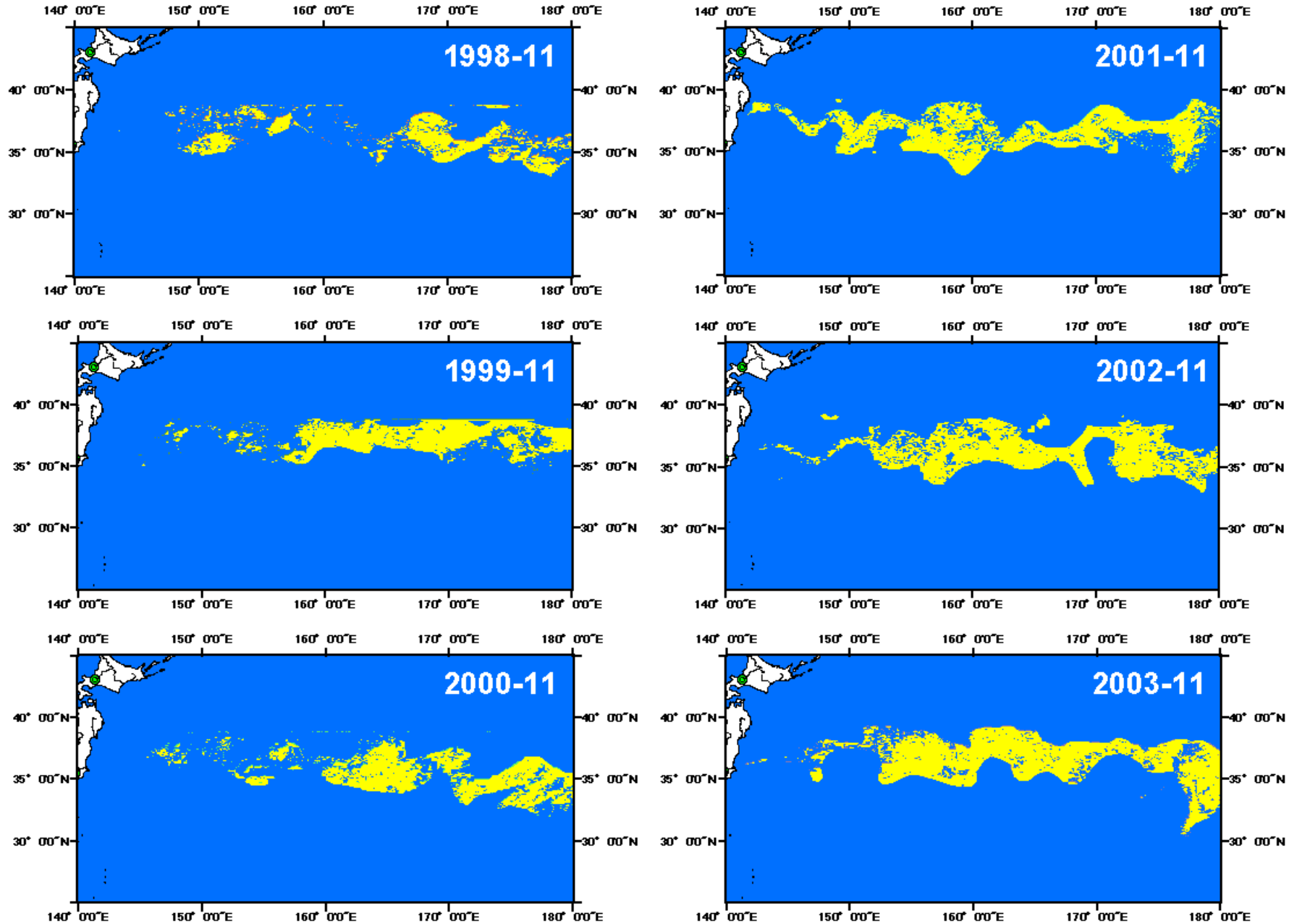


Contour map

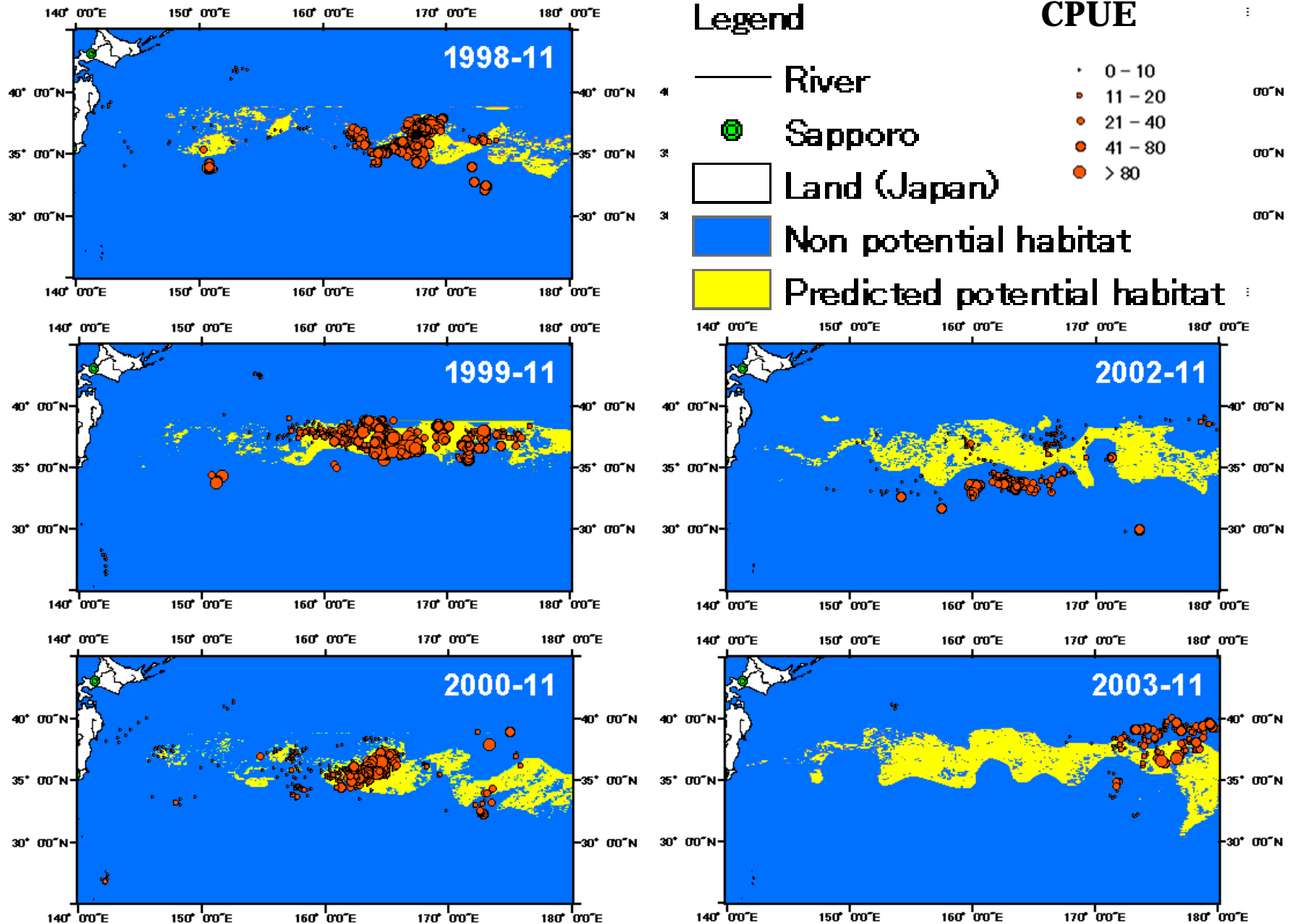


Output map

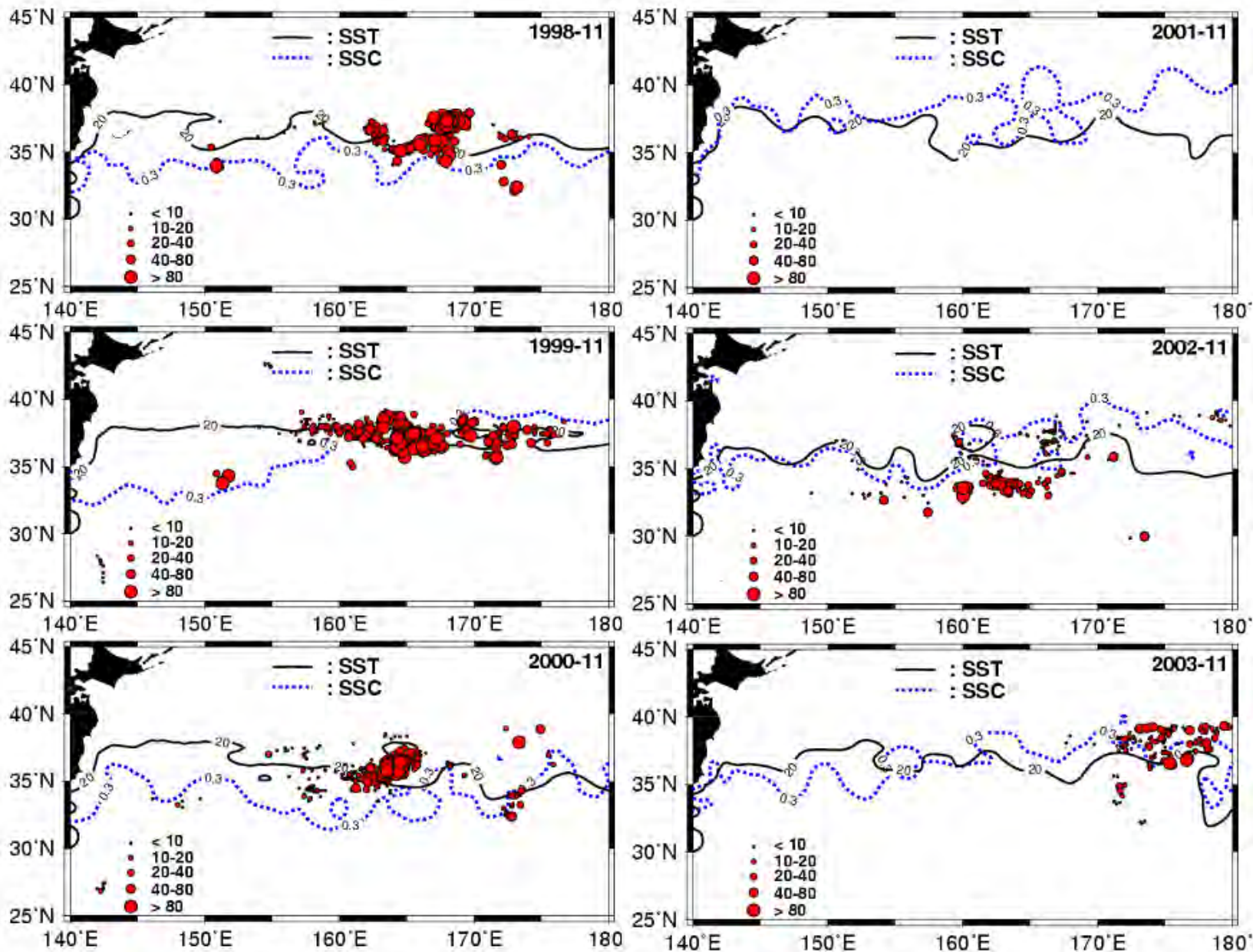
Simple prediction map



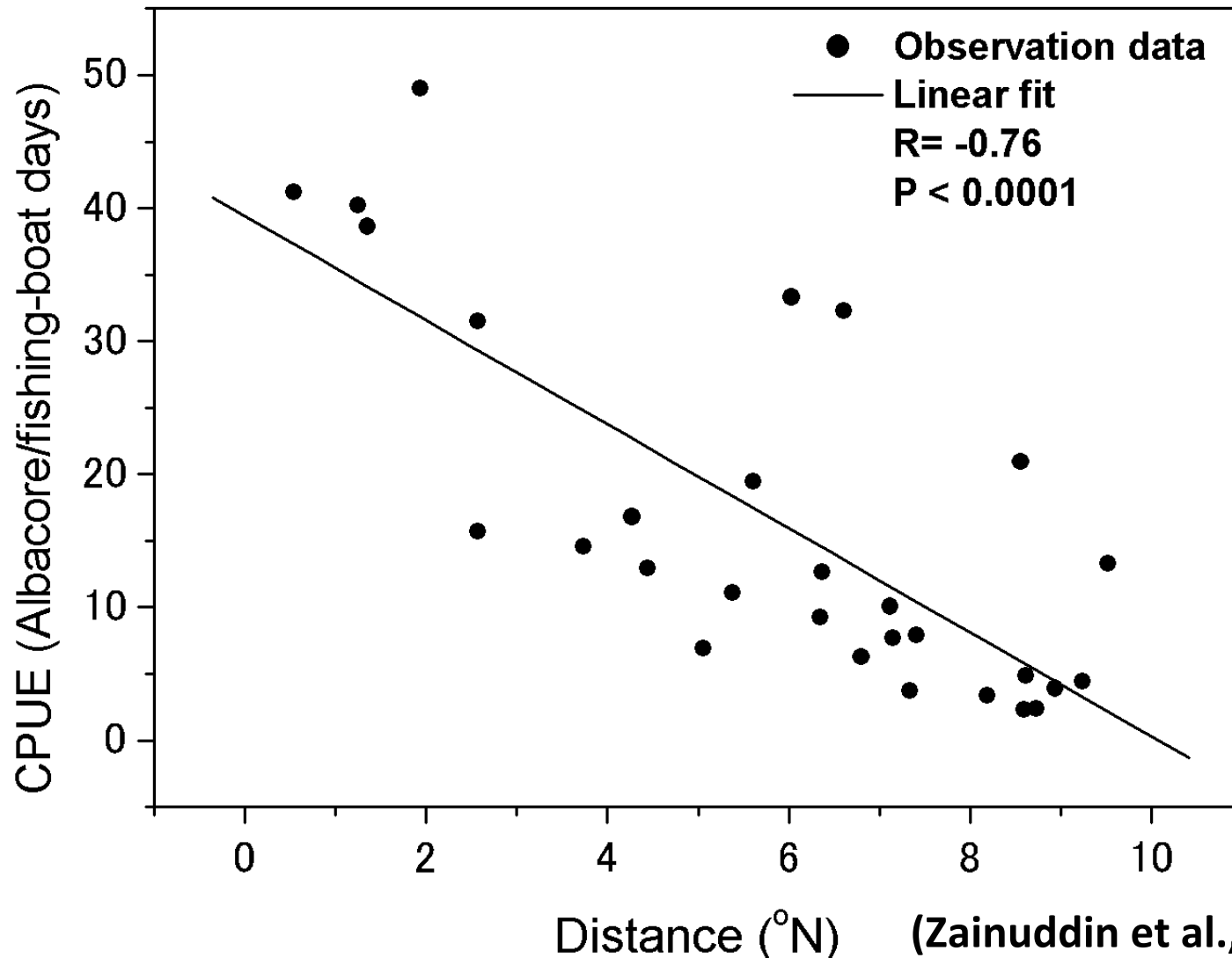
Simple prediction map



Contour map

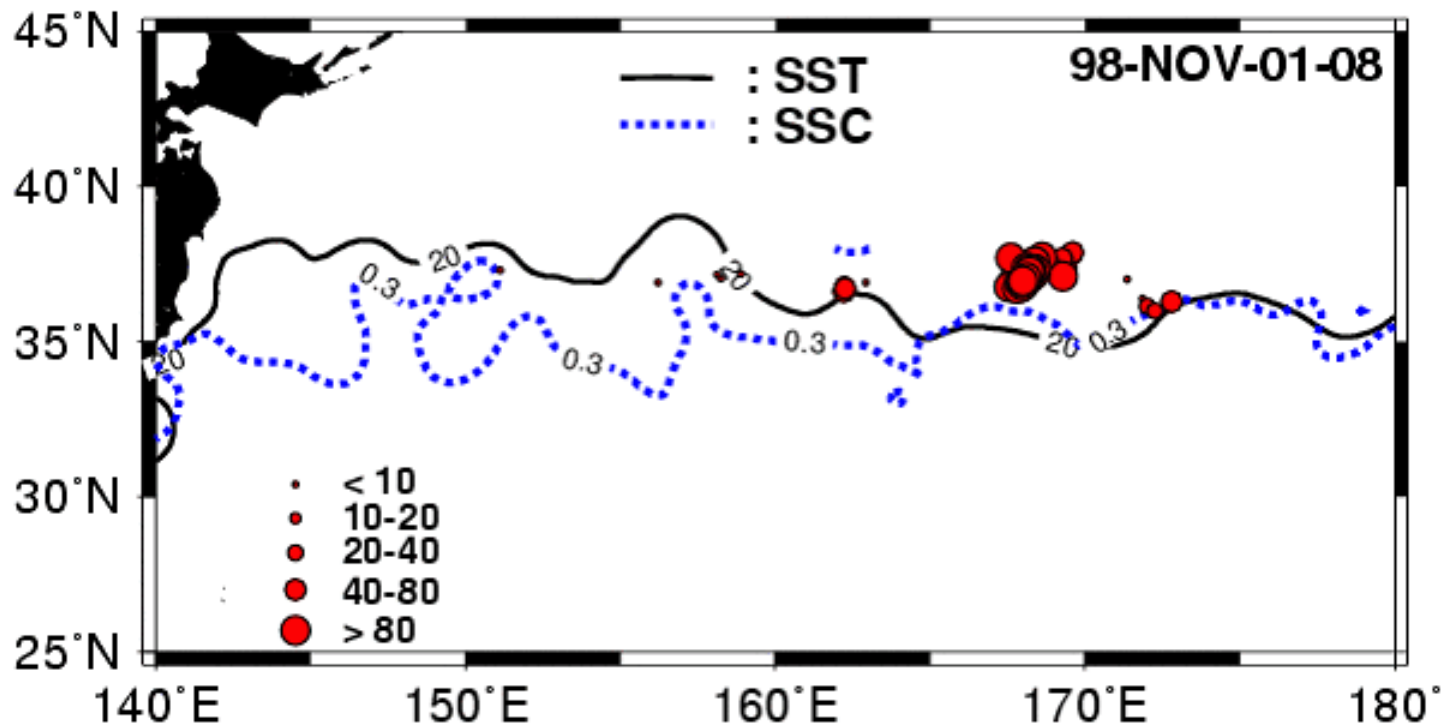


Relationship between CPUE and distance of contour lines of SST and chl-a



(Zainuddin et al., FO 2008)

Dynamics of albacore fishing ground in relation to the movement of ocean hot spots by contour map



Affect to Albacore PFZ “Hot spots”

El Niño 1998 and La Niña 1999

Contour Map

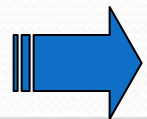


Suitable Ocean Variables

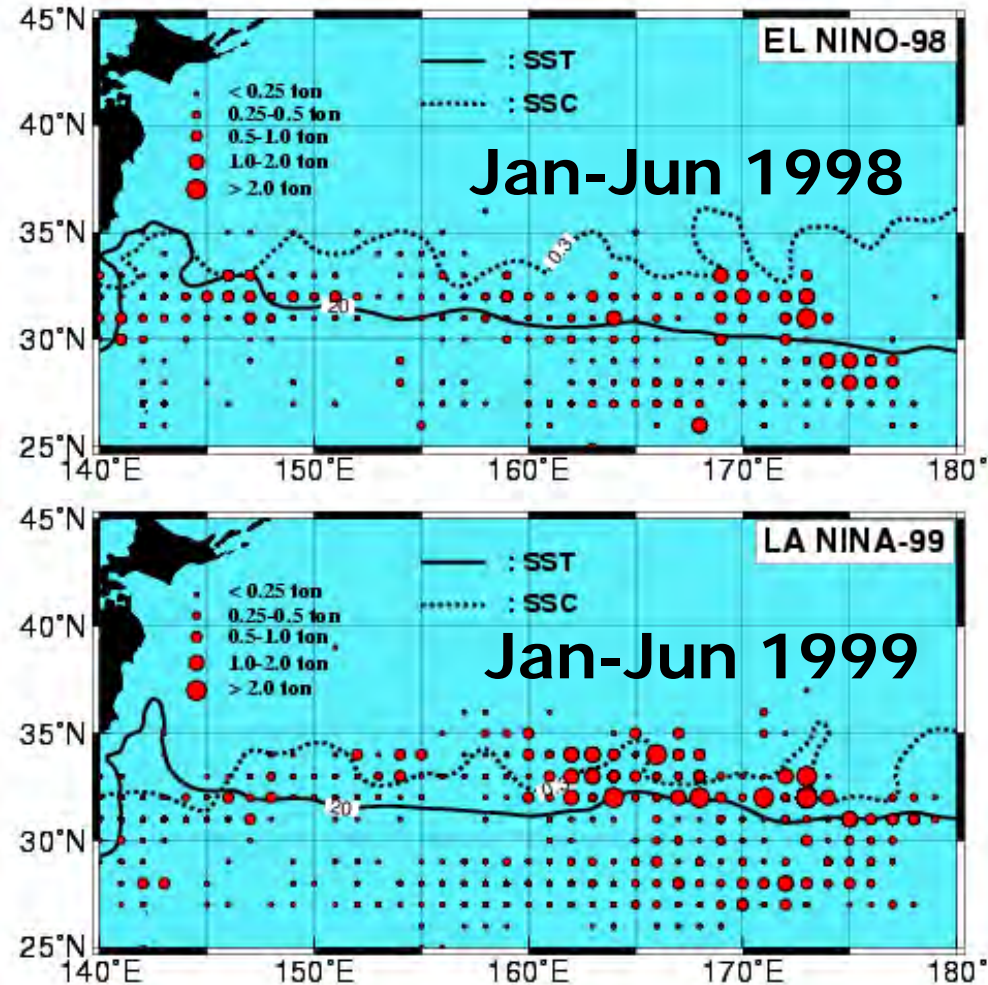
SST **20**

SSC **0.3mgm⁻³**

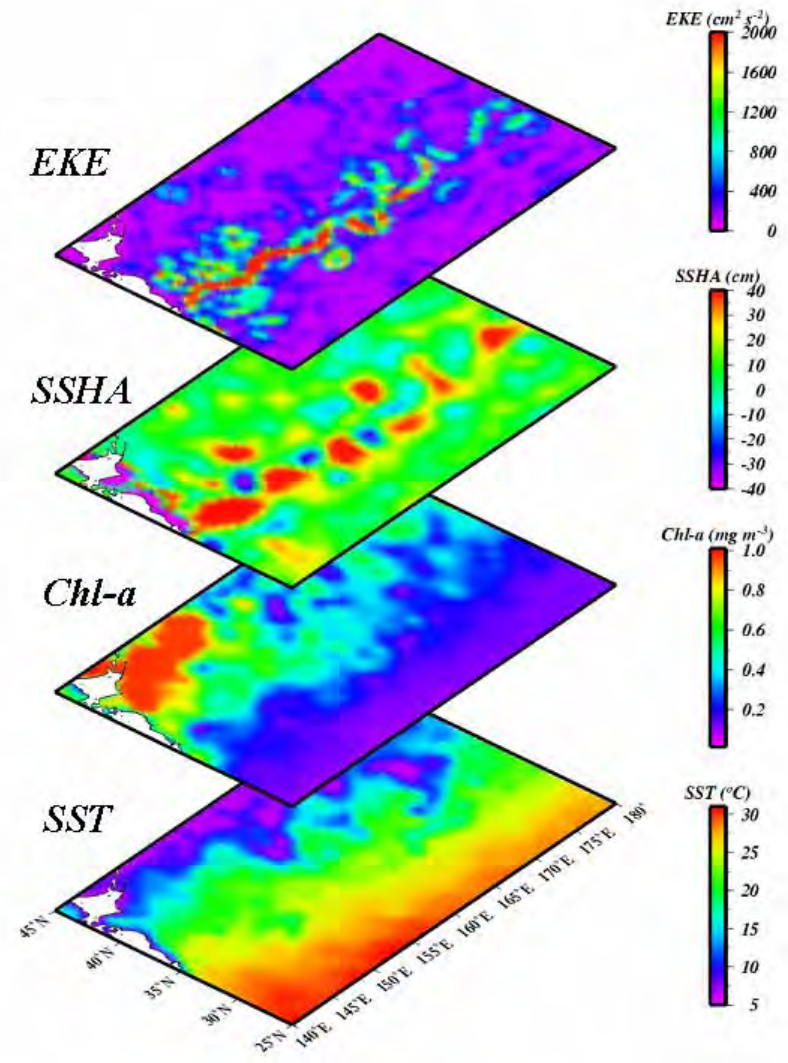
PFZ: La Niña



Well developed – High CPUE (Zainuddin et al., GRL 2004)

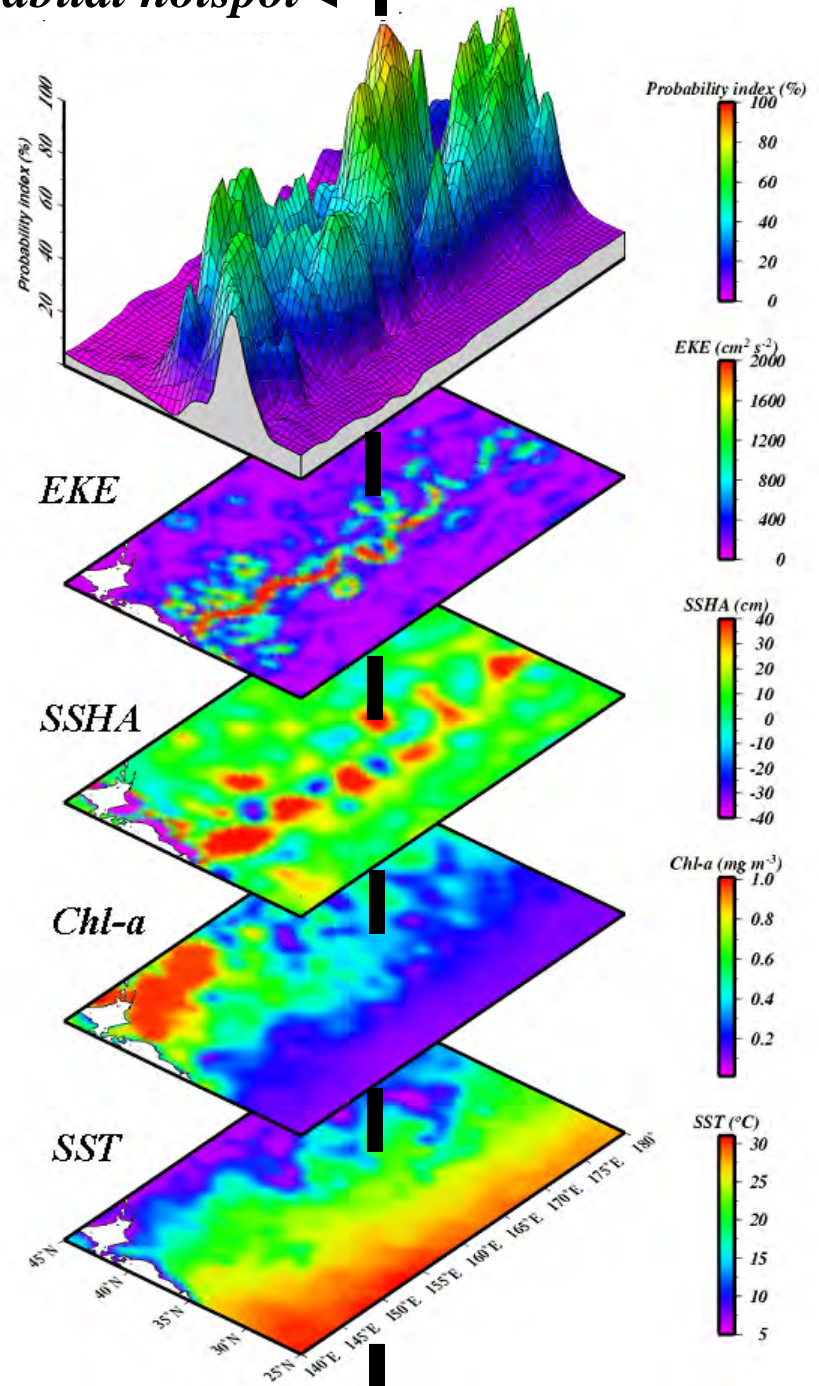


The interconnection: albacore fishery and environments



The interconnection: albacore fishery and environments

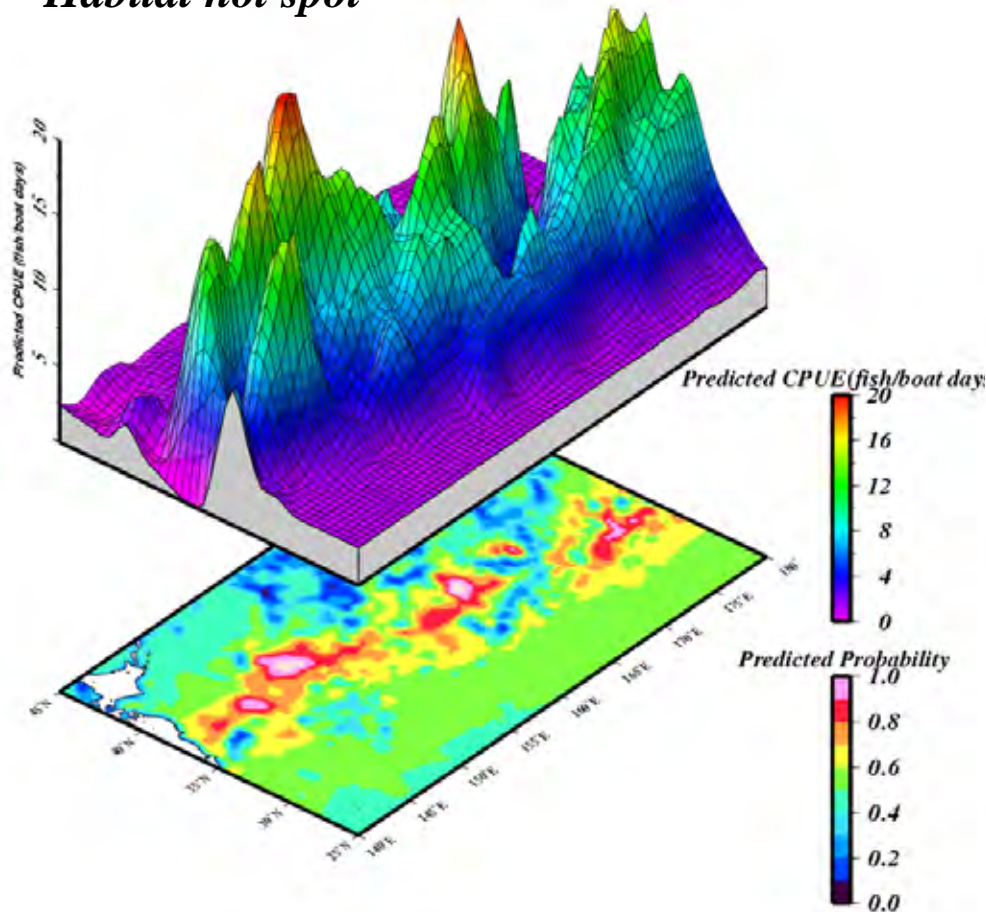
Habitat hotspot ←



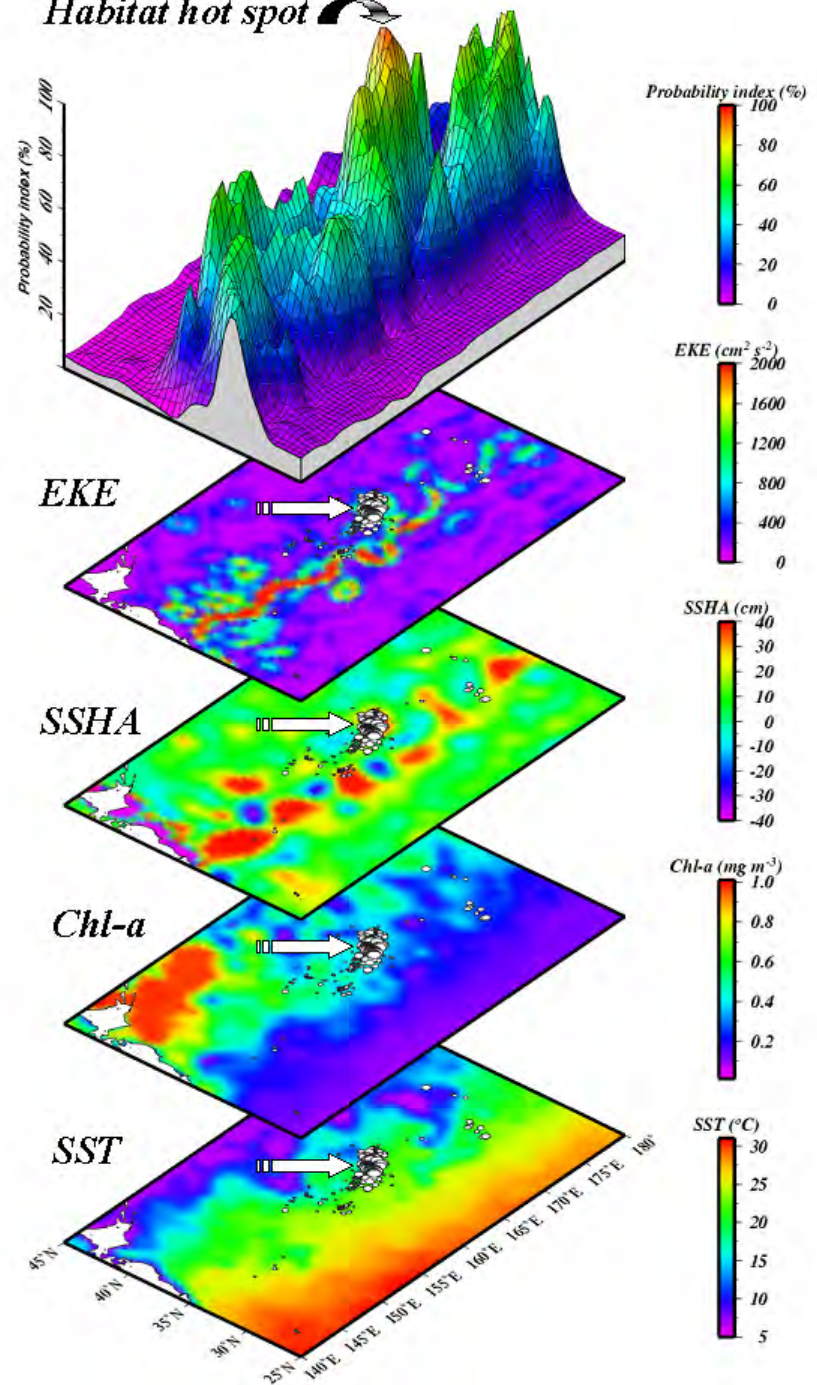
The interconnection: albacore fishery and environments

Statistical model

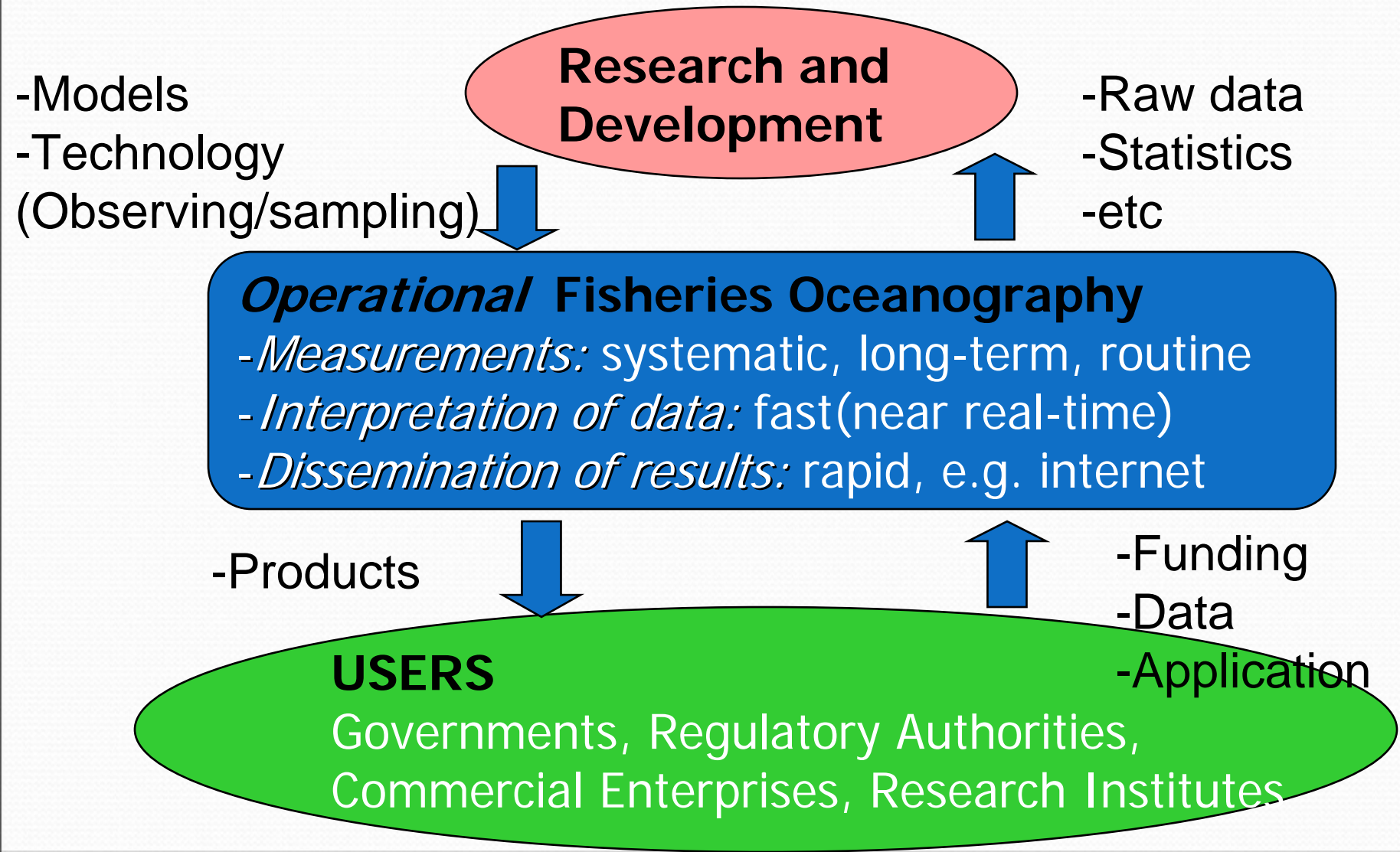
Habitat hot spot ↷

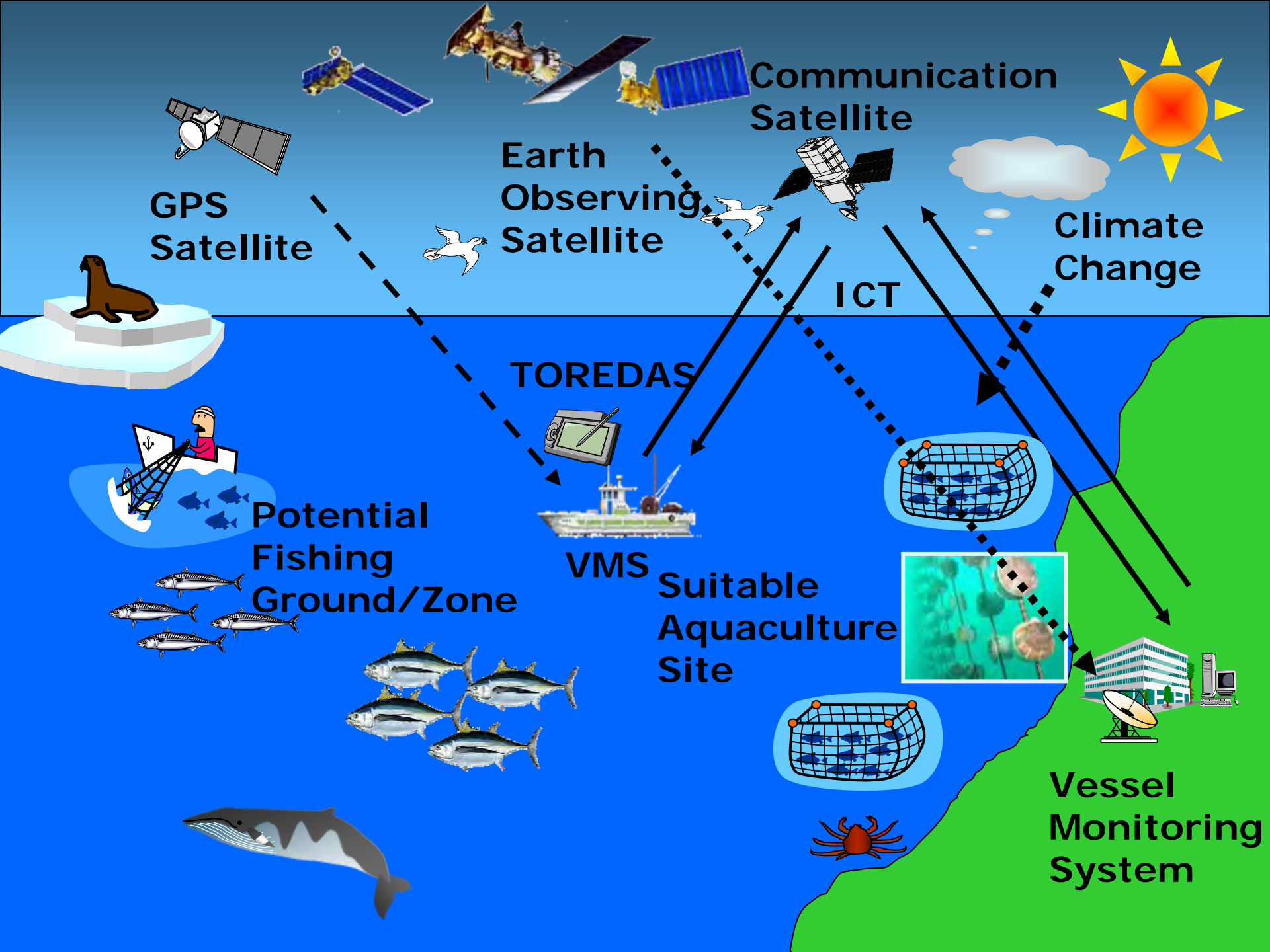


Habitat hot spot ↷



"Operational" Fisheries Oceanography





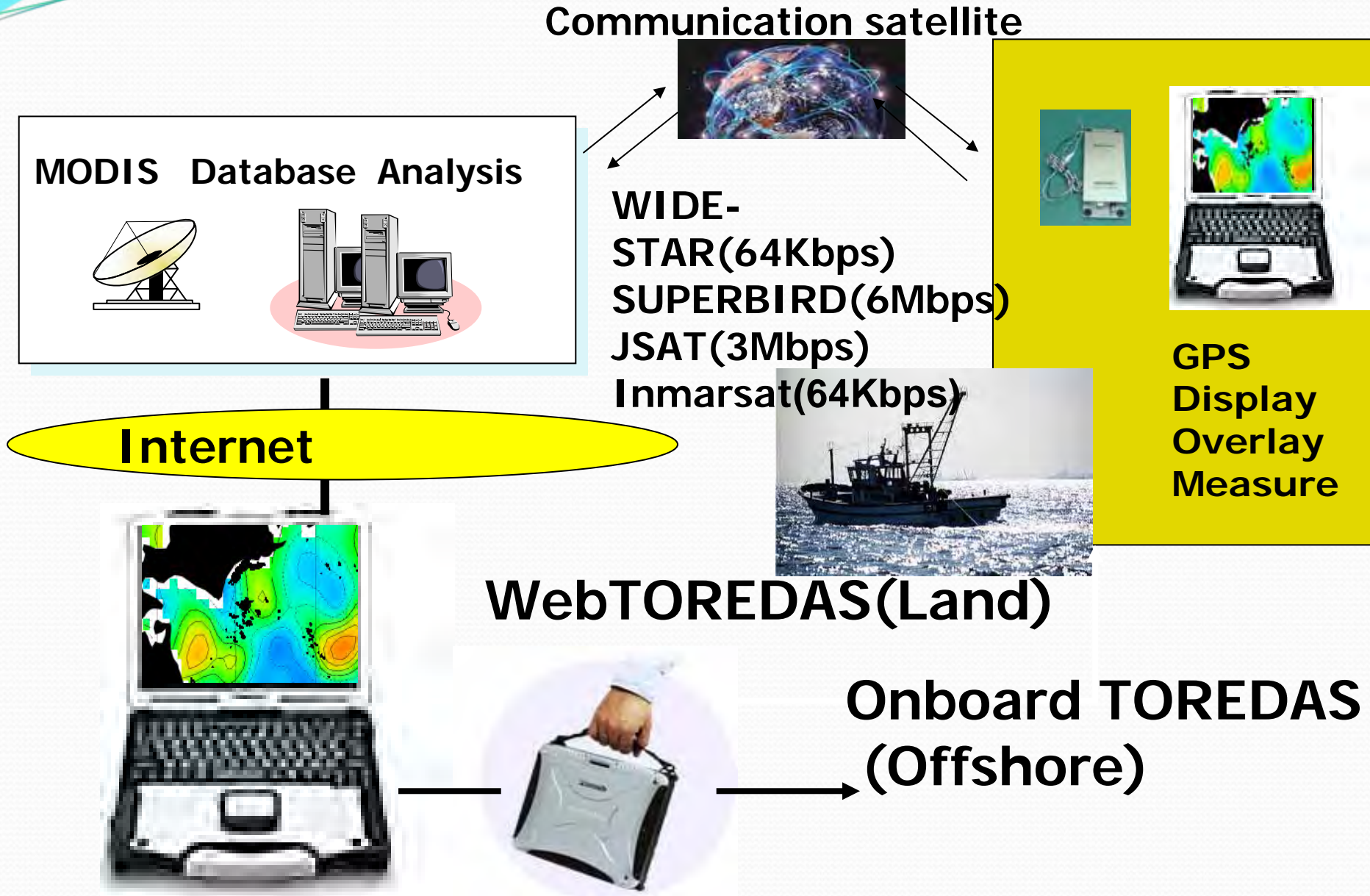
TOREDAS: start to fish

G&LI
Green & Life Innovation, Inc.

Traceable
Operational
Resources
Environment
Data
Acquisition
System

トレダス

Overview of Information Transfer



OnBoard TOREDAS

G&LI
Green & Life Innovation, Inc.

- Heavy Duty
- Touch Panel
- Water Proof



Distribution of Easy-use satellite Information to Laptop PC onboard

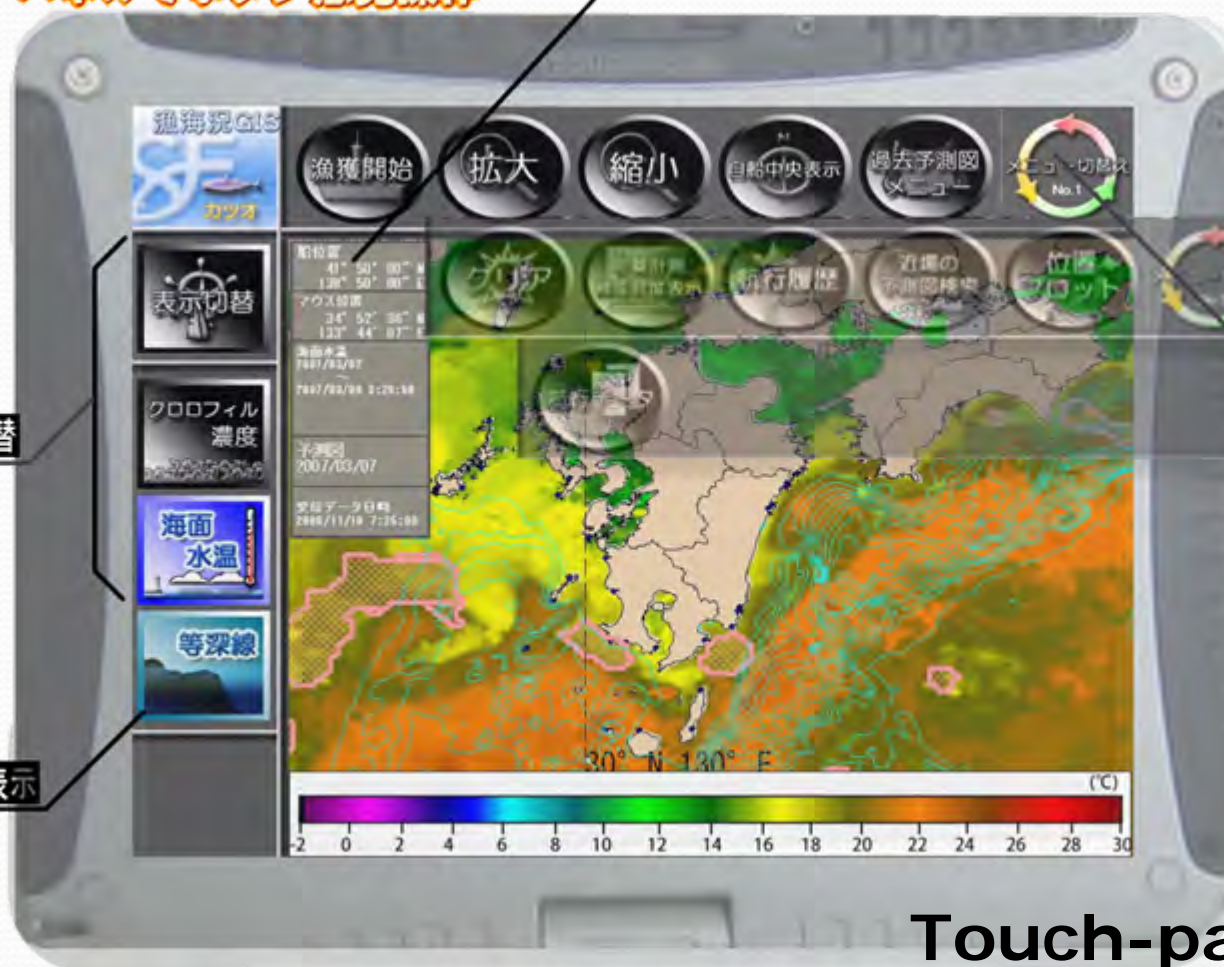
タッチパネルでボタン感覚操作

自船位置表示(GPS信号入力)

各種画像表示切替

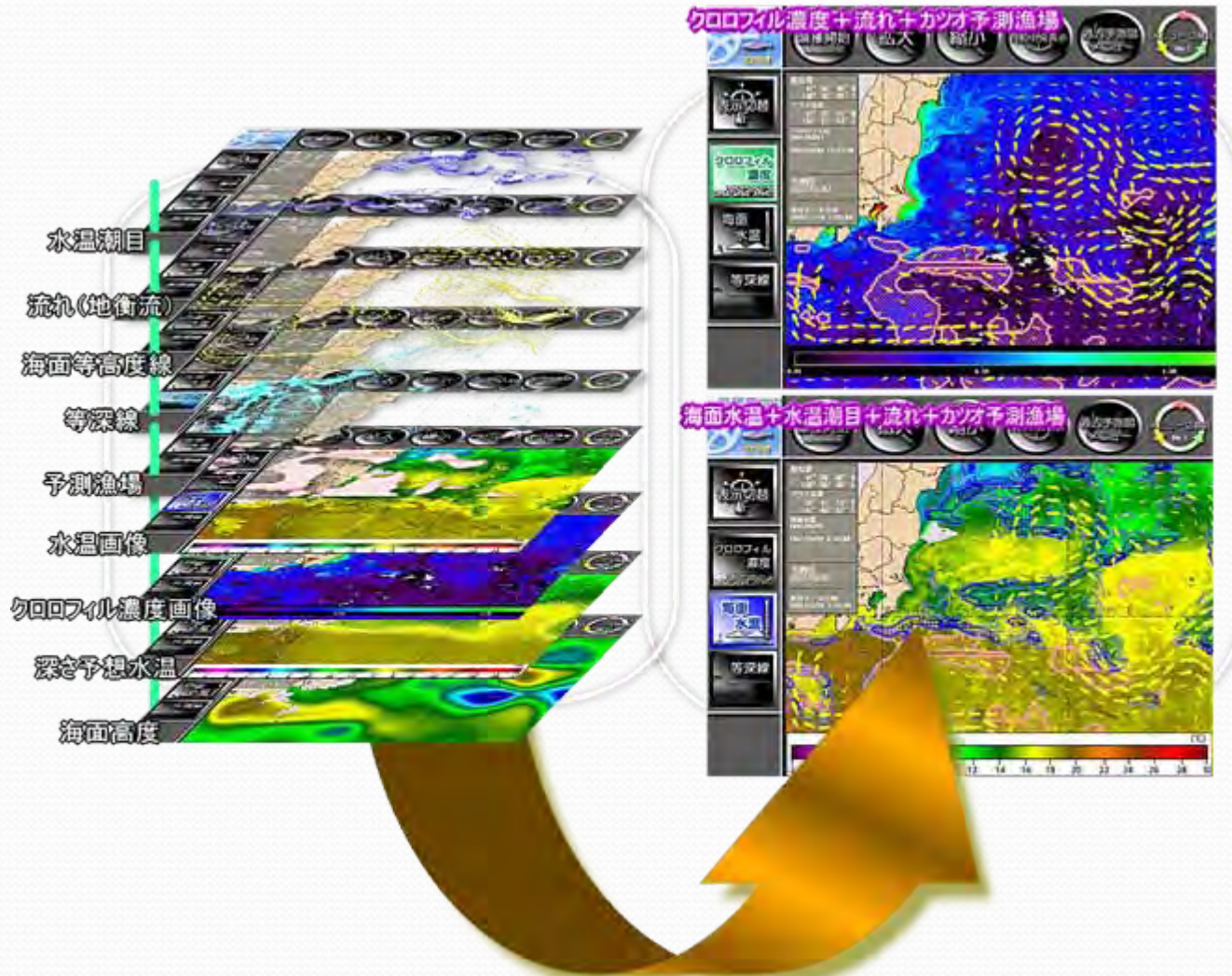
等深線表示/非表示

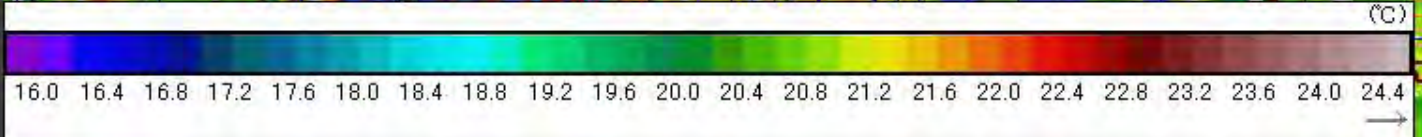
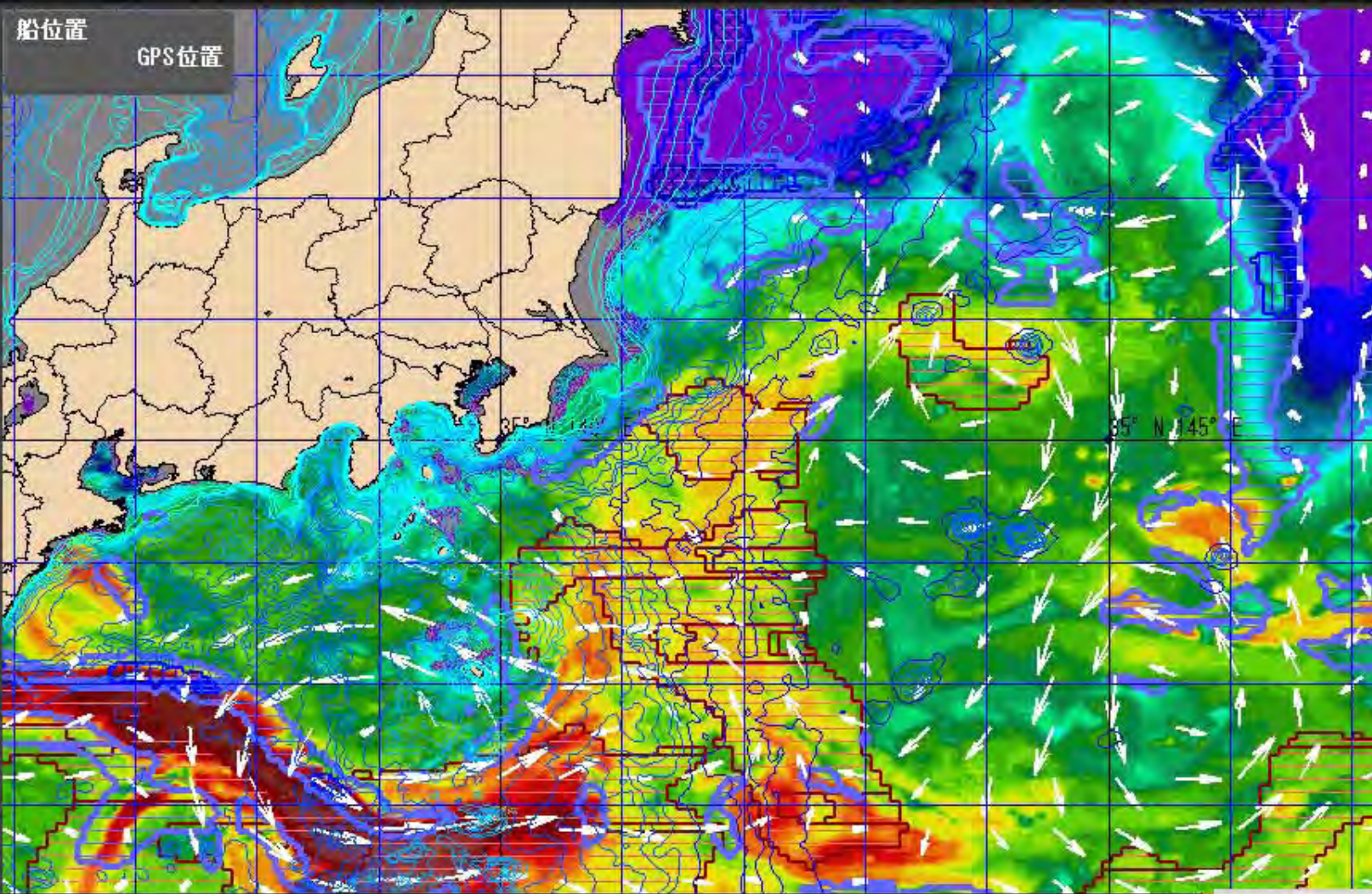
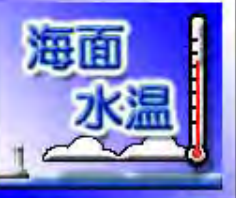
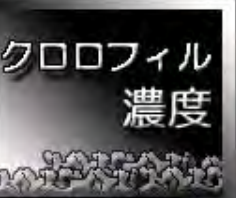
各種メニュー切替



Touch-panel

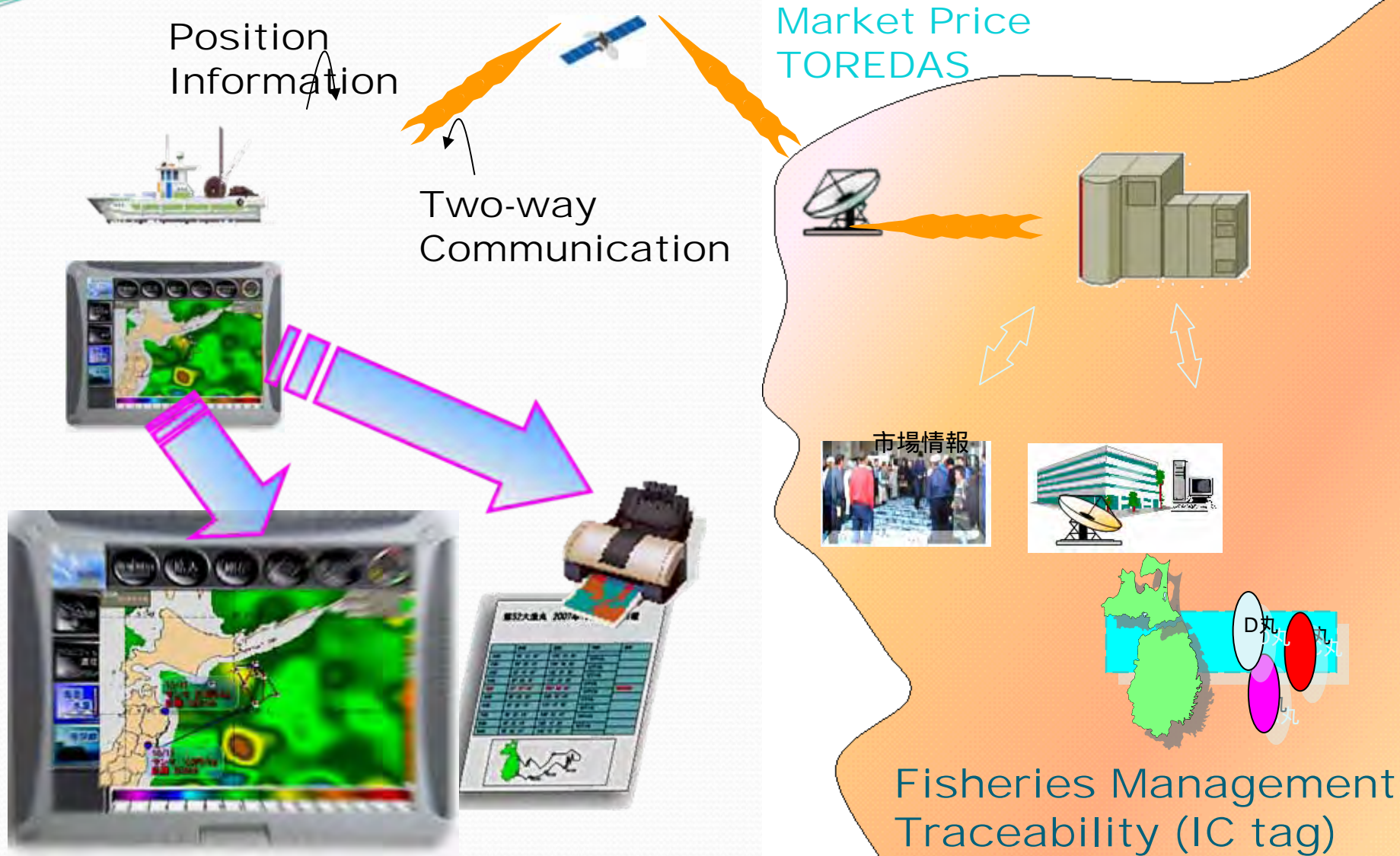
Multiple datasets including image (raster) and vector information





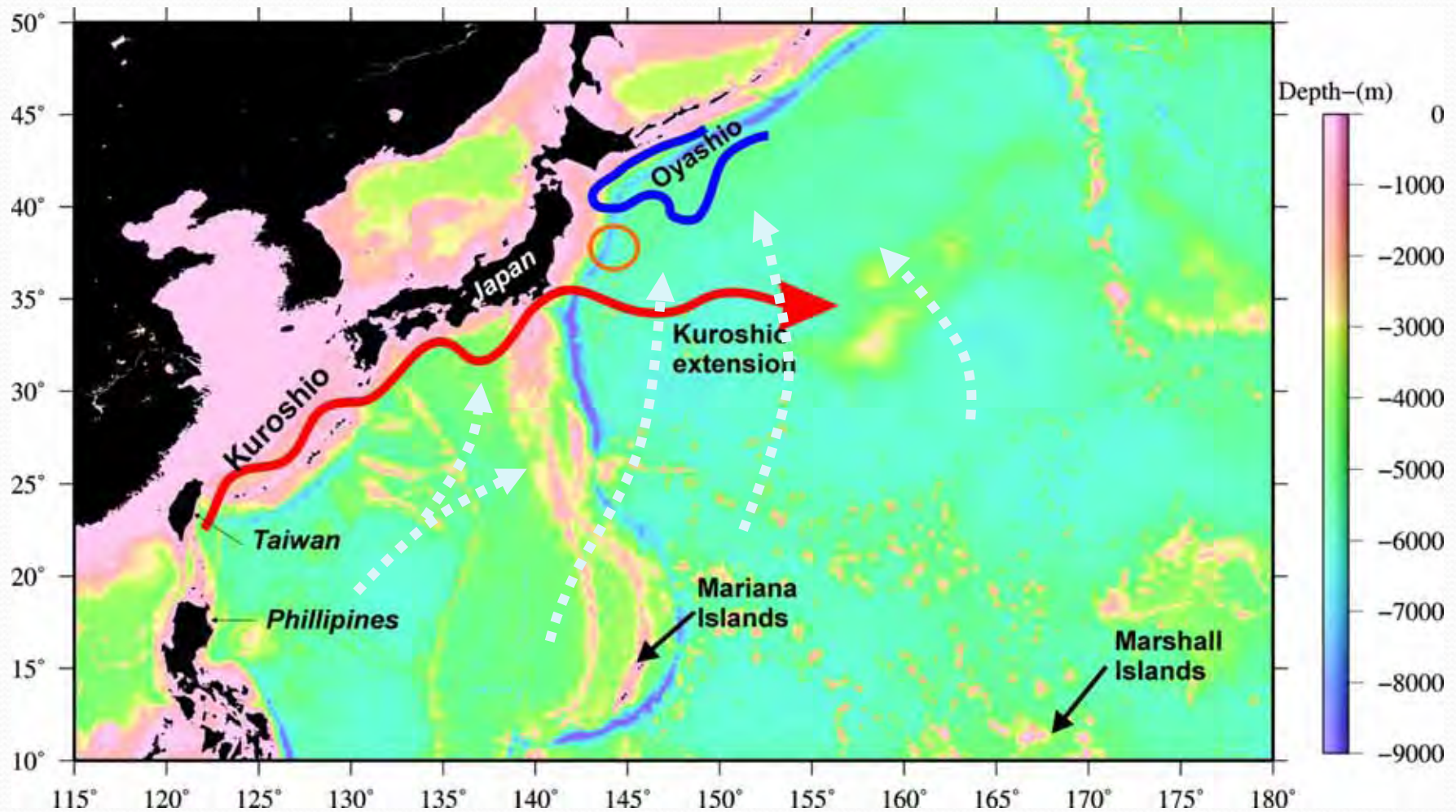
凡例設定

VMS for sustainable fisheries

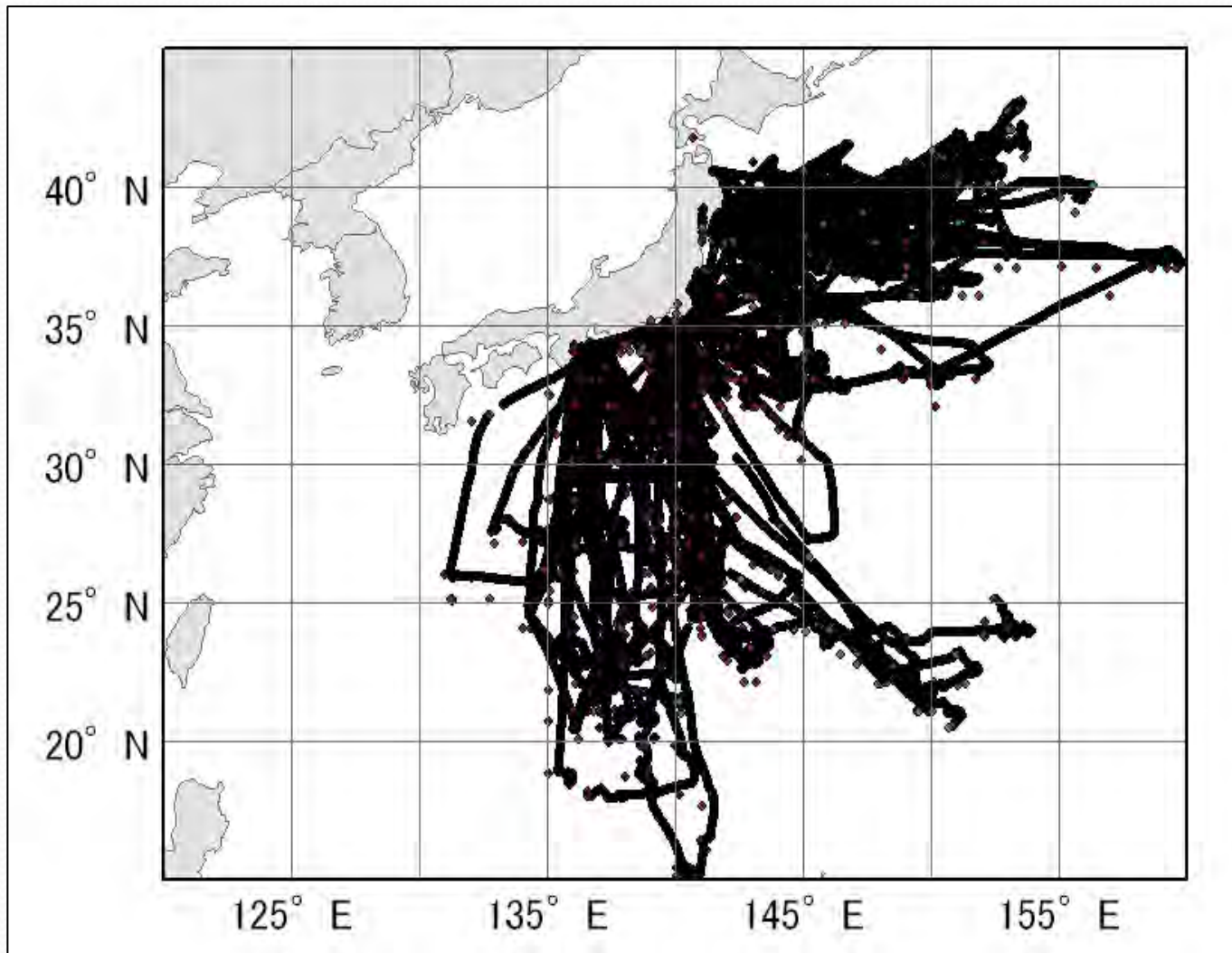


VMS: Vessel Monitoring System

Skipjack tuna Northern migration off the east coast of Japan (Nihira, 1996)



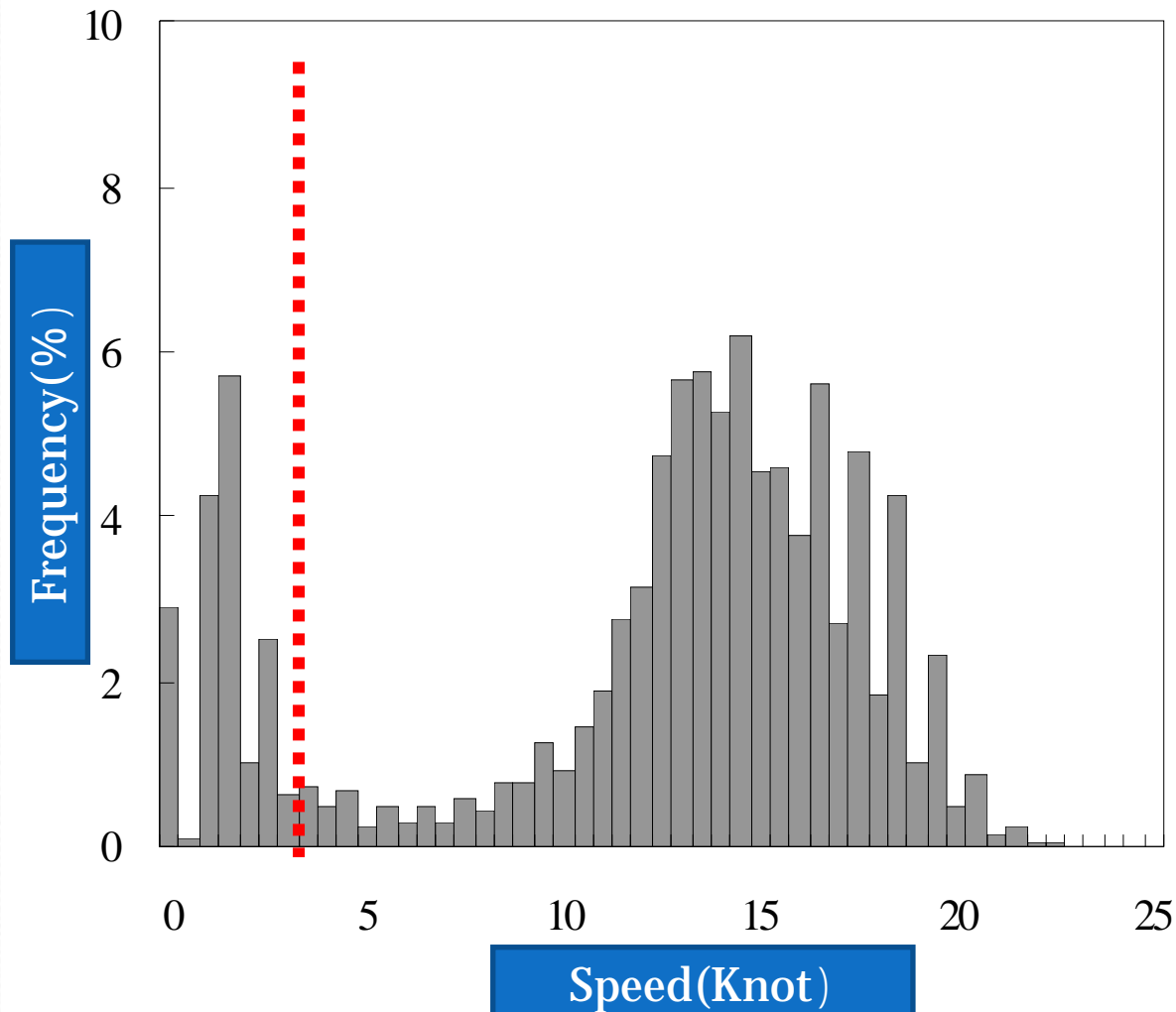
A trajectory of skipjack tuna fishing boat (Sept. 2007 – Sept. 2009)



Definition of fishing ground

- 0.1-3.0 knot (Mullowney and Dawe 2009)
- Day time (Sun rise - Sun set)
- Continuous
- Within 60 min.
- Over 10km from land

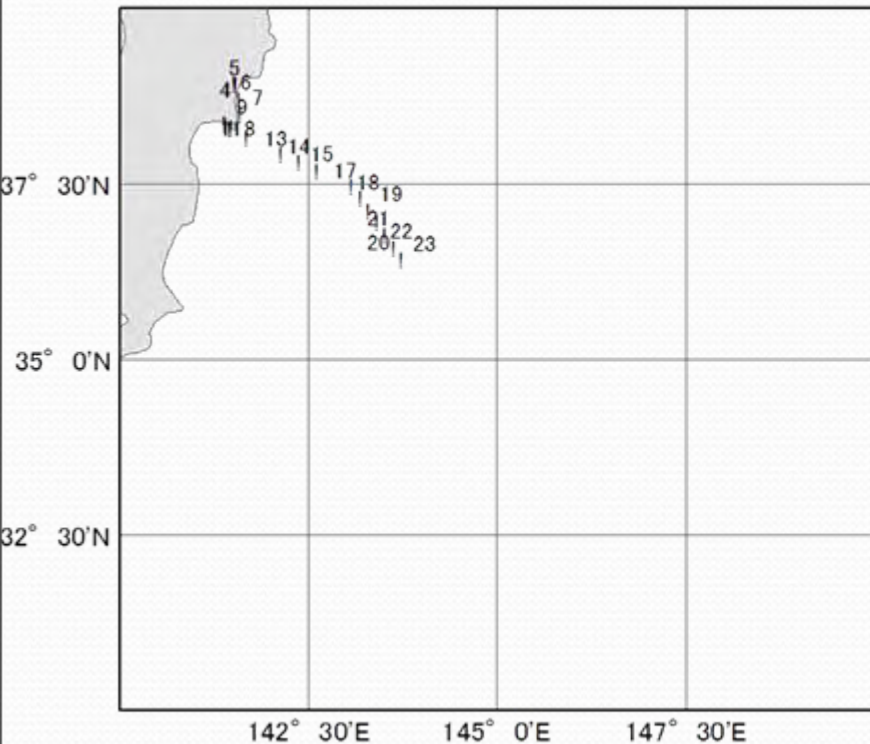
Definition of fishing ground



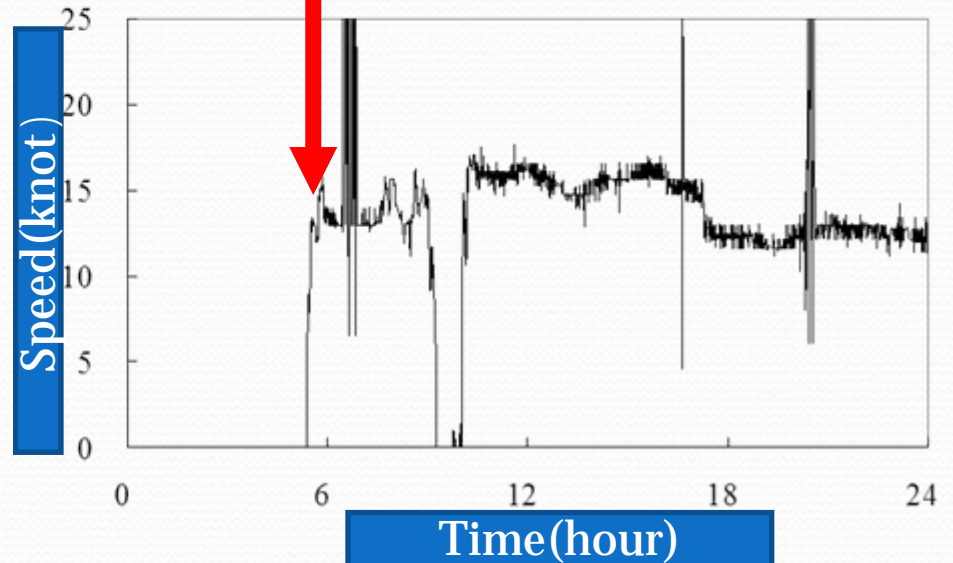
(Saitoh et al., ICES-JMS 2008)

Positions and speed: June 19 -23, 2008

June 19, 2008



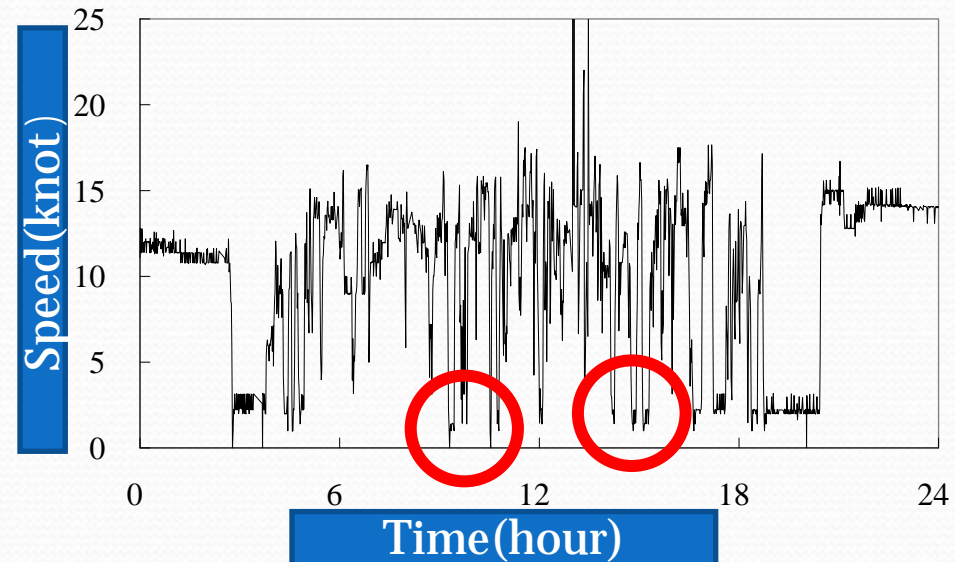
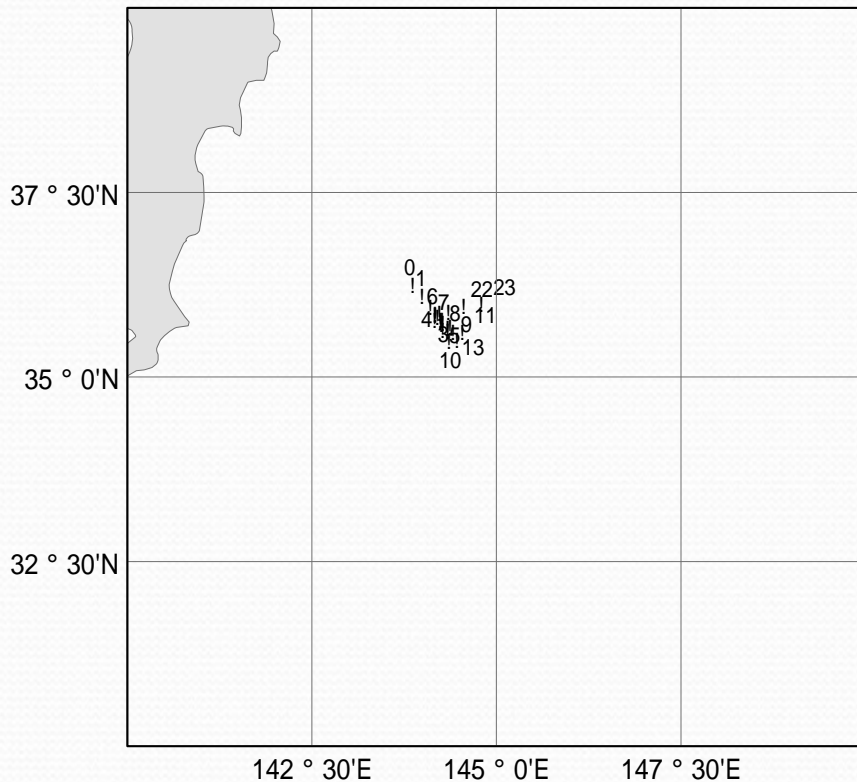
Start from port



(Saitoh et al., ICES-JMS 2008)

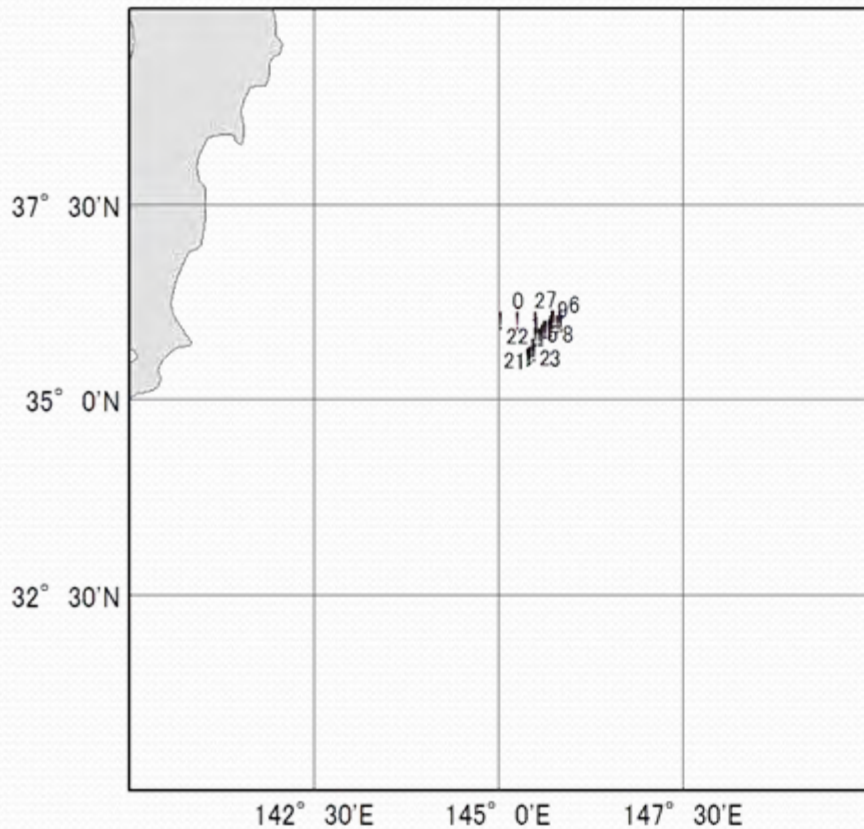
Positions and speed: June 19 -23, 2008

June 20, 2008

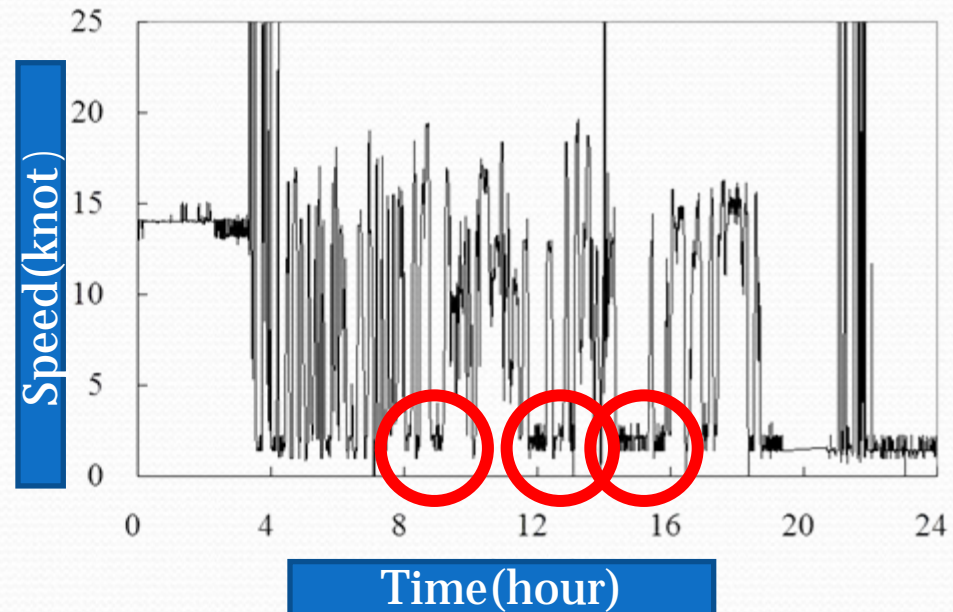


(Saitoh et al., ICES-JMS 2008)

Positions and speed: June 19 -23, 2008

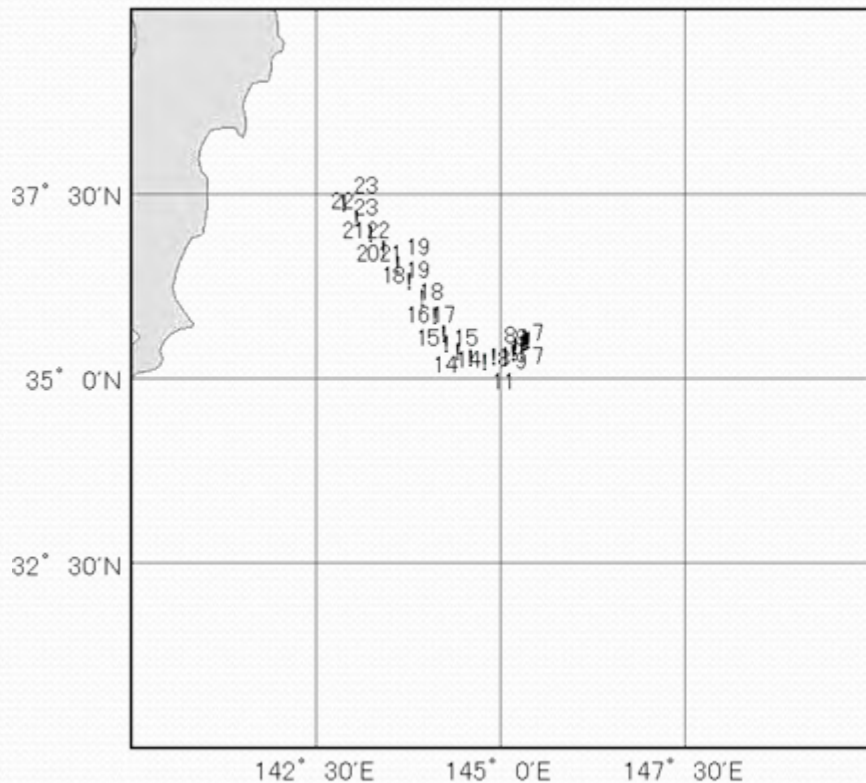


June 21, 2008



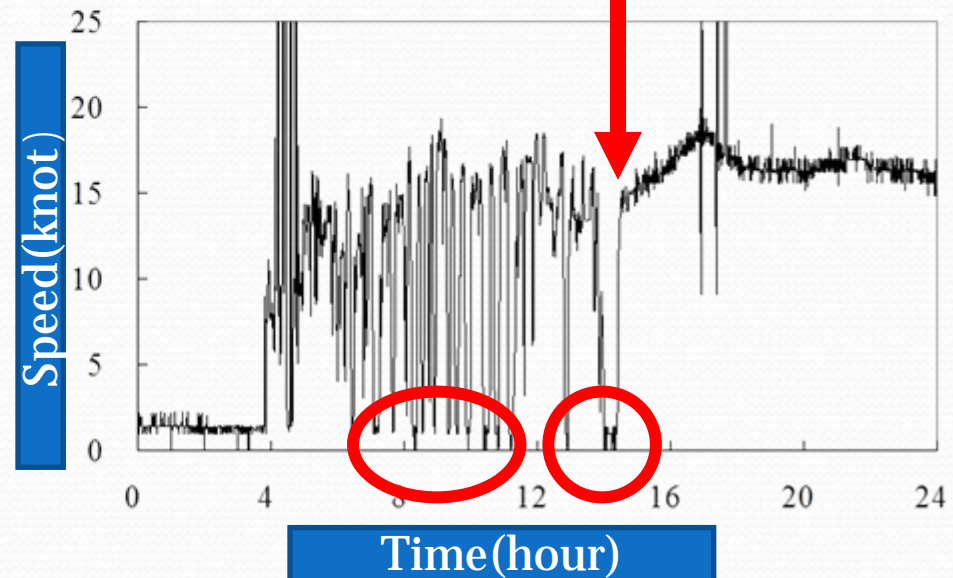
(Saitoh et al., ICES-JMS 2008)

Positions and speed: June 19 -23, 2008



June 22, 2008

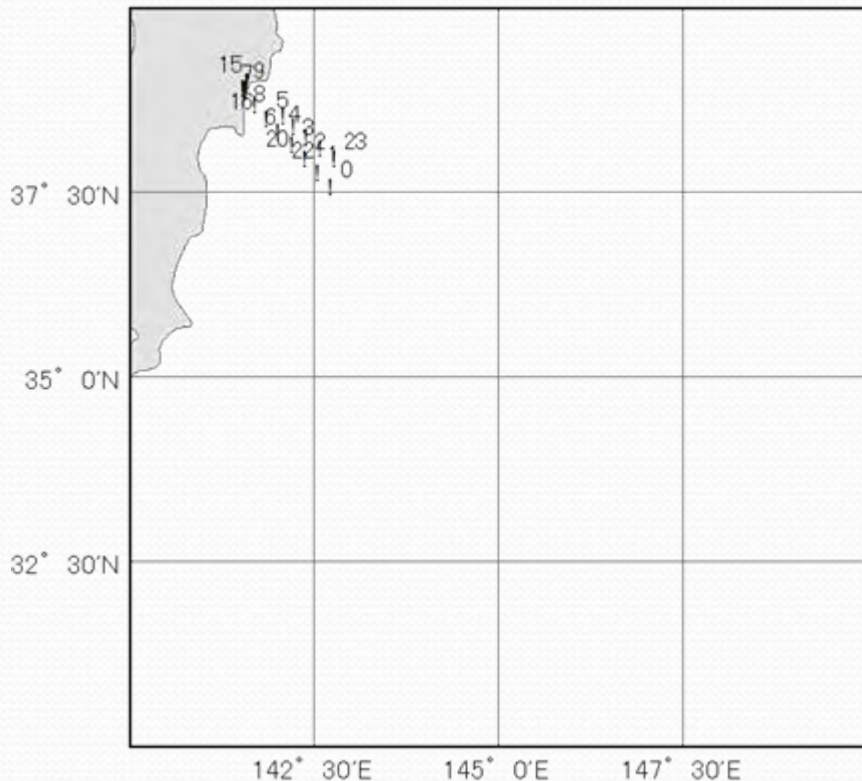
decide to return



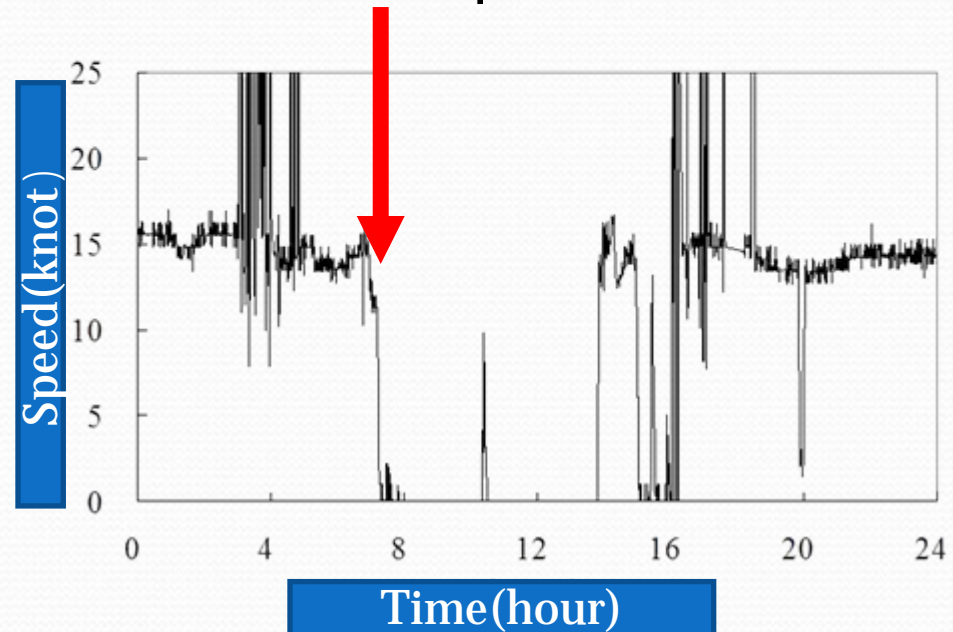
(Saitoh et al., ICES-JMS 2008)

Positions and speed: June 19 -23, 2008

June 23, 2008

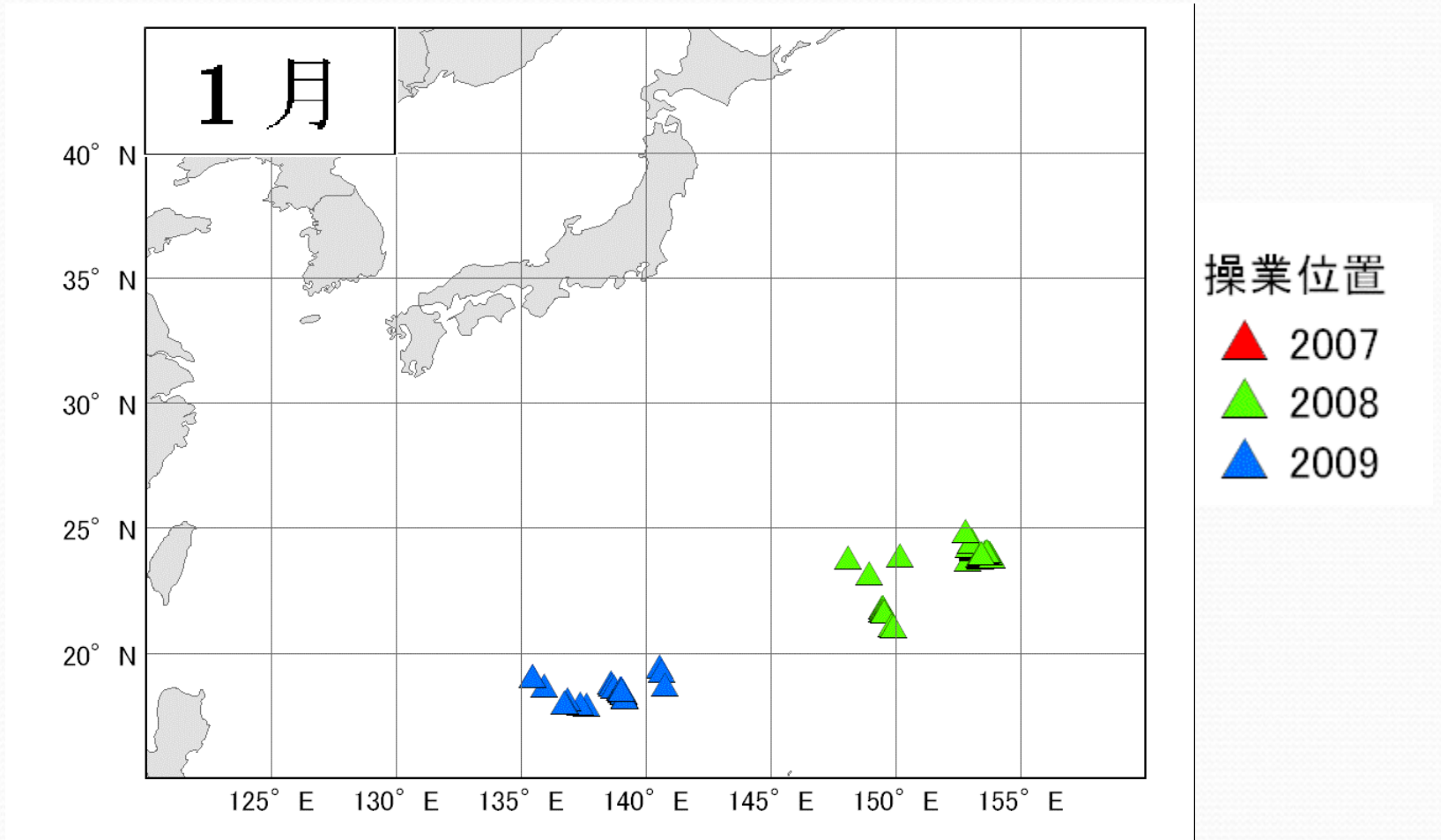


Enter to port

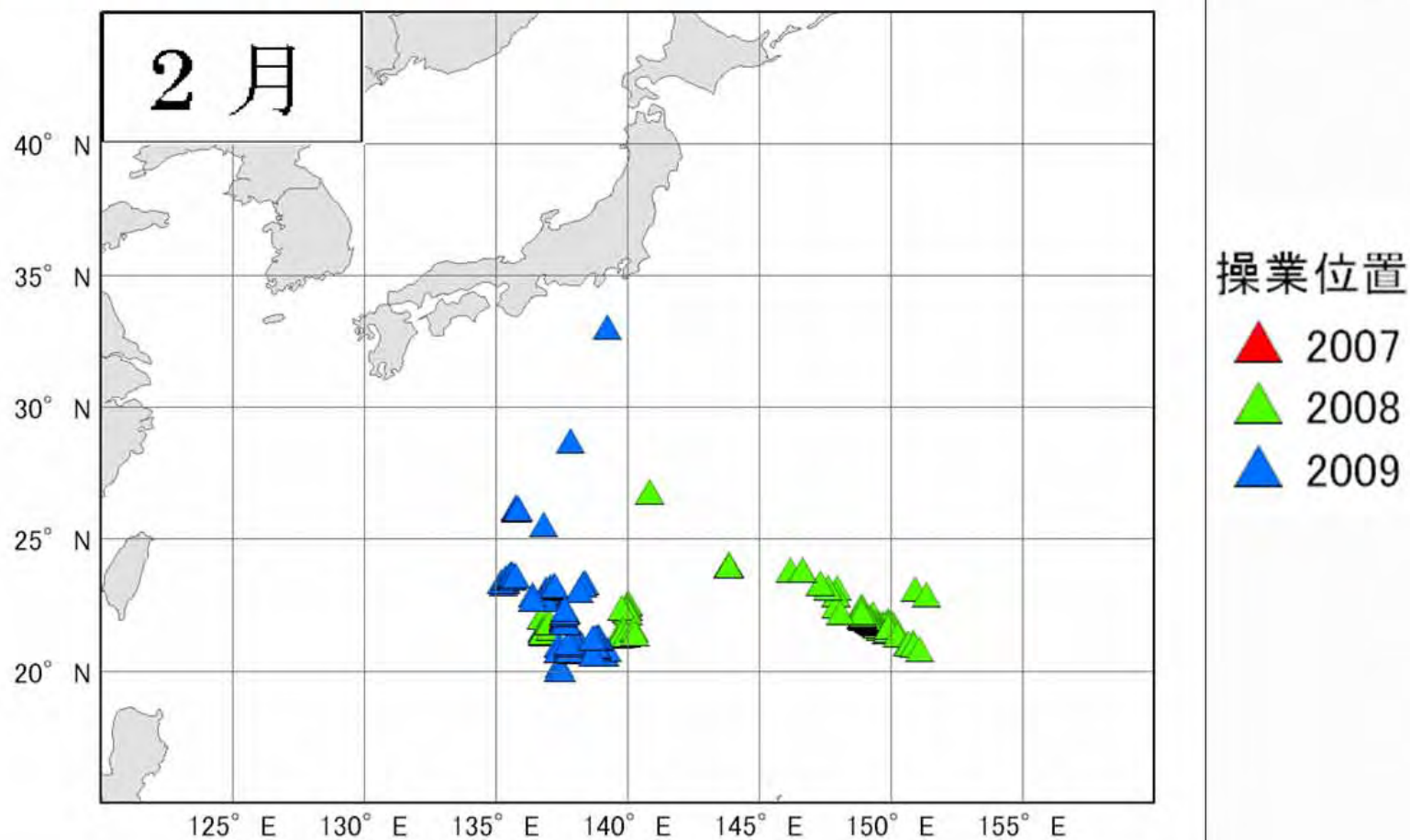


(Saitoh et al., ICES-JMS 2008)

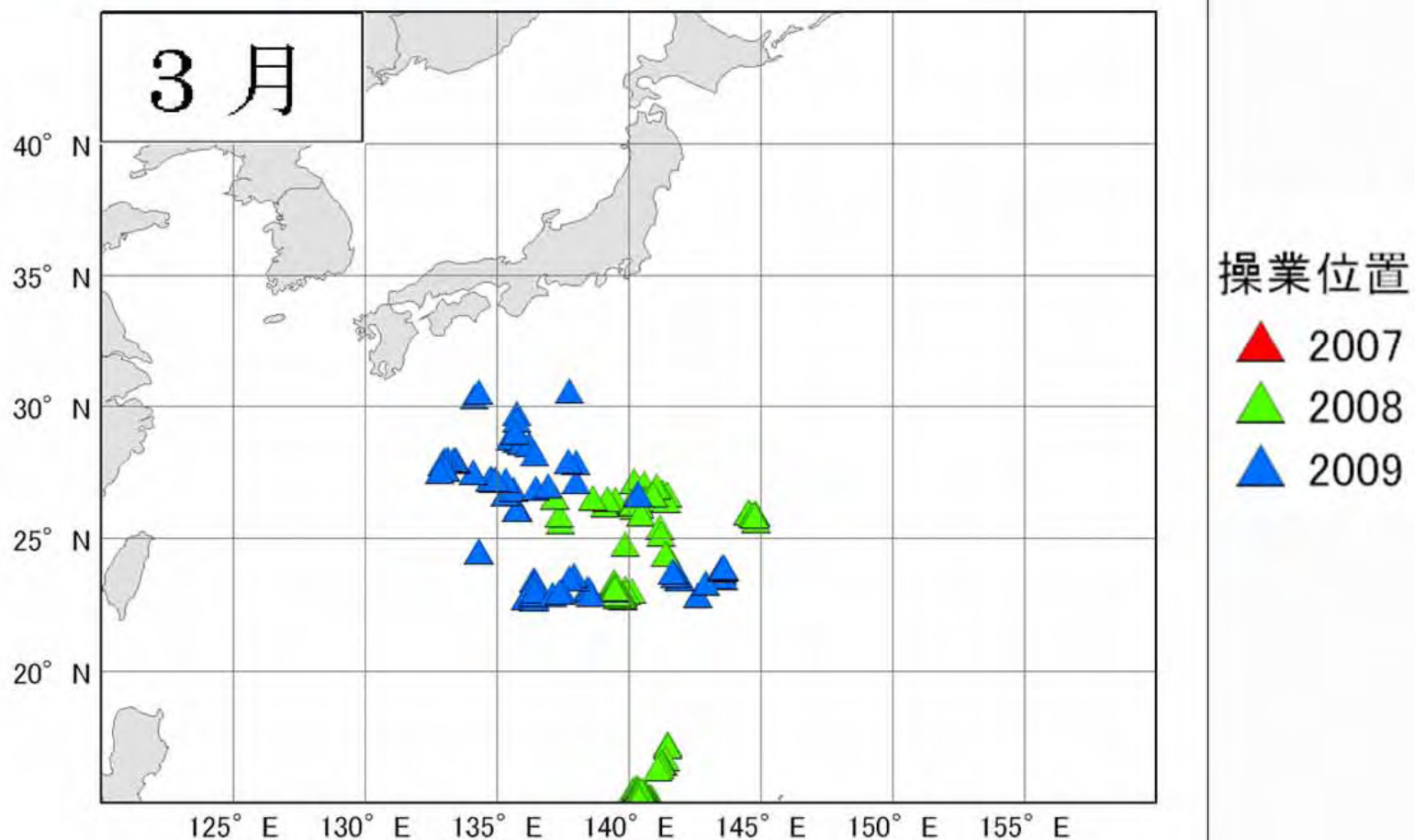
Fishing ground movement detected by VMS (Sept. 2007 – Sept. 2009)



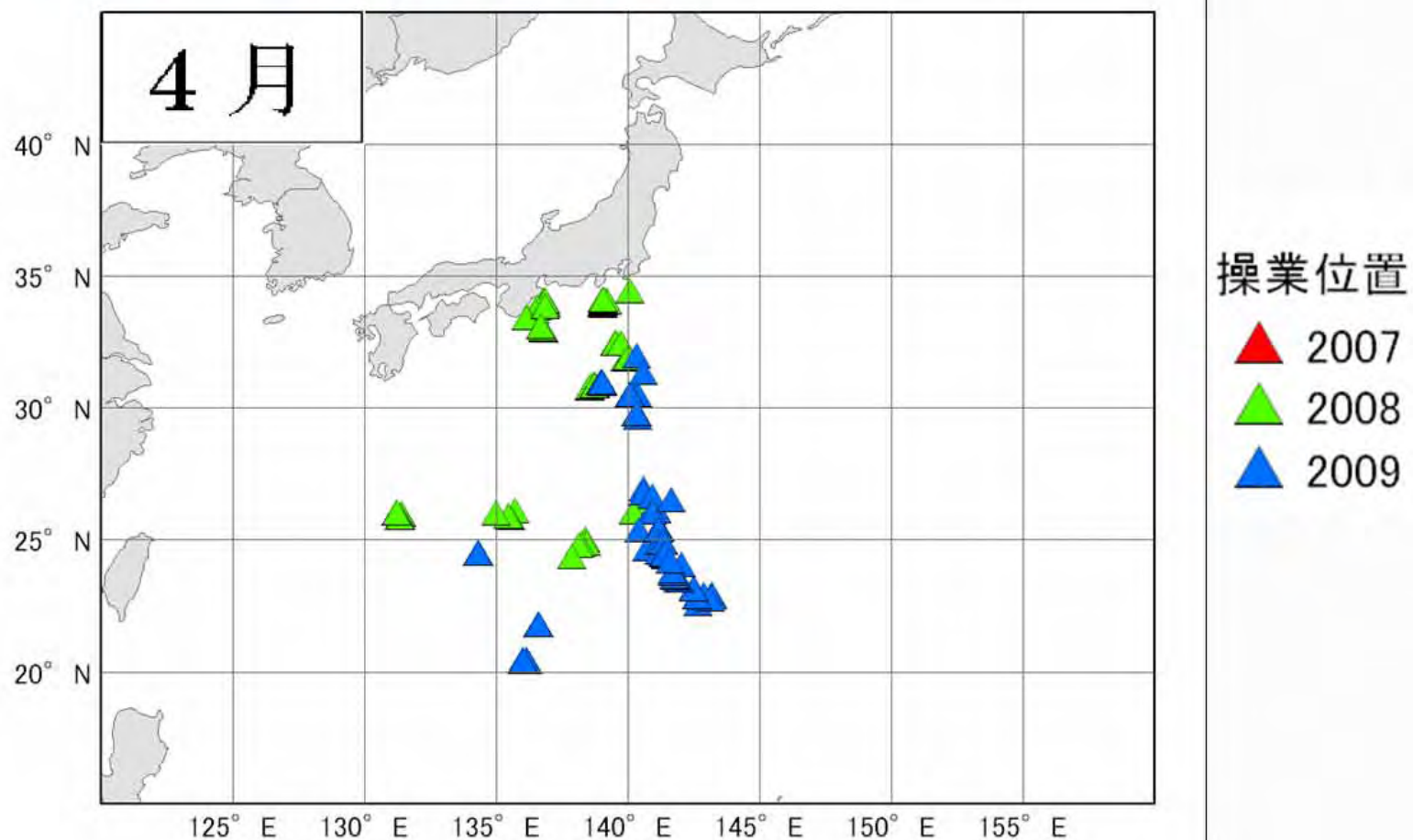
Fishing ground movement detected by VMS (Sept. 2007 – Sept. 2009)



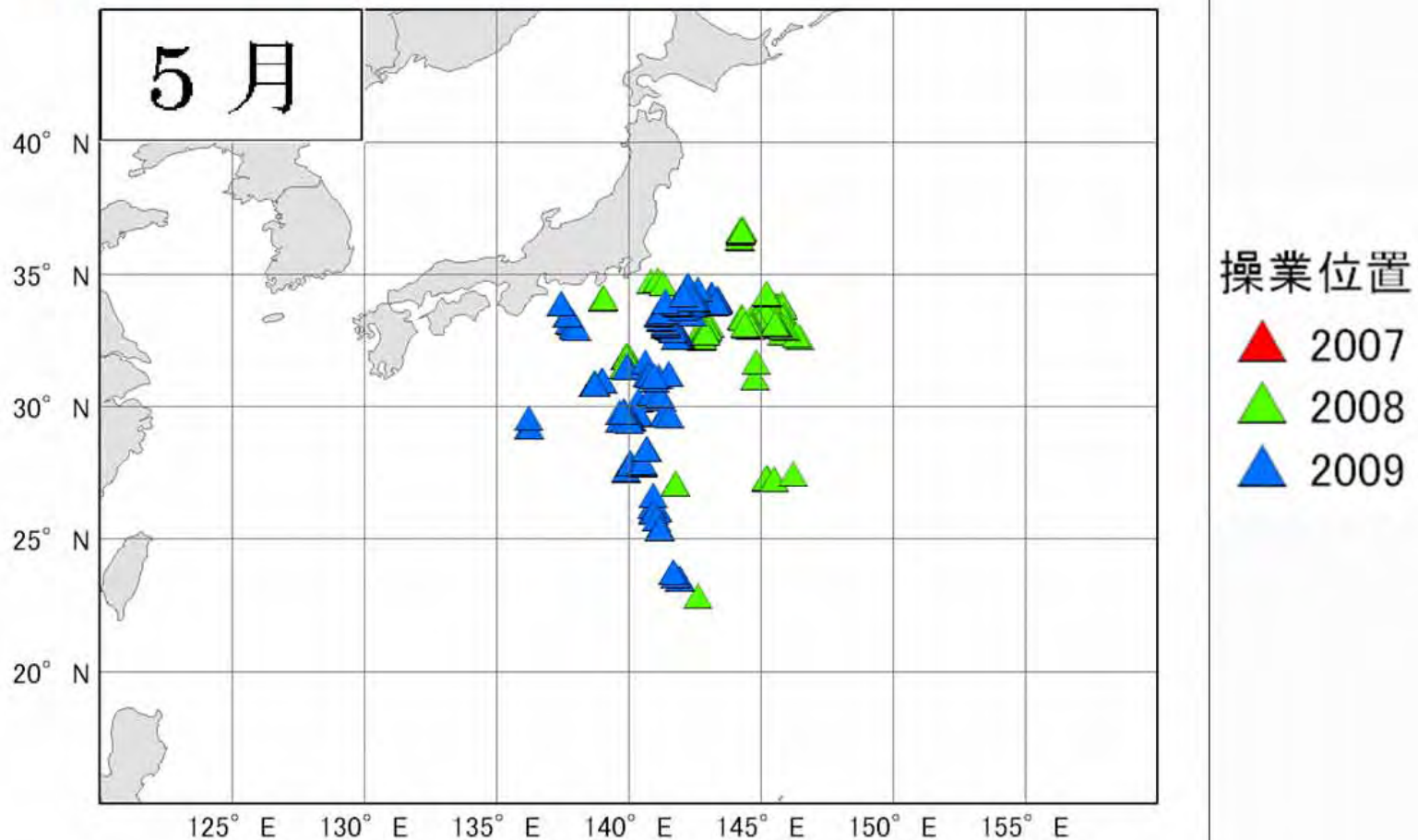
Fishing ground movement detected by VMS (Sept. 2007 – Sept. 2009)



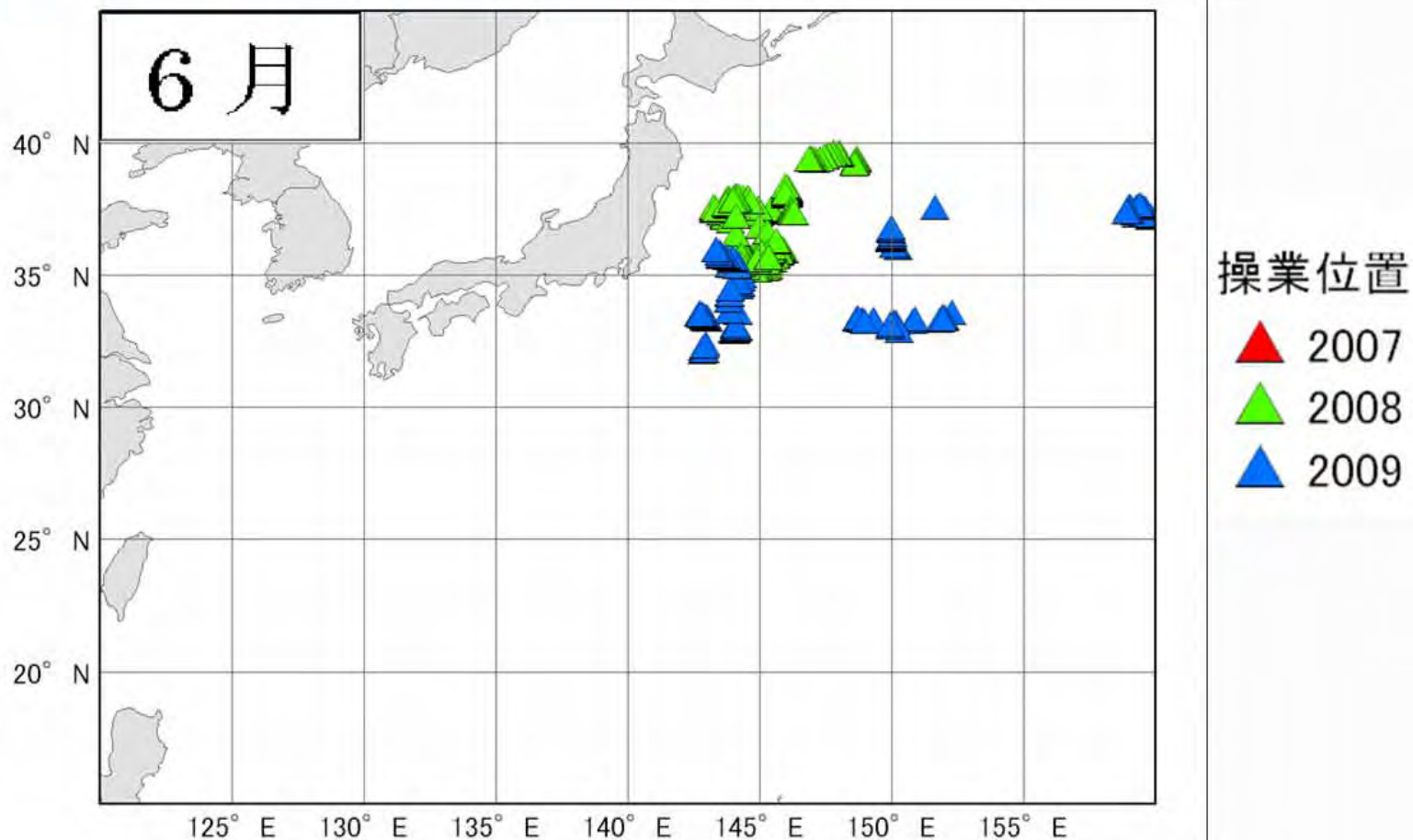
Fishing ground movement detected by VMS (Sept. 2007 – Sept. 2009)



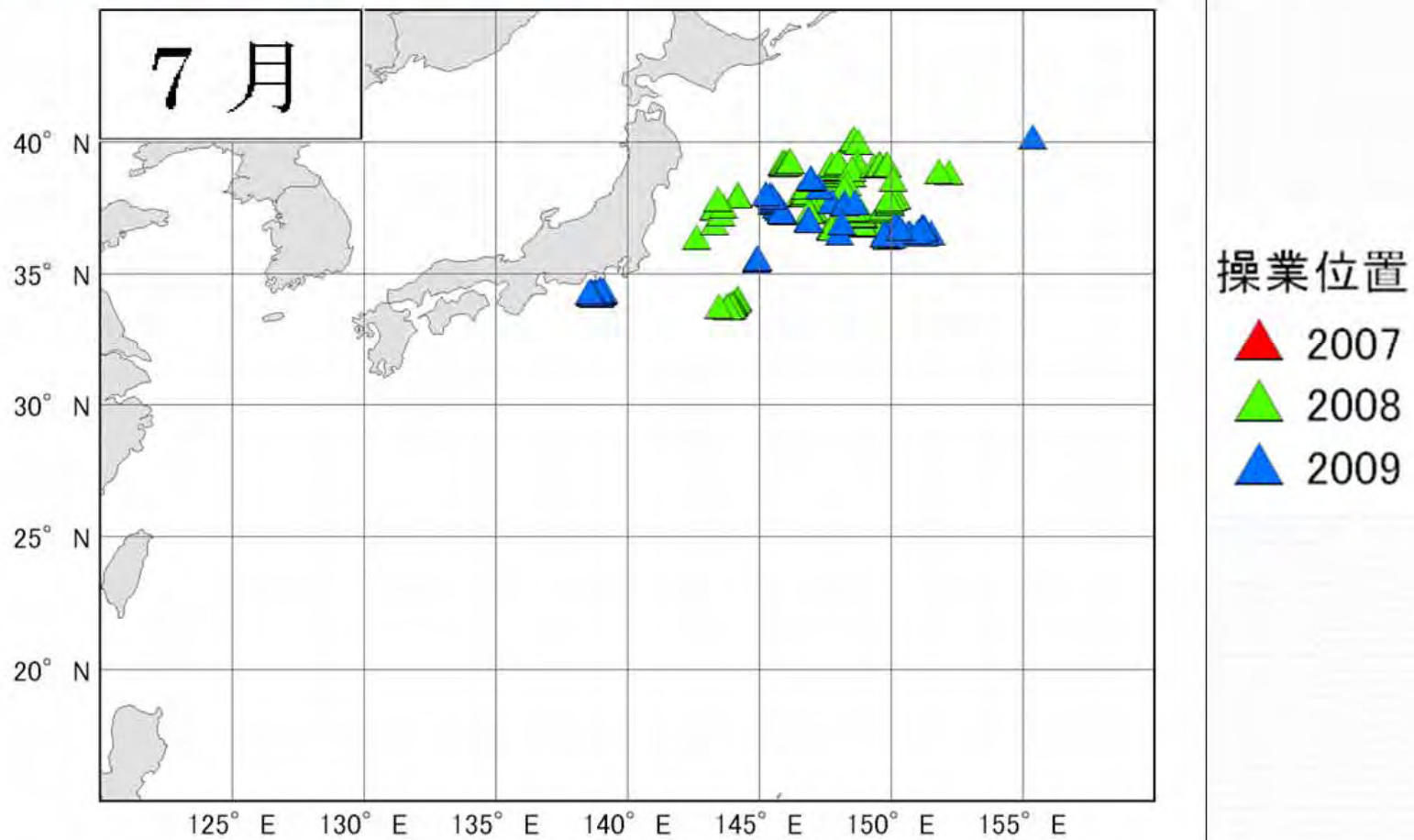
Fishing ground movement detected by VMS (Sept. 2007 – Sept. 2009)



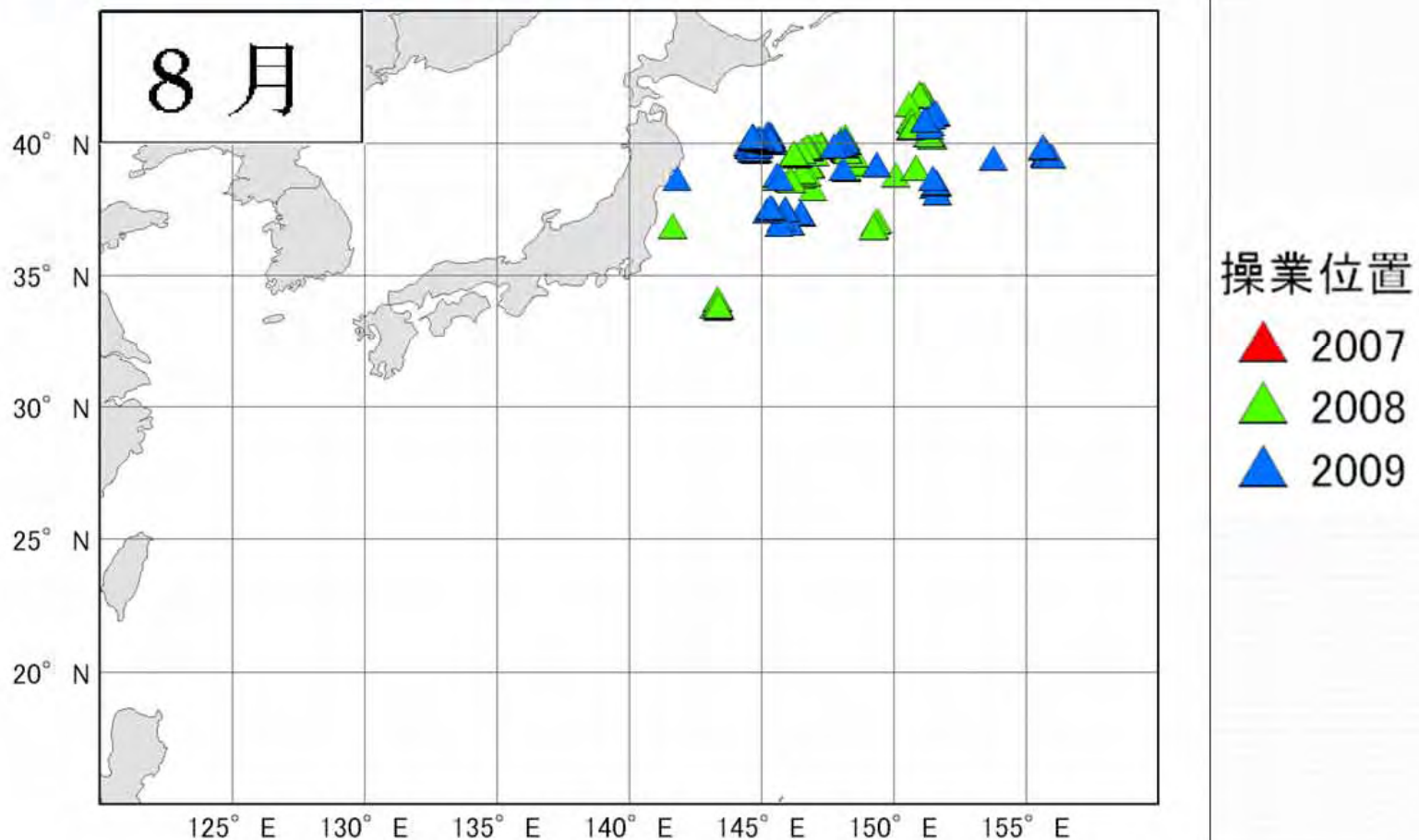
Fishing ground movement detected by VMS (Sept. 2007 – Sept. 2009)



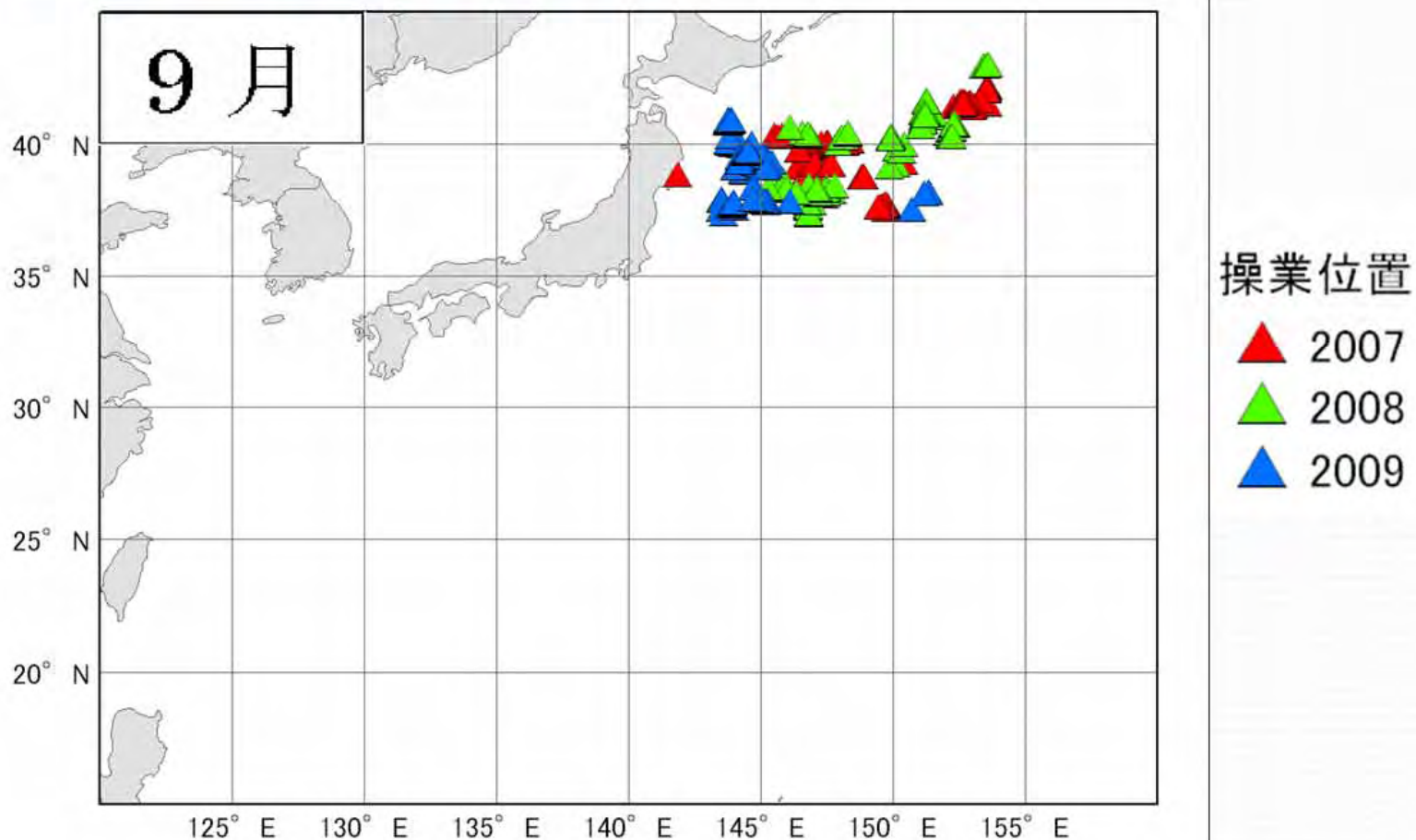
Fishing ground movement detected by VMS (Sept. 2007 – Sept. 2009)



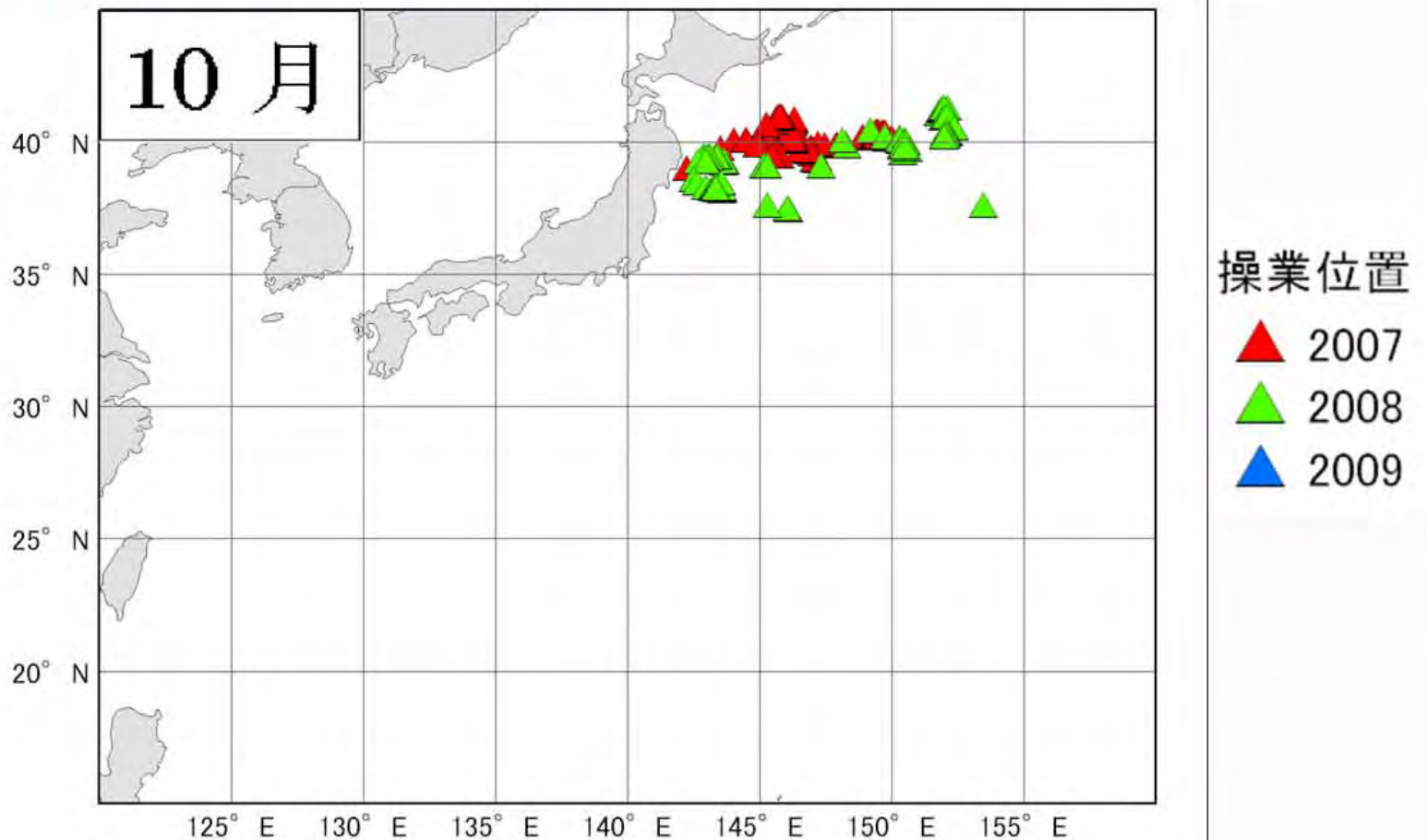
Fishing ground movement detected by VMS (Sept. 2007 – Sept. 2009)



Fishing ground movement detected by VMS (Sept. 2007 – Sept. 2009)



Fishing ground movement detected by VMS (Sept. 2007 – Sept. 2009)



Day of fishing = $366 / 25$ months

Fishing activities = $4064 / 25$ months

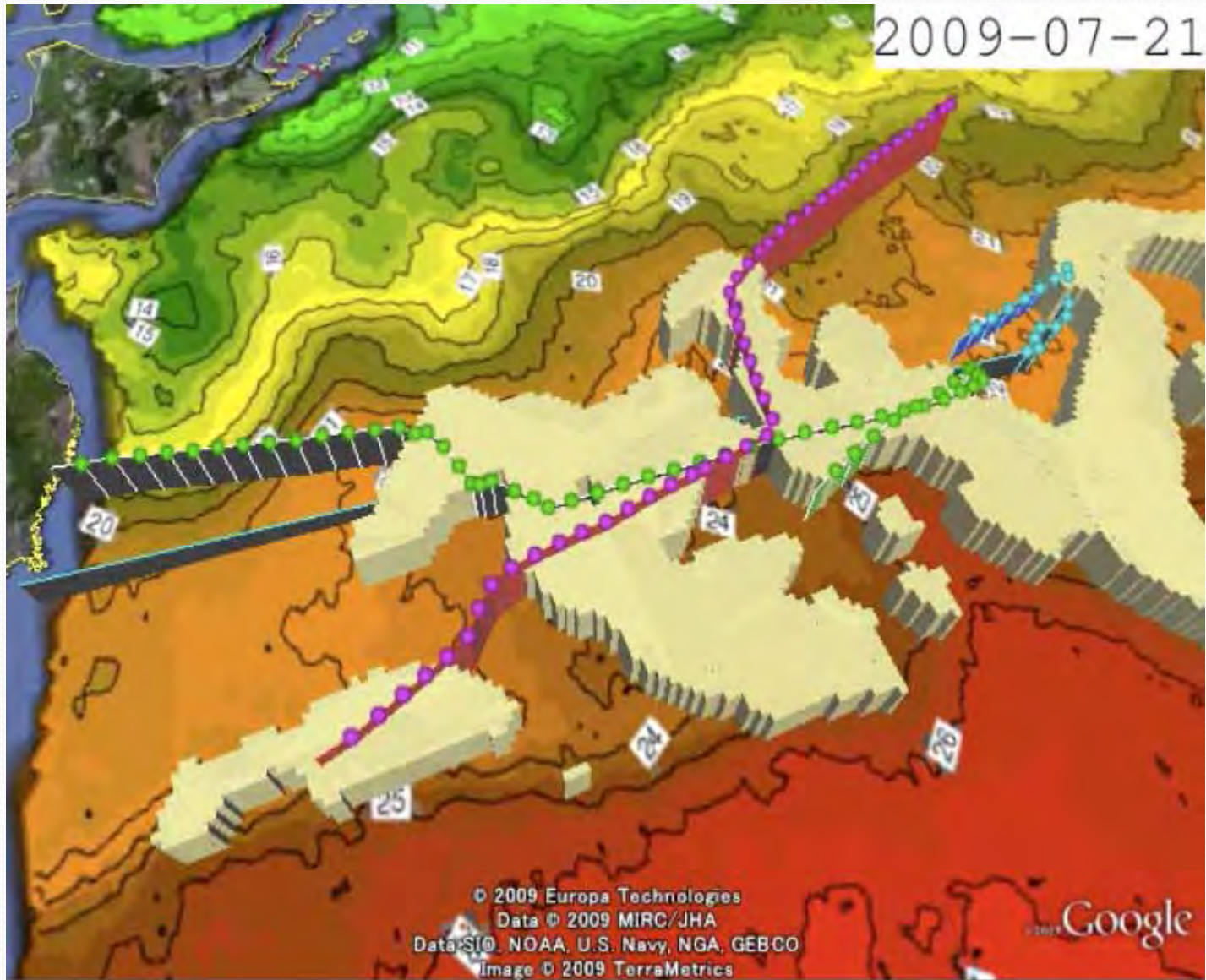
Mean fishing activities in a day = 11.1

Visit to TOREDAS user

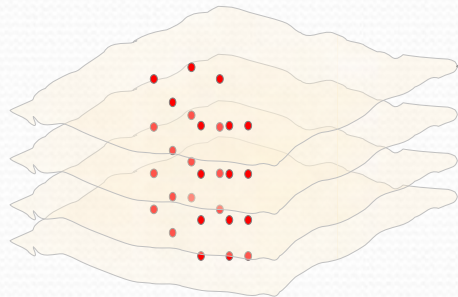


Photo by S. Matsumura

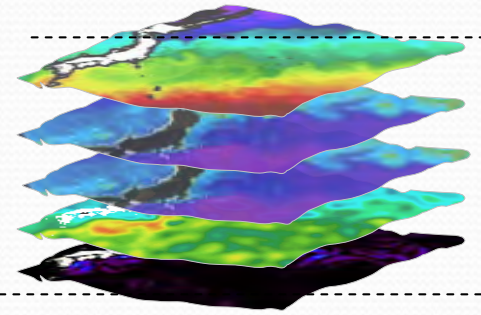
Fishing Activities of Skipjack Tuna Fishing Boats



Global Warming Scenarios ^{DESIGN}



SKIPJACK 0.25°
GRIDDED



SATELLITE 0.25°

ENFA BASE MODELS

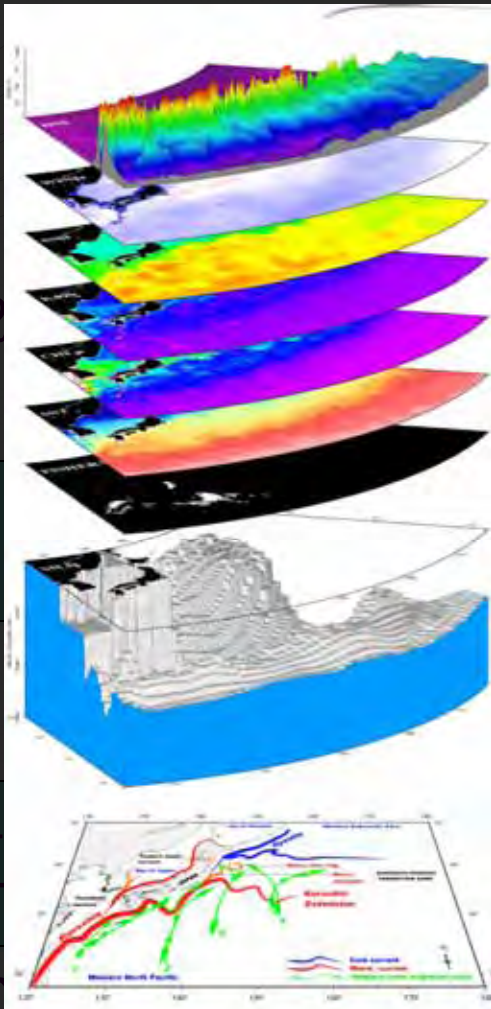
PREDICTIONS

GLOBAL WARMING SCENARIOS

SST VARIED USING HIRES MIROC3.2 - 2025; 2050; 2100

Global Warming Scenarios ^{DESIGN}

SKIPJACK 0.25°
GRIDDED
SST VARIATION



1. ENFA MODELS

PREDICTIONS
BASE LONG-TERM

2. SPATIAL CHANGES

HSIs ANOMALIES
(Long-term vs. base models)

3. STATISTICAL TESTS

KS-TESTS (ECDF)
(long-term vs. base models)

4. VERTICAL STRUCTURE

MIXED LAYER DEPTHS &
SUB-SURFACE TEMP. PROFILES

ITE 0.25°
50; 2100

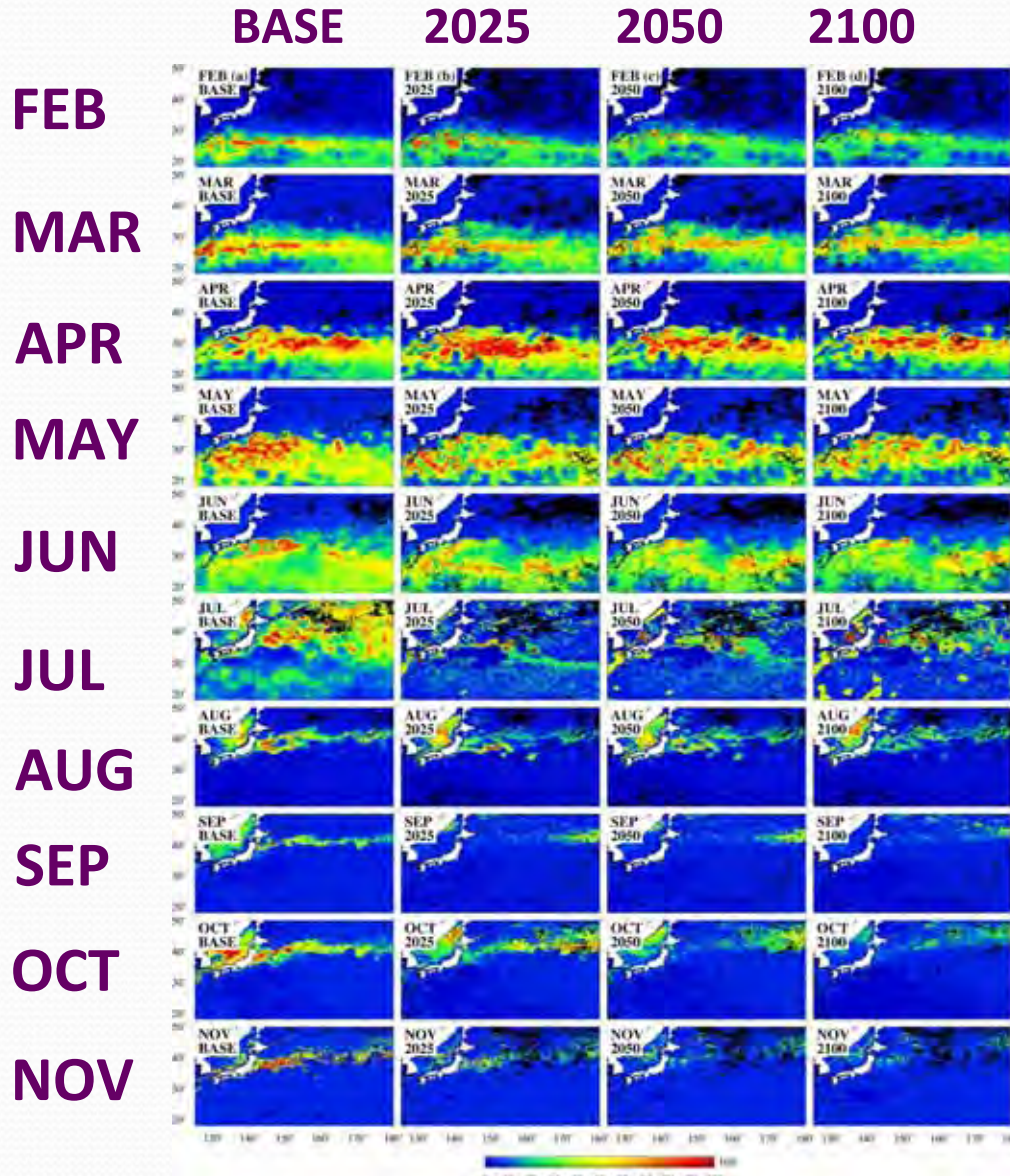
Global Warming Scenarios ^{DESIGN}



SURFACE HABITAT

SUB-SURFACE HABITAT

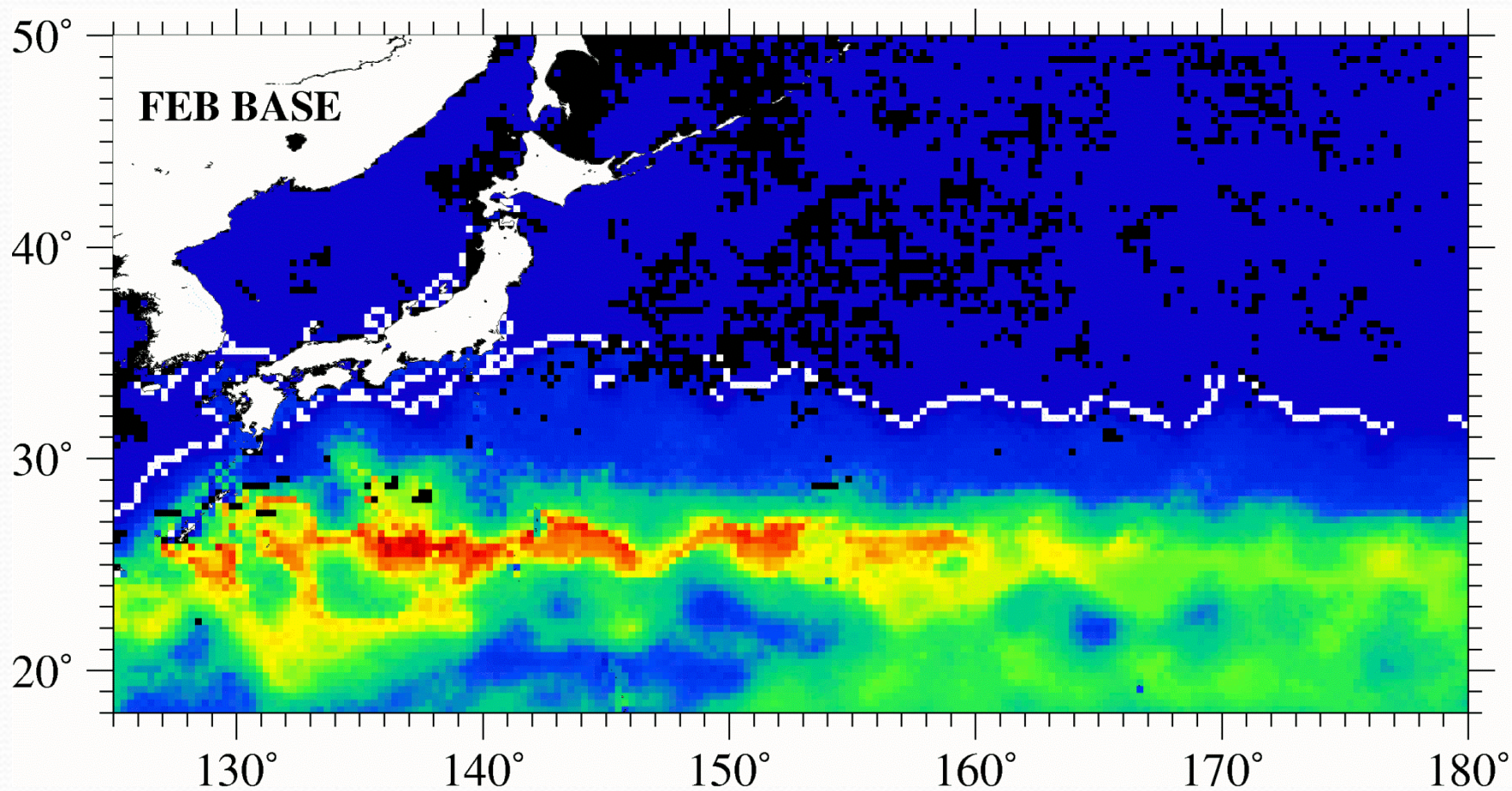
Global Warming Scenarios



LONG-TERM PRED

- Predictions on global warming models using HIRES MIROC 3.2.
- Patterns show declining habitat quality as temperature rises & also some northward shift of high quality habitat.

Global Warming Scenarios



Concluding Remarks

- Multi-sensor satellite remotely sensed data is applicable for **Prediction of PFZ “hotspots”**
- We demonstrate **TOREDAS** as implication of operational fisheries oceanography
- **VMS** is useful tool to understand not only fishing activities but also tuna migration patterns
- Global warming is likely to trigger migration of skipjack tuna to higher latitudes **1-2 months earlier** than is observed today.