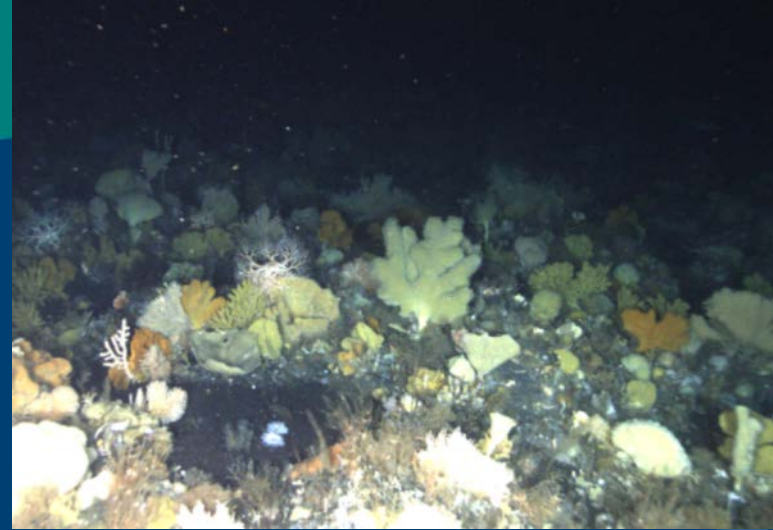


Science, Service, Stewardship



Distribution modeling for deep-sea corals and sponges in Alaska

Chris Rooper, Mark Zimmermann, Mike Sigler and Jerry Hoff

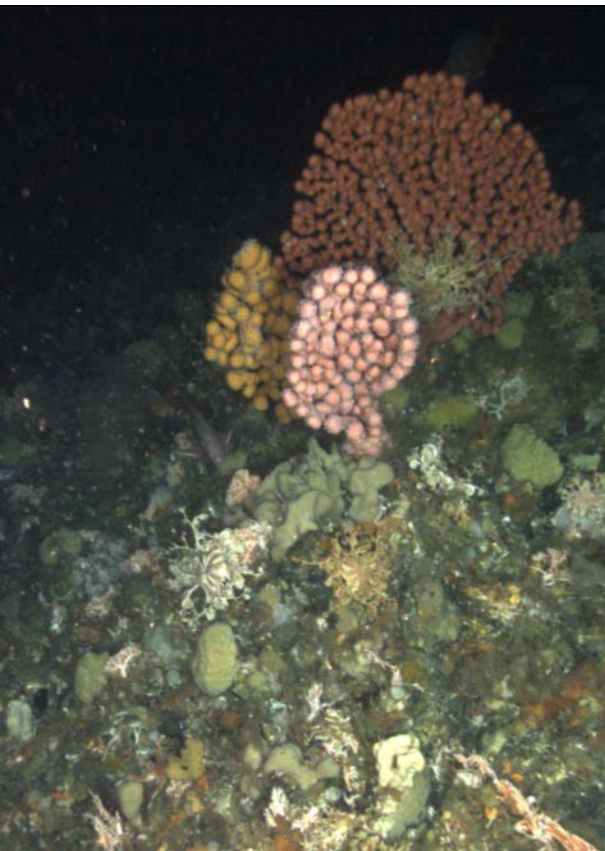




Outline

Objective: Produce maps of the distribution and abundance of deep-sea corals for all regions in Alaska

- Generic modeling methods
- Distribution model results
 - Aleutian Islands
 - Gulf of Alaska
 - Eastern Bering Sea
- Groundtruthing
 - Aleutian Islands
 - Eastern Bering Sea
- Method Comparisons
- Conclusions



Dependent Data:

Bottom trawl survey catch 1991–2011 (AI & WGOA)

Bottom trawl survey catch (2012 to test)

Flavors:

Upright sponges (vase, branching, monolithic, etc.)

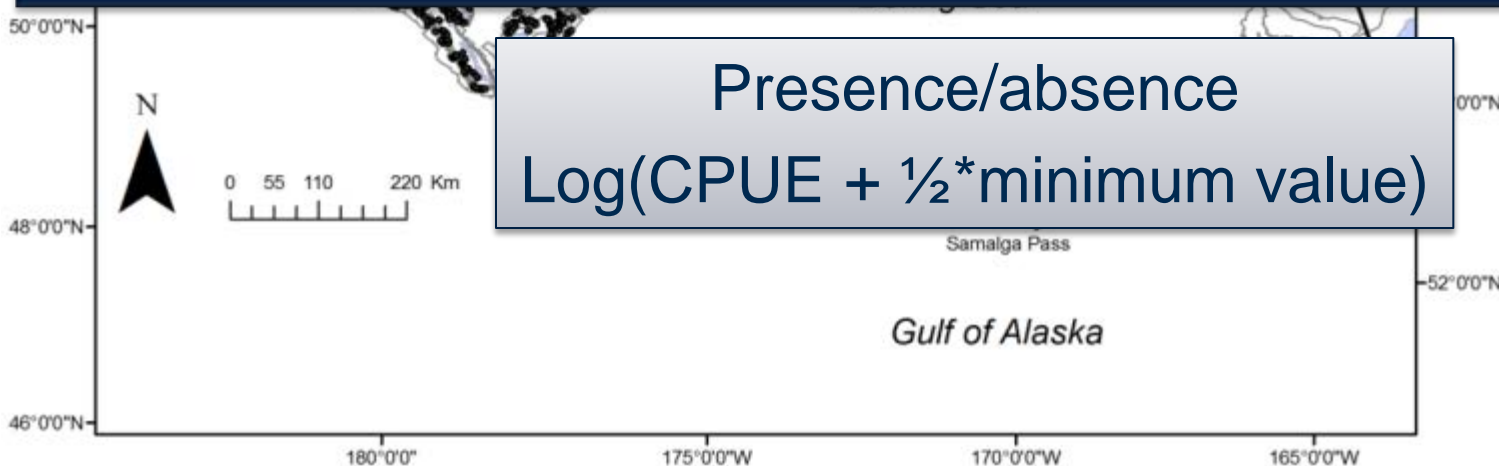
“Hard” coral (Primnoidae, Stylasteridae, Plexauridae,
Paragorgiidae, Acanthogorgiidae, Cladopathidae, Isididae)

Primnoidae

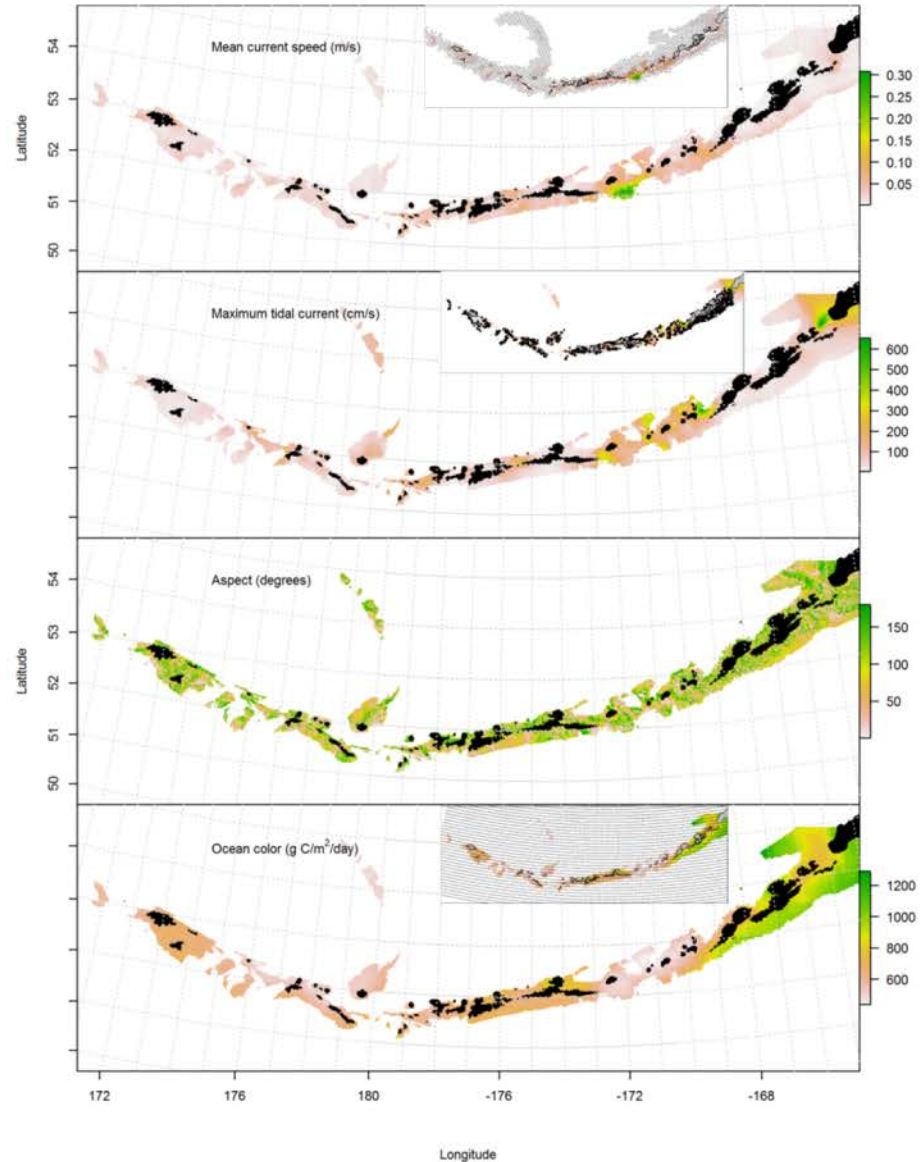
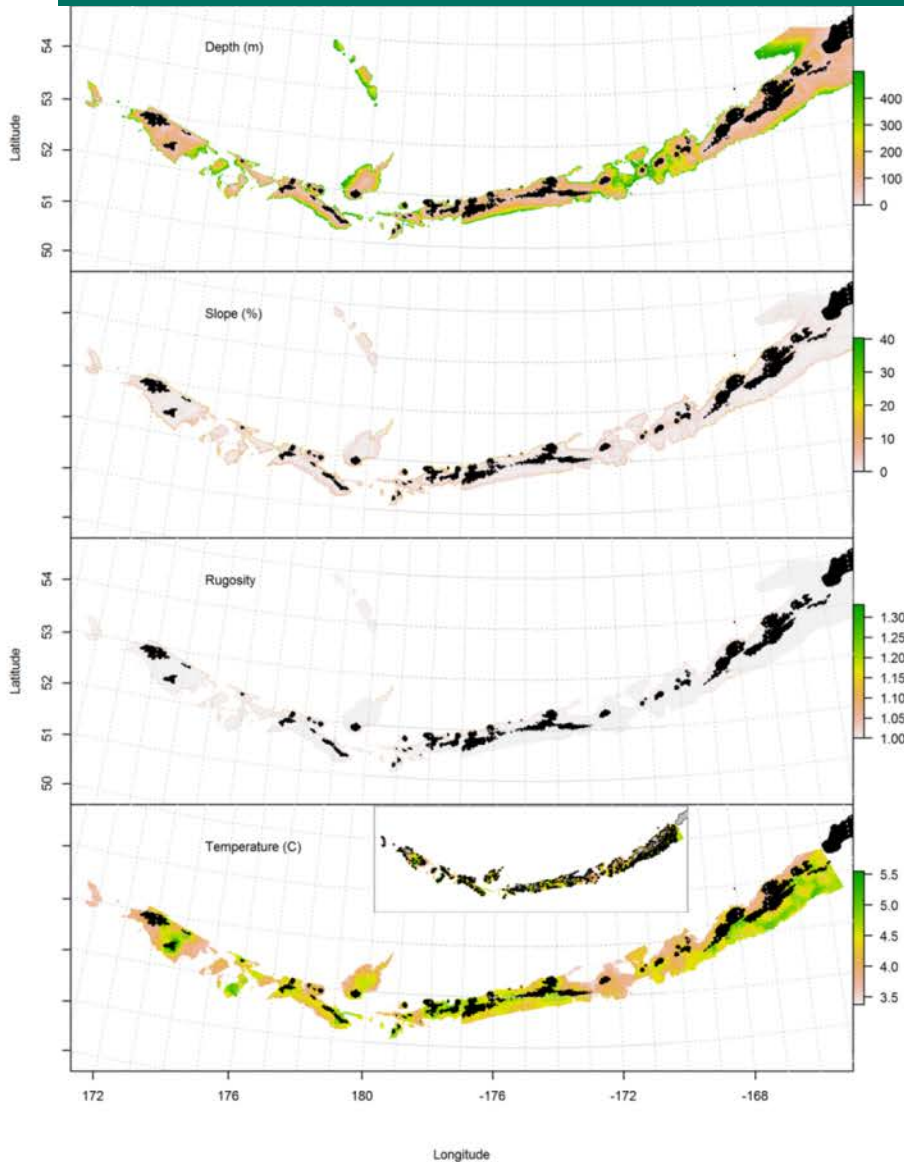
Stylasteridae

Coral Diversity

Presence/absence
 $\text{Log}(\text{CPUE} + \frac{1}{2} * \text{minimum value})$

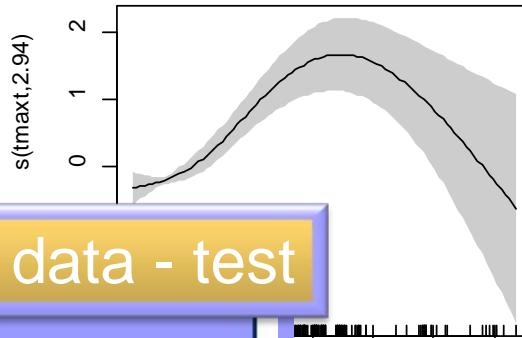
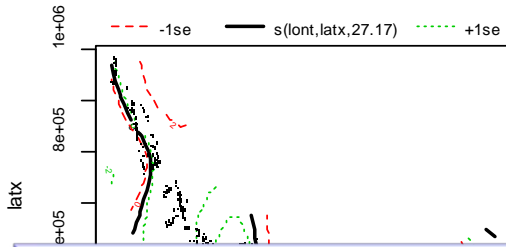


Independent Variables



Results I. Coral presence or absence (example)

$$y = s(\text{longitude}, \text{latitude}) + s(\text{maximum tidal current}) + s(\text{ocean color}) + s(\text{slope})$$



2012 Bottom trawl data - test

Corals Observed	Predicted	
	Absent	Present
Absent	1560	408
Present	675	816

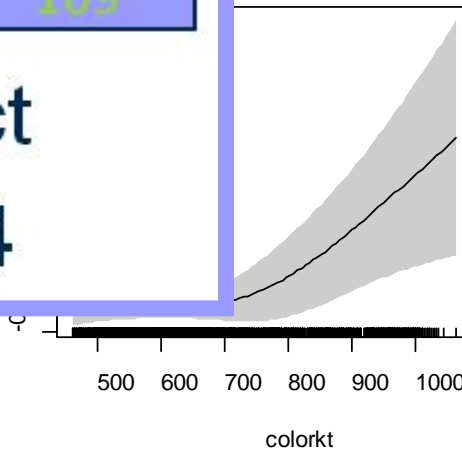


69% Correct
AUC = 0.75

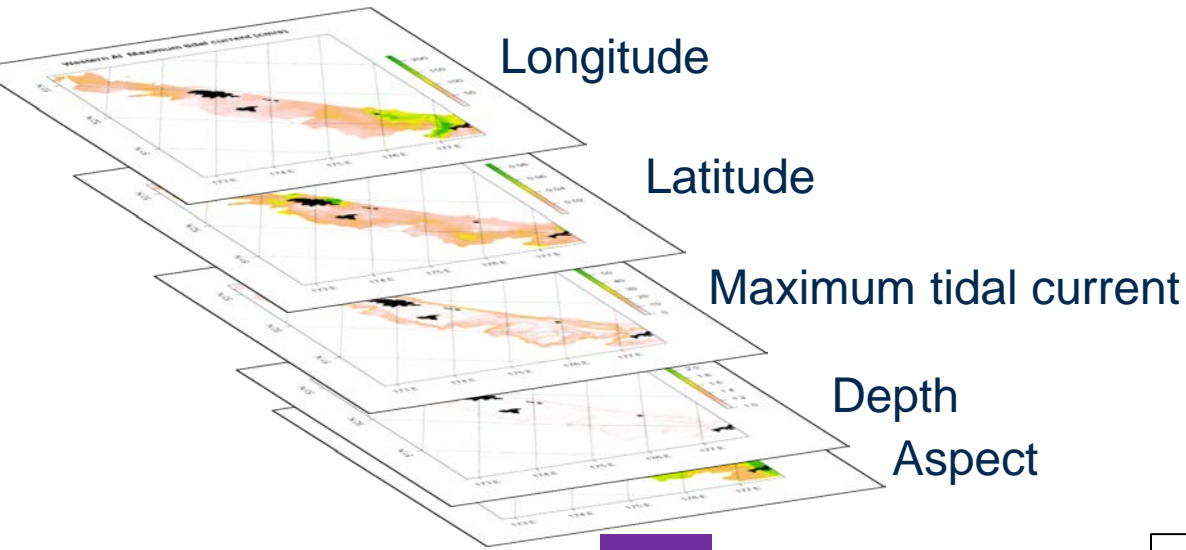
Corals Observed	Predicted	
	Absent	Present
Absent	153	55
Present	84	109

65% Correct
AUC = 0.74

$s(\text{slopet}, 1.61)$

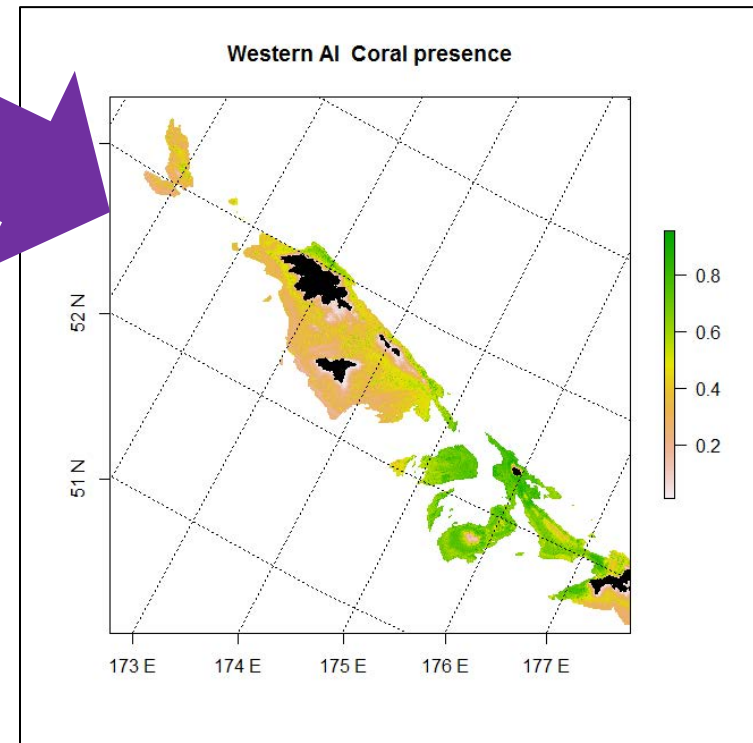
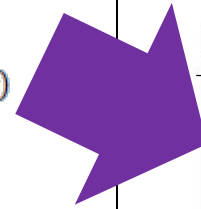


Distribution of coral and sponge in the Aleutian Islands

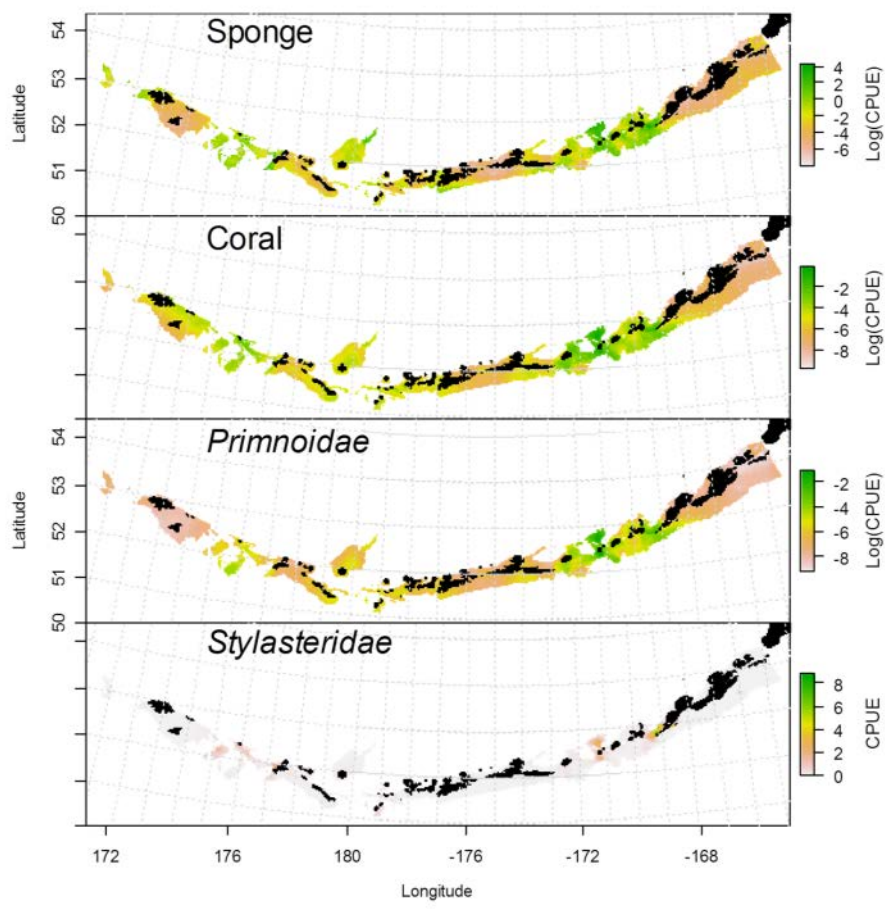
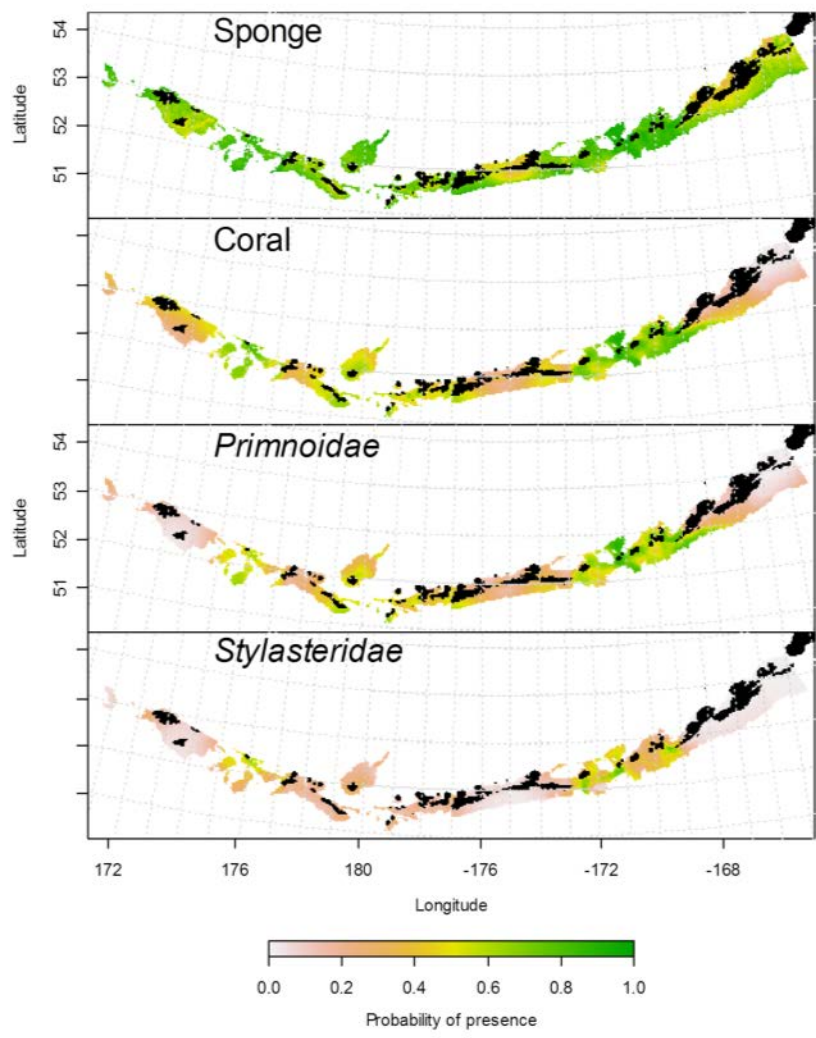


Best fitting GAM model

$$y = s(\text{longitude}, \text{latitude}) + s(\text{depth}) + s(\text{maximum tidal current}) + s(\text{aspect})$$

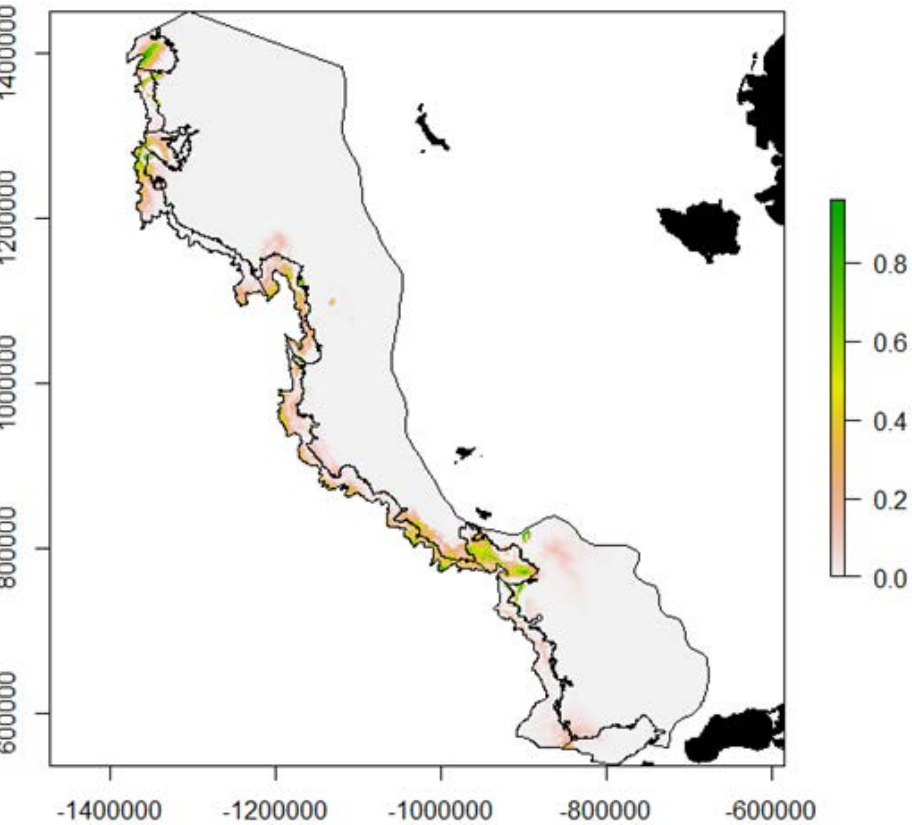


AI coral and sponge – Presence, Abundance, Diversity



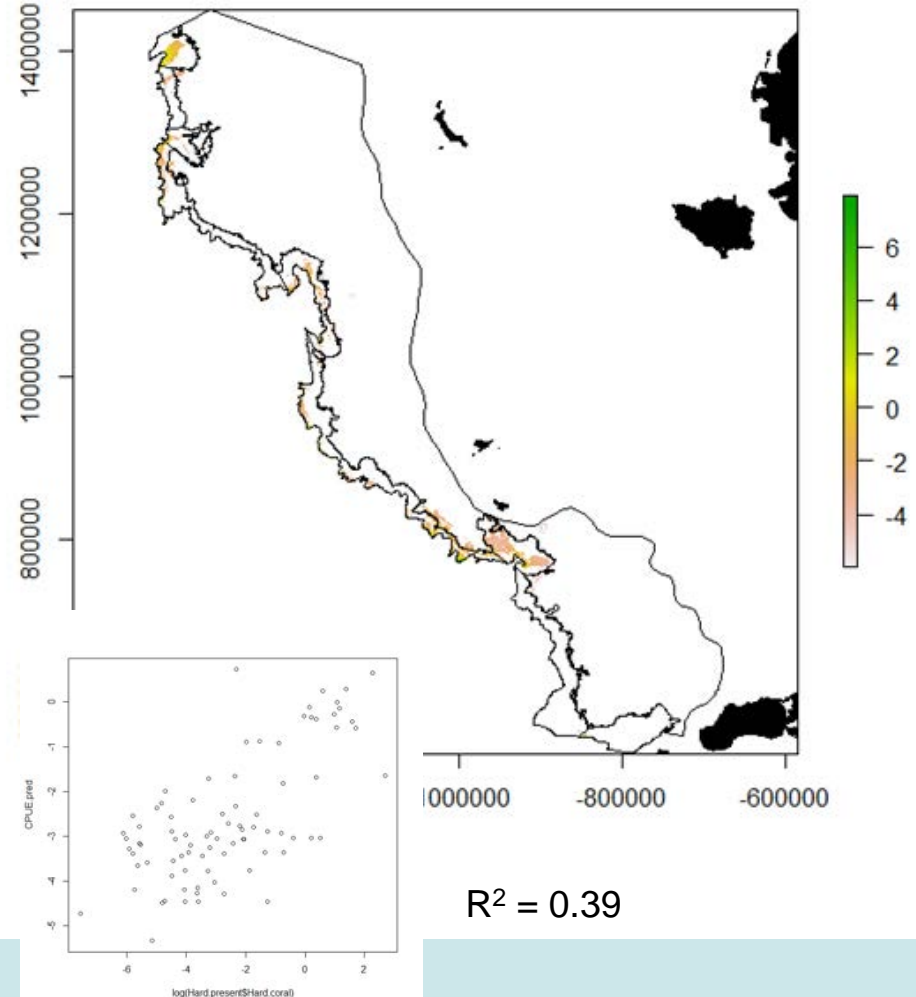
Eastern Bering Sea – Hurdle GAM

Coral probability of presence



AUC = 0.93

Coral abundance (Log(CPUE))



$R^2 = 0.39$

Gulf of Alaska Hurdle GAM



Sea pens and
whips



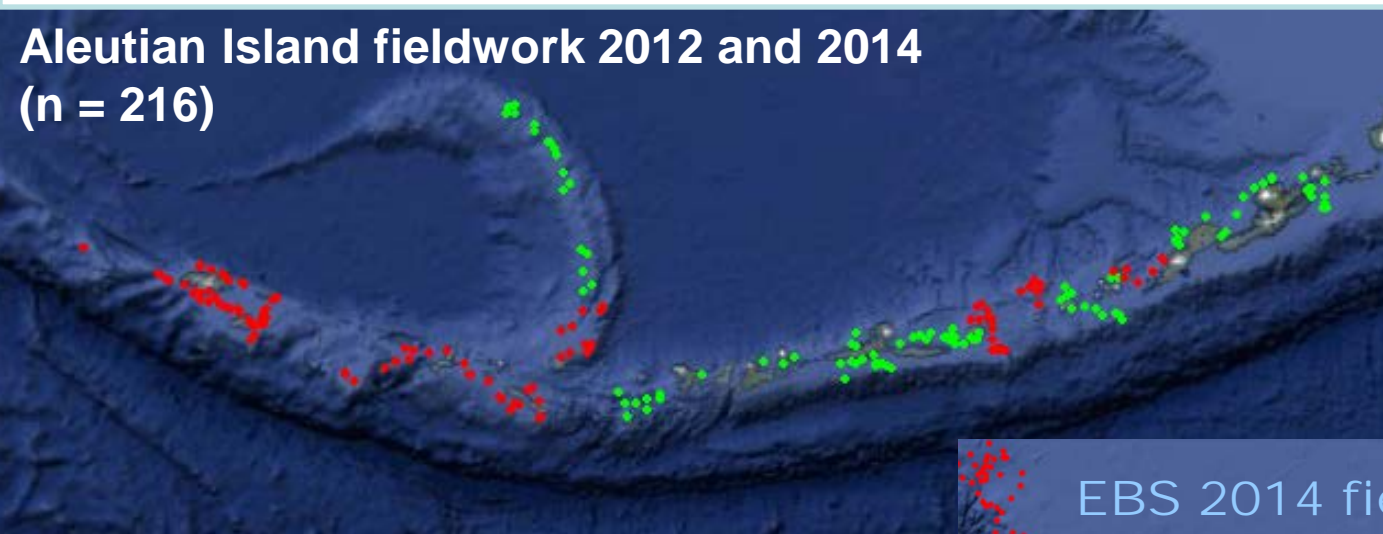
Coral



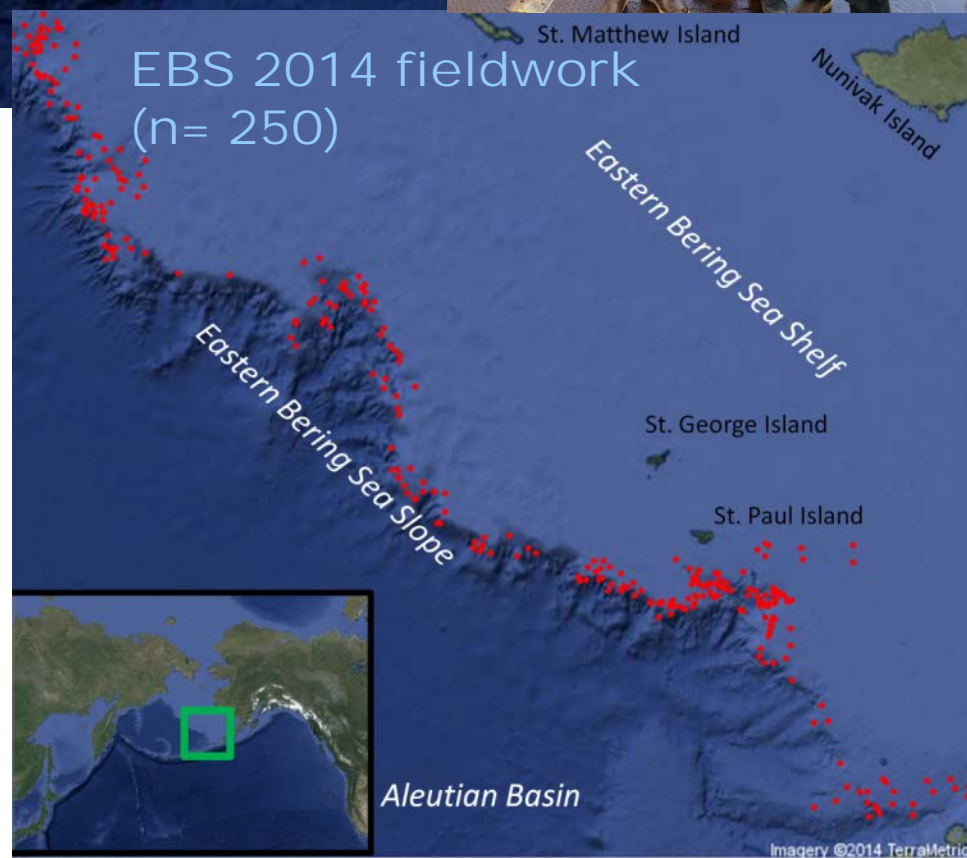
Sponges

Groundtruthing the distribution of coral and sponge

Aleutian Island fieldwork 2012 and 2014
(n = 216)



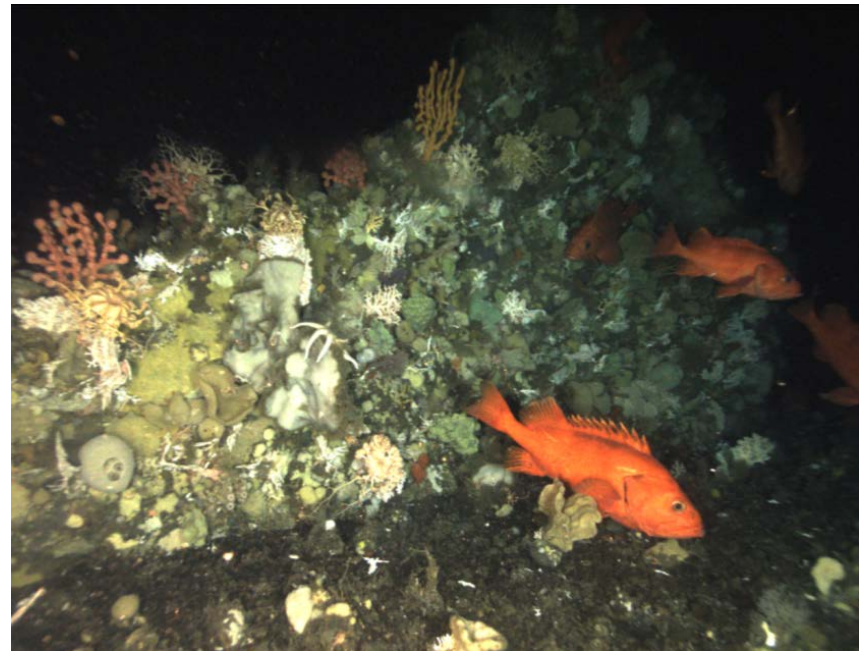
EBS 2014 fieldwork
(n = 250)



Stereo drop camera
15 minute tows

Ground-truthing objectives

- Determine the presence/absence and density for major coral taxa
- Measure the size and height of a subsample of the major coral taxa
- Compare the presence or absence and density of coral at each site and the probability of presence predicted by the model



Aleutian Islands Presence-Absence Results



Predicted = Trawl survey model
Observed = Seen in camera drops

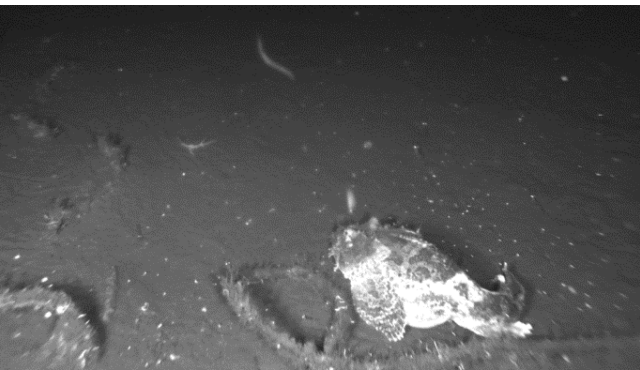
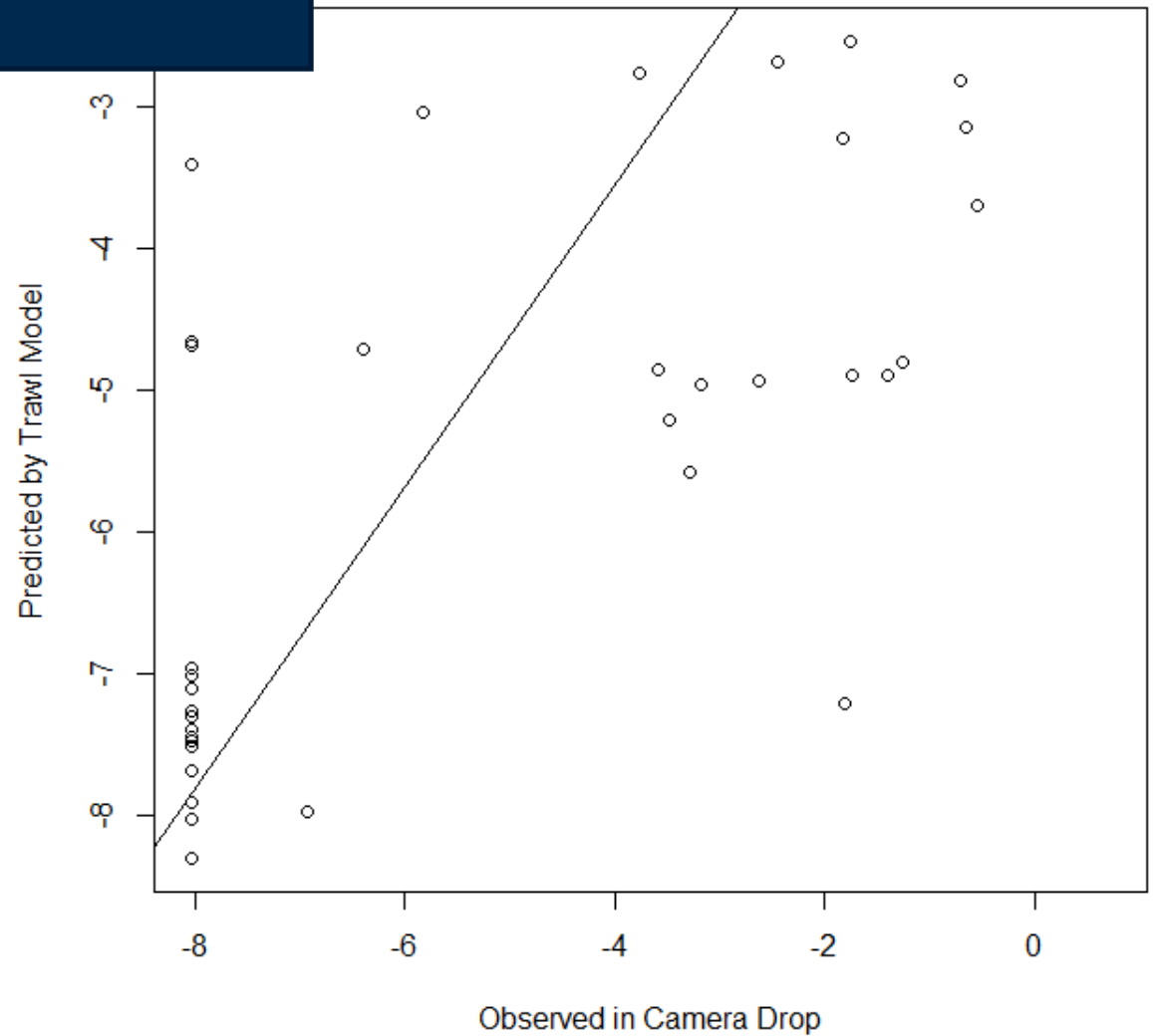
Corals	Predicted	
	Absent	Present
Observed		
Absent	45	23
Present	37	67



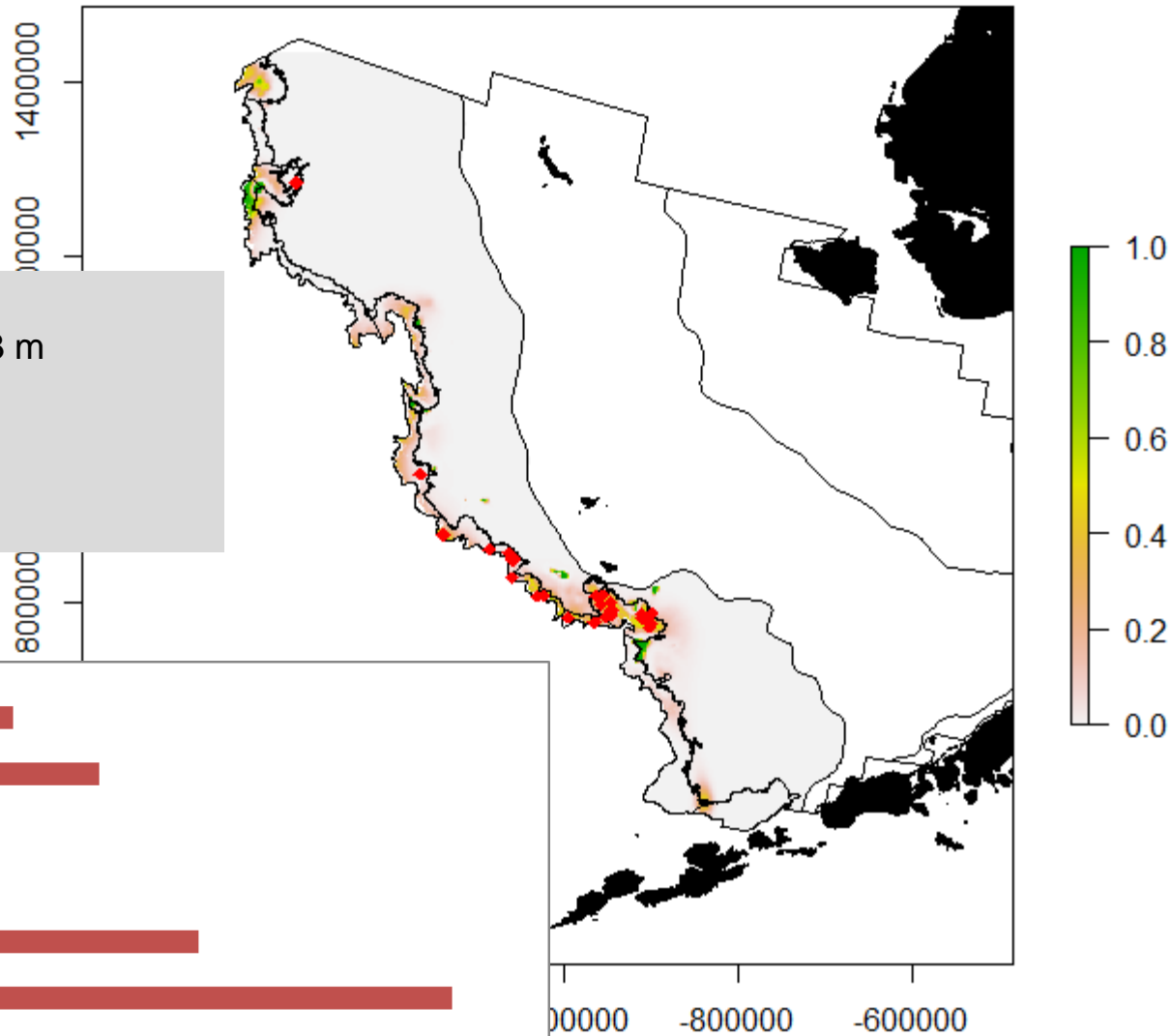
67%
AUC = 0.75

Density comparisons (Trawl model vs. Camera data) n = 38

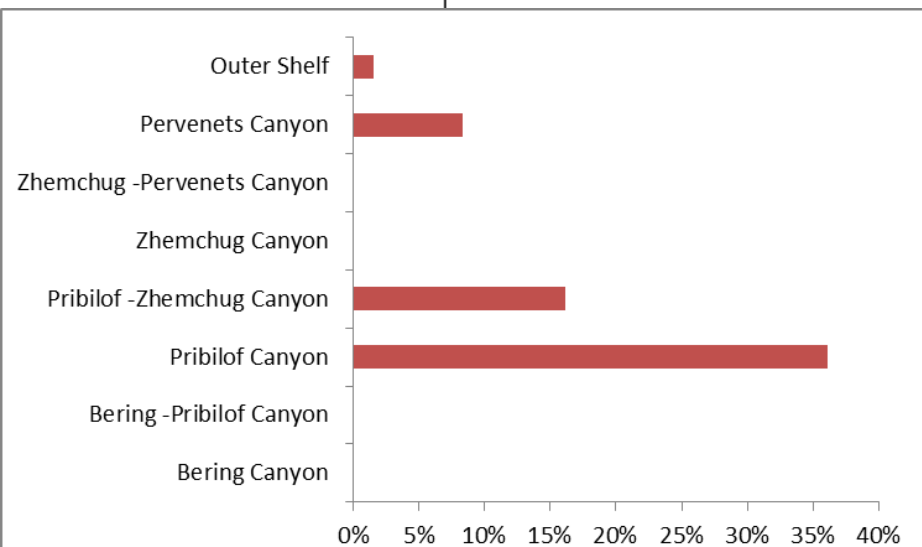
Coral ($r^2 = 0.46$, $p < 0.0001$)



Coral Presence/Absence

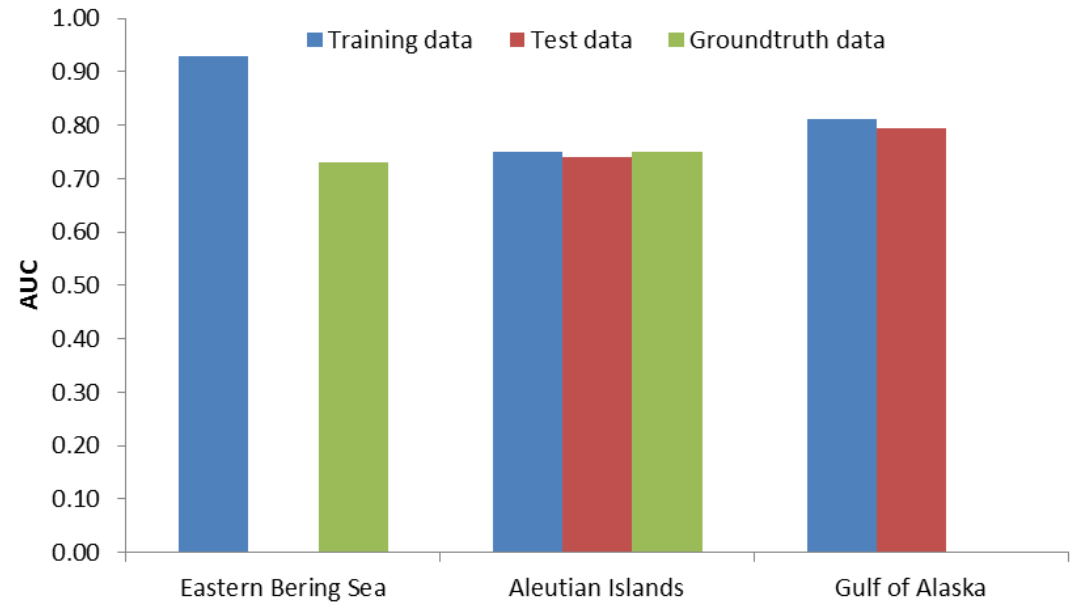


n = 26 (10%)
Median depth = 423 m
Min = 204 m
Max = 783 m
AUC = 0.73

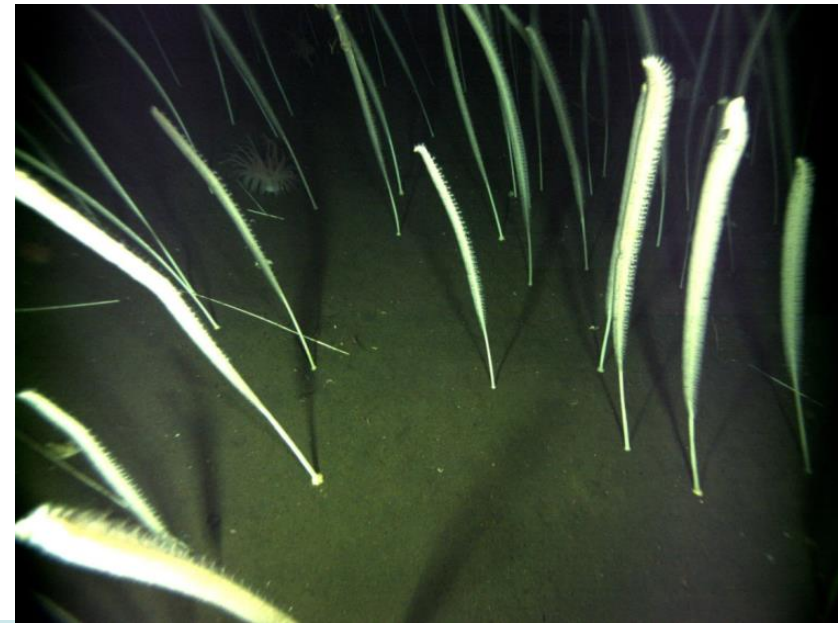
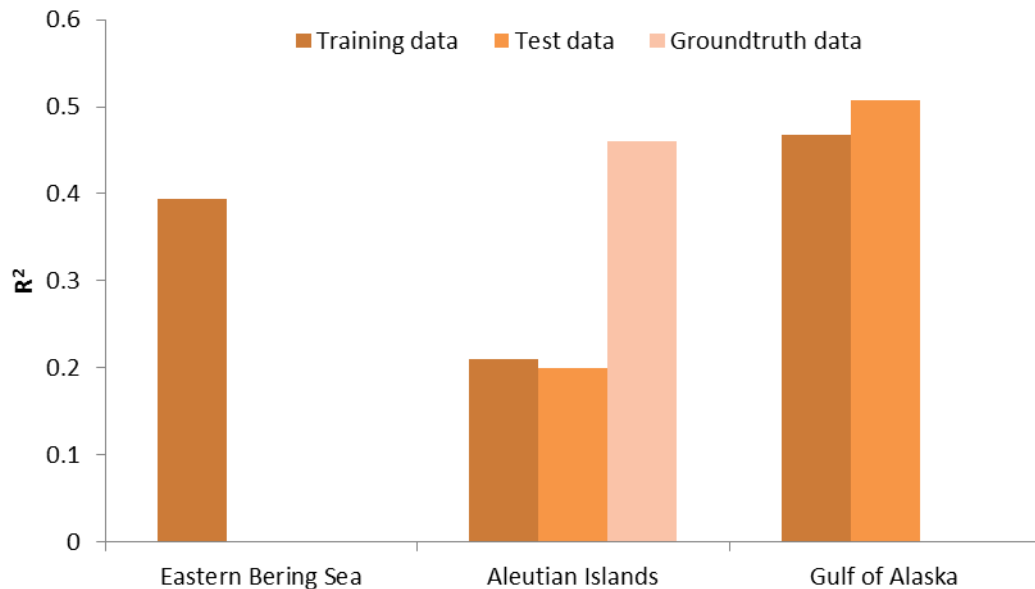


Model Fits to Independent Data

Presence/Absence models

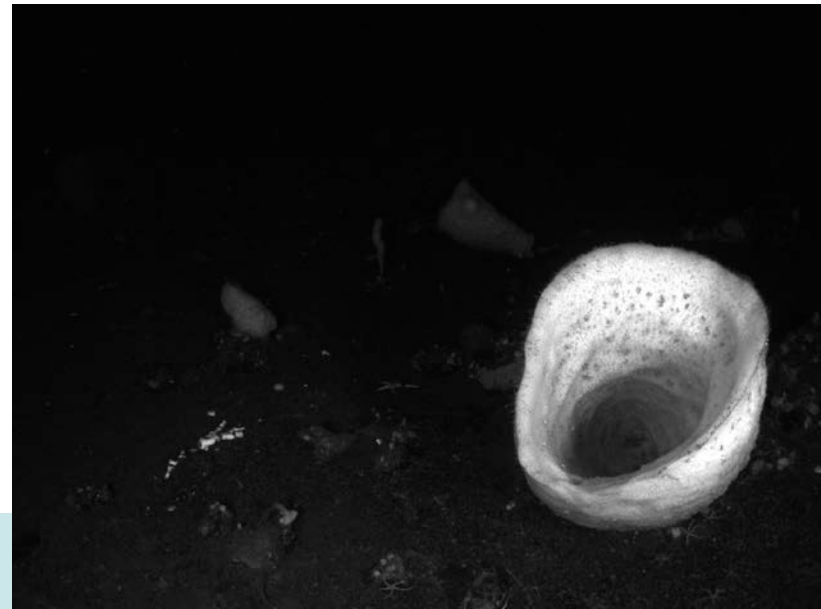


Abundance models



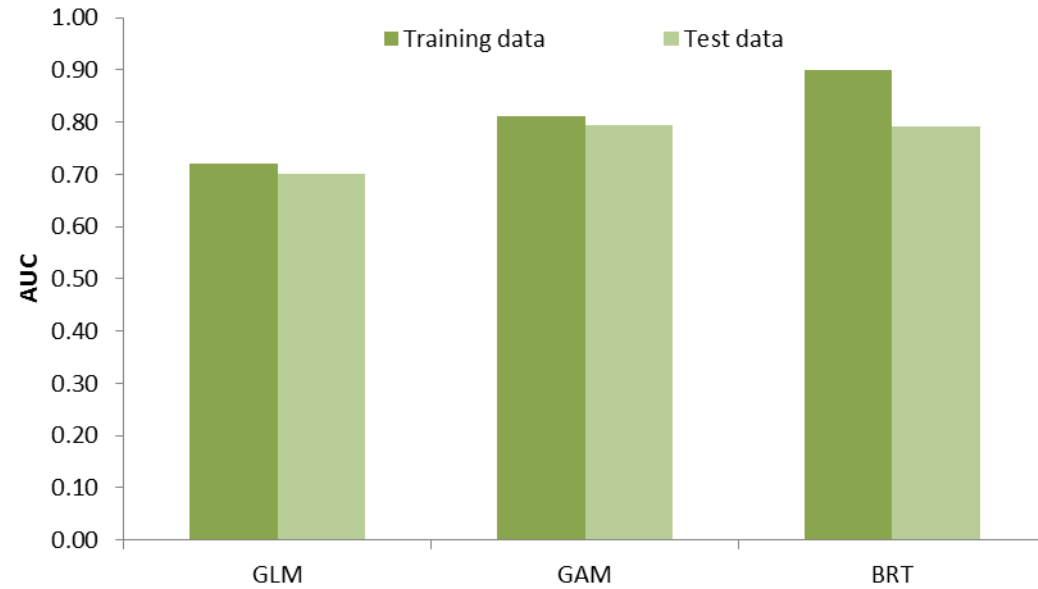
Modeling methods

- Presence/Absence – Gulf of Alaska
 - General Linear Model (GLM)
 - Generalized Additive Model (GAM)
 - Boosted Regression Tree (BRT)



Modeling Methods Gulf of Alaska

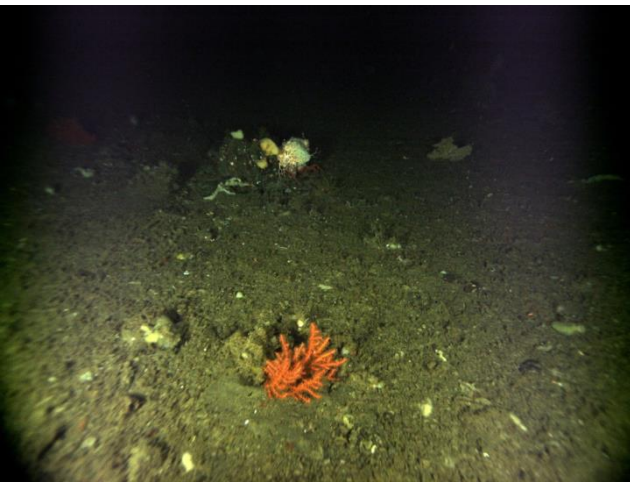
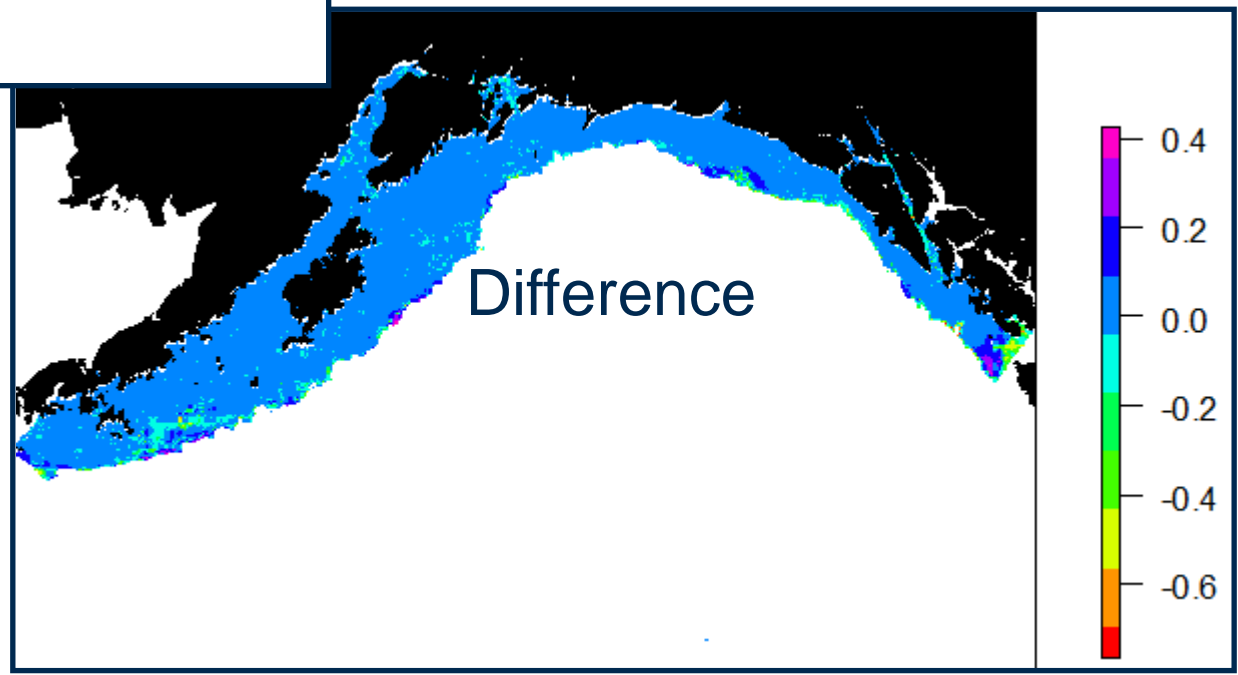
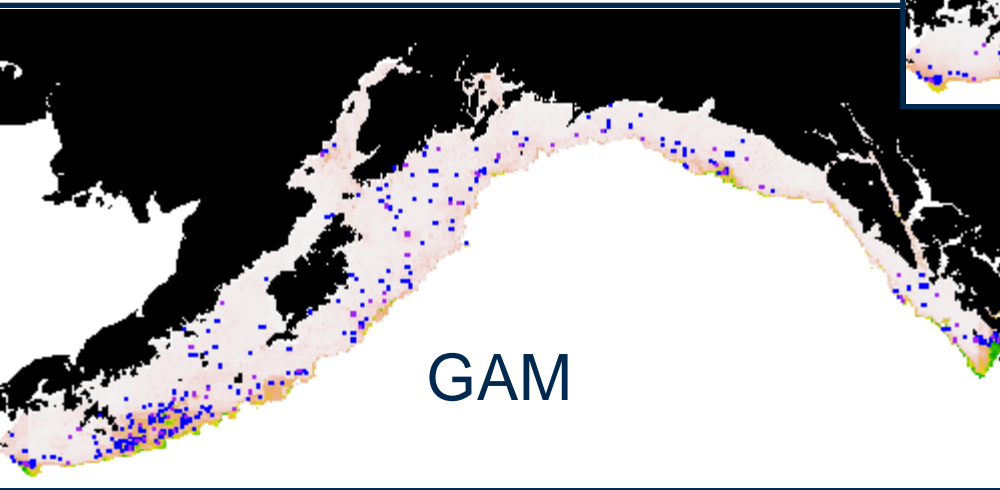
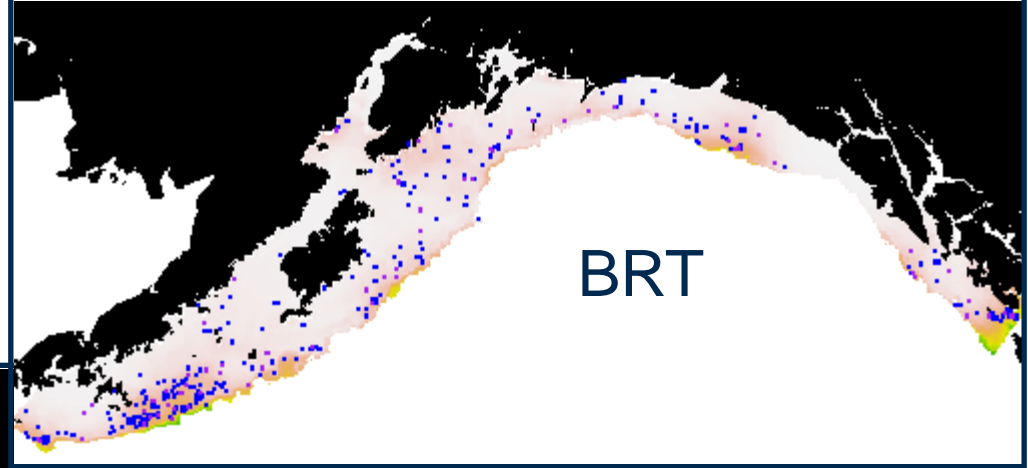
Presence/Absence models



Abundance models



GAM v. BRT GOA Models



Conclusions

- Coral models fit the training data well - generally
 - Agreement in predictions ~60-80%
 - AUC ~ 0.70-0.90
 - $R^2 \sim 0.20 - 0.50$
- Coral models fit the test and groundtruth data well
 - Agreement in predictions ~60-80%
 - AUC ~ 0.70-0.90
 - $R^2 \sim 0.50$
- Modeling methods produced varying levels of accuracy
 - Model diagnostics varied
 - Pictures were consistent throughout the region of prediction

Next Steps

- Further refine and test modeling approaches (new regions, new data)
- Identify common predictors of coral habitats among ecosystems
- Explore relationships with commercial fish species and role in enhancing biodiversity
- Determine interactions with commercial fishing and measure of vulnerability that can be applied to the predictions for use in spatial management

Acknowledgements

Collaborators

B. Stone

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A. Hermann

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F/V Vesteraalen

F/V Sea Storm

F/V Alaska

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