North Pacific Research Board

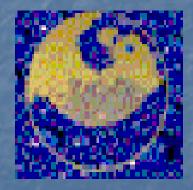
Presentation to PICES October 2005



Clarence Pautzke North Pacific Research Board Anchorage, Alaska

www.nprb.org





NPRB MISSION

Building a clear understanding of the North Pacific, Bering Sea, and Arctic Ocean ecosystems that enables effective management and sustainable use of marine resources.





Research Funds

Dinkum Sands funds – 1997: 20% of interest

Total Research thru 2005 - \$17 million for 94 projects:

\$1.2 million for 2002
\$7.0 million for 2003
\$3.3 million for 2004
\$5.5 million for 2005

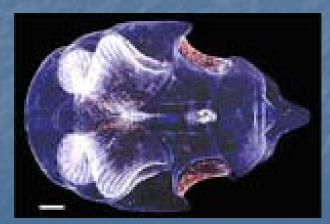


Plan for about \$6 million annually plus appropriations which were \$3 million in 2004 and 2005





Research on the fisheries or marine ecosystems in the north Pacific Ocean, Bering Sea, and Arctic Ocean









Research should address pressing fishery management issues or marine ecosystem information needs





• 3 meetings in 2003 • Advisory Panel • MOA 2001 2002 • \$7 million research Sci Symposium • 2 org. meetings 2003 • 4 meetings in 2002 • Mission and goals • Staff & SOPPs • Web site Science Panel • \$1.2 million research 2004 • 4 meetings • Sci symposium 94 projects 2005 • \$3.3 million new research \$17 million Sci symposium • Receive NRC report • \$4.5 million research • Draft & submit science plan • Implement science plan Research coordination • Hired program manager • Hire data systems manager

Institutions Receiving Over \$300,000

<u>Institution</u>	<u>NPRB Funding</u>	<u>% Total</u>
University of Alaska	\$5,059,194	29.2
NOAA Alaska Fisheries Science Center	4,781,321	27.6
Alaska Dept of Fish and Game	913,270	5.3
NOAA Pacific Marine Env. Lab.	820,630	4.7
University of Washington	640,517	3.7
Alaska SeaLife Center	443,948	2.6
U.S. Geological Survey	417,720	2.4
Prince William Sound Science Center	400,022	2.3
PRBO Conservation Science	398,681	2.3
U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service	395,558	2.3
Oregon State University	385,040	2.2
University of California	362,548	2.1
North Pacific Anadromous Fish Comm.	317,865	1.8

NPRB 2002-2005 Research: 94 projects for \$17 million

<u>Categories of Research</u>	<u>No. Projects</u>	<u>Total Funding</u> (\$ millions)	<u>%</u>
Oceanic and Estuarine Salmon	9	\$2.29	13
Other Fisheries-Related Research	22	\$2.66	15
Fisheries Habitat	12	\$3.15	18
Marine Mammals	16	\$2.76	16
Seabirds	10	\$2.07	12
General Ocean & Ecosystem Studies	19	\$3.79	21
Education, Outreach, and Synthesis	6	\$1.12	6



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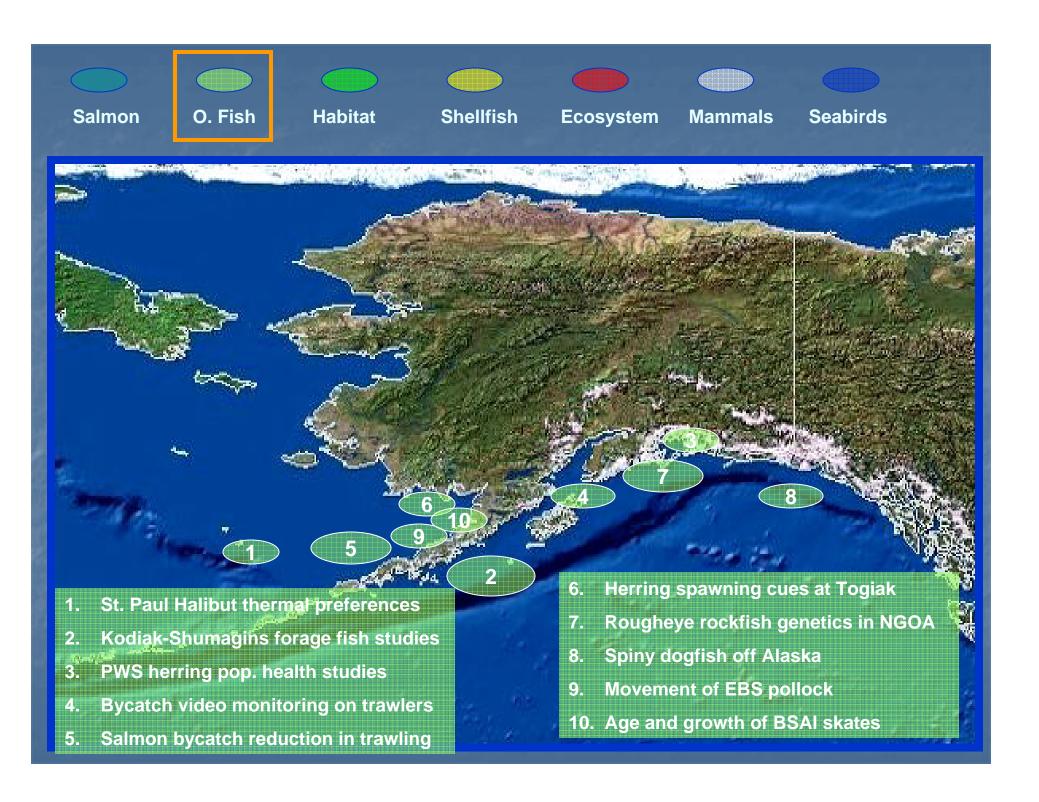
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North

NPAFC salmon tagging & genetic ID

1.798 P.

- 2. Kuskokwim chum salmon early ecology
- 3. Kvichak sockeye genetics
- 4. Copper River salmon estuarine survival
- 5. Salmon data warehouse ADFG
- 6. Preseason sockeye forecasting
- 7. Analysis of salmon funding programs





Road to



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Shellfish

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Mammals

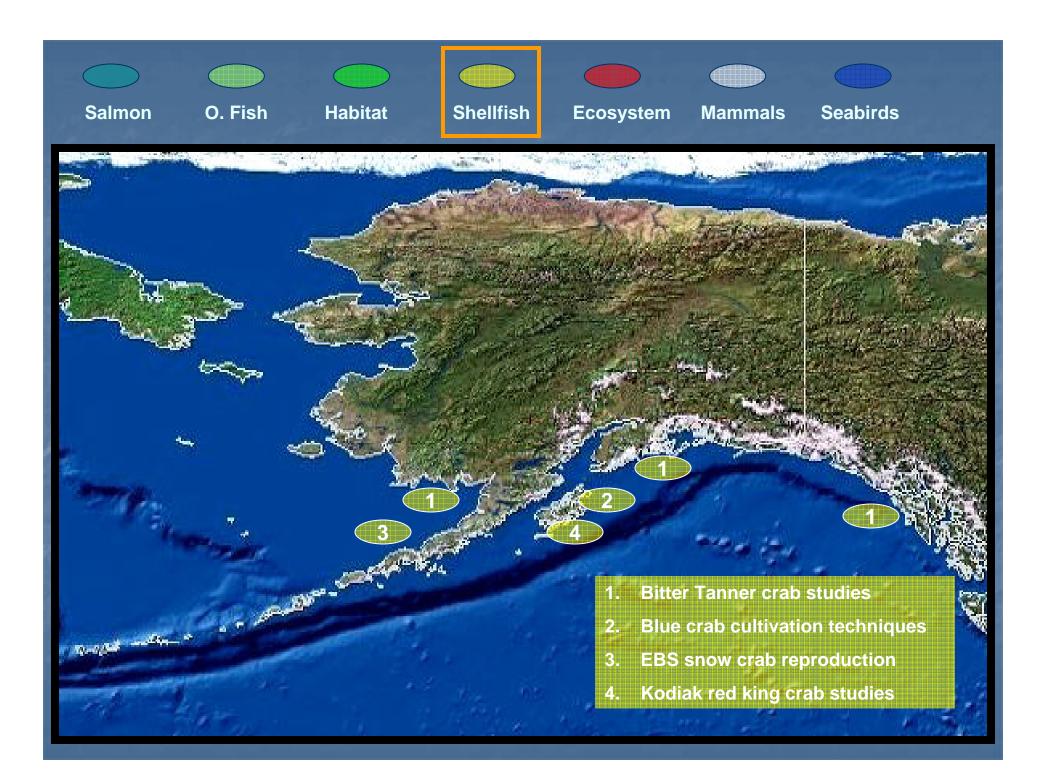
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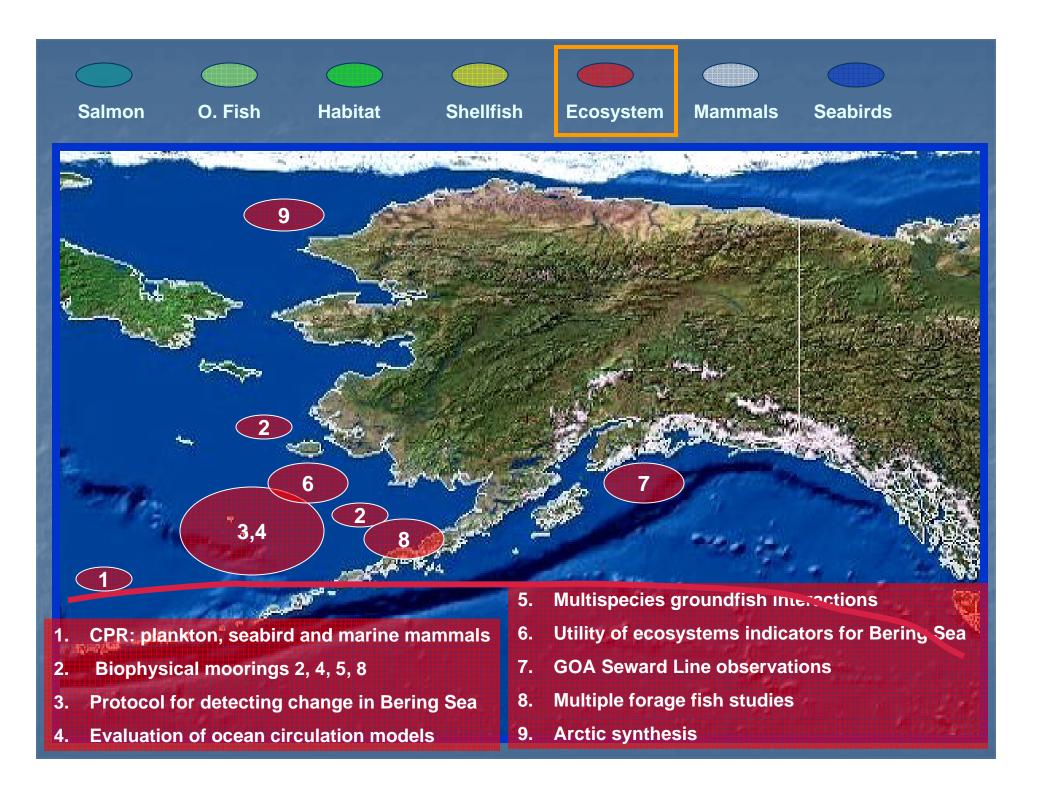
Seabi

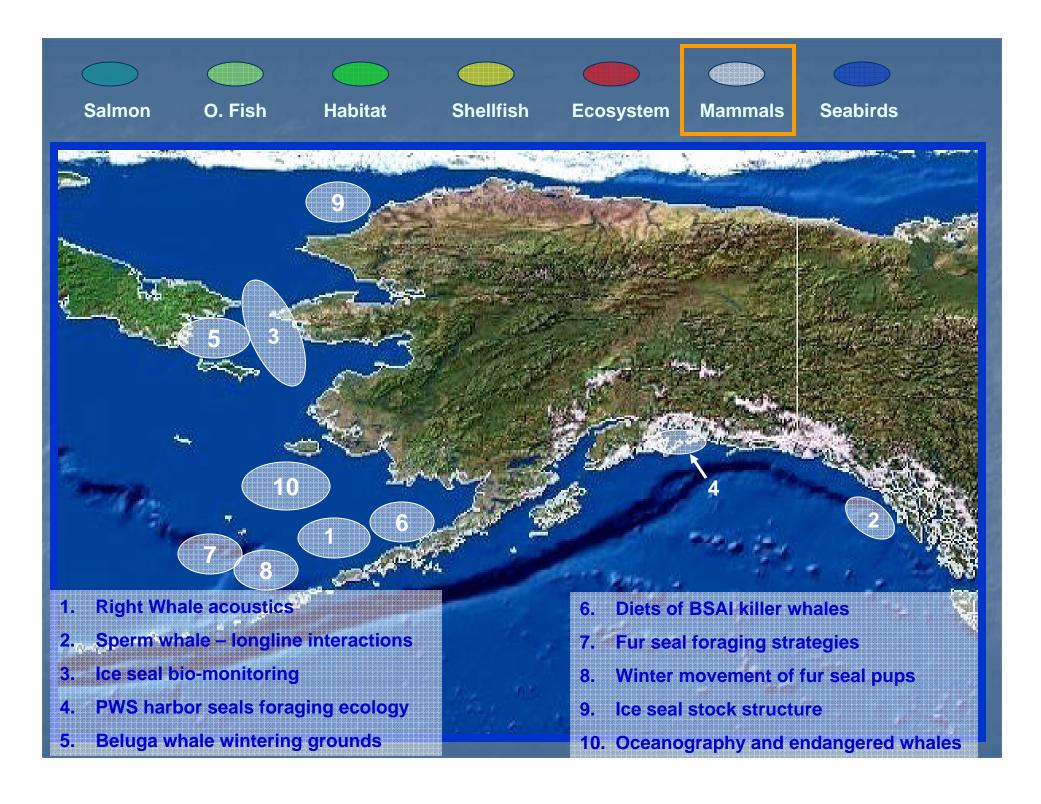
Seabirds

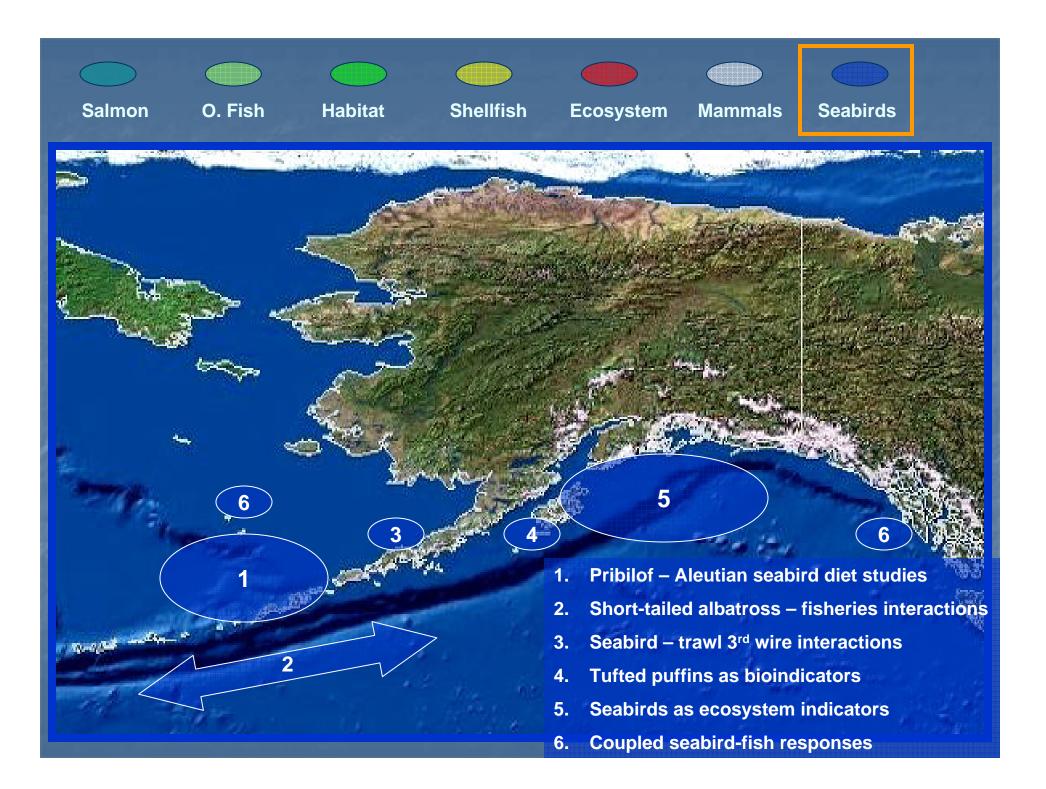
Deep coral mapping

- 2. Kodiak juvenile flatfish habitat
- 3. Togiak nearshore habitat mapping
- 4. Blue king crab cultivation
- 5. Skate nursery areas in EBS
- 6. Juvenile rockfish habitat
- 7. Atka mackerel habitat ecology
- 8. Valuation of habitat closures









Annual Cycle

Late September

Early October

Early December

January

March

May-June

Meeting: Board approves RFP Release Release RFP Proposals due

Science Symposium and Peer reviews

Meeting: Board approves proposals

Meeting: Science reports and draft research priorities

Meetings mainly in Anchorage, but could be elsewhere.

5-7 year Science Plan

- Conceptual Foundation
 - Atmospheric and Oceanographic features
 - Ecosystem Dynamics
 - Human Dimensions
- Research Approaches
- Ecosystem Indicators
- Research Themes
 - Lower Trophic Level Productivity
 - Fish Habitat
 - Fish and Invertebrates
 - Marine Mammals
 - Seabirds
 - Humans
 - Other Prominent Issues
 - Contaminants
 - HAB
 - Aquaculture
 - Climate Change
 - Invasive Species

- Integrated Ecosystems Research
- Other Research Approaches
 - Local and Traditional Knowledge
 - Cooperative Research
 - Coordination
 - Education and Outreach

Policies and Procedures

- Data Management
- Scientific Integrity
- Specimen Archives
- Intellectual Property Rights
- Equipment Sharing

	Lower Trophic Level Productivity	Fish Habitat	Fish and Invertebrates	Marine Mammals	Seabirds	Humans
shery t Issues		Other Human- Related Impacts	Stock Assessment Research & Development	Other Human- Related Impacts	Other Human- Related Impacts	Fishery Management & Policy
Pressing Fishery Management Issues			Alternative Harvest Strategies	Fisheries Interactions	Fisheries Interactions	Baseline Assessmen Issues
		Fishing Effects	Socio-economic Considerations	1. Carlos	19 to 19	Human Health and Marine Resources
Î	Nutrient Dynamics	Habitat Mapping	Reducing Catch of Unwanted Species	Marine Habitat Use	Marine Habitat Use	Human Values and Resource Protection
Marine Ecosystem	Phytoplankton Ecology	Ecosystem	Causes of Perturbations of Major Species	Foraging Success	Foraging Success	Climate Variability
	Phytoplankton – Sea Ice Dynamics	Functions of Habitat	Ecosystem Change Implications on	Population Dynamics	Population Dynamics	and Change
Marin Inforn	Zooplankton Ecology	1993 - 19 - 19 - 19 - 19 - 19 - 19 - 19	Fisheries Management	Long-term Climate Change	Long-term Climate Change	

Implementation Plan

General directions for next 4 years

Review and revise annually

~\$6 million/year for planning purposes

Relates back to science plan

Helps shape annual requests for proposals

Science Plan

General

Specific

5-7 years: 2005-2010

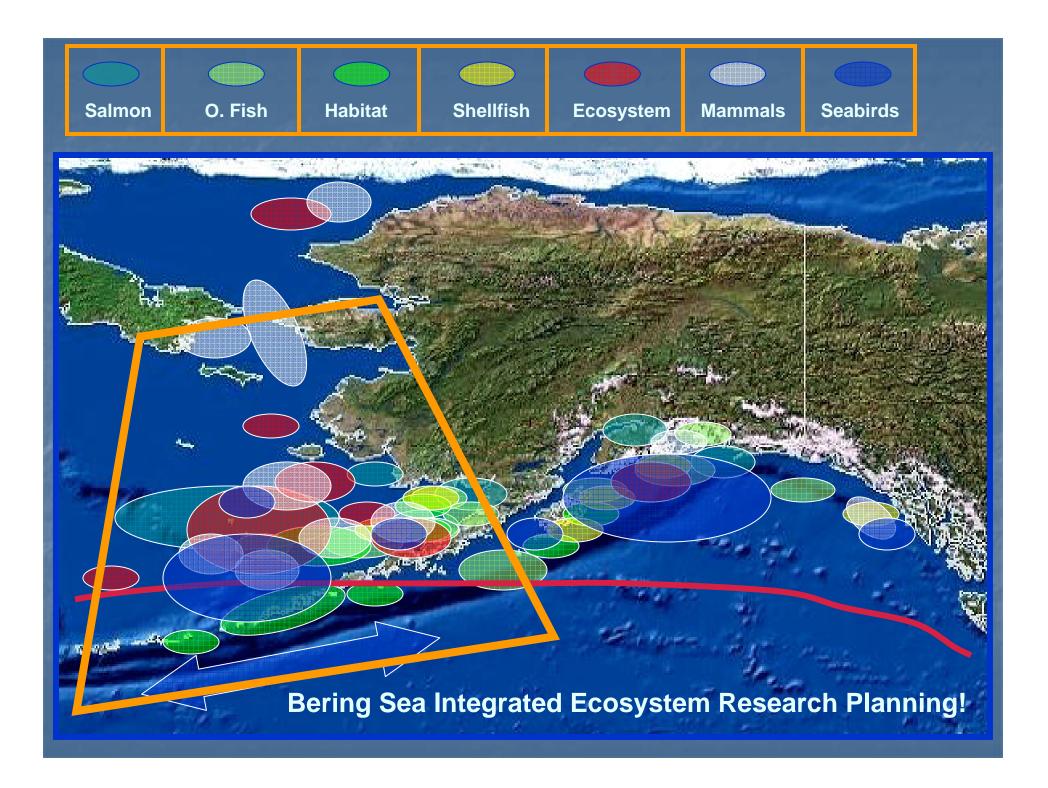
4 years: 2005-2008

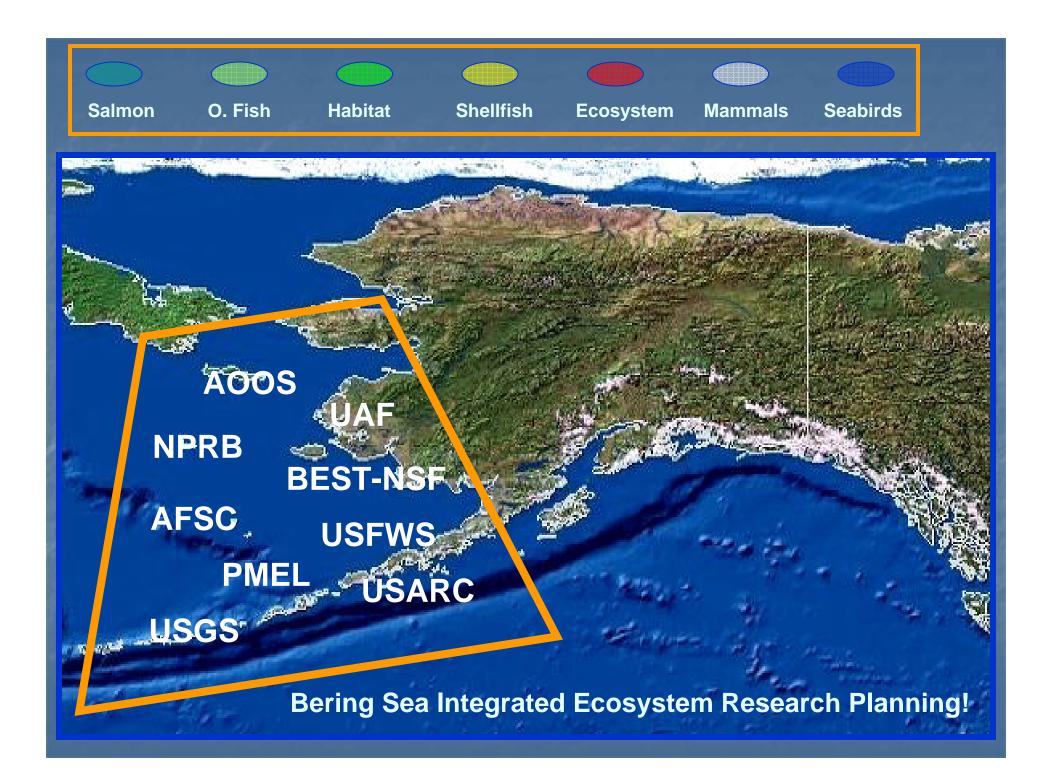
Implementation Plan

Request for Proposals

1 year: 2006

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Bering Sea Integrated Research Planning: Core Questions

- How does the Bering Sea ecosystem respond to climate variability and how will it respond to climate change?
- Is the observed warming of the Bering Sea part of decadal variability or is it a long-term secular trend?
- Can we predict how that warming and changing sea-ice dynamics will affect the biological resources of the Bering Sea (commercial, subsistence, ecological, and protected)?
- What measurable factors (physical, chemical, and biological) serve as the best indicators of ecosystem change at different trophic levels and different spatial and temporal scales?

Bering Sea Integrated Research Planning: Information Gaps

- Coordinated ocean ecosystem observations that adequately sample physics and lower trophic levels
- Good ocean circulation models for eastern Bering Sea
- Broad-scale observations of essential benthic habitat, including measures of productivity and community structure
- At-sea distributions and abundance of seabirds and their diets
- Habitat requirements for key species
- Accurate, sensitive, measurable indicators of ecosystem change
- Predictive knowledge of impacts of changing temperatures on ecosystem
- Basic information on ice-dependent marine mammal abundance, distribution, and population trends

Bering Sea Integrated Research Planning: Response of the Bering Sea Ecosystem to Climate Change

- Are the distributions (range, spawning and breeding locations) and abundances of species in the Bering Sea ecosystem changing in response to climate change? If so, how?
 - Are the physical and chemical attributes of the ecosystem changing in response to climate change? If so, how?
- Is lower trophic level production (quantity and form) changing in response to climate change? If so, how?
- What are the principal processes controlling energy pathways in the Bering Sea? What is the role of climate change in these processes?
- What are the linkages between climate change and vital rates of living marine resources in the Bering Sea?
- What are the economic and sociological impacts of a changing ecosystem on the coastal communities and resource users of the Bering Sea?

NPRB 2006 Research Priorities

- **1. Bering Sea Integrated Ecosystem Research Program** "Response of the Bering Sea Ecosystem to Climate Change"
- 2. General Research Priorities on Ecosystems Components
 - a. Ocean Monitoring
 - b. Lower Trophic Level Productivity

c. Fish Habitat

- i. Recovery and resilience of fish habitat
- ii. Marine habitat mapping technology workshop
- iii. Other fish habitat research

d. Fish and Invertebrates

- i. Migration patterns and spatial connectivity
- ii. Seasonal diets of exploited fish stocks
- iii. Life history, ecology and fluctuations in BSAI crab stocks
- iv. Reduction of bycatch and bycatch rates
- v. Stock assessment and life history of rockfish, sharks, skates, squid, sculpins and octopus
- vi. Other fish and invertebrate research

Target Amounts

\$1.2 million

\$3.25 million

\$300,000

\$300,000

\$550,000 \$250,000 \$150,000 \$150,000

\$150.000

\$1,150,000

26

NPRB 2006 Research Priorities	Target Amounts	
e. Marine Mammals i. Distribution and abundance of ice seals and walrus ii. Distribution and abundance of Northern Right Whales iii. Other marine mammal research	\$600,000	
f. Seabirds i. Distribution and abundance of seabirds at sea ii. Determination of demographic parameters iii. Human impacts during migration and overwintering	\$300,000	
g. Humans	\$50,000	
3. Collaboration with Oil Spill Research Institute: Forage Fish	\$100,000	
 4. Local and Traditional Knowledge \$300,000 a. Pilot project for community-based observation system b. LTK studies related to other RFP priorities 5. Other Prominent Issues – Contaminants 	\$150,000 \$150,000 \$300,000	

TOTAL: <u>\$ 5.15 million</u>

Schedule for RFP

- Release of RFP
- Deadline for Proposals
- Technical Evaluations
- Science Panel Review
- NPRB Selection
- Submission to NMFS
- Final Notification of PIs
- Grant Agreements to PIs
- Possible Commence Research

October 7, 2005 December 9, 2005 December 2005 – February 2006 Early March 2006 Late March 2006 April 2006 **April 2006** April–May 2006 May 1, 2006