

PICES 2014

Networking ocean observatories around the North Pacific Ocean



# OCTOPUS

*OIST Cabled Teleoperational Observatory Performing Undersea Surveillance*

A new coastal cabled observatory system  
in Okinawa, Japan.

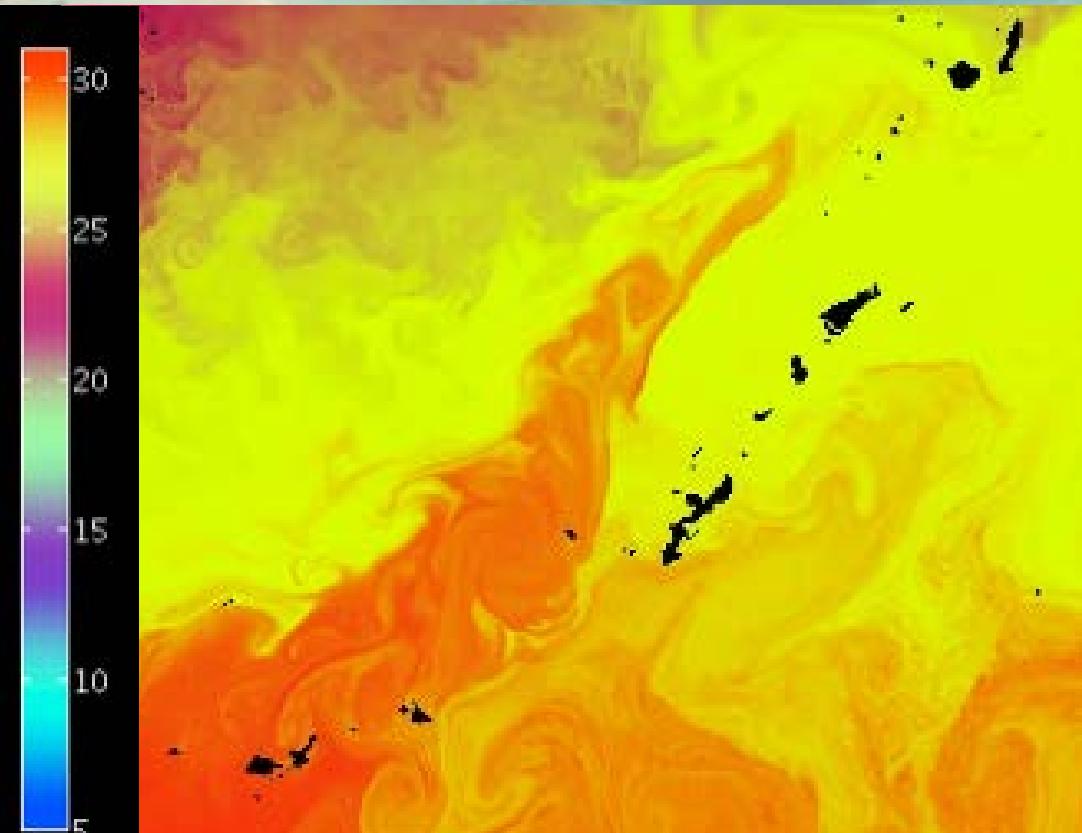
**Mary M. Grossmann, Satoshi Mitarai**

OKINAWA INSTITUTE of SCIENCE and TECHNOLOGY  
Onna-son, Okinawa, Japan

**Scott M. Gallager**

Woods hole oceanographic institution  
MA, USA

# Okinawa



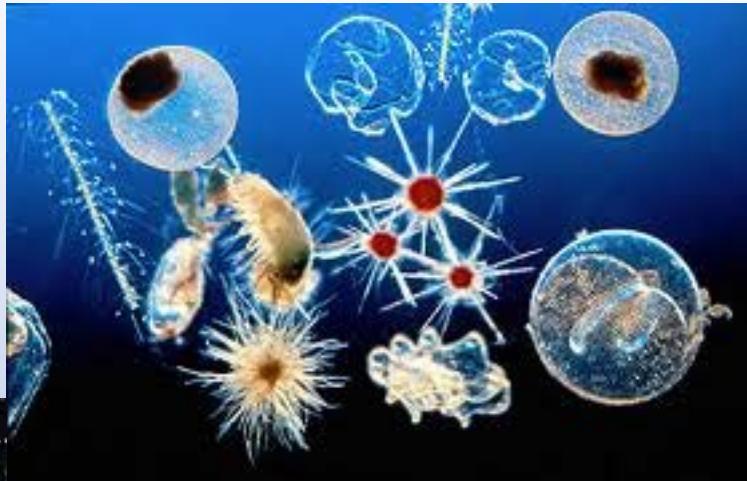
June 2013 SST (ROMS model © S. Mitarai)





# Air - Ocean Interface

*Plankton*



*Marine Snow*



Transport  
Reproduction  
Food

*Nutrients*



*Coral coverage*

# Caribbean coral growth influenced by anthropogenic aerosol emissions

Lester Kwiatkowski<sup>1</sup>\*, Peter M. Cox<sup>1</sup>, Theo Economou<sup>1</sup>, Paul R. Halloran<sup>2</sup>, Peter J. Mumby<sup>3</sup>, Ben B. B. Booth<sup>2</sup>, Jessica Carilli<sup>4</sup> and Hector M. Guzman<sup>5</sup>

Without action on climate change,  
coral reefs in the Coral Triangle will  
disappear by 2100  
— WWF



WWF

## Ocean acidification causes bleaching and productivity loss in coral reef builders

K. R. N. Anthony<sup>1</sup>, D. I. Kline, G. Diaz-Pulido, S. Dove, and O. Hoegh-Guldberg

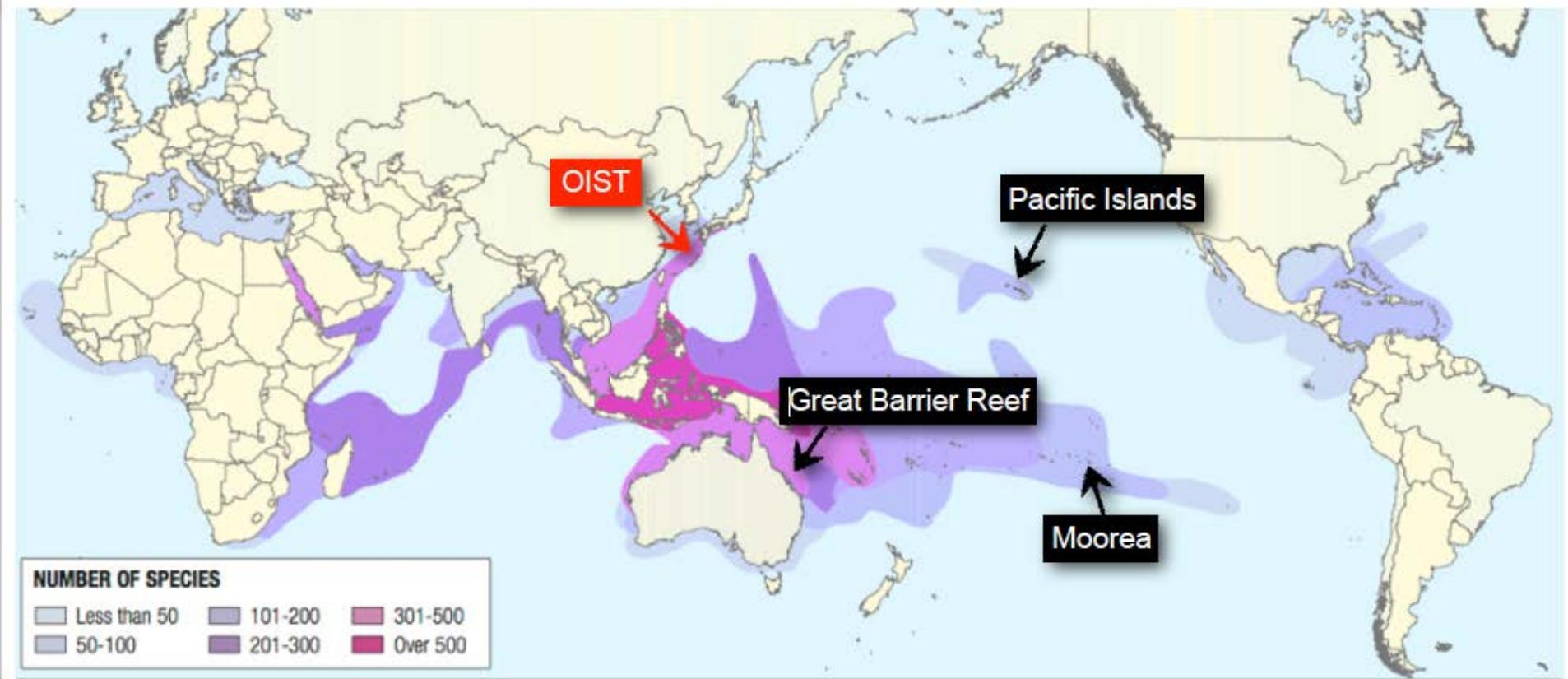
Centre for Marine Studies and ARC Centre of Excellence for Coral Reef Studies, The University of Queensland, St Lucia 4072 Queensland, Australia

Edited by David M. Karl, University of Hawaii, Honolulu, HI, and approved September 26, 2008 (received for review May 8, 2008)

Ocean acidification represents a key threat to coral reefs by reducing the calcification rate of framework builders. In addition, acidification is likely to affect the relationship between corals and

link between CO<sub>2</sub> and coral bleaching (16). Secondly, we investigate effects on organic productivity, which is expected to be influenced by bleaching state, and thirdly, we compare the patterns of these

# Coral Reef Monitoring Systems



Vernon and Stafford-Smith, 2000

# **Continuous monitoring of a Coral Reef Ecosystem**

## **Okinawa Island**

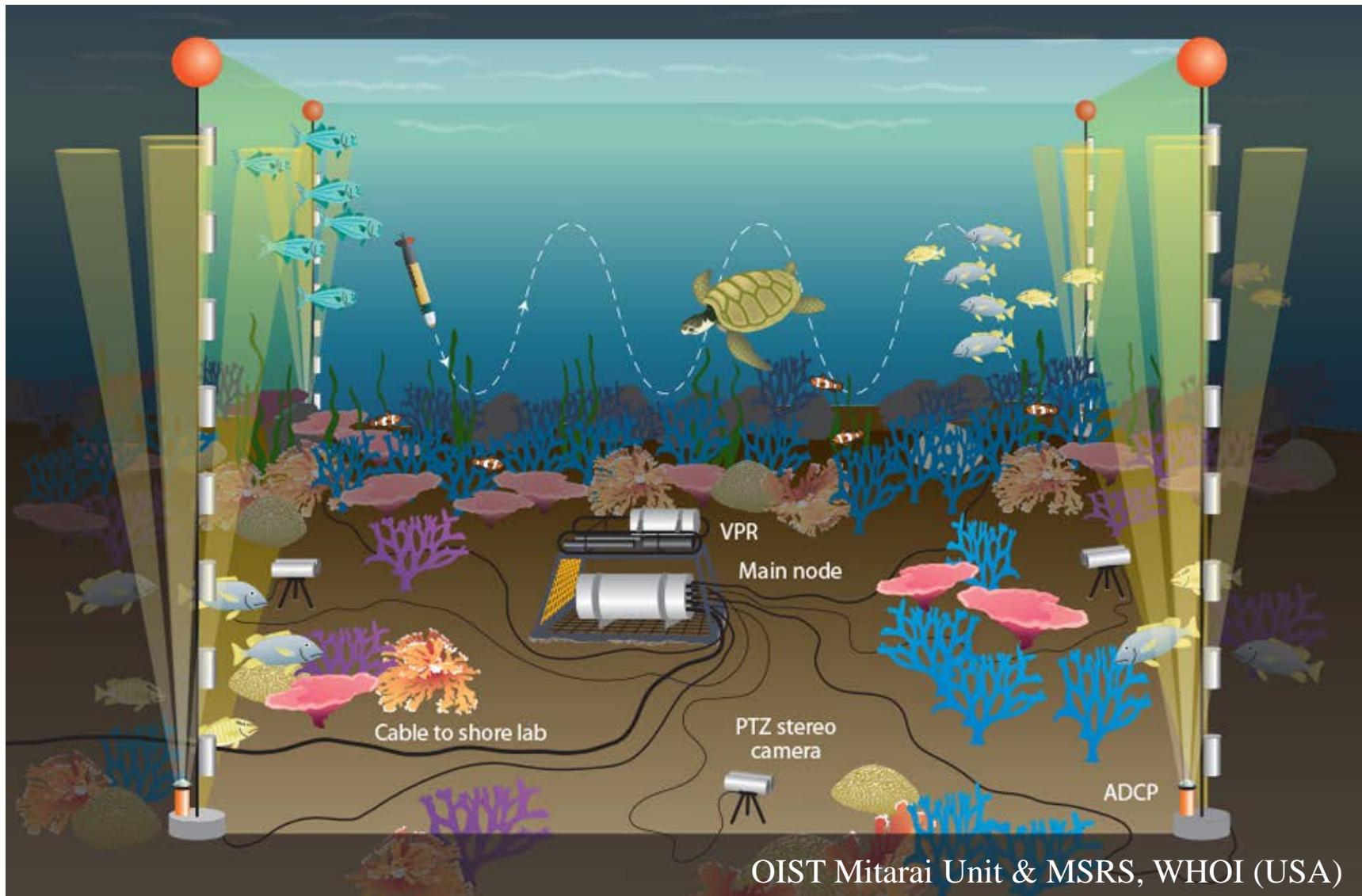
Measure physical and biological parameters  
of the coral reef and the water column above it.

Detect disturbances at the scale of minutes, hours.

Quantify seasonal and inter-annual variability.

# OCTOPUS

## Cabled Observatory System



SINCE AUGUST 27, 2013

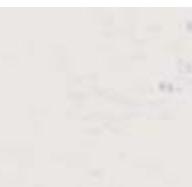




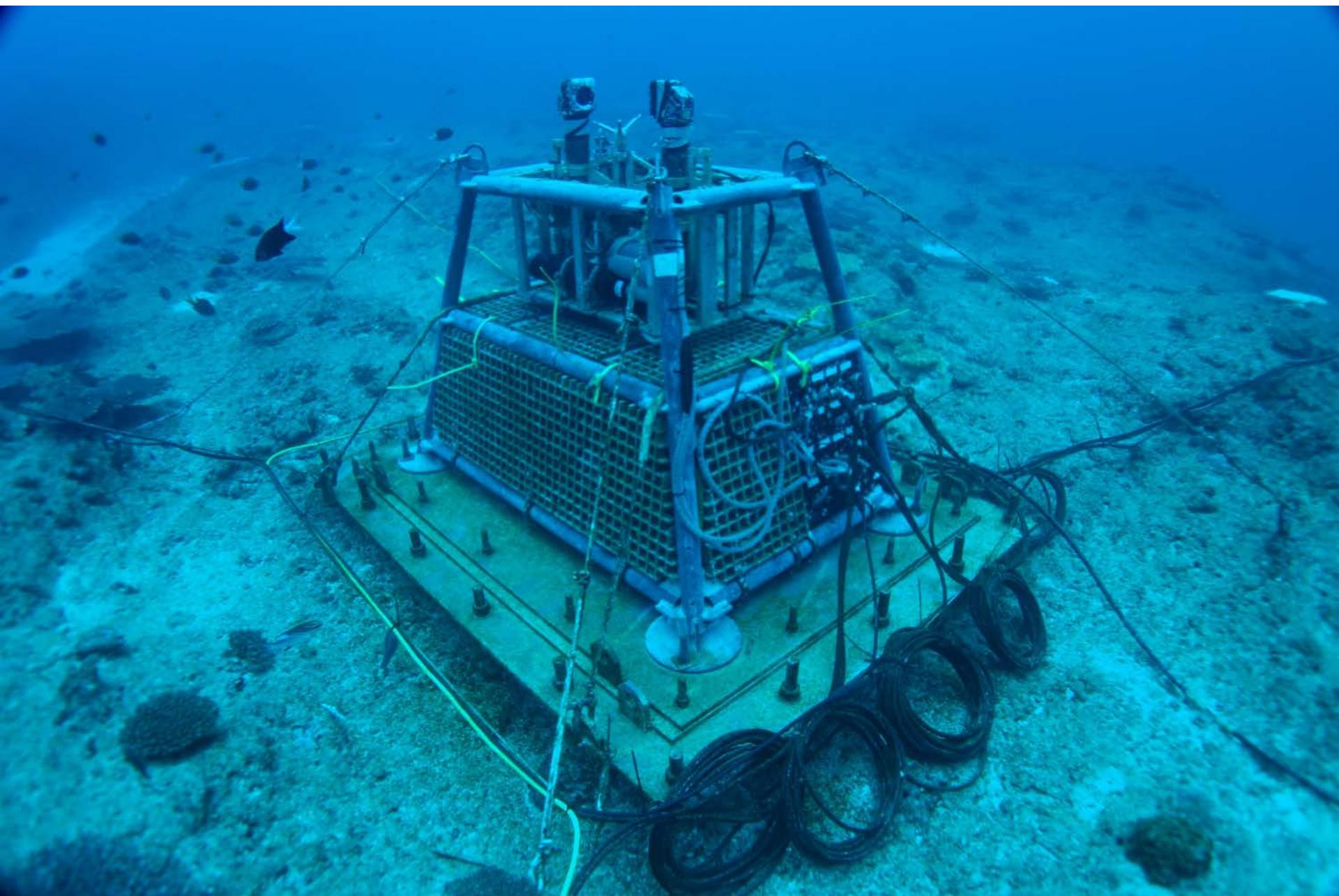
PHILIPPINE SEA

$135^{\circ}\text{E}$



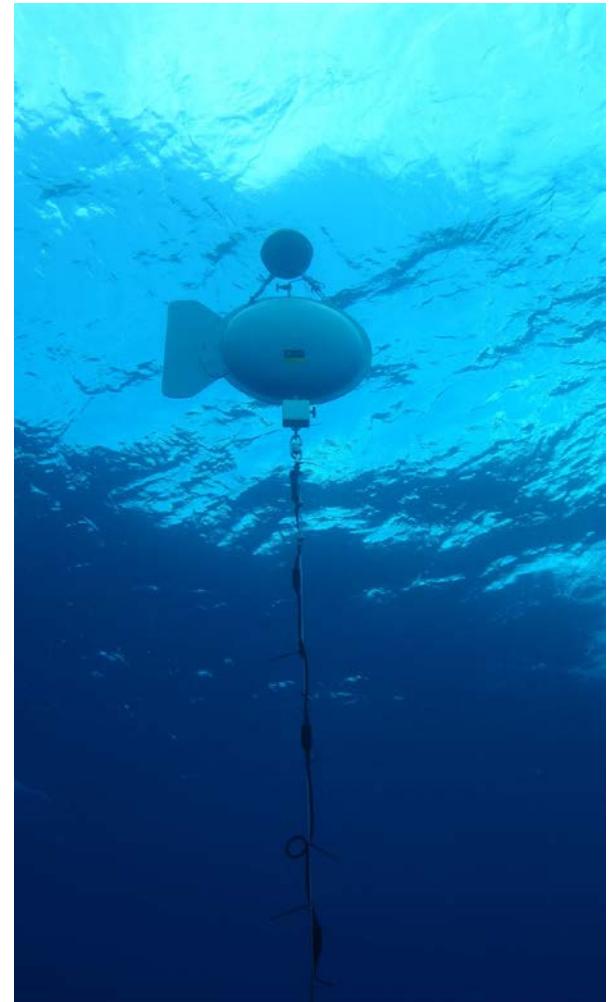


# *OCTOPUS* main node



# Environmental parameters

- Wave height
- Current speed
- Water temperature
- Salinity
- Density
- pH
- Turbidity
- Dissolved oxygen
- Nitrate concentration
- Chlorophyll *a* concentration
- Coloured dissolved organic matter



# Biological imaging

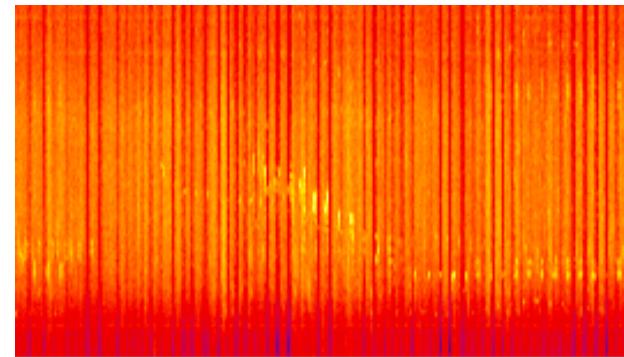
2 stereo camera sets  
**coral reef**



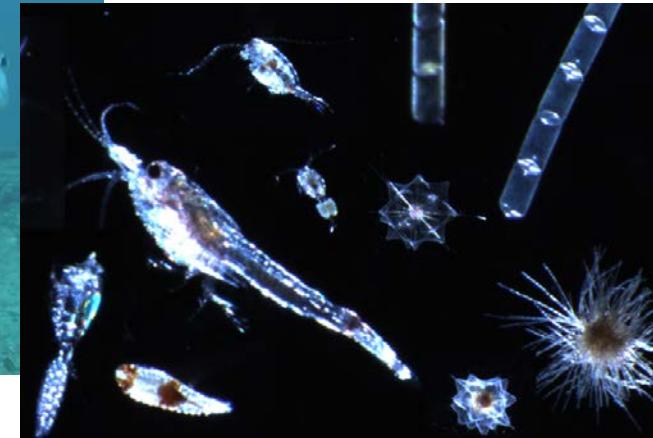
1 PTZ camera  
**larger vertebrates**



1 Hydrophone  
**Cetaceans + boat traffic**



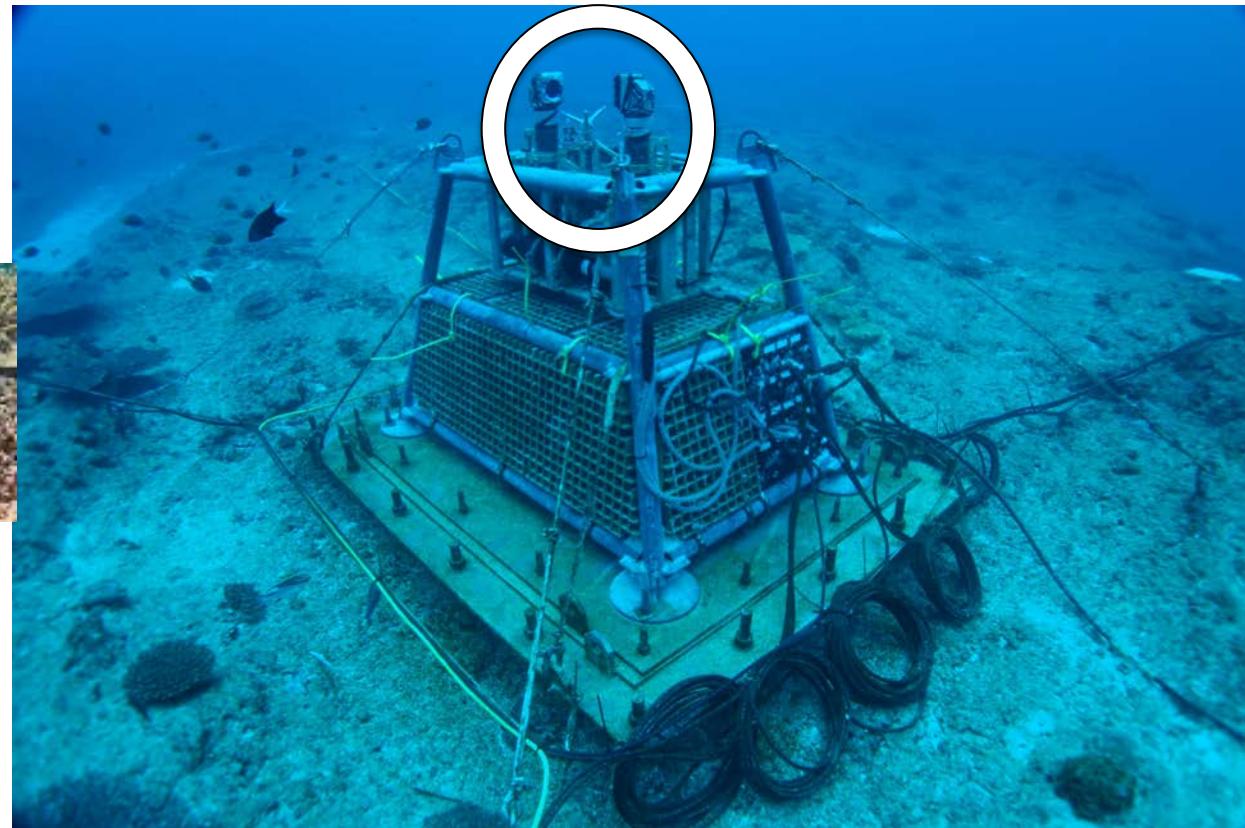
1 continuous plankton  
recorder  
**plankton**



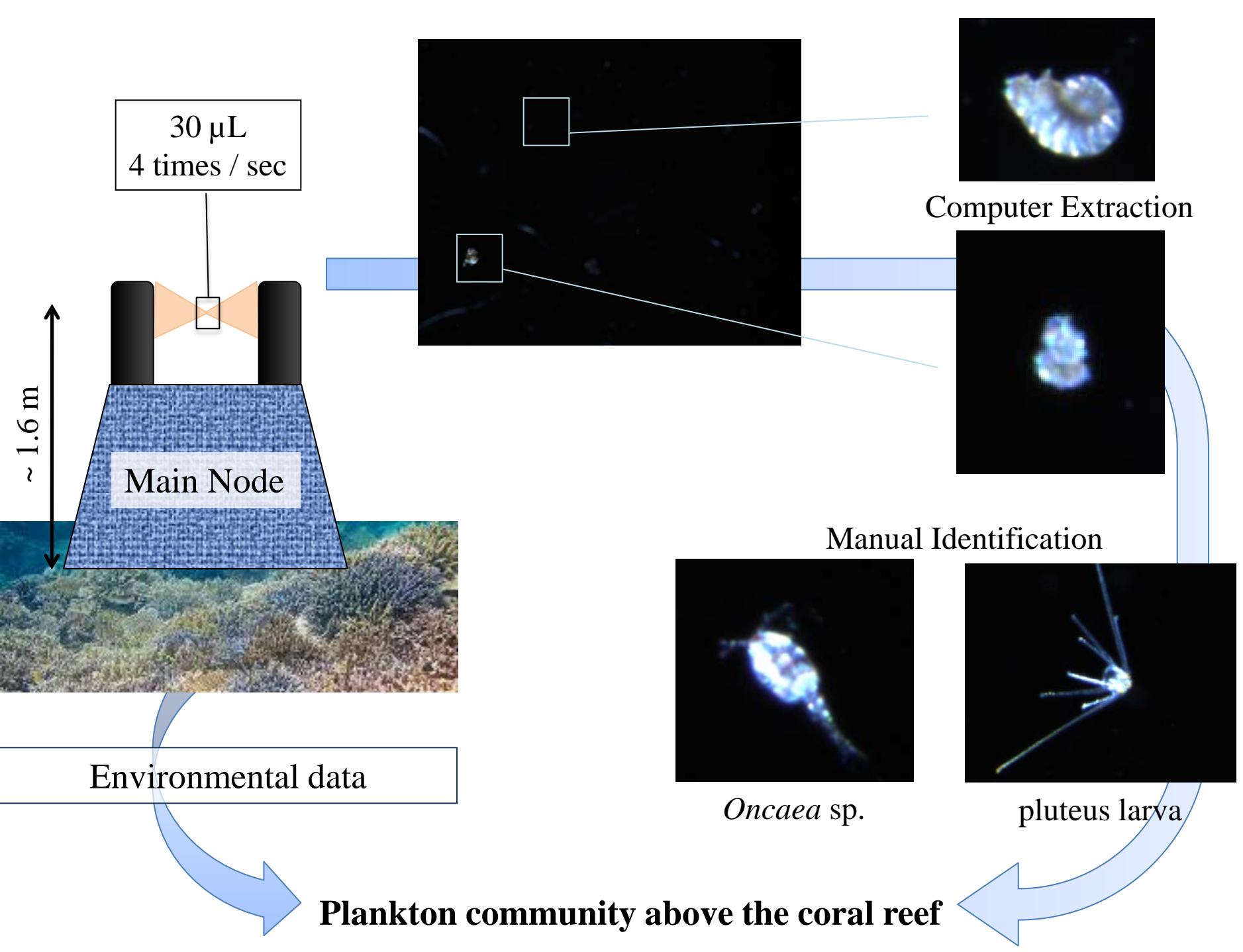
# CPICS

# Continuous Plankton Imaging System

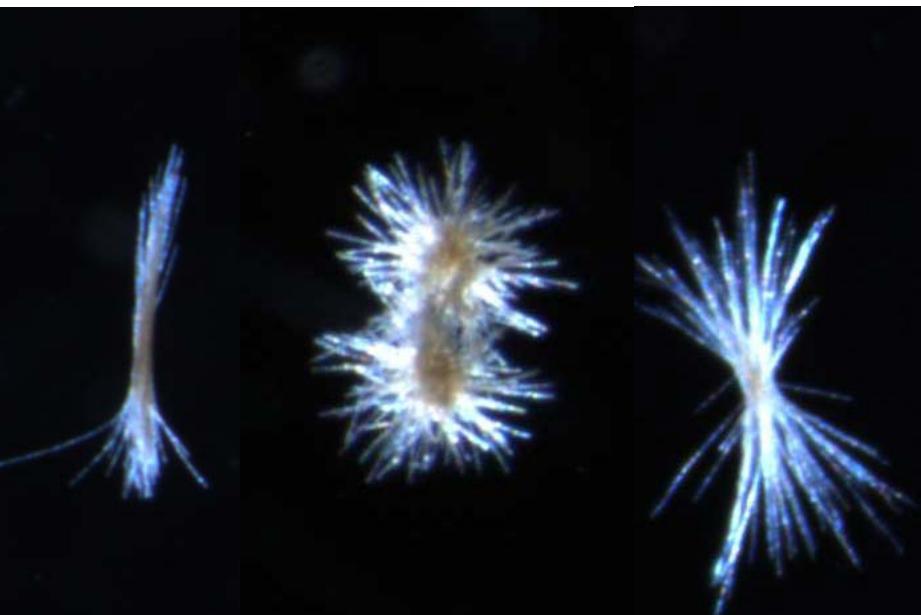
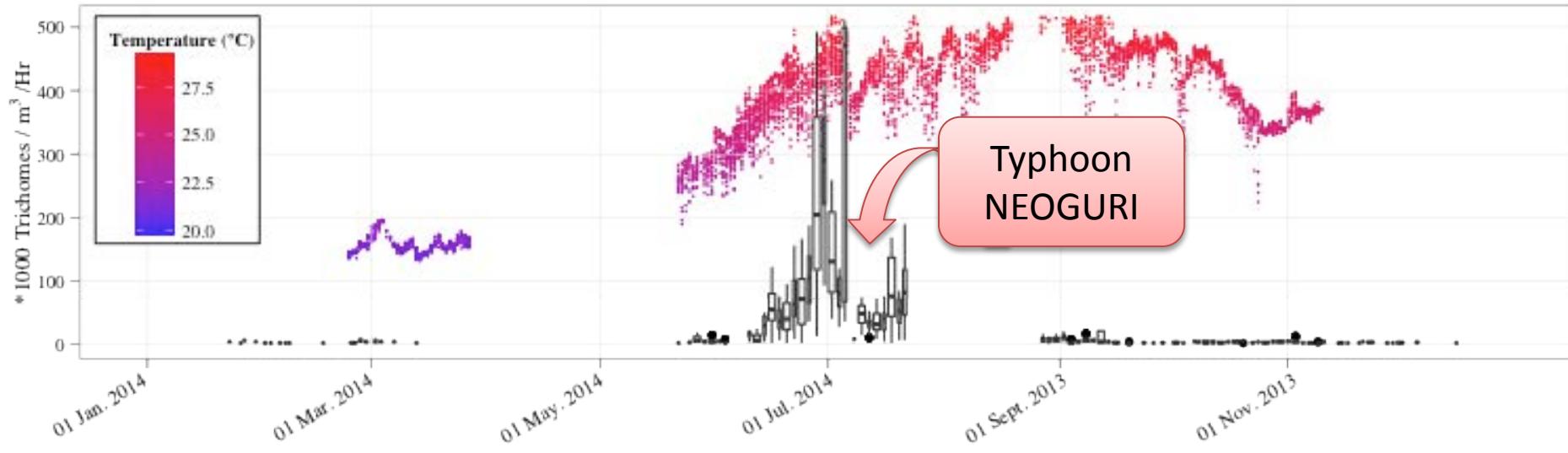
## Fixed-station Visual Plankton Recorder



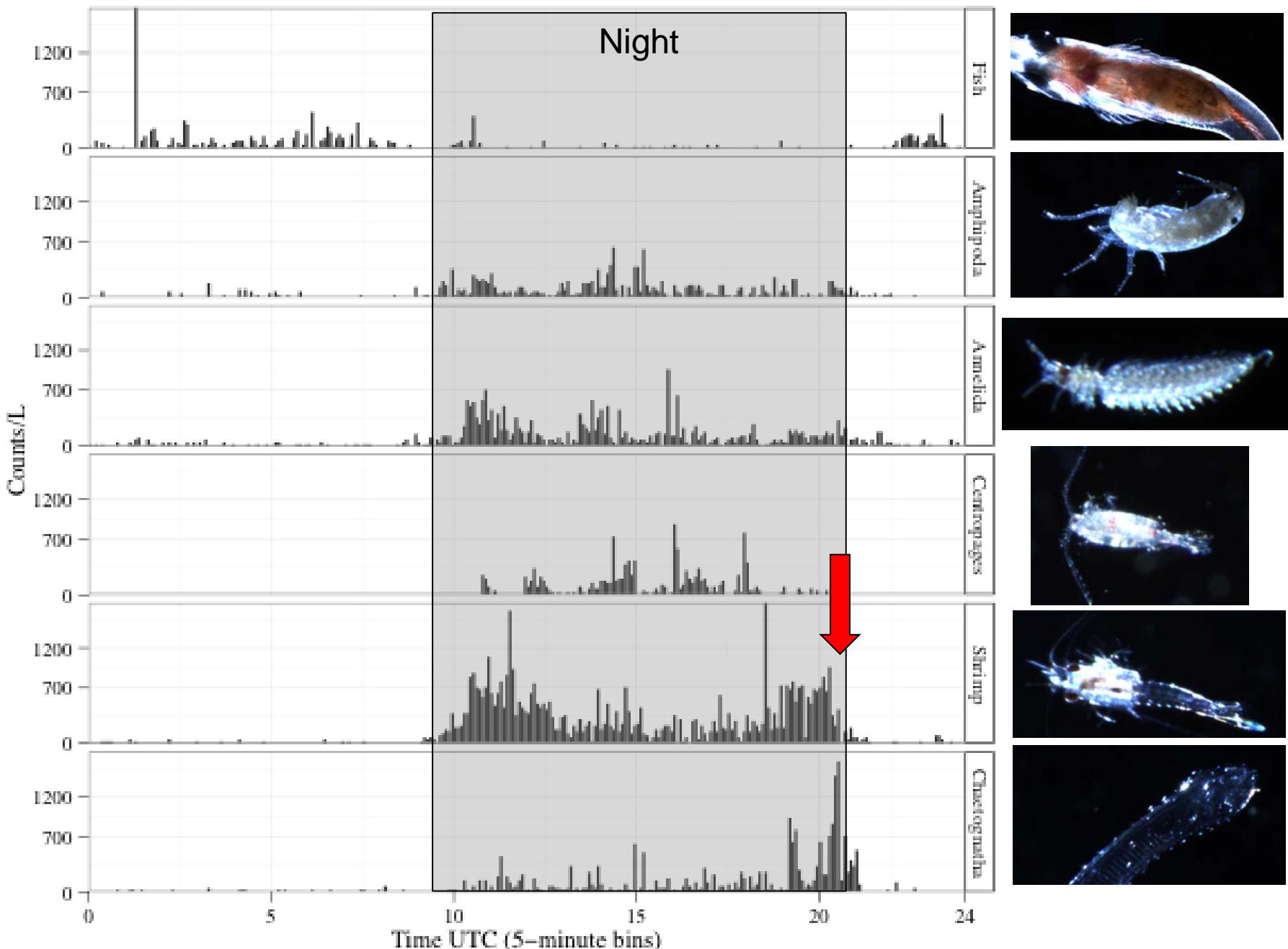
© WHOI



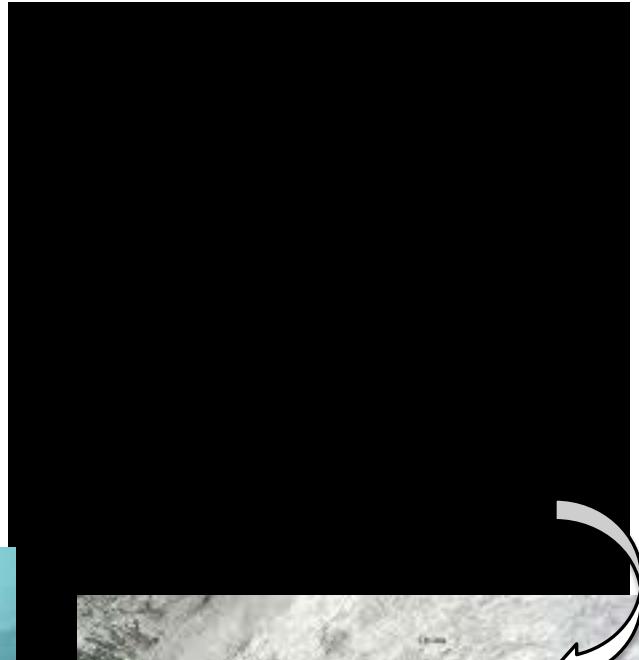
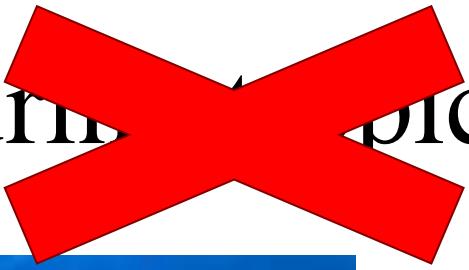
# Hourly abundance of N<sub>2</sub>-fixing cyanobacteria *Trichodesmium*



# Temporal segregation amongst predatory plankton groups

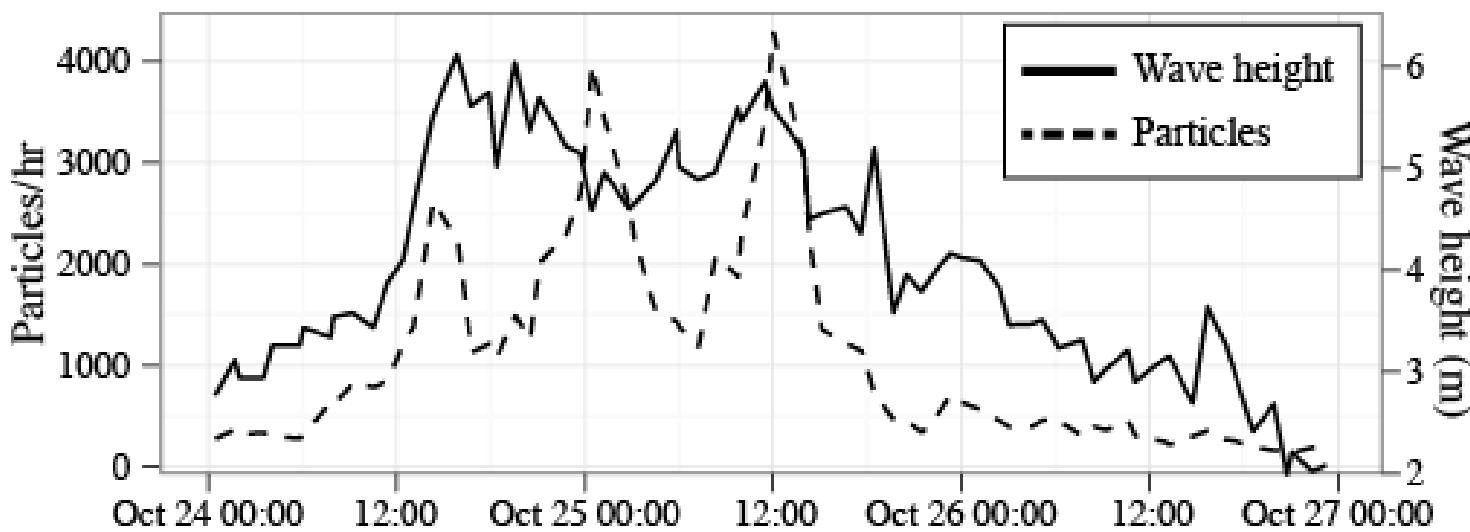
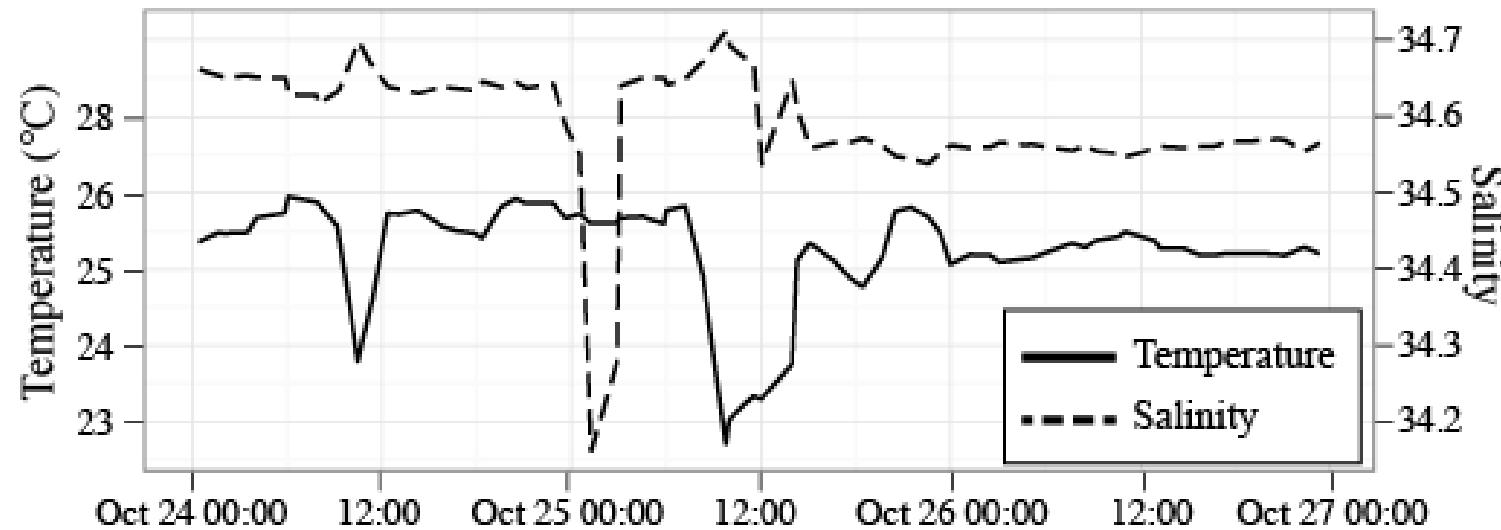


# Sampling during tropical cyclones



# Monitoring of typhoons at short time scales

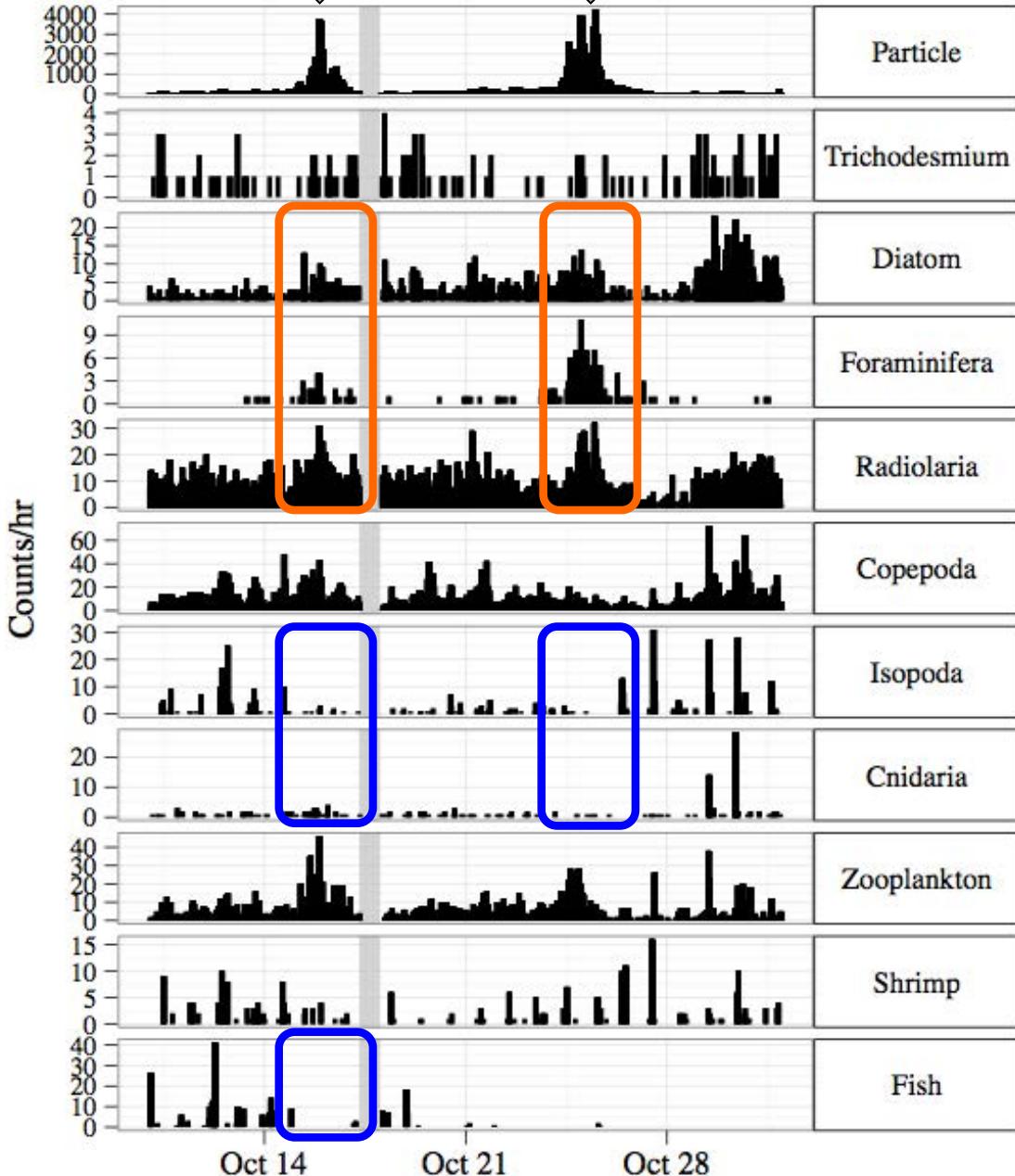
T1327 (1-hour bins)



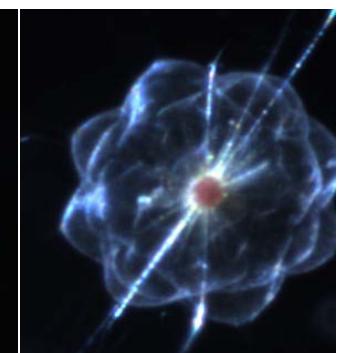
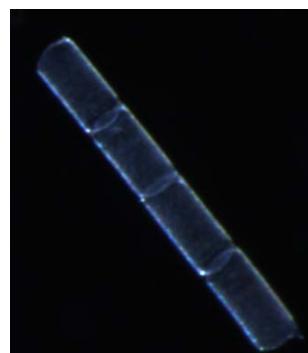
T1326



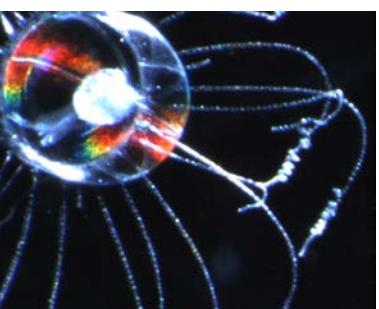
T1327



Foraminifera



Diatom – Radiolaria



Isopoda – Medusae

eding



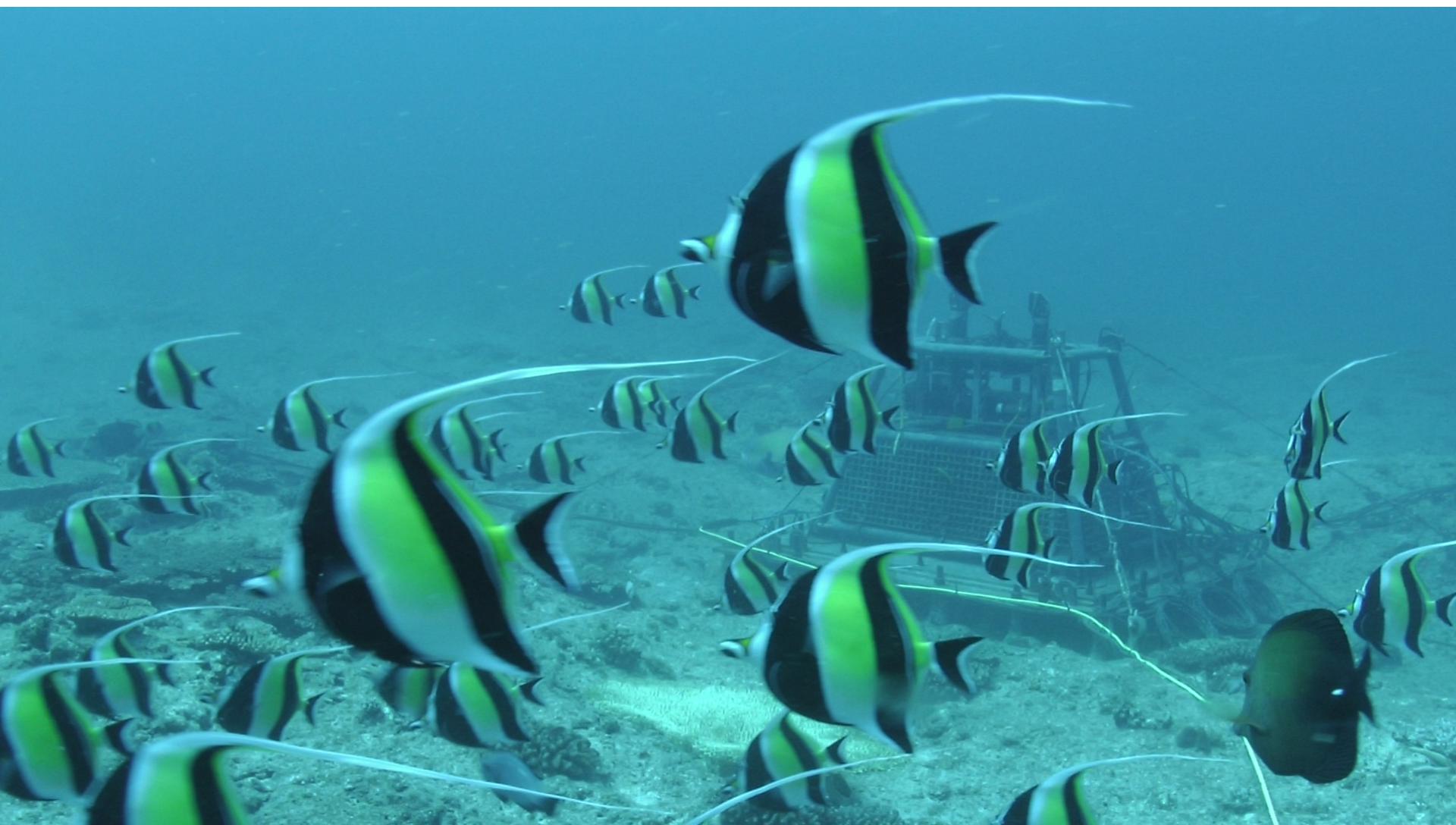
# Study of Anthozoa

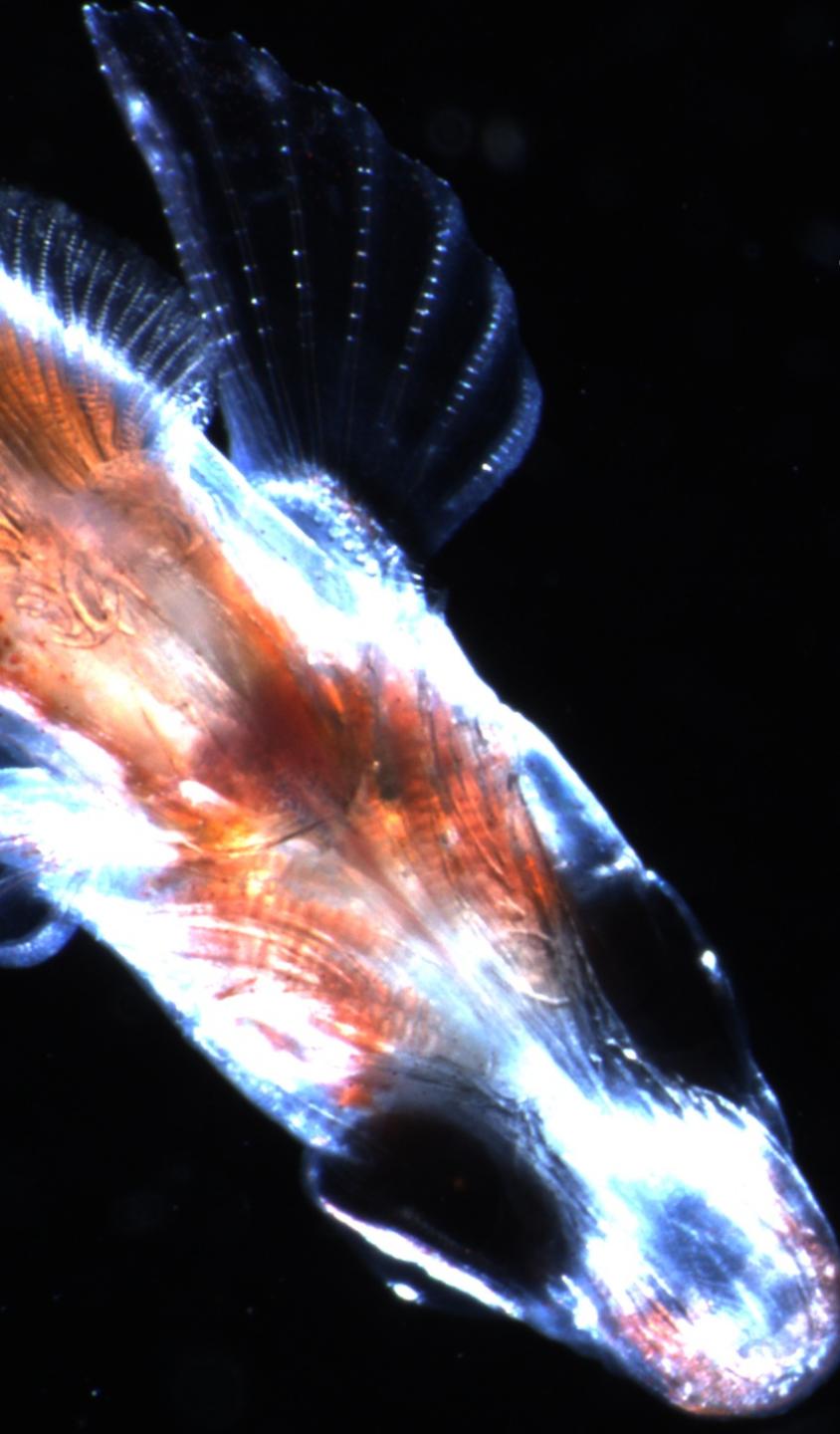


Comments?

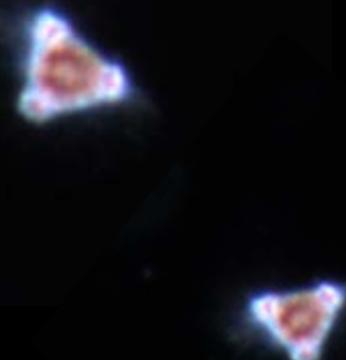
Recommendations?

Ideas?





*Thank you for your attention!*



And thanks to the captain and crew of the *Kuroshio-maru*; Amber York and the rest of the WHOI Ocean Cube team; Shohei Nakada and Yukiko Murayabashi, Koichi Toda, Takeshi Sannomiya and Yuko Hasegawa, OIST; Special Framework budget, Okinawa Promotion for Education and Research Project.